Table of contents

- 1. List Indexing and Slicing
- 2. List Operations
- 3. List Methods
- 4. Nested Lists
- 5. With For Loops
- 6. Listing Iterables
- <u>7.</u>
- 8.
- 9.
- <u>10.</u>
- <u>11.</u>
- <u>12.</u>
- <u>13.</u>
- <u>14.</u>
- 15.
- 16.
- <u>17.</u>
- <u>18.</u>
- 19.
- 20.
- <u>21.</u>
- 22.
- <u>23.</u>

1. List Indexing and Slicing

```
In [4]: list1 = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
```

```
In [5]: list1[0]
 Out[5]: 'a'
 In [7]: |list1[-1]
Out[7]: 'e'
In [30]: list1[4]
Out[30]: 'e'
In [14]: list1[0] = 'z'
         list1
Out[14]: ['z', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
In [15]: list1[0:3]
Out[15]: ['z', 'b', 'c']
In [16]: list1[0:3] = 'ayz'
         list1
Out[16]: ['a', 'y', 'z', 'd', 'e']
In [2]: house = [['hallway', 11.25],['kitchen', 18.0], ['kiving room', 20.0],
In [4]: |house[0]
 Out[4]: ['hallway', 11.25]
 In [4]: house[0][:]
 Out[4]: ['hallway', 11.25]
 In [3]: house[0][0]
 Out[3]: 'hallway'
 In [5]: house[0][1]
 Out[5]: 11.25
```

```
_____
```

```
In [1]: seq =[7,2,3,7,5,6,0,1] seq[3:4] = [6, 3] seq
```

```
Out[1]: [7, 2, 3, 6, 3, 5, 6, 0, 1]
```

Reverse Slicing

```
In [1]: lst = ['1', '2', '3', '4', '5']
In [57]: lst[5::-1]
Out[57]: ['5', '4', '3', '2', '1']
In [56]: lst[::-1]
Out[56]: ['5', '4', '3', '2', '1']
In []:
```

2. List Operations

```
In [18]: list1 = ['a', 'bbbbb', 'ca', 'deb', 'e']
list2 = ['f', 'g', 'g', 'i', 'j']
list5 = [5,6,9,8,2,1,6,3,4,0]
In [19]: list1 + list2
Out[19]: ['a', 'bbbbb', 'ca', 'deb', 'e', 'f', 'g', 'g', 'i', 'j']
```

```
In [20]: list1 * 2
Out[20]: ['a', 'bbbbb', 'ca', 'deb', 'e', 'a', 'bbbbb', 'ca', 'deb', 'e']
```

3. List Methods

(go to top)

```
In [46]: list1 = ['a', 'ca', 'deb', 'e', 'bbbbb',]
list2 = ['f', 'g', 'g', 'i', 'j']

list3 = ['a', 'b', 2, 'd', 'e']
list4 = ['f', 'g', 45, 'i', 'j']
list5 = [5,6,9,8,2,1,6,3,4,0]
```

len()

```
In [47]: len(list4)
Out[47]: 5
```

sorted()

```
In [48]: sorted(list5)
Out[48]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 8, 9]
In [49]: sorted(list1)
Out[49]: ['a', 'bbbbb', 'ca', 'deb', 'e']
```

sort()

- list.sort(reverse=True|False, key=myFunc)
- #list5.sort() #alphabetical order if strings
- #list5.sort(key=int)

```
In [63]: list5.sort()
In [64]: list5
Out[64]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 6, 8, 9]
In [65]: list1.sort()
In [66]: list1
Out[66]: ['a', 'bbbbb', 'ca', 'deb', 'e']
In [67]: list5.sort(reverse=True)
In [68]: list1.sort(reverse=True)
In [69]: list5
Out[69]: [9, 8, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
In [70]: list1
Out[70]: ['e', 'deb', 'ca', 'bbbbb', 'a']
In [71]: list5.sort(reverse=True, key=int)
In [72]: list1.sort(key=len)
In [73]: list5
Out[73]: [9, 8, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
In [74]: |list1
Out[74]: ['e', 'a', 'ca', 'deb', 'bbbbb']
```

6/3/21, 11:51 AM 7A. Lists - Jupyter Notebook

```
In [75]: list1.sort(reverse=True, key=len)
In [76]: list1
Out[76]: ['bbbbb', 'deb', 'ca', 'e', 'a']
            .extend()
In [20]: list3.extend('xyz')
           print(list3)
           list4.extend(list1)
           print(list4)
           ['a', 'b', 2, 'd', 'e', 'x', 'y', 'z']
['f', 'g', 45, 'i', 'j', 'a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
            .append()
In [21]: list1.append('abc')
           print(list1)
           list2.append(list1)
           print(list2)
           ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'abc']
['f', 'g', 'g', 'i', 'j', ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e', 'abc']]
           In
In [22]: 'a' in list1
```

list()

Out[22]: True

```
In [23]: list({'Test', 'Math', 1, 3, 'Five'})
Out[23]: ['Test', 1, 3, 'Math', 'Five']
In [24]: new_list = list('abcde')
new_list
Out[24]: ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']

sum()
In [26]: sum(list5)
Out[26]: 44
```

index()

- The index() method returns an integer that represents the index of first match of specified element in the List.
- list_name.index(element, start, end)
 - element The element whose lowest index will be returned.
 - start (Optional) The position from where the search begins.
 - end (Optional) The position from where the search ends.

```
In [94]: list5
Out[94]: [9, 8, 6, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 0]
In [102]: list5.index(6)
Out[102]: 2
In [101]: list5.index(6,3, -1)
Out[101]: 3
```

set()

· will remove duplicates and create dictinary in random order

```
In [4]: lst = ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
          lst 2 = set(lst)
 In [57]: lst 2
 Out[57]: {'apple', 'banana', 'orange'}
           reverse()
  In [3]: lst = ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
  In [4]: |lst
  Out[4]: ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
  In [5]: lst.reverse()
  In [6]: lst
  Out[6]: ['orange', 'apple', 'banana', 'apple']
  In [8]: |list(reversed(lst))
  Out[8]: ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
           insert(i,x)

    Inserts x into list at index i.

  In [5]: lst = ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
In [103]: lst
Out[103]: ['orange', 'apple', 'banana', 'apple']
In [106]: lst.insert(0, 'guava')
In [107]: | lst
Out[107]: ['guava', 'orange', 'apple', 'banana', 'apple']
```

count(x)

• Returns the number of occurrences of x in list.

```
In [5]: lst = ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
In [108]: lst
Out[108]: ['guava', 'orange', 'apple', 'banana', 'apple']
In [109]: lst.count('apple')
Out[109]: 2
```

remove(x)

• Deletes the first occurrence of x in list.

```
In [5]: lst = ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
In [110]: lst
Out[110]: ['guava', 'orange', 'apple', 'banana', 'apple']
In [111]: lst.remove('apple')
In [112]: lst
Out[112]: ['guava', 'orange', 'banana', 'apple']
```

pop(i)

• Deletes the ith element of the list and returns its value.

```
In [6]: lst = ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
In [7]: lst
Out[7]: ['apple', 'banana', 'apple', 'orange']
```

```
In [8]: lst.pop(2)
Out[8]: 'apple'
In [12]: lst
Out[12]: ['apple', 'banana', 'orange']
In [15]: lst.pop(-1)
Out[15]: 'orange'
In [16]: lst
Out[16]: ['apple', 'banana']
```

4. Nested Lists

(go to top)

```
In [1]: house = [['hallway', 11.25],['kitchen', 18.0], ['kiving room', 20.0],
```

5. With For Loops

(go to top)

as a sequence / range

```
In [2]: list1 = ['a', 'b', 'c', 'd', 'e']
```

```
In [3]: for entry in list1:
              print(entry)
         b
         C
         d
         e
          .append()
         (go to top)
In [10]: | squares = []
         numbers = []
In [11]: for i in range(1,10):
              squares.append(i**2)
              numbers.append(i)
In [12]: print(numbers, '\n', squares)
          [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
          [1, 4, 9, 16, 25, 36, 49, 64, 81]
         Nested Lists
         (go to top)
 In [6]: house = [['hallway', 11.25],['kitchen', 18.0], ['kiving room', 20.0],
 In [7]: for i in house:
             print(i)
          ['hallway', 11.25]
          ['kitchen', 18.0]
          ['kiving room', 20.0]
          ['bedroom', 10.75]
          ['bathroom', 9.5]
```

for the first iteration i is ['hallway', 11.25]. therefor i[0] is "hallway"

```
In [8]: for i in house:
    print('the ' + i[0] + ' is ' + str(i[1]) + ' sqm')

the hallway is 11.25 sqm
    the kitchen is 18.0 sqm
    the kiving room is 20.0 sqm
    the bedroom is 10.75 sqm
    the bathroom is 9.5 sqm
```

6. Listing iterables

(go to top)

list(range())

(go to top)

```
In [1]: list(range(10))
Out[1]: [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

7. Title

Q	•	10
O _		

(go to top)

9. Title

(go to top)

10. Title

(go to top)

11. Title

(go to top)

12. Title

4	$\mathbf{\cap}$		
7	-2	itl	
	-7		_
	J.		·

(go to top)

14. Title

(go to top)

15. Title

(go to top)

16. Title

17. Title (go to top)		
18. Title		
(go to top)		
19. Title		
(go to top)		
20. Title		
(go to top)		

7A. Lists - Jupyter Notebook

In []:[

6/3/21, 11:51 AM