Célarlo de Corser de de le

t= f(i2)

$$\frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}$$

$$\int (iz) = a_1 i_2 \qquad l^2 = pox. \qquad z = -\frac{1}{a_1}$$

$$\int (iz) = a_1 i_2 + a_2 i_2^2 \qquad 2^2 - pox$$

$$\int (iz) = a_1 i_2 + a_2 i_2^2 + a_3 i_3^3 \qquad 3^2 = pox$$