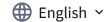
Constructing Features for Prediction



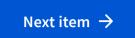
Practice Assignment • 28 min



Your grade: 91.66%

Your latest: 91.66% • Your highest: 91.66%

To pass you need at least 80%. We keep your highest score.



1. Which of the following is TRUE about coarse coding? (Select all that apply)

1/1 point

- In coarse coding, generalization occurs between states that have features with overlapping receptive fields.
 - **⊘** Correct

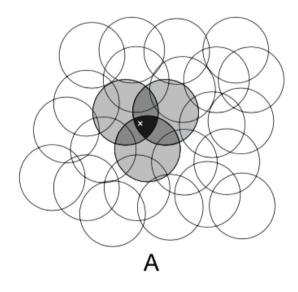
Correct.

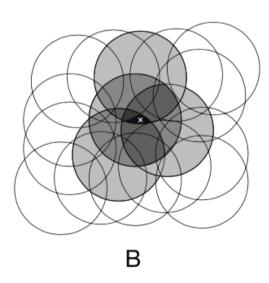
- In coarse coding, generalization between states depend on the size and shape of the receptive fields.
- **⊘** Correct

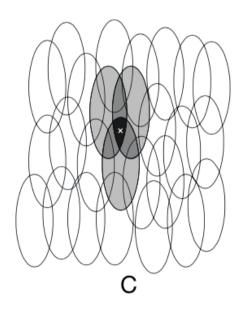
Correct.

- When using features with large receptive fields, the function approximator cannot make discriminations that are finer than the width of the receptive fields.
- When training at one state, the learned value function will be updated over all states within the intersection of the receptive fields.
- 2. Consider a continuous two-dimensional state space. Assuming linear function approximation with the coarse-codings in either A, B or C, which of the following is TRUE? (Select all that apply)

1/1 point







- Generalization is broader in case A as compared to case B.
- In case B, when updating the state marked by an 'x', the value function will be affected for a larger number of states as compared to case A.
 - **⊘** Correct

Correct. In case B, the receptive fields of the features are larger and include a larger number of states.

- ✓ In case C, each update results in more generalization along the vertical dimension, as compared to horizontal dimension.
- **⊘** Correct

Correct. Updates to the state marked by the 'x' change the values for more states further away in the vertical dimension, as indicated by the greyed areas.