Control Theory: HW2

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1 Intro

d Temurbek Khujaev, t.xojayev@innopolis.university from G-2 and generated variant is: ${\bf B}$

I did not make some tasks yet because of midterms and lots of deadlines, but I promise to finish homework PERFECTLY until friday so I ask you to not grade it yet

2 Transfer Functions.

$$\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} - 3x = \sin(4t)$$

A) Draw a schema in Simulink

1.png

Figure 1: Simulink Model

Figure 2: Plot

B) Draw a schema in Simulink (use transfer func block).

$$\frac{d}{dt} = p$$

$$p^2x + 2px - 3x = sin4t$$

$$(p^2 + 2p - 3)x = sin4t$$

$$(p^2 + 2p - 3)x = sin4t$$

$$x = \frac{1}{p^2 + 2p - 3}sin4t$$

$$W(p) = \frac{1}{p^2 + 2p - 3}sin4t$$

$$\boxed{3.\operatorname{png}}$$

Figure 3: Simulink Model with Transfer Function

Figure 4: Plot

C) Solve diff equation with matlab function and draw a plot in matlab.

```
1 syms x(t)

2 Dx = diff(x);

3 de = diff(x,t,2) == -2 * Dx + 3 * x + sin(4 * t);

5 cond1 = Dx(0) == 3;

6 cond2 = x(0) == 2;

7 s conds = [cond1 cond2];

8 sonds = [cond1 cond2];

9 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

10 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

11 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

12 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

13 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

14 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

15 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

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18 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

19 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

10 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

11 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);

12 sol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);
```

Figure 5: Plot

D) Solve diff equation with Laplace transform in matlab.

```
syms t s X
RHS = laplace(sin(4*t));

X1 = s * X - 2;
X2 = s * X1 - 3;

sols = solve(X2 + 2 * X1 - 3 * X - RHS, X);
solt = ilaplace(sols, s, t);

pretty(solt)

fplot(solt,[0,8])
grid on
```

Figure 6: Plot

3 Find State Space Model of the system.

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{x} = t + 3\\ y = x + 2\dot{x} \end{cases} \tag{1}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} (t+3)$$
 (2)

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} \tag{3}$$

4 Transfer function of the system.

The variant provides matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (4)

According to lecture slides we derived formula to convert SS to TF:

$$W(p) = C(Ip - A)^{-1}B$$

After substitutions of matrices we have:

$$C(Ip - A)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} p - 1 & 1 \\ -2 & p - 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{(p - 1)^2 + 2} \begin{bmatrix} 3p - 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (5)

$$C(Ip - A)^{-1}B = \frac{1}{(p-1)^2 + 2} \begin{bmatrix} 3p - 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{6p - 9}{p^2 - 2p + 3}$$
 (6)

Finally, we have transfer function

$$W(p) = \frac{6p - 9}{p^2 - 2p + 3}$$

5 Find the transfer function of the system

This task is quite similar to previous one only with one difference of nonzero D matrix.

The variant provides matrices:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, C = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}, D = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (7)

According to lecture slides we can calculate transfer function of SS with following formula:

$$W(p) = C(Ip - A)^{-1}B + D$$

After substitutions:

$$C(Ip - A)^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} p - 1 & 2 \\ -2 & p + 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{p^2 + 3} \begin{bmatrix} 7 - p & 4p - 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
(8)

$$C(Ip - A)^{-1}B = \frac{1}{p^2 + 3} \begin{bmatrix} 7 - p & 4p - 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{p^2 + 3} \begin{bmatrix} 2(3p + 5) & -3(p - 7) \end{bmatrix}$$
(9)

And we add D:

$$C(Ip - A)^{-1}B + D = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2(3p+5)}{p^2+3} & \frac{-3(p-7)}{p^2+3} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2(3p+5)}{p^2+3} & \frac{-3(p-7)}{p^2+3} \end{bmatrix}$$
(10)

Finally, we have transfer function

$$W(p) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{2(3p+5)}{p^2+3} & \frac{-3(p-7)}{p^2+3} \end{bmatrix}$$

Figure 7: Plot of ODE and SS

We have eigenvalues 1+0*i and -3+0*i which and because of eigenvalue with positive real part we can conclude that system is **not stable**. As the solution is exponential with the eigenvalues then the system will **diverge** as the power is positive