

Annuities and Discount Factors

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Process Design

Annuities give same amount of cash flow for each consecutive year

Ex. Verify that the future value F_n of annuities with each transaction value of A for n consecutive years is

$$F_n = A \left[\frac{(1 + i)^n - 1}{i} \right]$$

where i is the annual interest rate.

- **Annuities** - A series of uniform value cash transactions in consecutive years
- Hint: n th partial sum of geometric series: $S_n = a_1 \frac{1 - r^n}{1 - r}$

Discount factor converts money value between the present, future, and annuities

- Discount factor for converting A to F

$$F_n = A \left[\frac{(1 + i)^n - 1}{i} \right]$$

- Notation

Discount factors are derived from known discount factors

Ex. Derive the discount factor for converting A to P .

Common discount factors are tabulated

Turton Table 9.1

Conversion	Symbol	Common Name	Formula
P to F	F/P	Single payment compound amount factor	$(1 + i)^n$
F to P	P/F	Single payment present worth factor	$\frac{1}{(1 + i)^n}$
A to F	F/A	Uniform series compound amount factor; Future worth of annuity	$\frac{(1 + i)^n - 1}{i}$
F to A	A/F	Sinking fund factor	$\frac{1}{(1 + i)^n - 1}$
P to A	A/P	Capital recovery factor	$\frac{i(1 + i)^n}{(1 + i)^n - 1}$
A to P	P/A	Uniform series present worth factor; Present worth of annuity	$\frac{(1 + i)^n - 1}{i(1 + i)^n}$

Example of using discount factor as a conversion factor

Turton Ex. 9.14 A lottery winner will receive \$200,000/year for the next 20 years.

(a) What is the equivalent present value of the winnings if there is a secure investment opportunity providing 7.5% p.a.?

(b) What rate of return in part (a) would be needed for a present value of \$2.5 million?