

# Rest API

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# Creating rest APIs

Use **lowercase** letters when naming endpoints

**Do not use underscores ( \_ ), use hyphens (-)**

Here is an example of the commonly used URI structure that follows this naming rule:

```
1 <protocol>://<domain>/<context>/<resource-collection>/<resource-id>
```

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★ Explain this code

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## Example | RESTful Endpoints

Following the above best practices, REST APIs should have endpoints structured along these lines:

HTTP verb	URL	Request body	Action
POST	/api/orders	JSON	Creates a new order
GET	/api/orders	(empty)	Returns all orders
PUT	/api/orders/:id	JSON	Edits a single order by id
DELETE	/api/order/:id	(empty)	Deletes a single order by id



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Use **nouns** instead of verbs in endpoint paths

## Example

BAD ❌ - Below endpoint contains a verb: `get-order`.

```
1 GET http://example.com/shop/get-order/3
```

Copy

★ Explain this code

GOOD ✓ - Endpoint name contains only nouns, and the HTTP verb **GET** is used to specify the action.

```
1 GET http://example.com/shop/orders/3
```

Copy

★ Explain this code



# Creating rest APIs

## Next Steps:

1. Make/Create the model
2. Create the Route
3. Test the Route on Postman
4. Enable CORS if needed



# Bonus: Rest Routes with React

Action	Backend API Route	React Router URL (Frontend)	Axios Call (Frontend)
List all	GET /api/projects	/projects	<code>axios.get('/api/projects')</code>
Create	POST /api/projects	/projects/new	<code>axios.post('/api/projects', newProject)</code>
View one	GET /api/projects/:id	/projects/:id	<code>axios.get('/api/projects/\${id}')</code>
Edit form	Not in API	/projects/:id/edit	<code>axios.get('/api/projects/\${id}')</code>
Update	PUT /api/projects/:id	- (redirect after submit)	<code>axios.put('/api/projects/\${id}', data)</code>
Delete	DELETE /api/projects/:id	- (redirect after submit)	<code>axios.delete('/api/projects/\${id}')</code>

