

Control Theory: HW1

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1 Preparation

Variant is: o

2 Solve second order diff equation.

$$\ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} - 3x = \sin(4t)$$

A) Draw a schema in Simulink

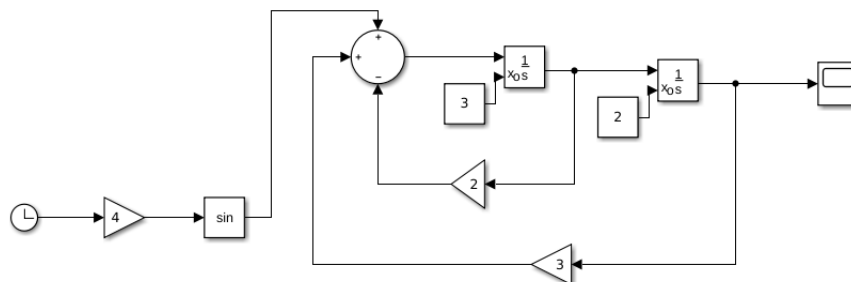


Figure 1: Simulink Model

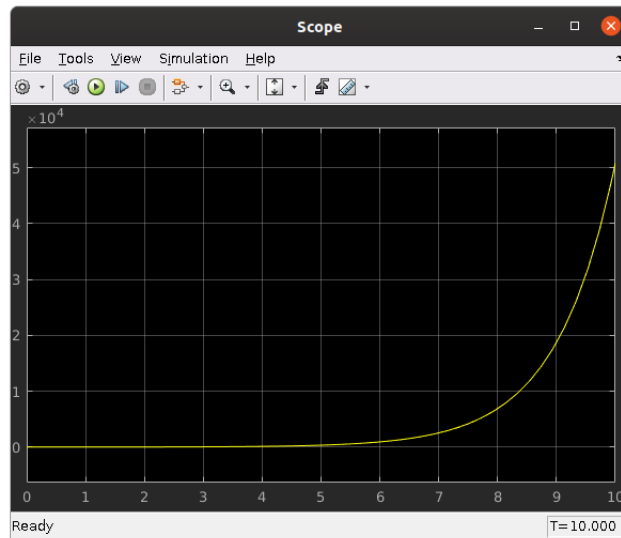


Figure 2: Plot

B) Draw a schema in Simulink (use transfer func block).

$$\frac{d}{dt} = p$$

$$p^2 x + 2px - 3x = \sin 4t$$

$$(p^2 + 2p - 3)x = \sin 4t$$

$$(p^2 + 2p - 3)x = \sin 4t$$

$$x = \frac{1}{p^2 + 2p - 3} \sin 4t$$

$$W(p) = \frac{1}{p^2 + 2p - 3} \sin 4t$$

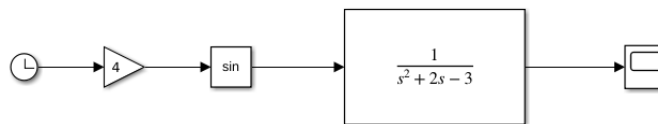


Figure 3: Simulink Model with Transfer Function

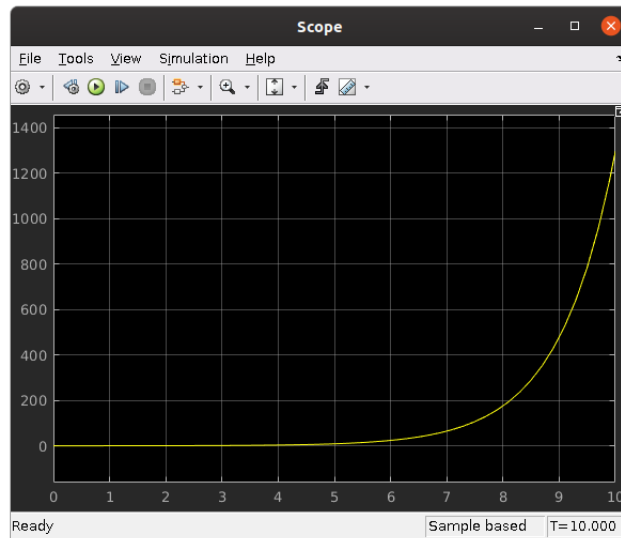


Figure 4: Plot

C) Solve diff equation with matlab function and draw a plot in matlab.

```

1 syms x(t)
2 Dx = diff(x);
3
4 ode = diff(x,t,2) == -2 * Dx + 3 * x + sin(4 * t);
5 cond1 = Dx(0) == 3;
6 cond2 = x(0) == 2;
7
8 conds = [cond1 cond2];
9 xSol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds);
10 xSol = simplify(xSol);
11
12 var = 0:0.05:15;
13 plot(var, xSol(var));

```

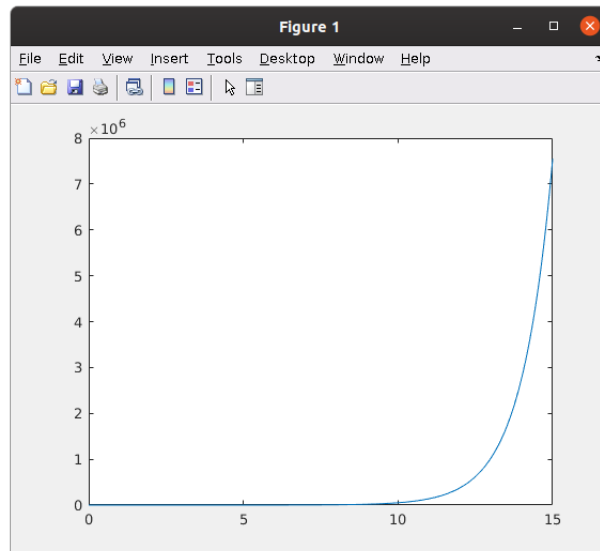


Figure 5: Plot

D) Solve diff equation with Laplace transform in matlab.

```

1  syms t s X
2
3  RHS = laplace(sin(4*t));
4
5  X1 = s * X - 2;
6  X2 = s * X1 - 3;
7
8  sols = solve(X2 + 2 * X1 - 3 * X - RHS, X);
9  solt = ilaplace(sols,s,t);
10
11
12  pretty(solt)
13
14  fplot(solt,[0,8])
15  grid on

```

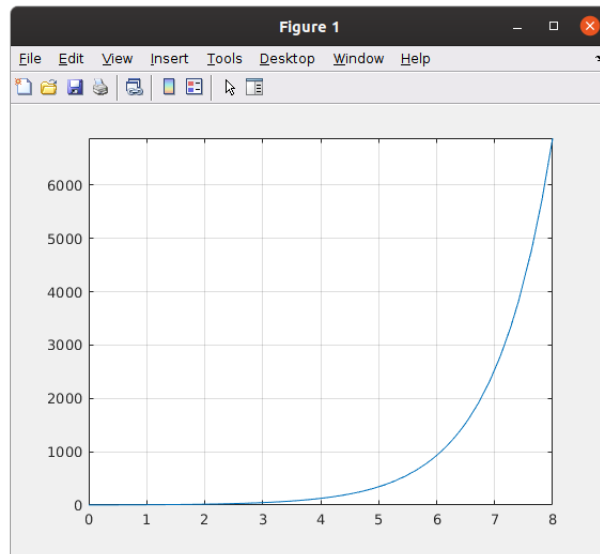


Figure 6: Plot

3 Find State Space Model of the system.

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{x} = t + 3 \\ y = x + 2\dot{x} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} (t + 3) \quad (2)$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \end{bmatrix} \quad (3)$$

4 Find State Space Model of the system.

$$\begin{cases} \ddot{x} - 2\dot{x} + \ddot{x} - \dot{x} + 5 = u_1 + u_2 \\ y = 2x + \dot{x} - u_1 \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$\ddot{x} = \dot{x} - \ddot{x} + 2\dot{x} + u_1 + u_2 - 5$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u_1 + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} u_2 - \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix} \quad (5)$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ \dot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \\ \ddot{x} \end{bmatrix} - u_1 \quad (6)$$

5 Write a function in python that converts any ODE

```

1 import numpy as np
2
3 k = 5
4 def convert_to_SS(a, b0):
5     b0 = b0/a[k]
6     a = a[:k] / a[k] # a0 to ak-1 divided to a_k
7
8     A = np.zeros((k,k))
9     A[0: (k - 1), 1:k] = np.eye(k - 1) # 1..n-1 rows and
10     # 2..k columns are identity matrix
11     A[k - 1, 0:] = -a #last row is a multiplied by -1,
12     # because of right hand side
13
14     B = np.zeros(k)
15     B[k - 1] = b0
16     return A, B
17
18 a = np.random.rand(k + 1) # k + 1, because indexes are
19 # from 0 to k
20 b0 = np.random.rand(1)

```

```

21 A,B = convert_to_SS(a,b0)
22
23 print("ODE with following random coefficients:", a, end =
    ',')
24 print("and b0:",b0)
25 print("matrix A:", A)
26 print("matrix B:", B)

```

6 Write functions in python that solves ODE and its state space representation. Test your functions on the ODE from task2. Draw plots. Use odeint from scipy.integrate library. Is the ODE stable? Does its solution converges or diverges?