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## April 08 - April 15 Weekly Report

## 1 Progress

- State Space modelling of the vehicle using Inverse Kinematic Model is attempted. Further analysis can be investigated at Appendix.
- PID parameter optimisation was done. Vehicle can accomplish at least ten full tours. <sup>1</sup>
- Small debug on image processing.
- Ad-hoc network on Raspberry-Pi is created.
- Kalman filter matrices are tried to be tuned. Prediction either followed measurement closely or didn't fit to measurement and added delay.

•

## 2 Plans

• Further state-space modelling approaches will be investigated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>https://drive.google.com/open?id=1se0yFAcMJst-fzalRnIQb4HR0hAdtwhr



# Appendices

Following speed parameters were used at the modelling, other modelling parameters can be investigated at Figure 1.

- $v_r$  is current position linear velocity
- $w_r$  is current angular velocity
- $\bullet$   $v_R$  and right wheel linear velocity
- $v_L$  and left wheel linear velocity
- $w_R = \frac{v_R}{r}$  and right wheel angular velocity
- $w_L = \frac{v_L}{r}$  and left wheel angular velocity

and their relation between linear speed and angular velocity of the vehicle with respect to right and left wheel are as follows  $^2$   $^3$ 

$$v_{vehicle} = \frac{v_R + v_L}{2}$$

$$w_{vehicle} = \frac{v_R - v_L}{r}$$

In our case we could you constant base speed  $V = \frac{v_R + v_L}{2}$  and  $\Delta V = v_R - v_L$ . Thus,

$$v_R = V + \Delta V/2$$

$$v_L = V - \Delta V/2$$

$$\dot{q_r} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x_r} \\ \dot{y_r} \\ \dot{\theta_r} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_r) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_r) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_r \\ w_r \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\dot{q_d} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x_d} \\ \dot{y_d} \\ \dot{\theta_d} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_d) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_d) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v_d \\ w_d \end{bmatrix}$$

$$q = q_r - q_d$$



 $<sup>^2</sup> https://www.researchgate.net/publication/252016633\_Trajectory-tracking\_and\_discrete-time\_sliding-mode\_control\_of\_wheeled\_mobile\_robots$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>https://www.dis.uniroma1.it/labrob/pub/papers/Ramsete01.pdf

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April 09, 2019

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where  $v = v_r - v_d$  and  $w = w_r - w_d$ 

$$\dot{q} = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_r - \dot{x}_d \\ \dot{y}_r - \dot{y}_d \\ \dot{\theta}_r - \dot{\theta}_d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -v_d \sin(\theta_d) \\ 0 & 0 & +v_d \cos(\theta_d) \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} q + \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_d) & 0 \\ \sin(\theta_d) & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ w \end{bmatrix}$$

through a rotation matrix

$$q_{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_{d}) & \sin(\theta_{d}) & 0 \\ -\sin(\theta_{d}) & \cos(\theta_{d}) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} q$$

$$\dot{q_{R}} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & w_{d} & 0 \\ -w_{d} & 0 & +v_{d} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} q_{R} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ w \end{bmatrix}$$

Error for a position

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_e \\ y_e \\ \theta_e \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos(\theta_d) & \sin(\theta_d) & 0 \\ -\sin(\theta_d) & \cos(\theta_d) & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_d - x_r \\ y_d - y_r \\ \theta_d - \theta_r \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} x_e \\ y_e \\ \theta_e \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y_1 \cos(\beta) \\ y_1 * \sin(\beta) + 50/\cos(\beta) \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

where  $\beta$  and  $y_1$  are measurable quantities



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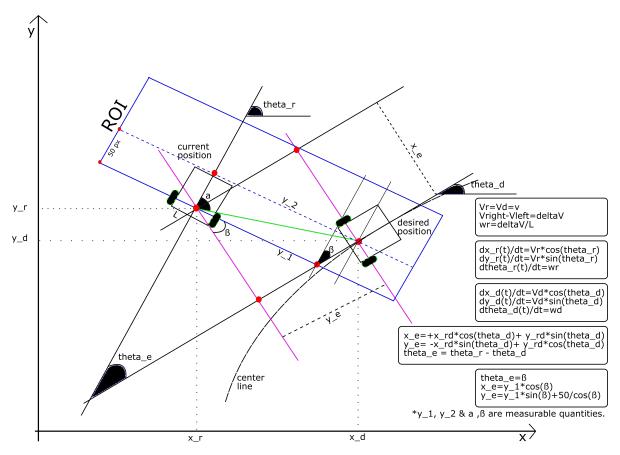


Figure 1: Inverse Kinematic Model for the Differential Drive Motor

