

Due Date: 10 October 2014, Friday (10:30).

Homework 1

1) Let $x_1[n] = \cos(\omega_1 n)$ and $x_2[n] = \cos(\omega_2 n)$. Find two "frequencies" ω_1 and ω_2 such that $\omega_1 \neq \omega_2 + k2\pi$ for any integer k , and $x_1[n]$ and $x_2[n]$ are both periodic with fundamental period $N=13$.

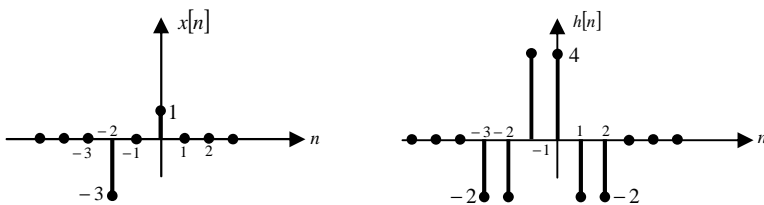
2) A linear, time invariant and causal system is described by the following linear constant coefficient difference equation (LCCDE),

$$y[n] - a^2 y[n-2] = x[n]$$

a) Find the condition on a for the stability of this system.

b) Find the impulse response $h[n]$.

3) The impulse response and the input of an LTI system are given. Find and plot the output signal, $y[n]$.



4) The input-output relationship of a discrete-time system is described by

$$y[n] = x[n] + \frac{1}{2}x[n+1] - 6x[n-9] + \delta[n-1] \quad (\delta[n]: \text{unit sample sequence})$$

a) Is this a linear system? Why?

b) Is this a time-invariant system? Why?

5) Consider $x[n] = \delta[n-1] - \delta[n-5]$; let its DTFT be expressed as $X(e^{j\omega}) = A(\omega) e^{jB(\omega)}$.

Find the real-valued functions $A(\omega)$ and $B(\omega)$ in their simplest forms.

6) A real-valued sequence, $x[n]$, and its DTFT, $X(e^{j\omega})$, are known. $V(e^{j\omega}) = \text{Re}\{X(e^{j\omega})\}$, is the real part of $X(e^{j\omega})$. Find $v[n]$ in terms of $x[n]$.

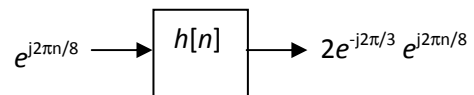
7) The values of $x[n]$ at $n = -2, -1, 0, 1, 2$ are given as $x[n] = [-1 \ 2 \ 7 \ 2 \ -1]$.

Assume that the DTFT of $x[n]$ is equal to $X(e^{j\omega})$. Find the following:

a) $X(e^{j0})$ b) Phase of $X(e^{j\omega})$, $\angle X(e^{j\omega})$ c) $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) d\omega$ d) $X(e^{j\pi})$ e) $\int_{-\pi}^{\pi} |X(e^{j\omega})|^2 d\omega$

8) Find DTFT of the sequence $x[n] = n a^{n-3} u[n-3]$.

9) A real LTI system has the following input and output,

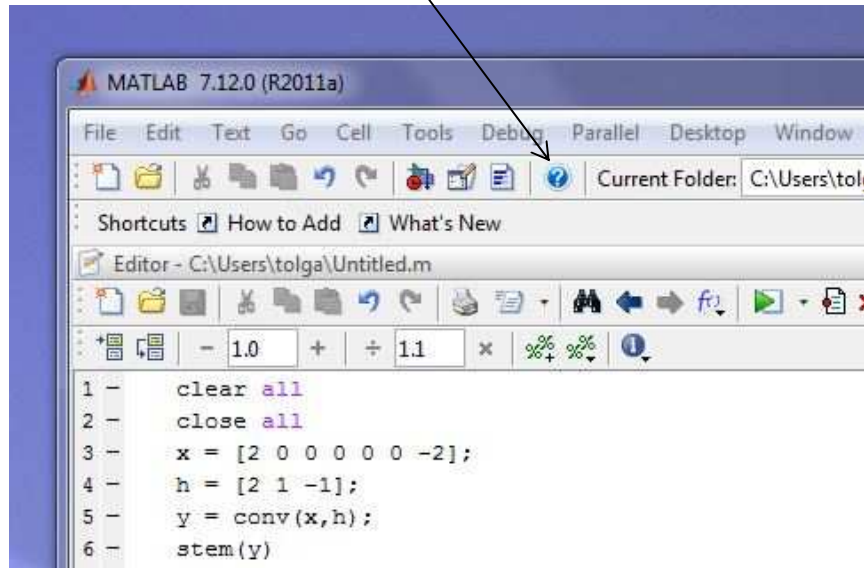


a) Find the system output for the input $e^{-j2\pi n/8}$

b) Find the system output, when the input sequence is $\cos(2\pi n/8 + 2\pi/5)$.

10) Type “help conv” in MATLAB command window to read about the command.

You can find more by visiting the “conv” page in the help menu.



a) Let $x[n] = \{1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 4 \ 5 \ 6 \ 7 \ 6 \ 5 \ 4 \ 3 \ 2 \ 1\}$ in $n = [-3:9]$.

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 $n=0$

Let $h[n] = 1/5 * [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]$ in $n = [0:4]$. Convolve $h[n]$ with $x[n]$. Let $r[n] = \text{conv}(h[n], x[n])$. Plot the output sequence $r[n]$. Comment on the smoothing effect of the filter $h[n]$. Plot $\text{abs}(X(e^{j\omega}))$ and $\text{abs}(R(e^{j\omega}))$. Comment on the differences of these signals in the frequency domain.

b) Let N be an integer. Apply Fourier transformations to find the output of the same system in part-a, by using $z = \text{ifft}(\text{fft}(x, N) .* \text{fft}(h, N))$ command in MATLAB and compare $z[n]$ with $r[n]$ for different values of N . Determine the value of N , where $r[n] = z[n]$. Is this value unique?