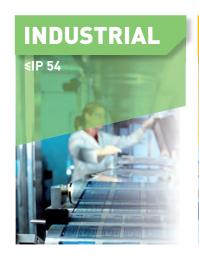
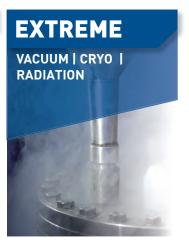


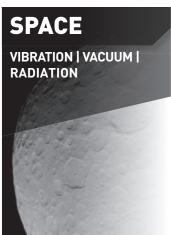
# CATALOGUE STEPPER MOTORS

# Precision for challenging applications

















ZSS

ZSH







# Phytron GmbH

# Stepper motor technology for special requirements:

Stepper motor technology is particularly suitable for precision applications under extreme environmental conditions. Whether vacuum, cryo environment, high temperature or under the influence of radioactivity - the Phytron **motor series** are tough and do precision work, because stepper motors can position very accurately without a fragile feedback encoder.

Our **control units** perform, especially in applications that rely on very precise and smooth running behaviour. We control motors in electron microscopes, accelerator experiments or also in paper production machines - with up to 1/512 step (102 400 positions per revolution with a 200 step motor). From the power amplifier to the modular, cost-effective multi-axis system we offer the right control concept for your requirements. You remain flexible with Phytron, because we supplement the interest in and the ability of our customised products by developing them further. Customers from different industry sectors rely on our decades of experience in highly demanding application fields.

# Why buying a Phytron product is always a good decision:

We are a customer-oriented high-technology company certified to ISO 9001 and EN 9100. We have the process know-how of more than 1000 stepper motors in space operations for the successful development of your demanding application.

We offer best service – we also ask the right questions at the right time. Our Competence Center guarantees targeted consultation and therefore the early identification of requirements and any potential problems.

Based on our proven products used in the series, we develop solutions that provide precision work for our customers with extreme reliability. Whether for extreme environmental conditions or as a perfect fit for your particular application - Phytron motors are always a good choice!

Phytron combines the flexibility and client-specific consulting from a niche player with the efficiency and standardised quality assurance processes of series production. As a quality conscious business we produce in Gröbenzell near Munich.

Catalogue / 11-2018 EN / 2 WWW.phytron.eu



# **INDUSTRIAL Environments**

#### Precise. Reliable. Dynamic.

Phytron's STANDARD industrial motors are eminently suitable for applications in engineering and industry. Whether it's for the positioning of slides, the adjustment of pressure rollers or sensitive optics, the synchronised delivery and application of labels or for handling in mail sorting - fast and reliable running performances are constantly demanded. Precision, high torque and solid craftsmanship make our standard industrial motors an excellent choice for environments up to IP 50.

The *phyBASIC* series has good speed-torque performance, high low-end torque and a solid build, while the **ZSS** series prides itself with balanced rotors, smooth rotation, extremely low acoustic noise and low resonance with the highest positioning accuracy. Also, the **ZSS** operates to an extended operating temperature of -30 to +120 °C.



#### ZSS



#### *phy***BASIC**

High precision and smooth running



#### **DMP**

Inertial damper for stepper motors DMP 29/37



# **HARSH Environments**

#### Robust. Powerful. Dependable.

Phytron's HARSH Environment motors are particularly suited across a broad range of heavy-duty manufacturing industries. With precise running performance, high torque and its robust design to a submersible IP 68, the most challenging conditions are solved with our HARSH motors. In climate chambers, setting paper thickness in high humidity, the adjustment of rotor blades in aerospace or inside fuel tanks, these motors perform the most arduous of tasks accurately and reliably.



#### ZSH

Up to IP 68 stepper motors, Ø 57 to 107 mm

# **EXTREME Environments**

# Vacuum. Cryo. Radiation.

The Phytron EXTREME stepper motors and actuators have evolved and perfected through the use of materials and manufacturing processes optimal for unusual environmental conditions in industry or science. Vacuums up to  $10^{-11}$  mbar, cryogenic environments down to -269 °C, high temperatures up to +200 °C, radiations of up to  $10^6$  J / kg or extreme vibration loads - with minimal particulate emissions. These motors adjust optical elements in satellites, process samples in molecular analysis devices, turn filter wheels in sputtering and transport samples in liquid nitrogen.



# VSS / VSH



#### LA

Linear actuator for applications in vacuum and cryogenic environment  $\varnothing$  25 mm

# SPACE

# Precise. Clean. Resistant.

With more than 25 years of heritage and more than 1000 motors for a wide range of space projects [CASSINI-HUYGENES, EPIC ROSETTA, STEREO, KOMPSAT, CURIOSITY, JUNO, MAVEN, ENMAP, ....] we are looking forward to solving your challenging application! Our phySPACE withstands vibration and high shock loads, resits vacuum up to  $10^{-11}$  hPa, radiation up to  $10^6$  J/kg, cryogenic environment down to -269 °C or high temperature up to 200 °C while achieving minimal outgassing.



# phySPACE

# **CUSTOMISING**

## Standard + Efficient Customising = cost optimised for a perfect fit

Whether it's a tailored outer housing, ceramic bearings, high vibration and shock loads or rad-hard designs, the most unusual applications are solved based on a motor series with effective customisation by getting it right first time. We will assist you to combine standard components into a turnkey design that fits the bill.

Catalogue / 11-2018 EN / 3 WWW.phytron.eu



# **ZSS Stepper Motors**

# For Applications with Extended Temperature Range

RoHS

The proven 2-phase hybrid stepper motors series ZSS combine highest precision with smooth running characteristics. With up to 102.400 approachable positions (200-step motor, driven in micro stepping mode with 1/512 step resolution and encoder) the ZSS motor provides your application with highest precision positioning capabilities.

The ZSS serie differs from standard market motors by the extended ambient temperature range from -30 to +80 °C.

Thus, the motor is suitable for the most demanding applications in diverse areas of application.

Perfect-fit for your application:

- · with gear
  - GPL low-backlash planetary gears
  - PLG planetary gears
  - HD Harmonic Drive gears
  - GSR worm gears
- · with motor brake
  - permanent magnet brake for 24  $V_{\text{DC}}$  supply voltage
- with encoder
  - standard resolution 500 lines
  - 3-channel optical incremental encoder

# In Focus







- 2-phase hybrid stepper motors
- 200-step (step angle 1.8°)
- · Connection options:
  - 4-lead parallel
  - 4-lead in series
  - 5-, 6- or 8-lead connection
- Holding torques from 3.8 to 700 mNm
- Protection class IP 40 for ZSS with free wire ends
- Perm. ambient temperature -30 to +80 °C (no frost)
- Max. operating voltage of the power stage (Intermediate circuit voltage: 70 V<sub>pc</sub>)
- Insulation class F acc. to VDE 0530
- Test voltage ZSS 19 to 52: 700 V (1 min) ZSS 56 to 57: 1500 V (1 min)
- Optional:
  - 2nd shaft (IP 40)
  - encoder
  - gear
  - motor brake
- Customised shaft design
- Special windings

# Highlights



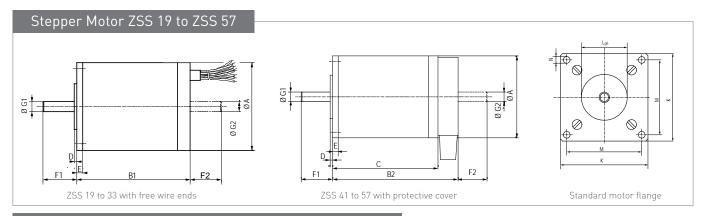
# Extended temperature range

The ZSS stepper motor not only convinces with a very balanced, smooth and low resonance running performance with maximum positioning accuracy, but also with the extended ambient temperature range of -30 to +80 ° C.



## Variety of expansion stages

With a variety of options and the high level of vertical integration of Phytron, the ZSS is the ideal basis for customised applications. Gears, brakes, encoders, shaft or flange adjustments or special windings - the ZSS offers the optimum basis for efficient customising.



Dimen	sion	s/E	lectri	cal	and	Mecl	nanio	al Ch	ara	cte	ristic	S													
	[	Electrica	. Charact	eristics	;		Mecha	nical Chai	racteris	stics															
ZSS Standard 200-steps	Current/Phase I <sub>N</sub>	Resistance/ Phase	Inductivity/ 3) Phase	max. operating voltage 61	AWG	Holding torque <sup>2)</sup>	Detent torque	Rotor inertia	Loa	radi- al	Mass					]	Dimer	nsions	in mm						
	А	Ω	mH	$V_{DC}$		mNm	mNm	kg cm <sup>2</sup>	N	N	kg	А	B1	B2	С	D	Е	F1	F2	G1 <sup>5)</sup>	G2 <sup>5)</sup>	K	L	М	Ν
19.200.0.6 19.200.1.2	<u>0.6</u> 1.2	1.85 0.63	0.55 0.15		28	3.8	0.9	0.0009	3	3	0.04	19	26.5			1	2	7.5	6.5	2.5	2.5	19	10	16	M2.
20.200.0.6 20.200.1.2	0.6 1.2	3.45 0.95	1.1 0.4		28	5	1	0.0016	3	3	0.065	19	43			1	2	7.5	6.5	2.5	2.5	19	10	16	M2.
<u>25.200.0.6</u> 25.200.1.2	<u>0.6</u> 1.2	3.25 0.95	<u>1.5</u> 0.4		26	13	2	0.0025	5	5	0.07	25	31			1	2.5	9.5	8.5	3	3	25	14	21.5	2.2
26.200.0.6 26.200.1.2	0.6 1.2	5.85 1.7	3.2 1		26	25	2.2	0.006	5	5	0.11	25	47			1	2.5	9.5	8.5	3	3	25	14	21.5	2.2
32.200.0.6 32.200.1.2	0.6 <u>1.2</u>	4.5 <u>1.25</u>	5.3 <u>1.2</u>		26	50	3	0.01	5	15	0.15	32	38.5			1	3	11	10	4	4	32	18	27	2.8
33.200.0.6 33.200.1.2	0.6	7.5 1.9	9.3 2.2	70	26	75	3.3	0.018	5	15	0.23	32	57.5			1	3	11	10	4	4	32	18	27	2.8
41.200.1.2 41.200.2.5	1.2 2.5	1.35 0.27	2 0.4		22	100	4	0.025	20	40	0.26	42		49	39	1	3	16	15	5	4	42	22	36	3.2
<u>42.200.1.2</u> 42.200.2.5	<u>1.2</u> 2.5	<u>1.7</u> 0.34	<u>3</u> 0.7		22	140	5	0.045	20	40	0.32	42		64	54	1	3	16	15	5	4	42	22	36	3.2
43.200.1.2 43.200.2.5	1.2 2.5	2.6 0.5	5.2 1.2		22	260	7	0.077	20	40	0.47	42		79	69	1	3	16	15	5	4	42	22	36	3.2
<sup>4)</sup> 52.200.1.2 <sup>4)</sup> 52.200.2.5	1.2 2.5	2.65	7 1.6		22	450	13	0.15	25	70	0.65	52		77	65	1.5	3.5	17.5	16	6	4	52	28	44	4.3
<sup>4)</sup> 56.200.1.2 <sup>4)</sup> 56.200.2.5	1.2 2.5	2.85 1.65	6.7 1.7		22	500	30	0.17	40	80	0.7	56.4		69.1	57.1	1.5	4.5	22	20.5	6.35	6.35	60	38.1	47.15	5.2
<sup>4)</sup> 57.200.1.2 <sup>4)</sup> 57.200.2.5	1.2 2.5	3.9 <u>0.8</u>	7.8 <u>2.4</u>		22	700	50	0.24	40	80	0.9	56.4		85.1	73.1	1.5	4.5	22	20.5	6.35	6.35	60	38.1	47.15	5.2
1) Standard	8-lead	d, moto	connec	ction s	ee pag	je 3						<sup>5)</sup> Sł	naft dia	amete	er tole	eranc	es: Z	SS 19	to 26:	-0.00	)5 to -	0.00	9;		

connected windings.

41 ZSS 52, 56 and 57 with earthing screw on the terminal board.

<sup>2]</sup> Holding torque in bipolar mode with parallel windings, two phases on rated current <sup>3]</sup> The inductivity values apply for each single winding as well as for parallel

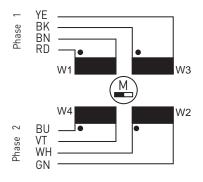
Preferred option

Shaft diameter tolerances: ZSS 19 to 26: -0.005 to -0.009; from ZSS 32: g5

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6)</sup> max. operating voltage of the power stage (intermediate circuit voltage) All values given above refer to room temperature.

# Electrical Connection / Connection Types / Phase Current

The Phytron stepper motors type ZSS are built in 8-lead windings (standard).



8-lead with free wire ends

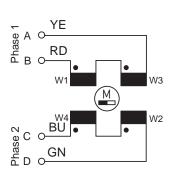
Alternative windings such as 4-lead are available on request:

The motors can be used with unipolar or bipolar control mode, as the windings can be differently connected.

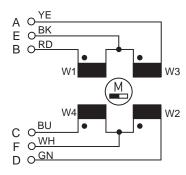
5- lead or 6-lead connection are applicable for the unipolar control mode.

In the bipolar control mode, 4-lead motor wiring is required, windings connected in parallel or in series.

The information in the ZSS motor connection leaflet (delivered with each motor) must be regarded when wiring the motor in order to provide for EMC compliant wiring. The motor connection leaflets are also available for download on the Phytron homepage.



4-lead / serial windings / bipolar mode



6-lead / unipolar mode

#### Phase currents

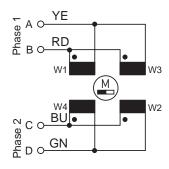
For ZSS Phytron stepper motors, the rated current [A] per motor phase is printed on the rating plate. The last digits of the motor's type number define the rated current.

Example: ZSS 32.200.1,2

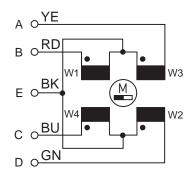
The **rated current** is defined for full step operation, at bipolar control mode, with parallel connected motor windings.

According to the connection mode, the motor windings receive different currents. Therefore, for identical power dissipation in the motor, the allowable phase current is determined by the connection mode.

For short time, double current overload is acceptable.



4-lead / parallel windings / bipolar mode



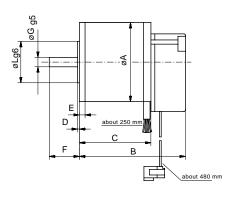
5-lead / unipolar mode

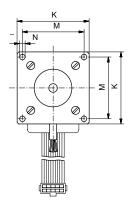
Control mode	Bipolar control mode Full step operation		Unipolar control mode Full step operation	2
Motor connection	4-lead parallel windings	4-lead serial windings	5-lead	6-lead
Allowable phase current for identical power dissipation	Rated current	Rated current x 0.5	Rated current x 0.707	Rated current x 0.707

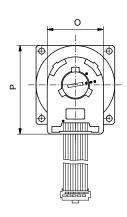
# Option: Stepper Motor with Encoder

The stepper motors ZSS 25 to ZSS 57 with mounted encoder are particularly suitable for use in control actuators or for system monitoring.

- Motor connection by free wire ends
- Encoder connection with flat cable with 10-pin connector
- Protection class IP20





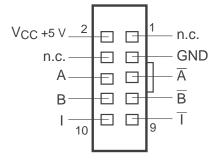


side view

front view

rear view

							Dim	ensions in n	nm					
Encoder	Stepper motor													
		А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	К	L	М	N	0	Р
	ZSS 25 ZSS 26	25	49.5 65.5	31 47	1	2.5	9.5	3	25	14	21.5	2.2	30	41.1
	ZSS 32 ZSS 33	32	57.5 76.5	39 58	1	3	11	4	32	18	27	2.8	30	42.2
HEDL 5540	ZSS 41 ZSS 42 ZSS 43	42	57.5 72.5 87.5	39 54 69	1	3	16	5	42	22	36	3.2	30	47.2
	ZSS 52	52	83.5	65	1.5	3.5	17.5	6	52	28	44	4.3	30	-
	ZSS 56 ZSS 57	56.4	77 93	58.1 74.1	1.5	4.5	22	6.35	60	38.1	47.15	5.2	30	-



10-pin IDC connector (female)

#### Technical characteristics of the encoder

Resolution: 500 increments

Output current: ±20 mA

Output voltage: 0.5 to 2.5 V

Supply current: 89 mA (30...165 mA)

Count frequency: 100 kHz

Count frequency: 100 km2

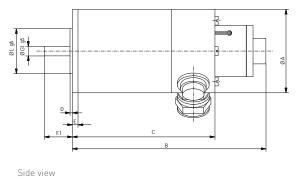
Supply voltage:  $5 V (4.75...5.25 V_{DC})$ 

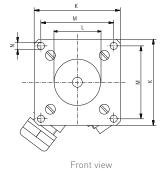
# Option: Stepper Motor with Motor Brake

For the stepper motors ZSS 32 to ZSS 57 a mounted 24  $V_{\rm DC}$  permanent magnet motor brake is optionally available.

ZSS 32 to 43: KEB 01: Power 8 W / nominal torque 0.4 Nm; electrical connection: free wire ends

ZSS 52 to 57: KEB 02: Power 10 W / nominal torque1 Nm; electrical connection: circular connector





Matau bualca	Ctonnon motor					Dime	nsions in	mm				
Motor brake	Stepper motor	А	В	С	D	Е	F1	G1	K	L	М	N
	ZSS 32 ZSS 33	32 32	72 91	43 62	1	3	11 11	4	32 32	18 18	27 27	2.8 2.8
KEB01	ZSS 41 ZSS 42 ZSS 43	42 42 42	104 124 139	71.5 86.5 101.5	1 1 1	3 3 3	16 16 16	5 5 5	42 42 42	22 22 22	36 36 36	3.2 3.2 3.2
	ZSS 52	52	121	89	1.5	3.5	17.5	6	52	28	44	4.3
KEB02	ZSS 56 ZSS 57	56.4 56.4	112 128	79.6 95.6	1.5 1.5	4.5 4.5	22 22	6.35 6.35	60 60	38.1 38.1	47.15 47.15	5.2 5.2

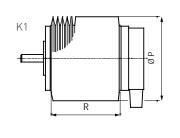
# Option: Stepper Motor with Heat Sink

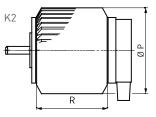
The ZSS stepper motors are also available with a mounted heat sink. Depending on the motor's mounting position, a heat sink with radial fins (K1) or axial fins (K2) can be selected.

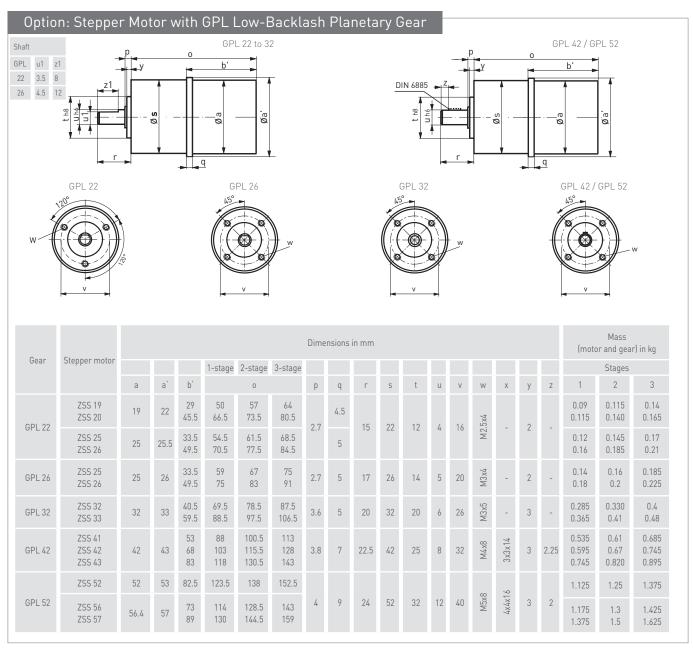
The use of a K1 heat sink increases the stepper motor's thermal dissipation surface by a factor of approx. 3.9. With a K2 heat sink, it is increased by a factor of approx. 3.4.

A heat sink can be mounted subsequently, preferable by Phytron.

						Dir	mensions					
Stepper motor	ZSS 19	ZSS 20	ZSS 25	ZSS 26	ZSS 32	ZSS 33	ZSS 41	ZSS 42	ZSS 43	ZSS 52	ZSS 56	ZSS 57
Р	26	26	35	35	42	42	55	55	55	65	78	78
R	20.5	37	24	40	30	49	30	45	60	58	44	60







Gear	Mas	s without n	notor	Perm. radial load	Permissible	Protection class	Protection class
	1-stage	2-stage	3-stage	(center of shaft)	axial load	CIdSS	gear + motor
		g		N	N		
GPL 22 GPL 26 GPL 32 GPL 42 GPL 52	50 70 135 275 475	75 90 180 350 600	100 115 250 425 725	30 50 80 150 250	24 40 65 120 200	IP 44 IP 44 IP 54 IP 54 IP 54	<u>IP 40</u> IP 44 <u>IP 40</u> IP 44 <u>IP 40</u> IP 44 <u>IP 43</u> IP 65 <u>IP 43</u> IP 65

# GPL Gear Mechanical Characteristics

					St	andaı	-d	Low-	back	lash			
	Stepper motor	Stages	; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;		No-load backlash	Nominal torque (S1)	Emergency stop torque	No-load backlash	Nominal torque (S5)	Emergen cy stop torque	Torsional stiffness	Average mass inertia at output	Efficiency 1)
Gear	Ste	Sta				N	m		Ν	m	Nm/arcmin	kgcm <sup>2</sup>	9/
		1	4:1 5:1	7:1	20'	0.1	0.2	-	-	-	0.19	0.008	9
GPL 22	ZSS 19 ZSS 20 ZSS 25	2	16:1 20:1 28:1	35:1 49:1	35'	0.5	1	-	-	-	0.21	0.006	9
	ZSS 26	3	64:1 80:1 112:1	140:1 196:1 245:1	50'	1.5	3	-	-	-	0.2	0.004	8
		1	3.5:1 4.33:1	6:1 7.67:1	20'	0.3	0.6	-	-	-	0.24	0.012	9
GPL 26	ZSS 25 ZSS 26	2	12.25:1 18.78:1 26:1	33.22:1 46:1	35'	1	2	-	-	-	0.26	0.010	9
		3	81.37:1 112.67:1 143.96:1	199.33:1 276:1	50'	3	6	-	-	-	0.25	0.0095	8
		1	4:1 4.5:1 5.2:1	6.25:1 8:1	20'	0.4	0.8	6'	0.8	1.6	0.3	0.015	9
3PL 32	ZSS 32 ZSS 33	2	16:1 18:1 20.8:1 25:1 29:1	32:1 36:1 41.6:1 50:1	35'	2	4	10'	4	6	0.32	0.012	9
		3	72:1 81:1 100:1 130:1	144:1 200:1 225:1 256:1	50'	6	12	15'	6	12	0.3	0.011	8
		1	4:1 5:1	6:1	20'	0.7	1.4	6'	1.4	3	0.4	0.03	9
GPL 42	ZSS 41 ZSS 42	2	14:1 16:1	20:1	35'	4	8	10'	8	12	0.42	0.024	9
	ZSS 43	3	56:1 64:1 80:1 100:1	120:1 144:1 184:1	50'	12	24	15'	12	24	0.4	0.024	8
		1	4:1 4.5:1 5.2:1	6.25:1 8:1	20'	1.5	3	6'	3	6	1.2	0.06	9
3PL 52	ZSS 52 ZSS 56 ZSS 57	2	16:1 18:1 20.8:1 25:1 29:1	32:1 36:1 41.6:1 50.1:1	35'	10	20	10'	20	30	1.3	0.055	9
		3	72:1 81:1 100:1 130:1	144:1 200:1 225:1 256:1	50'	30	60	15'	30	60	1.35	0.05	8

# Stepper Motor with GPL Gear

- Stepper motor mounted gear
- 1- to 3-stage planetary gear
- Low gear backlash
  - Standard: 20 to 50 arcmin
  - Low-backlash: 6 to 15 arcmin
- Maximum permanent torque 0.1 to 38 Nm
- 100% permissible short-term overload
- Adapted for permanent, alternate or intermittent operation
- Ideal for combinations with toothed belt modules
- 4:1 to 256:1 reduction ratios (depending on the gear type)
- High efficiency
- Low gear inertia
- Perm. temperature range -30 to +90°C
- Maintenance-free permanent lubrication

## Gear Material

- Gear housing
  - GPL16 and 22: stainless steel
  - GPL 26 to 52: rustproof for normal environmental conditions
- Output shaft: 2 deep groove ball bearings

# **Gear Operating Modes**

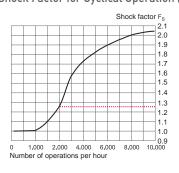
# 1: Continous operation

The gear box's operating time exceeds 15 minutes without a break or the duty cycle is more than 60%. In no case the gear box housing temperature may exceed 70 °C.

# S5: Cyclical operation

The gear box's duty cycle is less than 60%. The number of operations per hour can range anywhere from a few to several thousand. If the number of operations exceeds 1000 per hour, the maximum torque occuring has to be multiplied by a shock factor to take into account the additional dynamic load. The data in this publication are based on software models and empirical values and on a shock factor of 1.25.

# Shock Factor for Cyclical Operation (S5)



# ZSS Stepper Motor with HD Gear

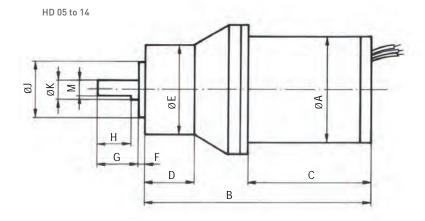
The Harmonic Drive® gears are based on a totally new operating principle. The transmission force is exerted by a resilient deformable toothed steel cylinder flexspline which transmits the motor rotation to the drive shaft. Drive shaft and output shaft direction is are opposed.

# Backlash and torsional stiffness

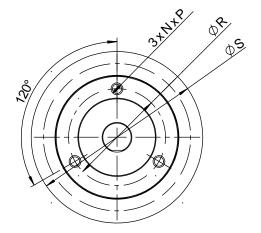
Harmonic Drive® gears have particularly low backlash. In practice, the tooth-contour backlash can be neglected (see page 9). The total gear torsion is equal to the sum of  $\frac{1}{2}$  backlash + torque/resillient constant.

## **HD** Gear

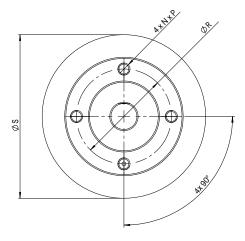
- with mounted stepper motor ZSS 25 to ZSS 52
- Reduction ratio depending on size 50:1, 80:1, 100:1
- High reduction ratio in a small volume
- Low weight
- Low mass inertia
- High permissible torque, in comparison to the size
- · High drive speed
- Very low backlash in comparison to conventional gears: 0.4 to 4 arcmin
- High efficiency



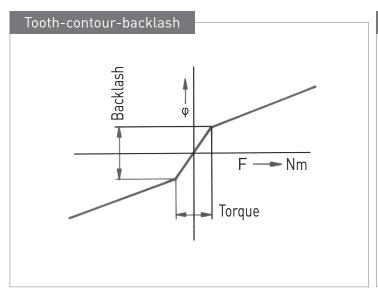
HD 05 to 08

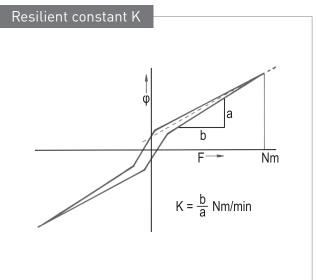


HD 11 to 14



Gear	Stepper motor	ons	and	Mec	han	ica				inmm	stic	S					Mass motor with gear	Reduction ratio	Max. permissible off drive torque	Max. permissible speed	Rotor mass inertia <sup>11</sup>	Permissible bearing load radial	Permissible bearing load axial	Backlash	Spring constant
		А	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K	М	N	Р	R	S	kg		Nm	1/min	kg cm2	N	N	min	Nm/ in
HD 05	ZSS 25 ZSS 26	25	53.9 69.9	28.5 44.5	11.9	20	1	10	9	13.5 <sub>h6</sub>	5 <sub>h6</sub>	4.6	M2	6	16.4	32	0.09 0.15	80:1	0.3	9000	2.5 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	60	30	0.4 - 4	0.023
HD 08	ZSS 32 ZSS 33	32	81.2 100.2	35.5 54.5	26.7	33	1.8	20	18	21 <sub>h6</sub>	8 <sub>h6</sub>	7.5	М3	6	26	46	0.28 0.35	50:1 100:1	1.5	6000	0.003	200	100	0.4 - 4	0.16
	ZSS 41	42	99.5	42	30.5	40	3	22	20	24 <sub>h7</sub>	10 <sub>h6</sub>	9.5	M4	7.5	34	58	0.53								
HD 11	ZSS 42	42	115.5	58	30.5	40	3	22	20	24 <sub>h7</sub>	10 <sub>h6</sub>	9.5	M4	7.5	34	58	0.59	50:1 100:1	2.5 4.0	5000	0.012	250	200	0.4 - 3	0.3 0.36
	ZSS 43	42	130.5	73	30.5	40	3	22	20	24 <sub>h7</sub>	10 <sub>h6</sub>	9.5	M4	7.5	34	58	0.74								
HD14	ZSS 52	52	136	73.5	41	50	3	25	23	30 <sub>h7</sub>	12 <sub>h6</sub>	11.5	M5	11	40	69	1.15	50:1 100:1	5.4 7.8	5000	0.033	400	400	0.4 - 3 0.4 - 2	0.8
	nensions and t			ee page	2.																				





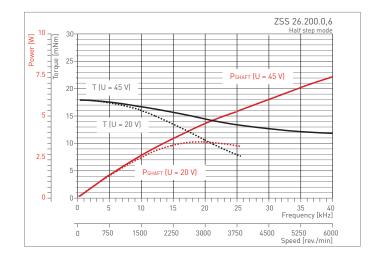
## Frequency characteristics

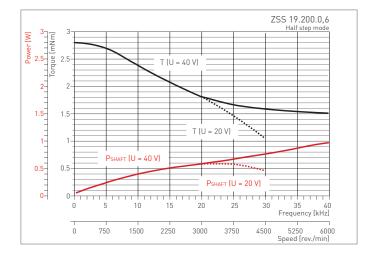
The curves correspond to the limit values of the operational characteristics (M) as a function of the control pulses (frequency/speed), for two different supply voltages (U).

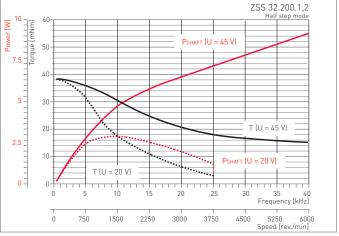
The motor connection type is 4-leads with parallel windings. The motors are controlled by Phytron stepper motor power stages in the half-step mode.

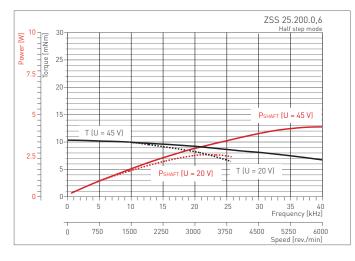
## Power characteristics

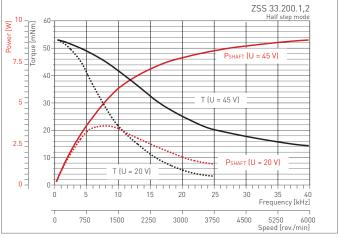
For each frequency curve, the power characteristic (P) indicates the power delivered by the output shaft.

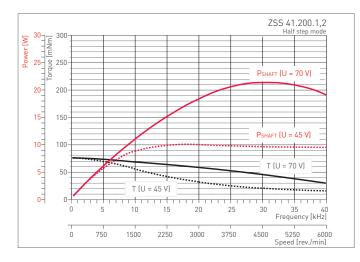


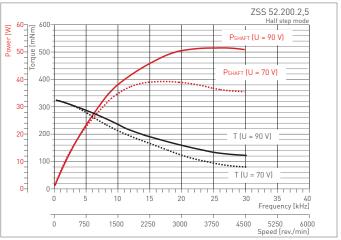


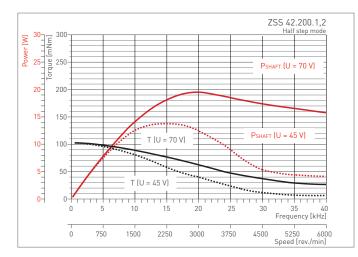


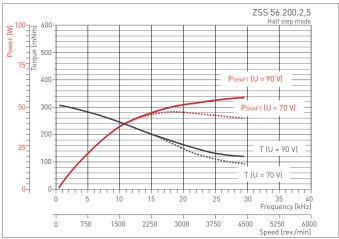


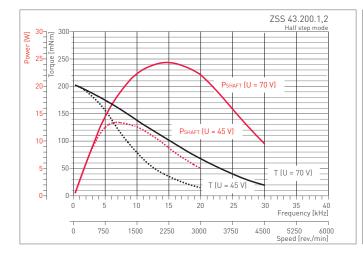


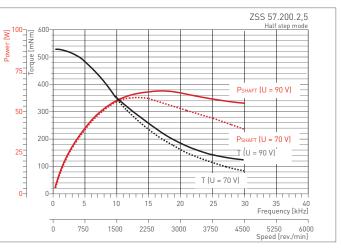


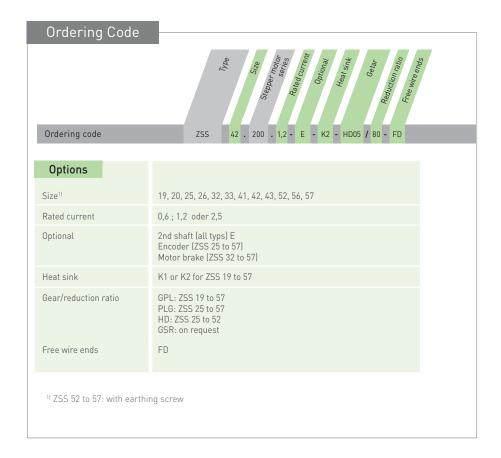












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A motor connection leaflet is enclosed to every delivery of stepper motors. PDF files are available for download on the Phytron homepage.



# *phy*BASIC™

# Precision Stepper Motor with High Torque and Smooth Running

Our motor series phyBASIC<sup>TM</sup> combines the advantages of a price-optimised design with excellent operating characteristics. That makes the  $phy \mathbf{BASIC}^{\mathsf{TM}}$ motors particularly suitable for standard applications in the manufacturing industries. Good running performance, high torque and solid craftsmanship make the phyBASIC<sup>TM</sup> an excellent choice for environments up to IP 40 when it comes to quick precise positioning tasks. Through the 200-step design, the optimised metal sheet cut and the smooth running the motor is also suitable for high precision applications.

More than just a standard

To help you find the perfect solution for your project, we offer you the opportunity to realise individual changes on the basis of our motor series. If phyBASIC<sup>TM</sup> or the VSS in vacuum series is not sufficiently adapted to your application, we will develop one of our motors to the "perfect fit" for your application.

Combined with our modular motion controller phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup>, the driver TM StepDrive (for SIMATIC® ET200® SP) or our amplifiers you will receive a perfectly tuned system of high quality motors, power amplifiers and controllers. Through a careful selection of suppliers and our certified quality system (ISO 9001), we make sure that phyBASIC™ motors meet our high quality requirements and can be reliably used together with our electronics. You receive accustomed high Phytron quality at good prices - bundled with our excellent support.

With our vast application experience of drives e.g. in paper production or even satellite optics we have the know-how to move your application.





# In Focus



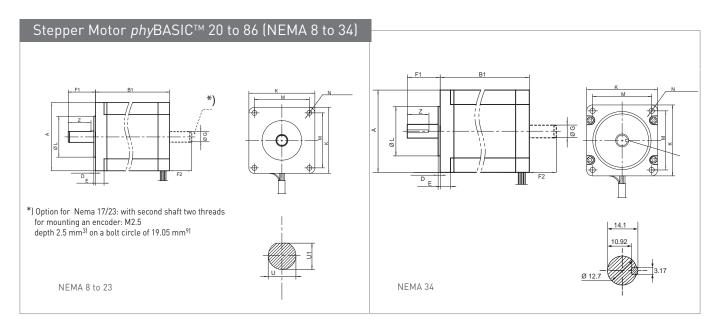




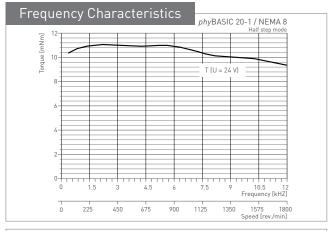
smooth running

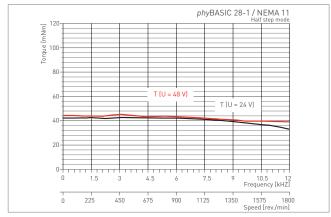
- 2-phase stepper motors
- Holding torques from 16 mNm to 7.2 Ňm
- Edge dimension from 20 to 86 mm
- Number of steps (standard) 200
- Step accuracy 5 % for 1.8° stepper motors
- Operating voltage phyBASIC<sup>TM</sup> 20,28,42 (NEMA 8,11,17): phyBASIC<sup>TM</sup> 56,86 (NEMA 23/34): 72 V<sub>DC</sub>
- Standard connection: 4-lead parallel
- Protection class IP 40
- Insulation class B. 130 °C
- Insulation resistance 100  $M\Omega$
- Operating temperature range -10 to +50 °C (non-freezing)
- · Cable with mating connector included
- Options
  - Gear
  - Rear shaft

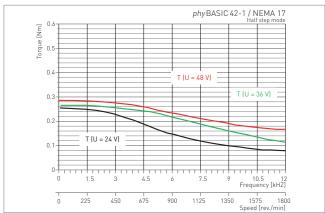


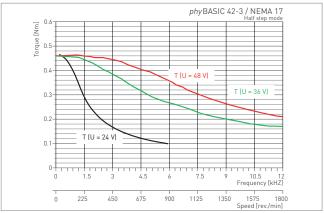


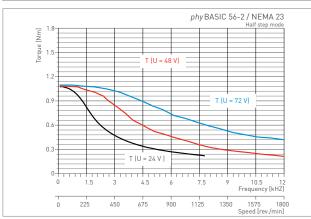
							Me	echani	cal cha	aracteri	stics	5														
4	g)	phase	/phase	/ phase	D	ltage	torque	ordne	s inertia	Bearing	load	S.														
NEMA	Size	Current/phase	Resistance /phase	Inductivity / phase	AWG	max. voltage	Holding torque	Detent torque	Rotor mass inertia	axial <sup>11</sup>	radial	Mass						Dim	iensi	ons i	n mn	1				
	Edge dim. Length	А	Ω	mH		٧	mNm	mNm	kg cm²	N	N	kg	A <sup>7)</sup>	B1 <sup>8)</sup>	D	Е	F1 <sup>5)</sup>	F2 <sup>4)</sup>	G <sup>2)</sup>	K <sup>7]</sup>	L <sup>6]</sup>	М	N	U <sup>2]</sup>	U1 <sup>3)</sup>	
8	20-1	0.6	6.7	1.25	26	48	16	1	0.002	4	20	0.05	20.1	31.5	1.5	-	20	-	-	20.1	15	16	M2	4	-	
11	28-1	1.0	2.5	2.2	26	48	65	5	0.009	7	52	0.1	28.3	31	2	-	24	-	-	28.3	22	23	M2.5	5	4.5	
17	42-1	1.5	1.7	2.9	26	48	320	12	0.038	25/65	29	0.21	42.3	34.3	2	-	24	13	5	42.3	22	31	M3	5	4.5	
17	42-3	1.5	2.2	4.9	26	48	620	25	0.082	25/65	29	0.36	42.3	48.3	2	-	24	13	5	42.3	22	31	М3	5	4.5	
23	56-2	2.2	1.6	6.9	26	72	1500	45	0.22	40/130	70	0.69	56.4	55	1.6	4.8	20.6	13	6.35	56.4	38.1	47.1	5.1	6.35	5.8	
23	56-3	2.0	2.3	9.8	26	72	2300	75	0.39	40/130	70	1.0	56.4	77	1.6	4.8	20.6	13	6.35	56.4	38.1	47.1	5.1	6.35	5.8	
34	86-1	5.0	0.48	4.5	18	72	3800	90	0.95	65/155	220	1.6	86	67.5	1.25	10	31.7	19.05	9.52	86	73	69.6	6.5	12.7	-	
34	86-2	5.0	0.61	8	18	72	7200	150	1.6	65/155	220	2.7	86	97	1.25	10	31.7	19.05	9.52	86	73	69.6	6.5	12.7	-	

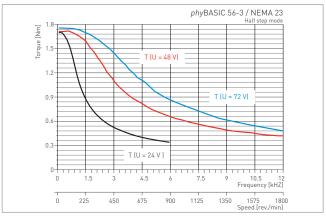


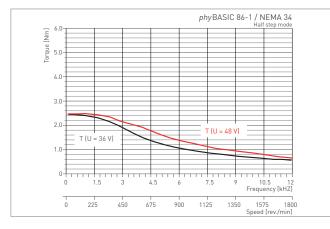


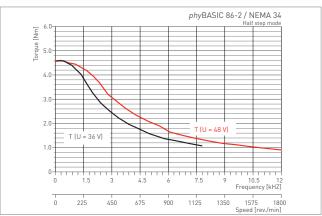






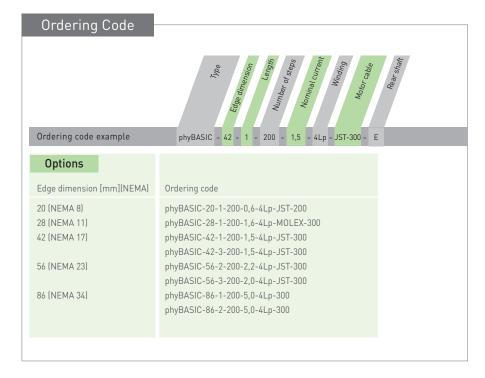


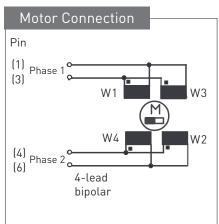




Connectors a	and Mating Connectors			
			Mating o	connector
Motor	Connector on the motor (pin)	Housing		Crimp contact
phyBASIC 20	JST B6B-ZR(LF)(SN)	JST ZHR-6		JST SZH-002T-P0,5
phyBASIC 28	MOLEX 53253-0670	P/N MOLEX 51065-	-0600	P/N MOLEX 50212-8000
phyBASIC 42	JST S6B-PH-K (LF)(SN)	JST PHR-6		JST SPH-002T-P0,5
phyBASIC 56	JST S6B-XH-A-1 (LF)(SN)	JST XHP-6		JST SXH-001T-P0,6
phyBASIC 86	Wire leads	-		-
Nema 8  Pin 6 1		Nema 17 / 23		Mating connector JST-300/200
rear view	front view	front view	front view	Mating connector MOLEX-300

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# Equipment

• Cable with mating connector included

# Phytron GmbH

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# DMP 20 / 29 / 37

# Inertial Damper for Stepper Motors of Size 25 / 32 / 42 (NEMA 11 / 14 / 17)

DMP is an inertial damper for stepper motors. It delivers an excellent performance over a wide frequency because of its specific structure. This minimises settling times in the start-stop operating region and avoids system

Thus, the DMP prevents not only vibrationinduced material fatigue and vibration-induced positioning errors, but also significantly reduces the acoustic noise. If certain perturbances are not adequately compensated for, the motor can lose steps. The resulting loss of torque and precision can drastically affect the application's performance.

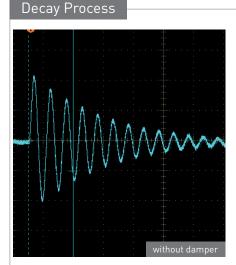
Phytron's stepper motors run very smoothly due to their construction, hence a damper is not needed for most precision applications. However, should a Phytron motor operate in a resonance range, the damper is easily deployed to further enhance the motor's characteristics and stability.

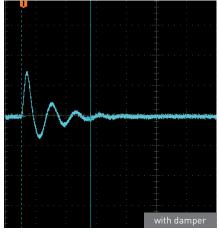
#### Application

Greater requirements for smooth running and precision are often necessary, especially in optics. When moving samples or optics via a joystick, the improvements in the move quality for smoothness, very low acoustic noise and precision are visibly and audibly attained. Accurate and consistent movements with fast settling times of the driven system are significantly improved.

# In Focus

- Inertial damper for stepper motors size 25 / 32 / 42 (NEMA 11 / 14 / 17)
- External diameter 20, 29 or 37 mm
- Mounts onto shafts of 2.5; 3; 4; 5 mm or customised
- Materials
  - Allows fitting to aluminium / plastic
  - Stainless steel fixing screws
- Applicable standards
  - Protection class IP 62 (IEC 34)
  - Headless screws for mounting ISO 4027 (DIN 914/A2)
- Environmental conditions
  - Ambient temperature 0 to +60 °C
  - Storage temperature -20 to +70 °C

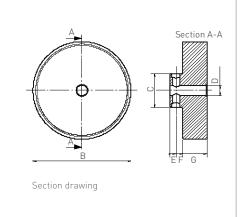




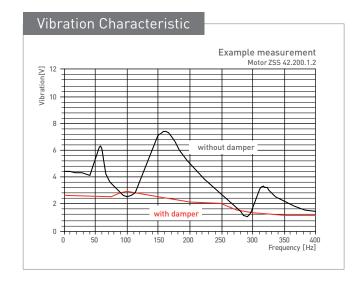


# Characteristics

Damper DMP		[	Dimension	s in mr	n		Weight	Mass inertia	Headless screws
	В	С	D	Е	F	G	in g	in kg cm <sup>2</sup>	
20.2.5	20	11	2.5 0/+0.03	1.5	3	10	7	0.0013	2 x M2
20.3	20	11	3 0/+0.03	1.5	3	10	/	0.0013	ZXIVIZ
29.3	29	11	3 0/+0.03	2	4	12	12	0.006	2 x M2
29.4	27	11	4 0/+0.03	2	4	12	IZ	0.006	Z X IVIZ
37.4	37	13	4 0/+0.03	2.5	5	14	24.4	0.0205	2 x M3
37.5	37	13	5 0/+0.03	2.0	3	14	24.4	0.0203	Z X M3



# Example measurement Motor ZSS 42.200.1.2 Without damper with damper A vitable separation of the stepper motor Example measurement Motor ZSS 42.200.1.2 Motor ZSS 42.200.1.2



Ordering Code		
The variable elements of the product are displayed in colour.	$I_{VPe}$	Motorshad Version Apolication
Ordering code	DMP 37 .	4 . A - X
Options		
External diameter [mm]	20 29 37	Motor size 25/NEMA 11 Motor size 32/NEMA 14 Motor size 42/NEMA 17
Motor shaft [mm]	2.5 3 4 5	
Version	А	for standard motors
Application	Χ	customized

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# **ZSH Stepper Motor**

Robust. Powerful. Reliable.

Phytron's HARSH-Environment motors are particularly suitable for challenging applications in mechanical engineering and industry. Challenging conditions are solved with the precise running performance, high torque and the motor's robust design for environments up to IP68. Inside climate chambers, adjusting the paper thickness in paper machines, adjusting rotor blades in aviation or directly in a fuel tank: In those and other environments Phytron's stepper motors and controllers for HARSH Environments provide precise and reliable











RoHS



- 2-phase hybrid stepper motor
- Number of steps: 200 / step angle: 1.8°
- Standard version: 4-lead, parallel windings, with terminal box
- Holding torques from 0.45 to 17 Nm
- Protection class: IP 54, optional: IP 68
- Permiss. ambient temperature: -30 to +50 °C (optional: +80 °C) (up to 100 °C for short time)
- Design voltage: 250 V<sub>AC</sub> acc. to EN 60034
- Insulation class F acc. to VDE 0530
- Test voltage: 1800 V<sub>AC</sub> (1 sec)
- High permissible axial and radial bearing loads
- Step accuracy: ±3 % (ref. to 1.8° step angle, not cumulative)
- Optional:
  - 2nd shaft (IP 41)
  - Free wire ends (IP 41)
  - Different types of flange and shaft (mm or inch)
  - Motor brake
  - Encoder
  - Low-backlash planetary gear

# Highlights



The ZSH stepper motor convinces with its robust housing with high-strength cable gland. The motor is waterproof up to 10 m with the IP68 option.



# Extended temperature range

The ZSH stepper motor not only convinces with a very balanced, smooth and low resonance running performance with maximum positioning accuracy, but also with the optional extended ambient temperature range of -30 to +80  $^{\circ}$  C (briefly up to 100  $^{\circ}$  C).



# Overview: Extensions

- $\bullet~$  Stepper motor with brake: Permanent magnet brake for 24  $V_{\mbox{\tiny DC}}$  supply
- Stepper motor with encoder: Resolution 50, 200 or 500 lines, 2- or 3-channels
- Stepper motor with encoder and motor brake
- Stepper motor with low-backlash planetary gear: 1-, 2- or 3-stages, Reduction ratios from 3:1 to 512:1

# Dimensions Stepper Motor ZSH 57 to ZSH 107 / Key / Flange / Shaft C2 Standard: ZSH with terminal box Rear view: Motor with terminal box Option: ZSH Stepper motor with free wire ends "Required space for terminal box cover fixing screws: up to 2 mm

				Dime	nsions					K	еу		F	lange a	and shaf	t:		Flange a	nd shaft:	
Stepper motor	А	± 0.5 B1	±0.5 B2	C1	C2	D	Е	F	±0.5 K	G	Н	H'	-0.02 M	-0.02 N	-0.05 P	Q	-0.02 M	-0.02 N	-0.05 P	Q
				m	ım					m	m			m	nm			mm	(inch)	
ZSH 57/1 ZSH 57/2 ZSH 57/3	56.5 56.5 56.5	50 76 104	76 102 130	90 116 144	108 134 162	1.5 1.5 1.5	5 5 5	5.3 5.3 5.3	21 21 21	1]							6.35 (0.25)	6.35 (0.25)	<u>38.1</u> [1.5]	<u>47</u> (1.85)
ZSH 87/1 ZSH 87/2 ZSH 87/3	86 86 86	60.5 92.5 124.5	85.5 117.5 149.5	137 169 201	137 169 201	1.5 1.5 1.5	5.7 5.7 5.7	6.5 6.5 6.5	31.5 31.5 31.5	up to Ø10: A3x3x15 from Ø12: A4x4x15	6	1.5	<u>10</u> 12	<u>10</u> 12	<u>73</u>	<u>70</u>	9.52 (0.375)	9.52 (0.375)	73 (2.87)	70 (2.76
ZSH 88/1 ZSH 88/2 ZSH 88/3	86 86 86	68.5 100.5 132.5	93.5 125.5 157.5	145 177 209	145 177 209	1.5 1.5 1.5	5.7 5.7 5.7	6.5 6.5 6.5	31.5 31.5 31.5	up to Ø10: A3x3x15 from Ø12: A4x4x15	6	1.5	<u>12</u> 10	<u>12</u> 10	<u>73</u>	<u>70</u>	9.52 (0.375)	9.52 (0.375)	73 (2.87)	70 (2.76
ZSH 107/1 ZSH 107/2 ZSH 107/3 ZSH 107/4	108 108 108 108	89.5 139.5 189.5 239.5	111 161 211 261	- - -	170 238 288 338	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	9 9 9 9	8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5	32 50 50 50	A5x5x20	5	5	12 16 16 16	10 10 12 12	<u>60</u>	<u>90</u>	12.7 (0.5) 15.87 (0.625) 15.87 (0.625) 15.87 (0.625)	12.7 (0.5)	55.54 (2.186)	88.9 (3.5)

# Mechanical and Electrical Characteristics ZSH 57 to ZSH 107

	olar <sup>2)3)</sup>	olar <sup>214]</sup>	din g <sup>2]5]</sup>	ding <sup>2/6]</sup>	=	di	rtia	Permi		
Stepper motor type	Phase current bipolar <sup>2131</sup>	Phase current unipolar <sup>214</sup>	Resistance per winding <sup>2151</sup>	Inductivity per winding <sup>281</sup>	Holding torque	Detent torque	Rotor mass inertia	axial	radial	Mass
	А	А	Ω	mH	Nm	Nm	10 <sup>-4</sup> kg m <sup>2</sup>	N	N	kg
ZSH 57/1	1.4 / 4.2 / 5.5	1/3/3.9	5.5 / 0.7 / 0,5	9 / 1 / 0.64	0.45	0.01	0.125	80	150	0.6
ZSH 57/2	2.1 / 2.8 / <u>4.2</u>	1.5/2/ <u>3</u>	4.1 / 2.6 / <u>1.1</u>	9 / 5 / <u>2.6</u>	0.85	0.017	0.25	80	150	1
ZSH 57/3	2.1 / 4.2 / <u>6.5</u>	1.5/3/ <u>4.6</u>	4.3 / 1.6 / <u>0.8</u>	9 / 3 / <u>1.2</u>	1.25	0.025	0.375	80	150	1.35
ZSH 87/1	2.3 / 4.2 / <u>7</u>	1.6/3/ <u>5</u>	3 / 0,8 / <u>0.3</u>	6/1.6/ <u>0.7</u>	1.8	0.026	0.65	180	280	1.7
ZSH 87/2	5 / <u>6.5</u> / <u>8.4</u>	3.5/ <u>4.6/6</u>	0.8 / <u>0.5</u> / <u>0.3</u>	3/ <u>1.5</u> / <u>1</u>	3.6	0.05	1.3	180	280	2.65
ZSH 87/3	5 / 8.4 / 10	3.5/6/7	1.1 / 0.5 / 0.4	5/1.7/1	5.4	0.08	1.95	180	280	3.65
ZSH 88/1 <sup>1</sup>	2/4/8	-	1.88 / 0.5 / 0.13	11.1 / 2.5 / 0.75	3	0.042	1.35	180	280	1.7
ZSH 88/2	2/4/ <u>8</u>		3.61 / 0.74 / <u>0.21</u>	26 / 5.5 / <u>1.5</u>	6	0.08	2.7	180	280	2.65
ZSS 88/3	4/8/12		1.14 / 0.29 / 0.14	10.9 / 2.6 / 1	9	0.13	4.05	180	280	3.65
ZSH 107/1	7 / 8 / 12.5	5/5.7/8.8	0.3 / 0.2 / 0.1	1.6 / 1.2 / 0.55	5	0.11	4	400	650	4.3
ZSH 107/2	8 / 10 / <b>12.5</b>	5.7/7.1/ <u>8.8</u>	0.4 / 0.3 / <u>0.2</u>	2.4 / 1.6 / <b>1.15</b>	9	0.21	8	400	650	7.2
ZSH 107/3	10 / 12.5	7.1/8.8/-	0.4 / 0.3	2.7 / 1.9 / -	13	0.3	12	400	650	9.8
ZSH 107/4	12.5	8.8	0.4	2.7	17	0.4	16	400	650	12.5

# <u>blue</u>=popular types

Size 88 for bipolar operation only

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Standard version 1/2/3

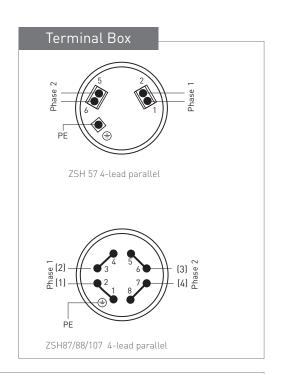
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3]</sup> The current value given in the ordering data (e. g. ZSH 107/2.200.8) refers to the bipolar mode (parallel windings).

 $<sup>^{4)}</sup>$  Current in unipolar mode = 0.7 x current in bipolar mode

 $<sup>^{5)}</sup>$  Resistance per phase in bipolar mode =  $0.5~\mathrm{x}$  resistance per winding

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 6l}$  The inductivity values apply for each single winding as well as for two parallel windings. For series mounted windings, the inductivity is multiplied by 4.

# Motor Connection Diagram / Wiring Schemes / Phase Current The Phytron stepper motors type ZSH are built in 4-lead parallel windings (standard). BN BN BN 4 2 3 1 GN/YE — PE 4-lead parallel / winding bipolar



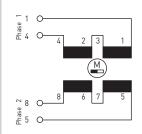
Alternative windings like 8-lead are available on request:

The motors can be used with unipolar or bipolar control mode, as the windings can be differently connected.

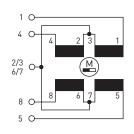
5- lead connection is applicable for the unipolar control mode.

In the bipolar control mode, 4-lead motor wiring is required, windings connected in parallel or in series.

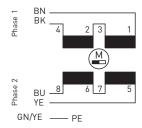
The information in the ZSS motor connection leaflet (delivered with each motor) must be regarded when wiring the motor in order to provide for EMC compliant wiring. The motor connection leaflets are also available for download on the Phytron homepage.



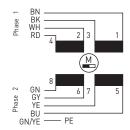
4-lead / serial windings / bipolar



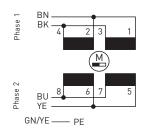
5-lead / unipolar mode



 $\mbox{4-lead}$  / free wire ends / serial windings / bipolar



8-lead / free wire ends



4-lead / free wire ends / parallel windings / bipolar

# Optional: ZSH Stepper motor with brake Optional: ZSH Stepper motor with encoder Rear view: Motor with encoder and brake Required space for terminal box cover fixing screws: up to 2 mm

	Dim	nens	ions	Step	oper	Moto	or / E	3rak	e / E	Enco	der	
Stepper motor	Ø Motor	ZSH + KEB	ZSH + E50	ZSH + H200/500	ZSH + KEB + E50	ZSH + KEB + H200/500						
	А	±0.5 B3	±0.5 B4	±0.5 B5	±0.5 B6	±0.5 B7	C1	C2	D	Е	F	±0.5
ZSH 57/1 ZSH 57/2 ZSH 57/3	56.5 56.5 56.5	116 142 170	88 114 142	98 124 152	128 154 182	137.5 163.5 191.5	90 116 144	108 134 162	1.5 1.5 1.5	5 5 5	5.3 5.3 5.3	21 21 21
ZSH 87/1 ZSH 87/2 ZSH 87/3	86 86 86	131 163 195	85.5 117.5 149.5	104 136 168	131 163 195	153 185 217	137 169 201	137 169 201	1.5 1.5 1.5	5.7 5.7 5.7	6.5 6.5 6.5	31.5 31.5 31.5
ZSH 88/1 ZSH 88/2 ZSH 88/3	86 86 86	139 171 203	93.5 125.5 157.5	112 144 176	139 171 203	161 193 225	145 177 209	145 177 209	1.5 1.5 1.5	5.7 5.7 5.7	6.5 6.5 6.5	31.5 31.5 31.5
ZSH 107/1 ZSH 107/2 ZSH 107/3 ZSH 107/4	108 108 108 108	161 211 261 311	111 161 211 261	136 186 236 286	161 211 261 311	193 243 293 343		170 238 288 338	1.5 1.5 1.5 1.5	9 9 9 9	8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5	32 50 50 50
Dimension	s in mm											

Metric Cal	ble Glan	ds
Dimensions in mm	Cable Ø	Wrench size
Stepper motor connection	9-13	22
Encoder connection	5-9	17
Motor brake connection	5-9	17
<ul> <li>For shielded cable</li> <li>Material: nickel pla</li> <li>Protection class: If</li> <li>Nitril rubber sealir</li> <li>Nitril rubber 0-rin</li> <li>Test standard EN 5</li> </ul>	eted brass P 68 up to ng rings g on exter 50262 / UL	5 bar

# ZSH Stepper Motor with Integrated Encoder

In non-disturbed operation the stepper motor runs synchronously to the pulses coming from the controller, that means the motor rotation (= rotation of the rotor) runs synchronously to the pulse frequency (= rotating stator field in the motor). In case of an extreme load at the motor (e.g. via a static load at the motor shaft or by accelerating of the motor) the step frequency of the motor will shortly differ from the pulse frequency within a certain maximum range. This results in changing the load angle (= difference between the real position of the rotor and its target position). For applications homing mode for monitoring the motor movement, we recommend to use a motor with an integrated encoder.

# ZSH Stepper Motor with Integrated Encoder E50



The encoder series E50 monitors the motion of the motor. Together with a Phytron controller (e.g. MCC- or phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup> series) the load angle of the stepper motor can be controlled and monitored. When the max. admissible load angle is exceeded (e.g. when the motor run is breaking down) the control unit will create an error signal.

# Special characteristics

- simple and robust low cost version
- no changes of the motor dimensions in comparison to the standard version with cast connection box (except ZSH 56)
- the encoder is integrated in the motor housing
- available up to protection class IP68
- all requirements for mechanical and climatical ambient conditions (vibration-, shock resistance, temperature and humidity) are fullfilled.
- evaluation of the encoder signals and realisation of a step angle control with generating an error signal can be done by using a Phytron controller of the MCC or phyMOTION™ series.

# Electrical characteristics

Supply voltage	5 to 24 $V_{DC}$
Current consumption	typ. approx. 35 mA (no load at outputs) max. load at outputs 100 mA / output
Operating temperature	-40 to 125 °C

# Outputs

2 x 50 pulses per revolution – signals A and B with rectangular shape and inverted signals  $\overline{A}$  and  $\overline{B}$ 

duty cycle 1:1 ± max. 20 % error

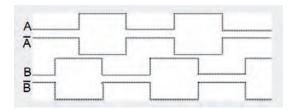
bipolar - switching to VCC and GND

short circuit protected signals against GND

RS422 line driver (26LS31)

pulse frequency min. 20 kHz

# Signal outputs



# Connection

connection via screw terminals for nominal cross section max. 1mm<sup>2</sup> (26 -16 AWG)

optionally also available with connector

dimensions as standard motor types! - exception: ZSH 56: see table page 5

# ZSH Stepper motor with integrated encoder H200 and H500



The H200 and H500 is characterized by its high resolution; H200 with 2x200 pulse per revolution and the H500 with 2x500 pulse per revolution. As an extremely robust encoder it also fulfills the high requirements for mechanical and climatic environmental conditions (vibration, shock, shock resistance, temperature and humidity).

# Special characteristics

- optical encoder
- encoder integrated in the motor housing
- available up to protection class IP68
- all requirements for mechanical and climatical ambient conditions (vibration-, shock resistance, temperature and humidity) fulfilled
- evaluation of the encoder signals and realisation of a step angle control with generation of an error signal can be done by using a Phytron controller of the MCC or phyMOTION™ series

## Technical characteristics

Optical encoder	
Supply voltage	5 V <sub>DC</sub>
Operating temperature	-40 to 100 °C

# Outputs

2 x 200 pulse per revolution for H200

2 x 500 pulse per revolution for H500

rectangular shape signals Aund B, with inverted signals  $\overline{A}$  and  $\overline{B}$ 

H200 and H500: zero pulse and inverted zero pulse - 1 pulse per revolution

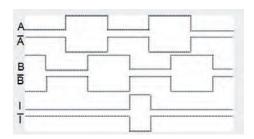
duty cycle 1:1 +max. 10 % error

RS422 line driver (26LS31)

short circuit protected signals against  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{GND}}$ 

pulse frequency min. 100 kHz

# Signal outputs



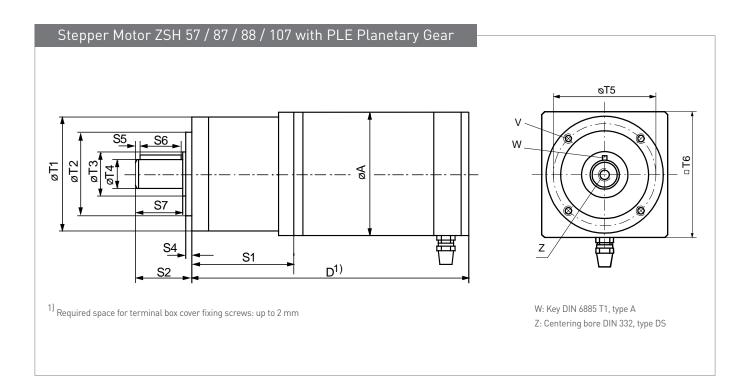
## **Dimensions**

the modified dimensions – compared to the standard motors ZSH without encoder – can be found in the table on page 5.

## Connection

connection via screw terminals for nominal cross section max. 1 mm<sup>2</sup> [26 - 16 AWG]

optionally also available with connector



# Dimensions Stepper Motor with Gear

							Dim	nensio	ons in	mm											
Gear	Stages	А	Total len	gth gear/mo	tor with term	ninal box	S1	S2	S4	S5	S6	S7	T1	h7	Т3	h7	T5	Т6	V	W	Z
			ZSH 57/1	ZSH 57/2	ZSH 57/3															25	0.1
PLE 60	1 2 3	56.5	131 143 156	157 169 182	185 197 210		55 67 80	35	3	2.5	25	30	60	40	17	14	52	60	M5 x 8	5 x 5 x 2	M5 x 12
			ZSH 87/1	ZSH 87/2	ZSH 87/3		72														
PLE 80	1 2 3	86	157.5 174.5 192	189.5 206.5 224	221.5 238.5 256		89 106.5	40	3	4	28	36	80	60	25	20	70	86	M6 x 10	6 × 28	M6 x 16
П			ZSH 88/1	ZSH 88/2	ZSH 88/3														M6	× 9	W W
	1 2 3		165.5 182.5 200	197.5 214.5 232	229.5 246.5 264		72 89 106.5														
0			ZSH 107/1	ZSH 107/2	ZSH 107/3	ZSH 107/4													.0	0	22
PLE 120	1 2 3	108	242.5 269.5 296.5	292.5 319.5 346.5	342.5 369.5 396.5	392.5 419.5 446.5	131.5 158.5 185.5	55	4	5	40	50	115	80	35	25	100	115	M10 x 16	8×7×40	M10 x 2.

# Motor/Gear Output Torque

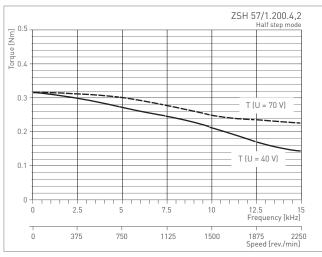
The output torque of the motor/gear combination can be calculated as follows: Motor torque at the required speed (see frequency characteristics) multiplied with reduction ratio and gear efficiency.

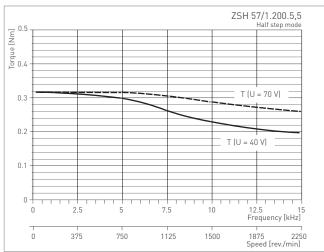
Mecl	hanic	al Cha	racterist	tics: Mo	oto	r witl	h PL	E		
Gear	Stages	Reduction ratio	Permissible gear output torque	Mass inertia (without motor)')		Gear	Stages	Reduction ratio	Permissible gear output torque	Mass inertia [without motor] <sup>11</sup>
			Nm	10 <sup>-4</sup> kg m <sup>2</sup>					Nm	10 <sup>-4</sup> kg m <sup>2</sup>
			ZSH 57						ZSH 88	
	1	3:1 <b>4:1</b> 5:1 <b>8:1</b>	28 38 40 18	6.5 3.3 2.2 1.2			1	3:1 <b>4:1</b> 5:1 <b>8:1</b>	85 115 110 50	63 25 14 8
PLE 60	2	9:1 12:1 15:1 16:1 20:1 25:1 32:1 40:1 64:1	44 44 44 44 40 44 40	7.2 7 2.4 3.4 2.4 2.3 1.2 1.2		PLE 80	2	9:1 12:1 15:1 16:1 20:1 25:1 32:1 <b>40:1</b> 64:1	130 120 110 120 120 110 120 110 50	63 26 62 25 15 15 8 8
	3	60:1 80:1 100:1 120:1 160:1 200:1 256:1 320:1 512:1	44 44 44 44 40 44 40	2.4 2.4 2.4 1.2 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1			3	60:1 80:1 100:1 120:1 160:1 200:1 256:1 320:1 512:1	110 120 120 110 120 110 120 110 120 110	25 18 15 60 8 8 8
			ZSH 87						ZSH 107	
	1	3:1 <b>4:1</b> 5:1 <b>8:1</b>	85 115 110 50	63 25 14 8			1	3:1 <b>4:1</b> 5:1 <b>8:1</b>	115 155 195 120	2.6 1.79 1.63 1.32
PLE 80	2	9:1 12:1 15:1 16:1 20:1 25:1 32:1 40:1 64:1	130 120 110 120 120 110 120 110 50	63 26 62 25 15 15 8 8		PLE 120	2	9:1 12:1 15:1 16:1 20:1 25:1 32:1 40:1 64:1	210 260 230 260 260 230 260 230 120	2.62 2.56 2.53 1.75 1.5 1.49 1.3 1.3
	3	60:1 80:1 100:1 120:1 160:1 200:1 256:1 320:1 512:1	110 120 120 110 120 110 120 110 120 110	25 18 15 60 8 8 8 6 6			3	60:1 80:1 100:1 120:1 160:1 200:1 256:1 320:1 512:1	260 260 260 230 260 230 260 230 120	2:57 1.5 1.5 2.5 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3
blue=po	pular ty	pe				1) Mass	inertia	referred to	motor shaft	

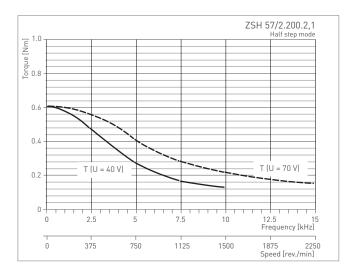
		Torsional stiffness	Absolute backlash	Efficiency	Mass without motor	Maximum axial load <sup>21</sup>	Maximum radial load <sup>21</sup>
Gear	Stages	Nm/arcmin	angular minutes	% (approx.)	kg	Z	Z
PLE 60	1 2 3	2.3 2.5 2.5	<20 <25 <30	96 94 90	0.65 0.82 1	600	500
PLE 80	1 2 3	6 6.5 6.3	<12 <17 <22	96 94 90	1.6 2.2 2.8	1200	950
PLE 120	1 2 3	12 13 12	<8 <12 <16	96 94 90	6.5 9 11.5	2800	2000
Low Torce Life Rec ran Mou	r-back que sk time omma ge: - unting ndard	klash , naft be lubrica ended 25 to - y posit prote	/ gea / high earing ation opera +90 °C ion: ar ction o	r effices tion tion class	iency l bear temp	ring peratu 54 5	

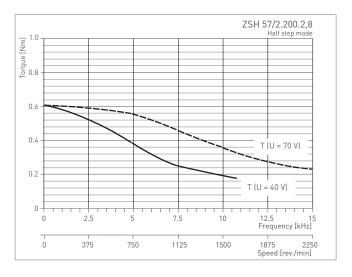
# Frequency Characteristics

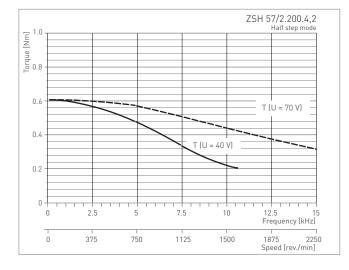
The curves correspond to the limit values of the operational characteristics (T) as a function of the control pulses (frequency/speed), for two different supply voltages (U). The motor connection type is 4-leads with parallel windings. The motors are controlled by phytron stepper motor power stages in the half-step mode.

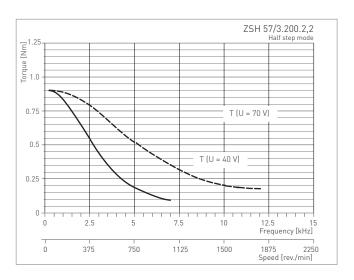


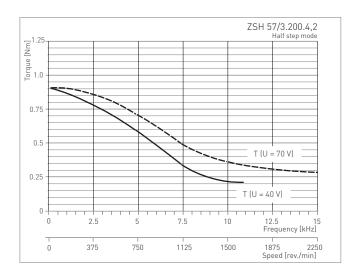


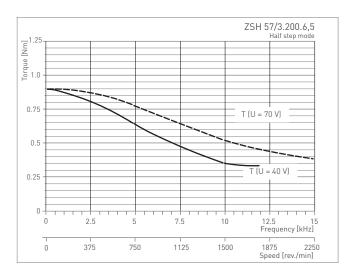


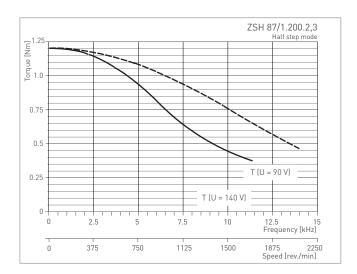


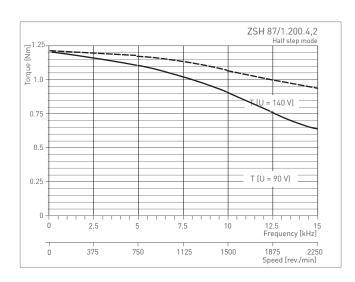


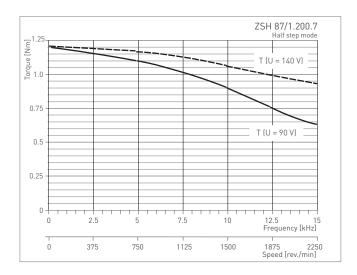


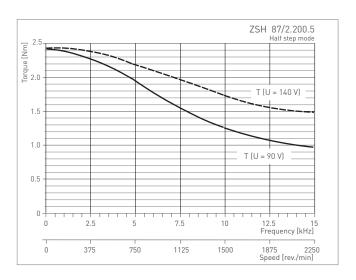


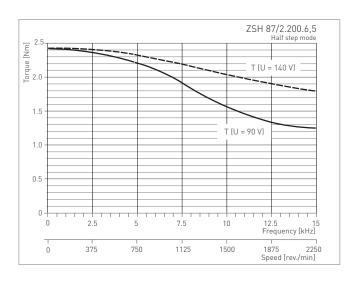


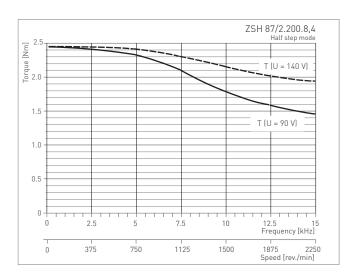


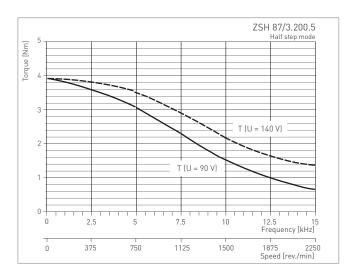


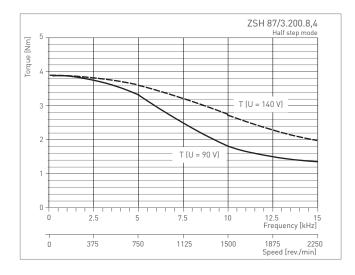


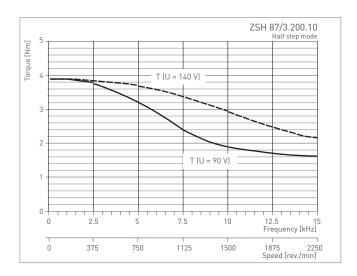


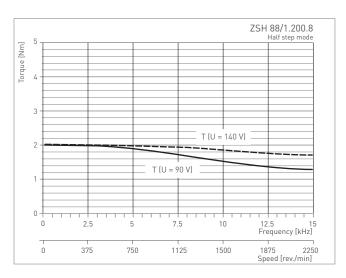


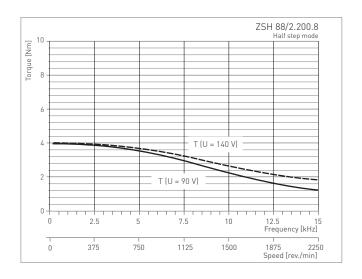


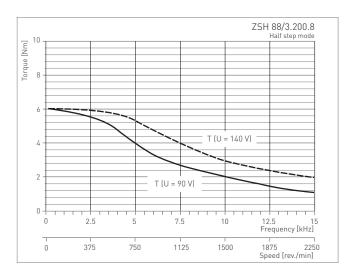


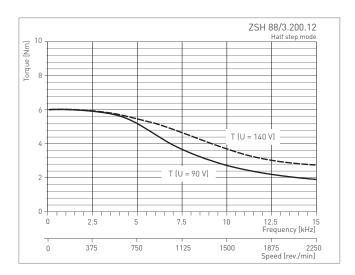


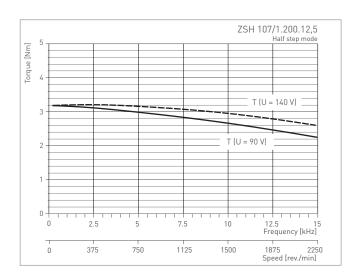


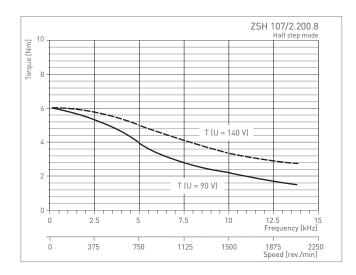


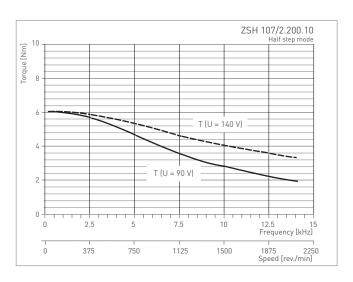


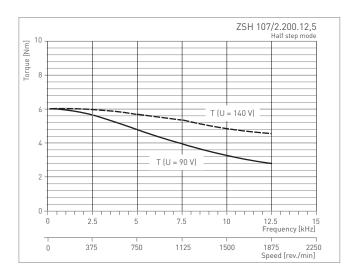


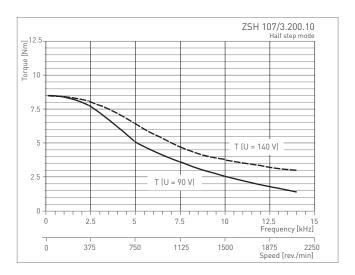


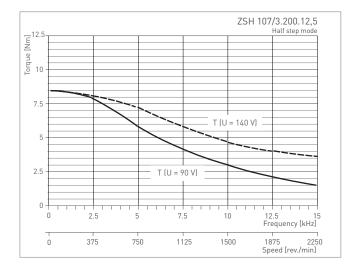


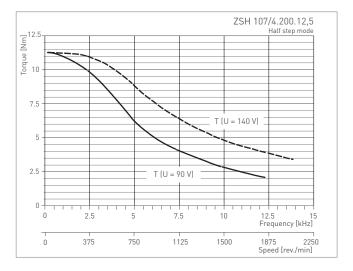


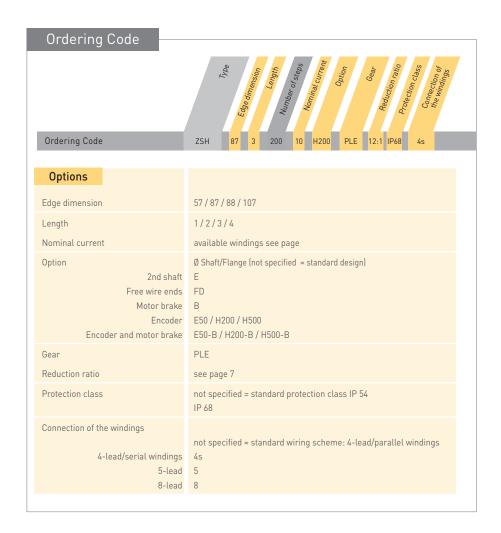






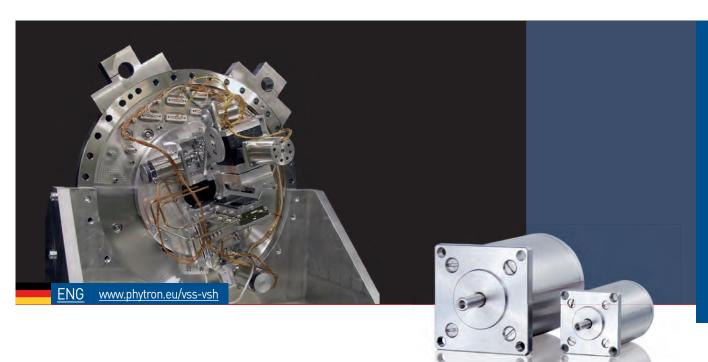






A motor connection leaflet is enclosed to every delivery of stepper motors. PDF files are available for download on the Phytron homepage.

All illustrations, descriptions and technical specifications are subject to modifications; no responsibility is accepted for the accuracy of this information.



# VSS / VSH Stepper Motor

### For Applications up to Ultra-High-Vacuum

Motors for use in vacuum should not only withstand the vacuum (no bursting of air inclusions), they must not contaminate the vacuum either. By selecting suitable materials and optimised conditioning processes Phytron VSS/VSH stepper motors are ideally suited for use in a vacuum. Through many years of experience with special materials for use in space, we have put a focus on materials with minimal molecular outgassing and high heat resistance. This is the prerequisite for a high vacuum quality and genuine measurement results in scientific and medical applications.

For exact positioning in vacuum, stepper motors are therefore particularly suitable because they can precisely position even without

sensitive feedback providers. Therefore Phytron VSS/VSH stepper motors can be used in particularly challenging environmental conditions (radiation, cryo-temperatures and in a modified design even in space).

Since stepper motors do not generate jitter effects while holding a position, this technology is ideal for precisely aligning optical instruments, mirrors, antennas or samples e.g. in high-resolution microscopes, particle accelerators or molecular analysis devices

The VSS/VSH series is completely manufactured in Germany. You have special requirements? We will gladly develop a customised design for your application.

# RoHS



#### In Focus







- 2-phase stepper motors
- Holding torques from 3.4 mNm to 13 Nm
- Diameters from 19 to 125 mm
- Number of steps 200 (standard)
- Step accuracy 5% for 1.8°
- Operating voltage (power stage)
   Size 19 to 57: 70 V<sub>DC</sub>
   Size 80 to 126: 120 V<sub>DC</sub>
- Outgassing holes to avoid pockets of trapped gas

#### **Options**

- VGPL precision planetary gear or Harmonic Drive gear
- Thermocouple type KTC/ Pt100 resistor sensor
- Resolver
- Double shaft

#### **Customised solutions**

- Operating in an agressive environment
- Clean room applications to clean room class ISO 5 (acc. to ISO 14644-1)
- Motors with spindle

#### Highlights



#### Performance & lifetime

Phytron in-Vacuum motors are based on a technology that can also be found in the most challenging projects of our time. From a variety of satellites up to the Mars rover Curiosity: Phytron motors drive applications in distant worlds - highly accurate, reliable and durable. Driven within their specification range, high quality components and a proven design make sure: These motors don't let you down!



#### Cleanliness

Phytron motors for use in ultra high vacuum (UHV) contain only materials that also meet the requirements of the ECSS (European Space regulations). Thus, each material has a maximum TML (Total Mass Loss) value < 1% and a maximum CVCM (Volatile Mass Losses) value < 0.1 %. You will receive your UHV motor, double-wrapped and vacuum sealed.

#### Phytron VSS/VSH Stepper Motor



#### Conditioning

The combination of high quality materials and a special conditioning process allow minimal outgassing rates. So a vacuum of  $10^{-11}$  hPa can be achieved depending on the application. For this purpose, individual components of the UHV motors, such as the wound stator, are specially conditioned before installation, so that outgassing materials cannot be deposited in the ball bearings or inside the motor. The fully assembled motor is outgassed by a Phytron process at least 200 °C in vacuum chambers. Increased outgassing temperatures are available on request. The rule of thumb: the outgassing rate decreases with a decimal power for every 100 °C increase of the outgassing temperature. In the actual application the motor should always be driven at least 40 °C below the outgassing temperature.



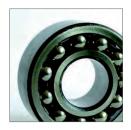
#### Temperature management

All materials selected for the UHV motors can withstand a short-term winding temperature of up to 300° C. Due to the lack of convection in vacuum, the motors can heat up very quickly and often work at a high temperature level - depending on the duty-cycle. In our UHV motors we integrate a thermocouple to allow monitoring of the exact winding temperature. All vacuum motors can be ordered as an alternative to the hermocouple also with platinum probes (PT) or customer- specific sensors. This is how you protect your motors safe from overheating.



#### Adhesives

The adhesives represent an optimum of strength, ductility, low outgassing rates and thermal resistance. The outgassing rates (TML, CVCM) comply with the European and US-American space standards. While the first adhesive is not brittle even at 4 K, the second adhesive retains sufficient strength even at a winding temperature of 300  $^{\circ}$ C for short periods without taking damage.



#### **Bearings**

The usage of un-lubricated ball bearings can cause so-called cold welding, and thus degrade and completely block the bearing. Therefore, it is advisable to use lubricated ball bearings whenever the application permits. For this purpose a special vacuum grease is necessary to provide not only low outgassing rates but also an extended life-time for the bearing. There is special lubrication for temperatures down to -50 °C or even -70 °C. However, the viscosity is so high that the efficiency decreases considerably. In low temperatures, the use of dry-lubricated bearings is recommended.



#### Radiation resistance

With ascending vacuum class motors are equally designed for higher radiation dose to be used in the vicinity of radiation sources (e.g. in medicine and research). While a fine vacuum motor can be safely used only up to a dose of 10 J/kg, a UHV motor may be safely operated up to a dose of  $10^6 \text{ J/kg}$ . A motor not designed for radiation will not only suffer degradation of the insulation and the adhesives - especially the grease of the ball bearing degrades, reduces the efficiency and ultimately blocks the motor.



#### Structure design

As is commonly done in high vacuum class all structural elements such as housing, flanges and shafts are made of stainless steel. Outgassing holes in the rear flange also allow rapid evacuation and purging of the motors and make sure that no gas inclusions may occur. All structural elements of the magnetic circuit are basically protected against corrosion. This also allows temporarily handling in normal environment



#### Handling

Phytron VSS/VSH motors are primarily designed for use in vacuum. Although the components of the magnetic circuit are basically protected against corrosion, the motors should ideally be handled in clean rooms and clean boxes. A storage is permitted only in Phytron's original packaging. The motors are to be handled with suitable gloves. Since the rotor is magnetic, it must necessarily be handled in a clean environment so that no metal particles may be drawn into the motor. That could lead to an impairment of operation, reduce the life time or even cause the failure of the motor by blocking.



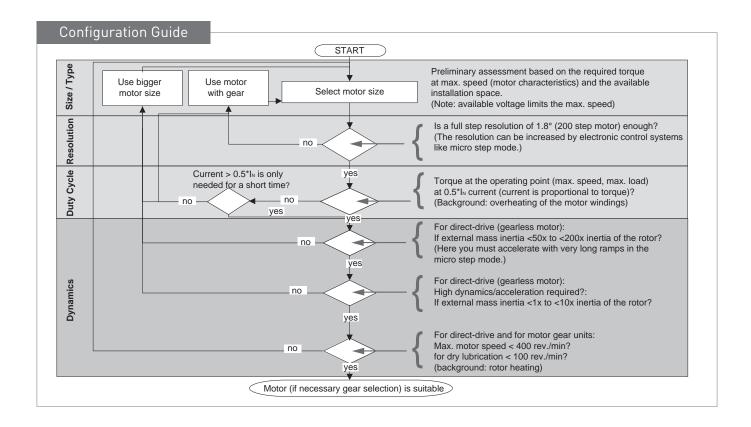
#### Service, consulting and customising

Of course we are happy if you are satisfied by our standard! But even if our vacuum motor series contains the application experience of several decades - sometimes the standard is just not enough. We like to fit our motor for your application, because sometimes even small changes make all the difference. Special applications require special support: Our service experts are available even after the purchase.

#### Vacuum Classes

	Winding temperature [°C]	Vacuum class [hPa]	Tempera- ture sensor	Radiation- resistant up to [J/kg]	Conditioning of the components	First outgas- sing at Phytron	TML [%]	CVCM [%]
HV	-20+200	10 <sup>-7</sup>	option	10 <sup>2</sup>	-	option	-	-
UHVS solid lubrication	-20+300 <sup>1)</sup>	10-11	type K <sup>2)</sup>	106	yes	yes	<1	<0.1
UHVG grease lubrication	-20+300 <sup>1)</sup>	10 <sup>-11</sup>	type K <sup>2)</sup>	106	yes	yes	<1	<0.1
UHVC1 Cryo 1 solid lubrication	-200+40	10 <sup>-11</sup>	option	106	yes	-	<1	<0.1
UHVC2 Cryo 2 solid lubrication	-270+40	10 <sup>-11</sup>	option	106	yes	-	<1	<0.1

<sup>1</sup>) short-term <sup>2</sup>) Pt100 as an option



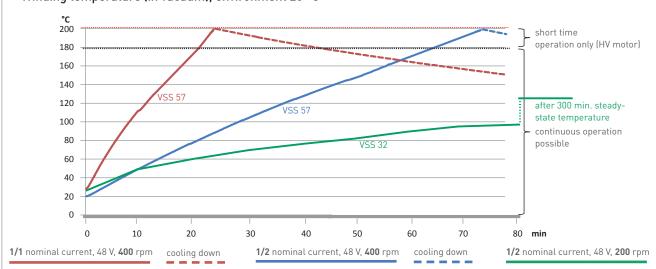
#### Derating - Duty-Cycle-Design for Applications in Vacuum

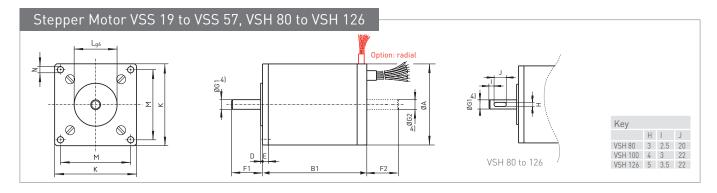
Motors driving in a vacuum heat up very quickly depending on their duty cycle. Driven with nomal current the maximum temperature will be reached within several minutes. Therefore it is necessary to monitor the motor's temperature (K-element) or to design a duty cycle with enough off-time to always keep the motor on a safe temperature level.

The shown curve is set at an environmental temperature of 20 °C. To give you an idea of how the chosen current influences the motor temperature we drew two curves of a VSS 57 motor. Driven with 400 rpm at 0.5 of the nominal current, the motor takes longer to heat up due to less ohmic losses then driven with the full nominal current.

The third curve (VSS 32) with 0.5 nominal current and 200 rmp only leads to a steady state temperature within the safe temperature limits. A higher rotational speed increases the magnetic losses. Therefore high speeds should be avoided as far as possible to reduce heat losses and to protect the bearings.

#### Winding temperature (in vacuum), environment 20 °C





#### Dimensions / Electrical and Mechanical Characteristics Electrical characteristics Mechanical characteristics VSS/VSH Standard max. operatin phase IN phase phase voltage 200-steps AWG torque Dimensions in mm Detent 4 lead Rotor radial parallel<sup>3)</sup> G1<sup>4)</sup> Ω В1 D Ε G24 Κ Ν Α mΗ $V_{\text{DC}}$ mNm mNmkg cm<sup>2</sup> Ν Ν kg Α F1 F2 L М <u>19.200.0.6</u><sup>1)</sup> 0.6 2.1 0.85 19 28 0.9 3 0.05 19 26.5 7.5 6.5 2.5 16 M2.5 19.200.1.2<sup>1)</sup> 1.2 0.63 0.23 3.5 20.200.0.6 0.6 3.45 1.1 28 8 1 0.002 3 3 0.075 19 43 7.5 6.5 2.5 2.5 19 10 16 M2.5 20.200.1.2 1.2 0.95 0.4 25.200.0.6 1.5 0.6 3.25 28 0.0025 0.08 9.5 2.2 25 31 2.5 8.5 25 14 21.5 <u>25.200.1.2</u><sup>1)</sup> <u>1.2</u> 0.95 0.4 26 26.200.0.6 0.6 5.85 3.2 28 28 1.9 0.006 5 0.13 25 47 2.5 9.5 8.5 25 14 21.5 2.2 26.200.1.2 1.2 1.7 1.0 26 32.200.0.6 0.6 4.6 5.3 26 0.01 5 0.17 38.5 32 18 2.8 40 3 32.200.1.2<sup>1</sup> 1.2 1.25 1.2 70 33.200.0.6 7.5 9.3 26 68 3.3 0.018 32 18 27 2.8 33.200.1.2<sup>1)</sup> <u>1.9</u> <u>1.2</u> <u>2.2</u> 42.200.1.2<sup>1)</sup> 1.7 5 0.045 20 40 0.35 42 54 16 15 5 42 36 3.2 42.200.2.5 0.34 <u>2.5</u> 0.7 43.200.1.2<sup>1)</sup> 24 1.2 2.6 5.2 235 0.077 40 0.52 69 16 15 42 22 36 3.2 20 43.200.2.5 0.5 1.2 52.200.1.2 1.2 24 4.3 13 0.15 25 70 0.72 52 65 1.5 3.5 16 52 28 0.6 1.6 22 56.200.1.2 12 3 9 95 24 420 40 80 0.78 58.1 22 20.5 6.35 60 38.1 47.1 5.2 30 0.17 56.4 4.5 6.35 56.200.2.5 2.5 0.8 2.4 22 1 2 39 24 57 200 1 2 116 0.99 74.1 6.35 38.1 47.1 5.2 840 50 0.24 40 80 1.5 4.5 20.5 6.35 60 56.4 57.200.2.5<sup>1)</sup> 22 2.5 0.8 2.9 80.200.5 0.4 2.3 18 2300 120 1.24 50 180 2.8 80 100 7.5 27 10 80 50 68 6.4 100.200.10 0.15 2.1 4300 140 70 300 5 100 125.5 8 32 30 12 12 100 60 16 4.4 86 6.4 9.5 34 14 126.200.10 10 0.23 3.9 16 290 18.2 700 13.9 125 210 31 14 125 60 108 8.4 $^{11}$ Preferred options: HV and UHVG in small quantities are available from stock <sup>4)</sup> Shaft diameter tolerances: VSS 19 to 26: -0.005 to -0.009;

from VSS 32: g5

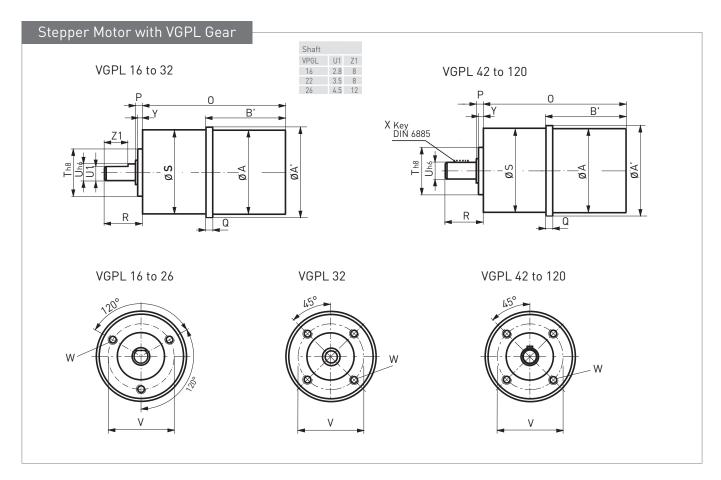
All values given above refer to room temperature and

atmospheric pressure

two phases on at rated current

<sup>2]</sup> Holding torque in bipolar mode with parallel windings,

<sup>3)</sup> Other step resolutions on demand (with different mechanical characteristics!)



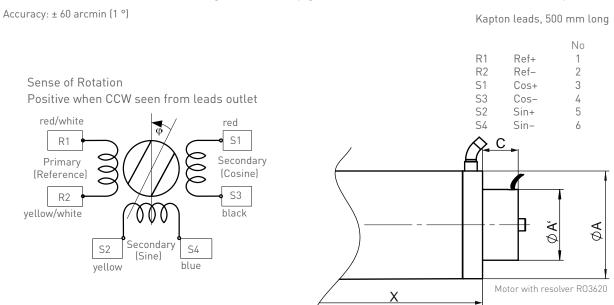
	Stepper						Dimer	nsions	s in m	m									Mass	
Gear	motor					Stages													Stages	
	VSS/ VSH				1	2	3											1	2	3
		А	A'	B'		0		Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	٧	W	Χ	Υ	(Moto	or and gear)	in kg
VGPL 16	19 20	19	22	29 46	48 64.5	53 69.5	58 74.5	2	4.5	12.5	16	10	3	13	M 2x4	-	1.5	0.07 0.09	0.07 0.1	0.0 0.1
VGPL 22	19 / 20 25 / 26	19 25	22 25.5	29 / 50 34 / 50	50 / 66.5 54.5 / 70.5	57 / 73.5 61.5 / 77.5	64 / 80.5 68.5 / 84.5	2.5	5.5 5	15	22	12	4	16	M 2.5x4	-	2	0.5 / 0.12 0.13 / 0.18	0.13 / 0.15 0.15 / 0.2	0.15 / 0.18 /
VGPL 26	25 /26	25	26	34 / 50	59 / 74.5	67 / 82.5	75 / 90.5	2.5	5	17	26	14	5	20	M 3x4	-	2	0.15 / 0.2	0.17 / 0.22	0.19 /
VGPL 32	32 / 33	32	33	41 / 60	69.5 / 88.5	78.5 / 97.5	87.5 / 106.5	4	5	20	32	20	6	26	M 3x5	-	3	0.31 / 0.4	0.35 / 0.44	0.42 /
VGPL 42	42 / 43	42	43	58 / 83	93 / 118	105.5 / 130.5	118 / 143	4	7	22.5	42	25	8	32	M 4x8	3x3x14	3	0.63 / 0.8	0.7 / 0.87	0.78 /
VGPL 52	52 56 / 57	52 56 / 57	53 57	69 62 / 78	109.5 103 / 119	124 117.5 / 133.5	138.5 132 / 148	4	6.7 7	24	52	32	12	40	M 5x8	4x4x16	3	1.2 1.48 / 1.69	1.3 1.6 / 1.81	1.7 /
VGPL 80	80	80	80	116	160	178	196	5	23.1	35	80	50	14	65	M 6x12	5x5x20	2.5	3.3	4.9	5.5
/GPL 105	80 100 126	80 100 125	105 105 125	116 146 210	183 208 277	205 235 299	232 262 326	6	23.1 8 9.5	46	105	70	20	85	M 8x20	6x6x28	2.5	6.05 8.25 17.15	7.55 9.75 18.65	9.0 11. 20.
VGPL 120	126	125	125	210	283.5	313.5	343.5	7.5	9.5	57.5	120	80	25	100	M 10x25	8x7x40	3	18.9	21.15	23

Gear	Stepper motor	la	ear ba sh <sup>1)5</sup>	1CK- 1 <mark>6]</mark> 7]	Rated	l torque	4) 6)8)	Ge	ear inerti	a	Radial load <sup>2)</sup>	Axial load	Effi	ciency a load <sup>3)</sup>	t full		Reduction ra i [:1]	atio
	motor	ė	arc-m	nin		Nm			kg cm <sup>2</sup>		N	N		%			1 [:1]	
			Stag	е		Stage			Stage					Stage				
	VSS/VSH	1	2	3	1	2	3	1	2	3			1	2	3	Stage1	Stage 2	Stage 3
VGPL 16	19 20	20	35	50	0.1	0.3	0.5	-	-	-	30	10				3/4	9 / 12 21 / 28 / 16	36 / 48 64 / 84 112 / 147 196
VGPL 22	19 / 20 25 / 26	10	20	30	0.1	0.5	1.5	0.008	0.006	0.004	30	24				4/5	16 / 20 28 / 35	64 / 80 112 / 140 196 / 245
VGPL 26	25 26	20	35	50	0.3	1	3	0.012	0.010	0.095	50	40				3.5 / 4.33	12.25 / 18.78 26 / 33.22	81.37 / 112.6 143.96 / 199.
VGPL 32	32 33	8	12	15	0.4	2 4	6	0.015	0.012	0.011	80	65				4 / 4.5 5.2	12.08 / 16 18 / 20.8 25 / 29 32 / 36 41.6	64 / 72 / 81 100 / 130 144 / 200 225 / 256 288
/GPL 42	42 43	20	35	50	0.7	4 8	12 12	0.03	0.024	0.024	150	120				3.5 / 4 5	12.25 / 14 16 / 20 24 / 25 30 / 30.67 38.33	49 / 56 64 / 70 / 80 100 / 120 144 / 184 235.11 / 293.
/GPL 52	52 56 57				1.5	10 <b>15</b>	30 30	0.06	0.055	0.05	250	200	90	85	80	4 / 4.5 5.2 / 6.25	12.08 / 16 18 / 20.8 25 / 29 32 / 36 41.6 / 50	64 / 72 / 8 <sup>2</sup> 100 / 130 144 / 200 225 / 256 288 / 400
/GPL 80	80				3 6	15 30	38 38	0.12	0.08	0.075	400	320				3.5 / 4	12.25 / 14 16 / 20 / 24 25 / 30 30.67 / 38.33 46	49 / 56 / 64 70 / 80 / 10 120 / 144 / 1 235.11 / 293.
GPL 105	80 100	<b>6</b> 20	<b>12</b> 35	15 50	10	40	150				800	640				3.5 / 4 5	12.25 / 14 16 / 20 24 / 25 30 / 30.67 38.33	49 / 56 64 / 70 / 80 100 / 120 144 / 184 235.11 / 293.
GPL 105	126				12 25	60 120	150 150	1	0.85	0.8	800	640				3.5 / 4	12.25 / 14 16 / 20 24 / 30.67	49 / 56 64 / 70 / 80 100 / 120 144 / 184 235.11
GPL 120	126				25 <b>50</b>	130 250	350 <b>350</b>	1.75	1.4	1.35	1500	1200				3.5 / 4 5	12.25 / 14 16 / 20 24 / 25 30	49 / 56 64 / 70 80 /100 120 / 144 180
	center of the sh															8) type standard		

#### Stepper Motor with Resolver

In comparison to other resolvers with variable differential rotary transformer, the resolvers R02010 and R03620 use a constant air gap. They are less sensitive to eccentricity and magnetic stray fields and can directly be connected to standard resolver-to-digital-[R/D]-converters

The resolver is suitable for the use in ultra high vacuum and cryogenic environment – UHVC2 (4K) class available on request.



### Resolver Specification

						Electri	cal Charact	eristics		
Resolver	Stepper motor	А	A'	С	X	Excitation amplitude [Vr.m.s.]	Excitation frequency [kHz]	Transfor- mation ratio	Rotor inertia [gcm²]	Mass [g] (Resolver)
R02010	VSS 25 VSS 26	25	20		33.5 49.5				1	20
R02010	VSS 32 VSS 33	32	20		41 60				1	30
R03620	VSS 42 VSS 43	42			56.5 71.5					
	VSS 52	52		17.5	1.7	2 to 12	5 to 50	0.5		
R03620	VSS 56 VSS 57	56			66 59.1		2 12 22	± 10 %		
	V55 57	57	36.8		75.1				10.9	85
R03620	VSH 80	80			103.5					
R03620	VSH 100	100			127.5					
R03620	VSH 126	125			216.5					

#### Resolver - Encoder Converter



Phytron ID: # 10011284

The position data converter controls autonomously the resolver sensor and converts the output signals of the resolver to incremental output signals (square wave signal).

Resolution: 1024 increments

Output reference signal:  $8 V_{PP}$  (diff.)

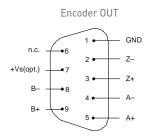
100 mA max.

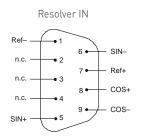
10 kHz

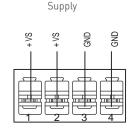
Input SIN/COS:  $4 V_{PP}$  (max.)

Resolver transformation factor: K= 0.5

Supply voltage: 24 V (14...36 V<sub>DC</sub>)







Phytron's modular phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup> controller evaluates the resolver signals directly with the newly developed resolver evaluation module ECMS01.

#### Thermocouple Type K and Resistance Temperature Detector Pt100

The insulated temperature sensor in Phytron motors is integrated in the motor windings. The response time to temperature changes of the windung is very short, compared to temperature sensors mounted outside the motor housing. The temperature is measured all the time (even only one motor phase is powered at any time), because the sensors are always mounted between the phases.

#### Thermocouple element type K

Phytron uses with the Type K [NiCr-Ni] in-vacuum and cryo stepper motors, thermal elements in the temperature range from -270 to +1370 °C, accuracy class 1. The Type K is a metal thermal element with nickel-based alloy conductors. Temperature ranges, accuracy and characteristics of thermal elements for industrial use are defined in the IEC 584 standard (temperature measuring with thermal elements)

The accuracy of the temperature measuring depends on the temperature of the reference point.

#### Resistance temperature detector (RTD) Pt100

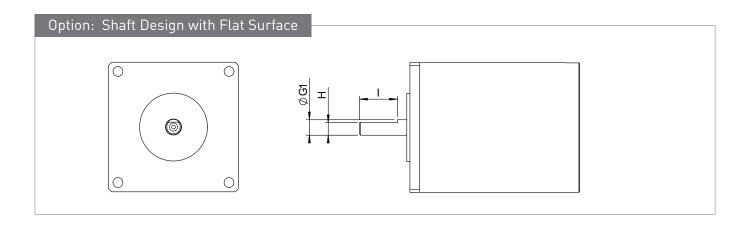
Phytron uses Pt100 resistor sensors in in-vacuum and cryo stepper motors in the temperature range -200 to +300 °C. These precise sensors are used in extreme industrial and laboratory conditions. They consist of a wound resistance wire that is mounted and unsupported inside a cylindrical ceramic case

The evaluation of the temperature measuring is possible with the corresponding module in the phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup> controller. For the K type variations to some degree are possible.

#### Phytron devices and controllers for the evaluation of Pt100 resistor sensors and thermal element type K

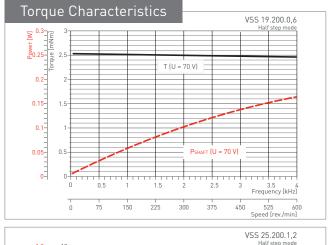
1-axis controller MCC-1 2-axes controller MCC-2

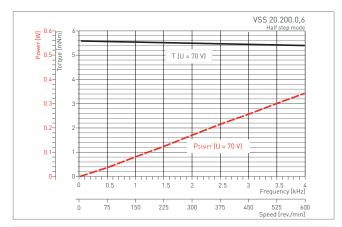
Multi-axes controller phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup>

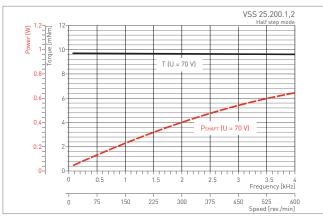


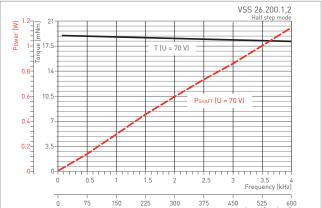
Dimensio	ons		
Stepper motor	D	imensions in mr	n
Тур	G1	Н	I
VSS19	2,5	2	4,5
VSS25 VSS26	3	2,5	6,5
VSS32 VSS33	4	3,5	8
VSS 42 VSS 43	5	4	13
VSS 52	6	5	14
VSS 56 VSS 57	6,35	5,5	18,5

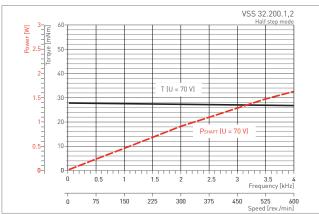
More shaft options on demand.

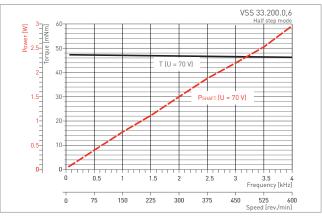


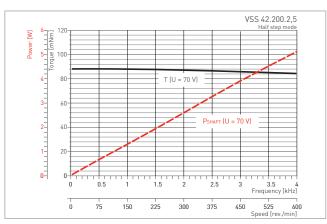


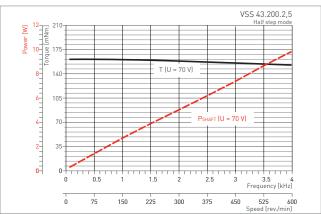


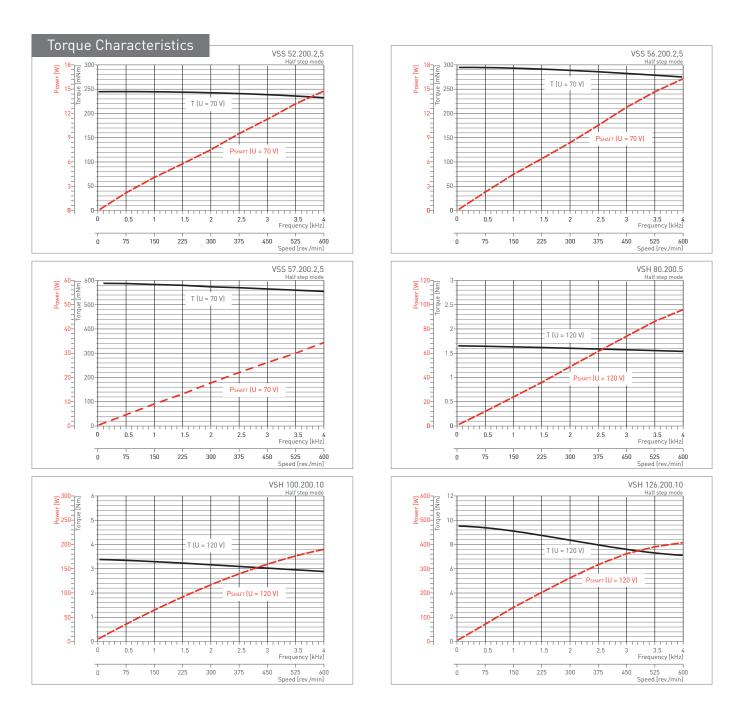












U= 70  $V_{DC}$  / 120  $V_{DC}$ : Operating voltage of the power stage (intermediate circuit voltage)

#### Efficient Customising - the Perfect Fit

#### Combine efficiently standard components, modifications & specials

For 30 years we have used our know-how in a lot of successful space projects to optimise our vacuum series for industrial and scientific applications in the matter of performance and cost efficiency. The specific designs of the two-phase hybrid stepper motors have been designed for use in vacuum up to  $10^{-11}$  hPa. Phytron vacuum stepper motors are conditionend at up to  $250~\rm ^{\circ}C$  for use in the high-(HV) or ulta-high vacuum (UHV) and are designed dependent on the applications for the low-temperature range up to  $-196~\rm ^{\circ}C$  (N2),  $-269~\rm ^{\circ}C$  (He), or high-temperature range (winding temperature up to  $+300~\rm ^{\circ}C$ ) and, if necessary, also for radiation up to  $10^6~\rm ^{\circ}J/kg$ .

Starting from the VSS/VSH series we have already implemented a number of customer specific projects. Performance, housings, flanges, materials, shaft machining – in the common specification process, the VSS/VSH platform can be optimised for your project. With our high in-house production depth we are not only technologically very flexible, we can also produce small quantities.

#### **Applications**

Our vacuum motors, power stages or controllers are driving in a lot of different applications:

- Particle accelerators and X-ray measuring systems (PETRA III, PANTER, FERMI, PAL, SOLEIL,...)
- Devices for molecular analysis
- Electron microscope
- Sputtering systems
- Cryostats
- Mass spectrometry

#### Stepper motor spindle version for a particle accelerator (Cavity Tuner)



#### Adjustment of particle accelerator cavities

- stepper motor with 200 steps/revolution (1.8°), with integrated gear 50:1 (10:000 steps/revolution)
- designed for 1300 N axial force
- spindle and nut system, non-magnetic
- material for housing, flanges and internal parts stainless steel or titanium
- dry lubricated for usage under vacuum at -270 °C up to +40 °C (also as grease lubricated version for environments > 35 °C)
- optional EMC cable shielding
- thermocouple K-type in winding

#### Motion Controller for Vacuum Application: phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup>



#### Modular stepper motor controller for in-vacuum applications

The  $phy \mathbf{MOTION}^{\mathsf{TM}}$  controller is ideally equipped for the demands of in-vacuum projects. Beside the encoder evaluation (differential incremental encoder with quadrature signals, absolute encoder acc. to SSI standard, BiSS- and EnDat-encoder) a resolver and temperature sensor evaluation of each axis is possible for monitoring of the driven motors. This functions can be integrated as optional submodules of each axis – in addition to the default limit switch evaluations of each axis. The better part of cabling effort is eliminated because the power stages are already integrated.

You can combine with 6 to 21 modules of each housing up to 18 power stages with different functions (axis modules, digital I/O, analogue I/O, 4-axis indexer for interpolation, integrated display)

Via freely selectable HOST interface (ProfiBus, ProfiNet, Ethernet, RS232, RS485, USB, Bluetooth) and provided drivers and protocols (LabVIEW® VI, EPICS) you can seamlessly integrate the phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup> also below existing systems.

Operate the  $phy {\sf MOTION}^{\sf TM}$  as free programable stand-alone controller, as distributed intelligence, or also as a slave system i.e. below existing PLC systems.



Encoder types suitable for the **encoder evaluation**:

- Differential incremental encoder with Quadratic signals
- Absolute encoder acc. to SSI standard
- BiSS encoder
- EnDat encoder
- Resolver



Temperature evaluation module for stepper motor temperature monitoring

Thermal elements type K or Pt100 resistor sensors can be used. The insulated temperature sensor in Phytron motors is integrated in the motor windings. The response time is very short. The temperature is measured all the time, even if only one motor phase is powered at any one time.



Control via Android-based integrated touch panel (TPM01) or via Android-based tablets (from version V4.0)

- As user interface i.e. for parameter selection
- For support, parameterisation and diagnostics



#### LabVIEW®-VI

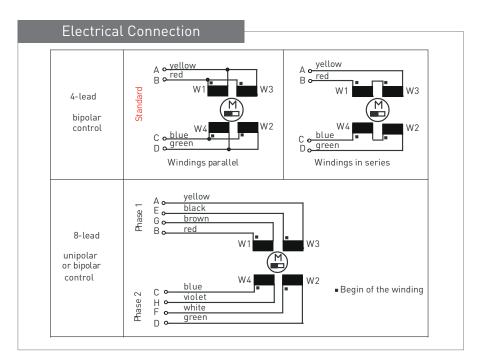
VIs for phy**MOTION**<sup>TM</sup> – simulation software with graphical style

Use the VIs (Virtual instruments) generated by Phytron and integrate them in your LabVIEW $^{\odot}$  project. So you can easily control the phytron controller *phy***MOTION**<sup>TM</sup> from your usual programming environment.

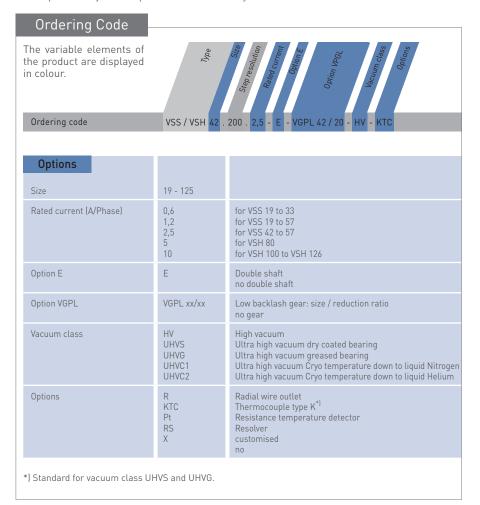


Software environment to develop and realise distributed control systems for large-scale experiments such as telescopes and accelerators. EPICS provides the SCADA support.

Phytron delivers the source code to integrate the Phytron controller phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup> into EPICS environment. Also in multi-axis operation: positioning, limit switches, encoder evaluation



All illustrations, descriptions and technical specifications are subject to modifications; no responsibility is accepted for the accuracy of this information.



Admissible ph for identical po	
Bipolar cor Full step o	
4-lead motor	4-lead motor
parallel windings	series windings
rated current	50% of the rated current

#### Phytron GmbH

Industriestraße 12 – 82194 Gröbenzell T +49-8142-503-0 F +49-8142-503-190



# LA Linear Actuator

### For Applications in Ultra-High-Vacuum and Cryogenic Environment

Motors for use in vacuum should not only withstand the vacuum (no bursting of air inclusions), they must not contaminate the vacuum either. Through many years of experience with special materials for use in Space, we have put a focus on materials with minimal molecular outgassing and high heat resistance. This is the prerequisite for a high vacuum quality and genuine measurement results in scientific and medical applications.

For exact positioning in vacuum, stepper motors are therefore particularly suitable because they can precisely position even without sensitive feedback providers. Therefore Phytron linear actuators can be used in particularly challenging environmental conditions (radiation, cryo-temperatures).

Since stepper motors do not generate jitter effects while holding a position, this technology is ideal for precisely aligning optical instruments, mirrors, antennas or samples e.g. in high-resolution microscopes, particle accelerators or molecular analysis

Phytron LA linear actuators for cryo (UHVC1;UHVC2) and UHV (UHVS) are completely dry lubricated.





#### In Focus









- 2-phase stepper motor
- Diameter 25 mm
- Linear speed 1.5 mm/s
- Linear stroke 13 mm
- Screw pitch 1 mm
- Positioning accuracy <0,01 mm
- Operating temperature
  - Cryn version: UHVC1: -196 to -50 °C UHVC2: down to -269 °C (on demand)
  - UHV version (UHVS): -40 to +150 °C
- Rotatory encoder with switching cam
- Linear limit switches for stroke limi-
- Temperature evaluation with K-type
- Mounting position: any
- Lifetime (worst case) 100 000 strokes min.

#### **Options**

• VGPL precision planetary gear

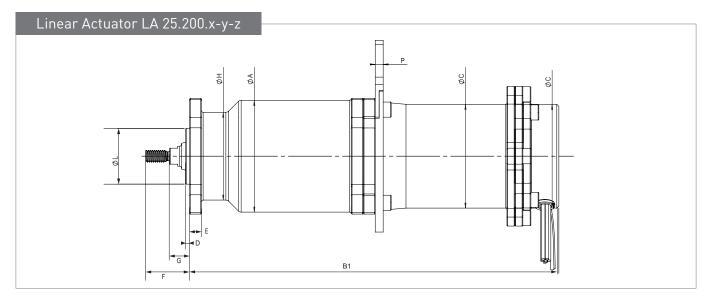
#### Highlight



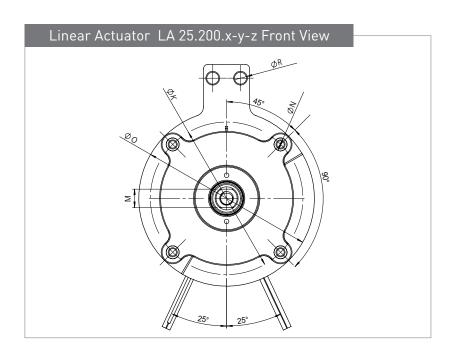
#### Cleanliness

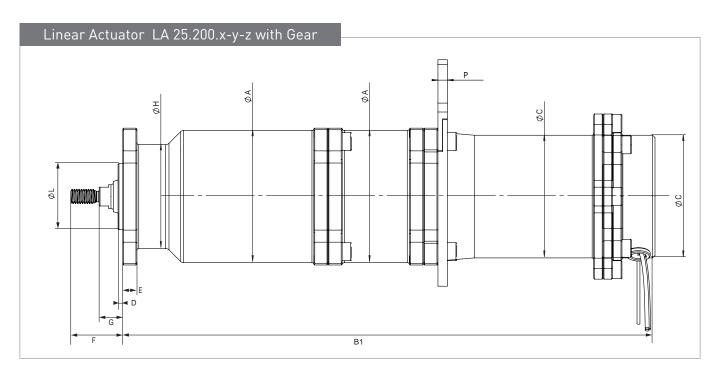
Phytron motors for use in ultra high vacuum (UHV) contain only materials that also meet the requirements of the ECSS (European Space regulations). Thus, each material has a maximum TML (Total Mass Loss) value < 1% and a maximum CVCM (Volatile Mass Losses) value < 0.1 %. You will receive your UHV motor, double-wrapped and vacuum sealed..

	Winding temperature [°C]	Vacum class [hPa]	Thermocouple	Radiation- resistant up to [J/kg]	Conditioning of the components	First outgas- sing at phytron	TML	CVCM [%]
UHVS solid lubrication	-40+150	10 <sup>-11</sup>	K type	10 <sup>6</sup>	yes	yes	<1	<0.1
UHVC1 13 23 Cryo 1 solid lubrication	-19650 <sup>1)</sup>	10 <sup>-11</sup>	K type	106	yes	_ 2)	-	-
UHVC2 1)2) Cryo 2 solid lubrication	-26950 <sup>1)</sup>	10 <sup>-11</sup>	K type	106	yes	- <sup>2]</sup>	-	-

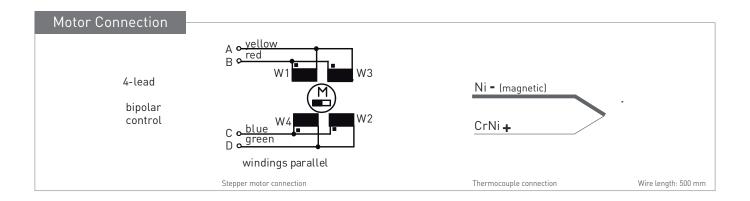


	Elec	trical	Chara	cteris	tics			anical teristic	S														
LA Standard 200-steps 4 lead parallel	Current/ Phase I <sub>N</sub> <sup>2l</sup>	Rresistance/ Phase	Inductivity/ Phase	max. operating voltage	AWG	mass	force max.	max. spped	max. frequency (full step)						Dime	nsio	ns in r	mm					
	А	Ω	mH	$V_{DC}$		kg	N	mm/s	Hz	Α	В1	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	K	L <sup>1)</sup>	М	N	0	Р
25.200.1.2	1.2	1.1	0.475	24	26	0.23	10	1.5	300	28	92.5	26	1	3	1124	5	22	33	14	4	2.8	38	2





Dim	ensior	าร																		
Gear	Stepper	Gear	Force	Speed max. [mm/s]	Frequency max.						Dimens	sions	in mm	1						Mass
Geal	size	Gear stage	max. [N]	Speed max. [mm/s]	[Hz] (full step)	Α	B1	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	K	L	М	N	0	Р	(motor and gear) [kg]
VGPL 22	25	5:1	30	0.3	300	28	112.8	26	1	3	1124	5	22	33	14	4	2.8	38	2	0.320



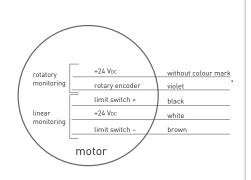
### Control Electronics for Vacuum Application: phyMOTION<sup>TM</sup>

#### Modular stepper motor controller for in-vacuum applications



The phyMOTION™ controller is ideally equipped for the demands of in-vacuum projects. Beside the encoder evaluation (differential incremental encoder with quadrature signals, absolute encoder acc. to SSI standard, BiSS- and EnDat-encoder) a resolver and thermocouple evaluation of each axis is possible for monitoring of the driven motors. This functions can be integrated as optional submodules of each axis – in addition to the default limit switch evaluations of each axis. The better part of cabling effort is eliminated because the power stages are already integrated.

#### Limit Switch Connection



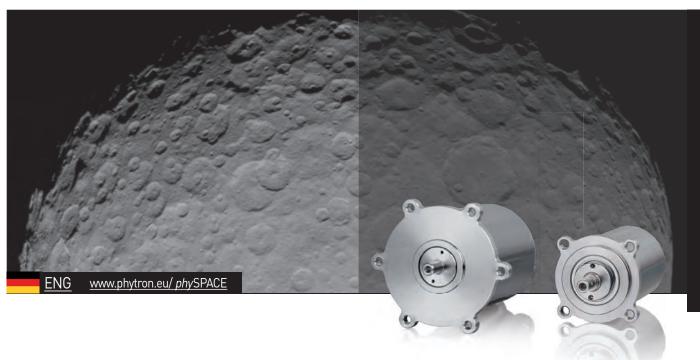
The limit switches are used to monitor the stroke limitation. The offset can be set with the switching cam as a rotatory encoder.

All illustrations, descriptions and technical specifications are subject to modifications; no responsibility is accepted for the accuracy of this information.

#### Ordering Code The variable elements of the product are displayed in colour. Ordering Code Options Size 25 Other sizes in progress Gear GPL5 VGPL22.1 precision planetary gear 5:1 no gear Vacuum class UHVS Ultra high vacuum dry coated bearing Ultra high vacuum cryo temperature down to liquid Nitrogen UHVC2 On demand: Ultra high vacuum cryo temperature down to liquid Helium

\*) Rated current: at UHVS: 1.2 A at UHVC1 and UHVC2: 1.5 A Phytron GmbH

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# *phy* SPACE™

### Stepper Motor Series for SPACE applications, Standard and Customised Solutions

With 25 years of space heritage and over 1000 motors in space we know how to optimise weight, power consumption, thermal dissipation and stray magnetic flux without sacrificing precision or reliability.

phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> represents a standard stepper motor series for SPACE applications. This series comes with features essential to usage in extreme environments. Beyond that it is also the basis for customised projects - to optimise motor-load coupling.

Our  $phy SPACE^{TM}$  stepper motors are cost-efficient, clean and reliable even within extreme environments. The phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> series is developed and built to resist vacuum. vibrations, low/high temperature and radiation while maintaining high performance, precise positioning, long life.

### Highlights



#### Performance & Lifetime

Phytron *phy*SPACE<sup>TM</sup> motors are based on a technology that can also be found in the most challenging projects of our time. From a variety of satellites up to the Mars rover Curiosity: Phytron motors drive applications in distant worlds - highly accurate, reliable and durable. Driven within their specification range, high-quality components and a proven design make sure: These motors won't let you down!



#### Cleanliness

Phytron motors for use in space contain only materials that also meet the requirements of the ECCS (European Cooperation for Space Standardisation). Thus, each material has a maximum TML (Total Mass Loss) value of 1% and a maximum CVCM (Collected Volatile Condensable Materials) value of 0.1 %. You will receive your space motor, double-wrapped and vacuum-sealed.

#### In Focus





#### Standard

- 2-phase stepper motors
- Holding torques from 3.1 to 420 mNm without gearing
- Diameters from 20 to 57 mm
- 200 steps (1.8° per full step)
- Designed for high shock and vibration loads
- 4 leads parallel
- Preconditioned, protection IP 20
- Embedded K-type thermocouple
- Ambient temp. -40 °C... +120 °C
- Up to +200 °C (winding)
- Radiation up to 10<sup>6</sup> J/kg
- Bake-out temperature up to 200 °C (24 h)
- Outgassing TML <1 %, CVCM <0.1% (at <125°C)

#### **Options**

- "Light weight" upgrade (Titan)
- "Space-testing" upgrade (vibration, shock, thermal cycling)
- Winding cold redundant
- For Cryo applications up to -269 °C

#### **Customised Solutions**

- Special designs based on the phySPACE series
- Gear



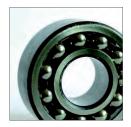
### Space

#### phySPACE™ Stepper Motor



#### Structure design

The structure design of the phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> motors presents an optimum of lightweight, stiffness and surface protection. As is commonly done in high-vacuum class all structural elements such as housing, flanges and shafts are made of stainless steel. Even the standard version in stainless steel is optimised in terms of weight: The quadratic flange is reduced to flange lugs and the flanges are hollowed to save additional weight. In order to save even more weight the phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> comes with the option for a "lightweight"-material like titanium.



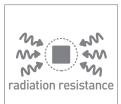
#### **Bearings**

The shock and vibration loads of a rocket launch can stress or damage the ball bearings significantly - resulting in reduced life under certain circumstances - when the motor hasn't even been put into operation. The *phy*SPACE<sup>TM</sup> standard motor is equipped with special ABEC 7 bearings. A duplex bearing assembly in the front flange dissipates the vibration loads safely into the housing structure. Especially when in a vacuum, unlubricated ball bearings can be affected by "cold welding", and thus degrading and even binding the bearings.



#### Adhesives

The adhesives used are qualified for space applications according to ECSS Q-70-02A. They represent an optimum of strength, ductility, low outgassing rates and thermal resistance. The outgassing rates (TML, CVCM) comply with the European Space Standards and American space standard.



#### **Radiation Resistance**

The phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> motors are designed for radiation of up to  $10^6$  J/kg for use in space applications. A motor not designed for radiation will not only suffer degradation of the insulation and the adhesives - especially the grease of the ball bearing reducing the efficiency and will eventually cause the motor to fail.



#### Temperature Management

All materials selected for the phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> motors can withstand a short-term winding temperature of up to 200° C. Due to the lack of convection in a vacuum, the motors can heat up very quickly and often work at a high temperature level - depending on the duty-cycle. In our phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> motors we integrate a thermocouple to allow monitoring of the exact winding temperature. This is how you protect your motors from overheating.



#### Preconditioning

The selected materials and components are outgassed by a Phytron process at up to 200 °C in vacuum chambers, so that outgassing materials cannot deposit in the ball bearings or inside the motor. This way we provide a minimum molecular contamination of the surrounding system so that the motors can even operate close to optical systems.



#### Handling and Storage

phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> motors are primarily designed for use in a vacuum. For this reason the motors must always be handled under controlled conditions: On the ground at 20 °C +/-10 °C and relative humidity <=50%, in clean rooms and clean boxes. Long-term storage is permitted only in unopened original phytron packaging. After storage, or not rotating for more than 6 months, a "running-in" is highly recommended in order to distribute the grease evenly again. The motors are to be handled with suitable gloves. Since the rotor is magnetic, it must be handled in a clean environment so that no metal particles can be pulled through the opening at the at the rear of the motor into the motor. Particles in the motor lead to an impairment of operation, the lifetime, or even failure of the motor due to binding.

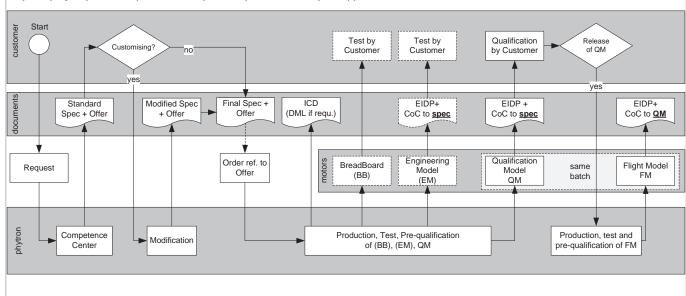


#### Service, Consulting and Customising

Of course we are happy if our standard already fulfills your application's needs! Although our *phy*SPACE<sup>TM</sup> series integrates our application experience of the last decades - sometimes the standard is just not enough. We offer to create customised solutions to make our motor a perfect fit for your application, because sometimes even small changes make the difference.

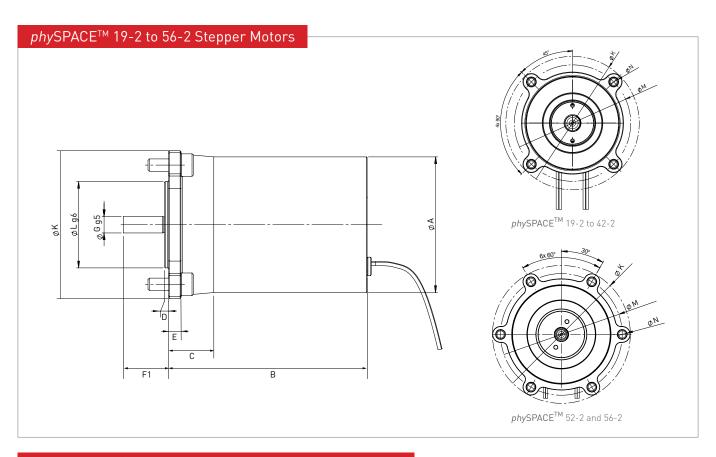
#### Road-Map & Milestones

Phytron project partnership: receive the perfect space motor for your application.



## Space

cal	. Ch <u>ara</u>	cteristics			
			Standard		Upgrade Options
		Number of steps / step angle	200 / 1.8 °		0,5,000 0,000
		Physical step accuracy (non accumulating)	3 to 5 %		
	S	Speed (typical for continuous operation)	400 rpm		
	eristi	Preferred direction	clockwise (facing the motor shaft)		
	General Characteristics	Bearing quality / arrangement	ABEC7 / Duplex (front)+ floating bearing (rear)		
	eral (	Lubrication	space grade compatible	0	non / dry
	Gen	Housing	stainless steel	0	"light weight" titan
		Protection class	IP 20		
		Expected lifetime (typical)	20 x 10 <sup>6</sup> revolutions		
		Operating voltage	up to 48 V		
		Control	bipolar		
	Je	Leads: amount / wiring / wire exit	4-leads bipolar/parallel/axial		cold redundant
	Electrical	Lead insulation	Kapton		
	Ele	Temperature sensor	type K		
		Dielectric strength	>500 V <sub>AC</sub> with 50 Hz		
		Insulation resistance (depending on diameter)	>100 M $\Omega$ with up to 500 V $_{DC}$		
		Pre-Conditioning	first outgassing by phytron		
	Cleanliness	CVCM (Collected volatile condensable materials) at 125°	< 0,1 %		
	leanl	TML (Total Mass Loss) at 125°	<1 %		
	S	Magnetic emission	upon request		
		Surrounding Environment	vacuum (UHV)		
			atmosphere (with restrictions)		
		Radiation resistant up to a dose of	10 <sup>6</sup> J/kg		
	nntal	Environment temperature (operating)	-40+120 °C		higher temperature upgrade/
	Environemntal	Environment temperature (non operating)	-70+140 °C	V	Cryo temperature upgrade
	Envir	Temperature max. (winding)	max. +200 °C		
		Environment (storage)	+10+50 °C; original packing		
		Humidity (max.)	<=50 %		
		Vibration GRMS	20		
	<b>1</b> 0	Test: electric / mechanic / dynamic / climate	standard		
	Test	Test: Vibration / Shock / Thermal Vacuum Cycling	-	()	"space-testing"
		EIDP (End Item Data Package)	standard		



#### Dimensions / Electrical and Mechanical Charcteristics

<i>phy</i> SPACE <sup>TM</sup>	cł	Elect naract	trical eristi	CS	М	lechan	ical cha	aract	eristi	CS											
Standard 200-step 4 lead parallel bipolar	Current/ phase I <sub>N</sub>	Resistance/ phase <sup>4)</sup>	Max. operating 51 voltage	AWG	Holding torque	Power-OFF torque	Rotor inertia	Loa	ads <sup>2]</sup>	Mass <sup>3]</sup>				Di	mens	ions in	mm				
	А	Ω	V <sub>DC</sub>		mNm	mNm	kg cm <sup>2</sup>	N	N	g	А	В	С	D	Е	F1	G <sup>g5</sup>	K	L <sup>g6</sup>	М	N
19-2	0.6 1.2	2.1 0.63		28	3.8	0.9	0.0009	10	15	70	20	34	10.5	1.5	2	7.5	2.5	32	14	27	2.2
25–2	0.6	3.25 0.95		28 26	13	2	0.0025	15	25	100	26	36	10.5	2.5	2.5	9.5	3	38	14	33	2.7
32-2	0.6	4.6 1.25	48	26	50	3	0.01	30	45	211	33	48	11	2.5	3	11	4	47	18	42	3.2
42-2	1.2 2.5	1.7 0.34		24 22	140	5	0.045	30	50	425	43	60	16	2.5	3.5	16	5	62	22	54	4.2
52-2	1.2 2.5	2.6 0.6		24 22	450	12	0.15	65	100	900	53	75.5	17	1	5	21	6	75	38	66	5.2
56-2	1.2 2.5	3.9 0.8		24 22	500	50	0.24	50	80	970	57	70	16.5	2.5	4.5	22	6	77	38	68	5.2

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Holding torque in bipolar mode with parallel windings. Two phases on at rated current

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> Axial radial loads are for mounting purposes only. A flexible coupling must be

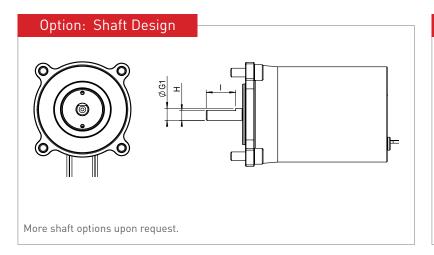
 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3)}$  The use of titanium parts reduces the overall weight by 20 %.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> Differently with redundant winding

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 5)}\,{\rm Max.}$  operating voltage of the power stage (intermediate circuit voltage) All values given above refer to room temperature and

atmospheric pressure. Other sizes available upon request

### Space



Dimensions			
Stepper motor	D	imensions in mr	m
Size	G1	Н	I
phySPACE 19	2.5	2	4.5
phySPACE 25	3	2.5	6.5
phySPACE 32	4	3.5	8
phySPACE 42	5	4	13
phySPACE 56	6	5	18.5

#### Derating - Duty-Cycle-Design for Applications in Vacuum

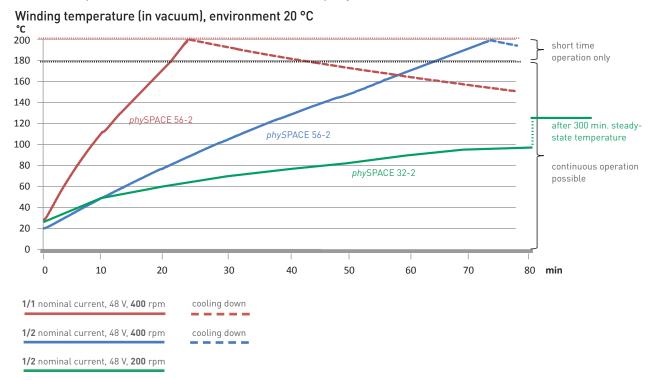
Motors operating in a vacuum heat up very quickly depending on their duty cycle. Driven with nominal current the maximum temperature will be reached within several minutes. Therefore it is necessary to monitor the motor's temperature (K-element) or to design a duty cycle with enough off-time to always keep the motor a safe temperature level.

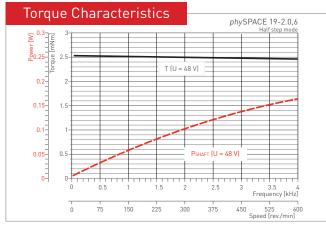
The shown curve is set at an environmental temperature of 20 °C. To give you an idea of how the chosen current influences the motor temperature we drew two curves of a motor similar to the phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> 56. Driven with 400 rpm at 50 % of the nominal current, the motor takes longer to heat up due to less ohmic losses then driven with the full nominal current.

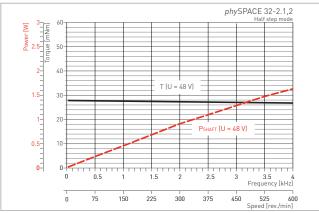
The third curve (phySPACE<sup>TM</sup> 32-2) with 0.5 nominal current and 200 rmp only leads to a steady state temperature within the safe temperature limits.

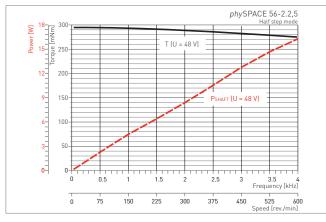
A higher rotational speed increases the magnetic losses. Therefore high speeds should be avoided as far as possible to reduce heat losses and to protect the bearings.

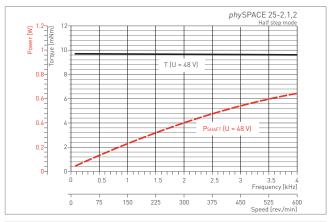
The cooling down speed during the off-time depends on the temperature delta in between the current motor temperature and the environmental temperature and the connected structure's thermal capacity.

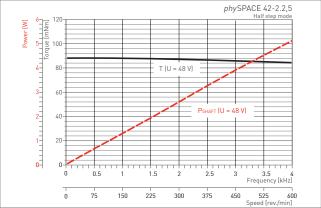












### Motor Temperature Sensors: K-type Thermocouple

The insulated temperature sensor in Phytron motors is integrated in the motor windings. The response time to temperature changes of the windung is very short, compared to temperature sensors mounted outside the motor housing. The temperature is measured all the time (even if only one motor phase is powered at a time), because the sensor is always mounted between the phases.

#### Efficient Customising - the Perfect Fit

We proudly contribute to projects of:











#### Tailored Stepper Motors for Space Applications



#### BepiColombo - MERTIS (due to launch in 2015)

MErcury Radiometer and Thermal Infrared Spectrometer

- Instrument: http://www.dlr.de/os/desktopdefault.aspx/ tabid-6956/
- Mission: http://www.esa.int/Our\_Activities/Space\_Science/BepiColombo\_overview2
- For: Polish Academy of Science (PAS), DLR, ESA



Bepi Colombo

#### MAVEN (2013)

Launch date: Nov. 18, 2013; mission target: mars - explore its upper atmosphere; orbit insertion date: Sept. 22, 2014

- Grating flip mechanism, 90° deflecting angle moving in hard end stops
- Cleanliness for optics
- Motor: size 25, hybrid stepper 200 steps/rev
- Gear: integrated planetary gear ratio 50:1, 90 deg
- Structural parts titanium, hybrid bearings, lubrication
- Titanium coupling: compensation of an axial length reduction during deformation without additional stress
- For LASP / NASA



image: NASA/Goddard Space Flight Center



#### Tailored Stepper Motors for Space Applications

#### Mars rover CURIOSITY for NASA (2011)

Phytron stepper motor focuses laser and the analysis camera

- Focuses the laser light and the analysis camera inside the ChemCam instrument on the sample.
- Excels in reliability, durability, vacuum compatibility and minimal outgassing rates.
- Optimised for mechanical friendly smooth running and is capable of precise positioning even without feedback or complex electronics



Mars rover CURIOSITY - ChemCam image: NASA



#### JUNO (2011)

Mirror rotation in Ultraviolet Imaging Spectrograph

- Phytron's stepper motor: VSS 32
- Instrument: http://adsabs.harvard.edu/abs/2008AGUFMSM41B1678G
- Mission: http://www.nasa.gov/mission\_pages/juno/main/index.html
- NASA / ESA



Juno image by NASA/JPL



#### MIRIS (2010)

Multi-purpose infrared imaging system (MIRIS)

- Instrument: http://www.isas.jaxa.jp/home/rikou/kogata\_eisei/symposium/2nd/koto/07.pdf
- For: Astronomy and Space Technology R&D Division, Korea Astronomy and Space Science Institute

### Space

#### Tailored Stepper Motors for Space Applications



#### **EnMAP** mission

Shutter calibration mechanism as part of the scientific payload of the German EnMAP mission.

- Customised titanium gear shaft for low weight and strength
- Tailored magnet arrangement to minimise stray magnetic flux
- Redundant windings cater for loss of primary coils
- Harmonic Drive gears for space conditions
- Duplex bearings to better absorb shock and vibration
- Central housing configuration for optimised force transmission (hybrid assembly technology)
- For: Kayser-Threde and HTS



#### A perfect fit for EADS Astrium.

High precision positional actuator for the X-Band Downlink Antenna for the KOMPSAT S/C:

- Customised titanium main structure for low weight and optimal strength
- Integrated Harmonic Drive gear unit
- Duplex bearings to withstand shock and vibration
- Special lubrication system to prolong lifetime
- Customised leadwire exit to meet project constraints
- Motor model endurance tested in vacuum and N2 atmosphere (bearings, lubrication system, gears)



#### **SOLACES (2003)**

- Stepper motor with 200 steps/revolution (1,8°)
- Designed for 300 N axial force
- Holding torque 70 mNm / driving torque 60 mNm
- Spindle system, non-magnetic
- • Special grease; designed for ultra high vacuum at -50 °C to +40 °C
- For: IPM Freiburg

#### Tailored Stepper Motors for Space Applications

#### Rosetta - Cosima (2004)

Cometary Secondary Ion Mass Analyser

- Motor: stepper motor VSS19
- Instrument: http://www.mps.mpg.de/de/projekte/rosetta/cosima/#instrument
- Mission: http://www.esa.int/Our\_Activities/Space\_Science/Rosetta
- For: Max-Max-Planck-Institut, Extraterrestrische Physik München

#### STEREO (2006)

The sun in 3D

- Mission: http://www.nasa.gov/mission\_pages/stereo/main/index.html
- For: NASA + The Johns Hopkins University

#### XMM-Newton - EPIC (2000)

European Photon Imaging Camera (EPIC)

- Instrument: http://sci.esa.int/xmm-newton/31281-instruments/?fbodylongid=774
- Mission: http://xmm.esac.esa.int/
- For: Max-Max-Planck-Institut, Extraterrestrische Physik München, ESA

#### Cassini-Huygens (1997)

Exploring Saturn

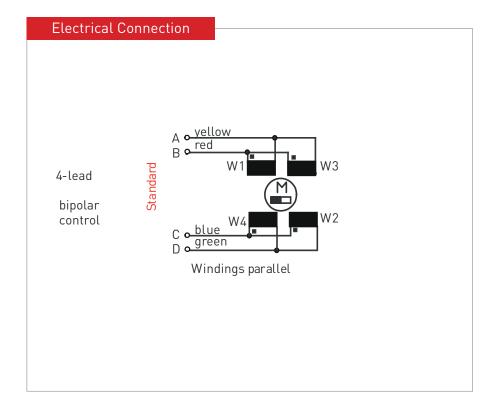
- Mission: ESA: http://www.esa.int/Our\_Activities/Space\_Science/Cassini-Huygens
- Mission: NASA: http://www.nasa.gov/mission\_pages/cassini/main/
- For: Max-Planck-Institut, Heidelberg, ESA, NASA

#### MOS-IRS-P2 (1996)

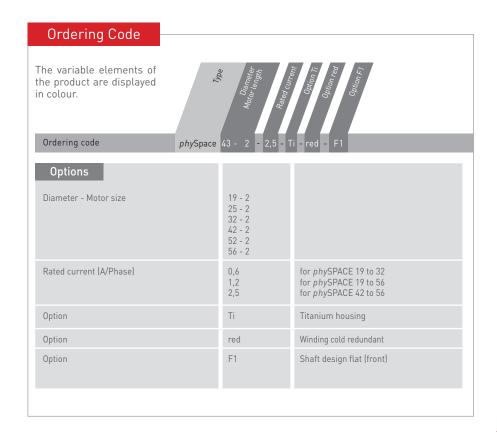
Indian Remote Sensing Satellite-P2

- Mission: https://earth.esa.int/web/guest/missions/3rd-party-missions/historical-missions/irs-p3
- For: DLR

### Space



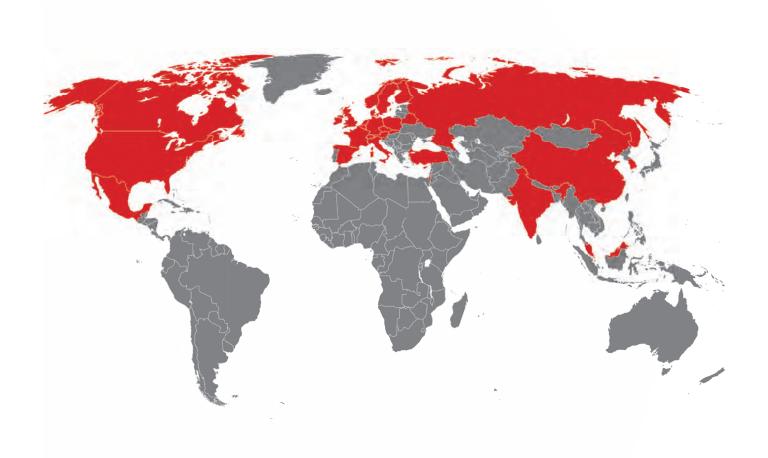
All illustrations, descriptions and technical specifications are subject to modifications; no responsibility is accepted for the accuracy of this information.



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