BioTek Synergy H1 Microplate Reader for Absorbance Measurements

Teng-Jui Lin

Department of Chemical Engineering, University of Washington

Surface and Colloid Science

Beer-Lambert law relates absorbance and solution concentration linearly

- \bullet Intensity I measure of how much light
- Transmittance T ratio of transmitted light vs. incident light at a wavelength λ

$$\circ \ T = rac{I}{I_0}$$

• **Absorbance** A - capacity of a substance to absorb light at a wavelength λ

$$egin{aligned} \circ \ A = -\log_{10}(T) = -\log_{10}\left(rac{I}{I_0}
ight) \end{aligned}$$

 Beer-Lambert law - absorbance varies linearly with solution concentration and path length

$$\circ \ \ \, A = \varepsilon b C$$

- \circ ε extinction coefficient
- ∘ *b* path length
- *C* solution concentration

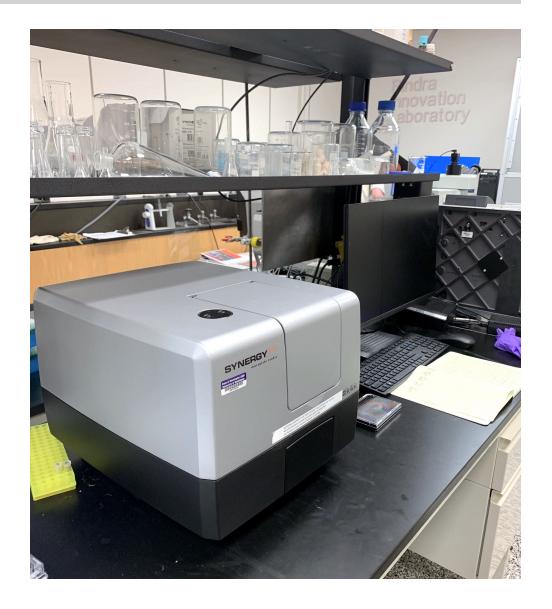
96-well plates contains 200 μ L sample of interest in each well

- 200 μ L sample in each well
- At least one blank control
- Avoid air bubble (reverse pipetting)
- Label the wells



Microplate reader location, access, and training

- The microplate reader (BioTek Synergy H1) is located in the Bindra Innovation Laboratory (Benson Hall 121).
- Book usage time on shared Google Calendar
- Log usage time on logbook



Microplate reader startup

- Turn on the microplate reader
 - Wait for self-diagnosis
 - Create empty Google Sheet
- Open "Gen5 3.09" software

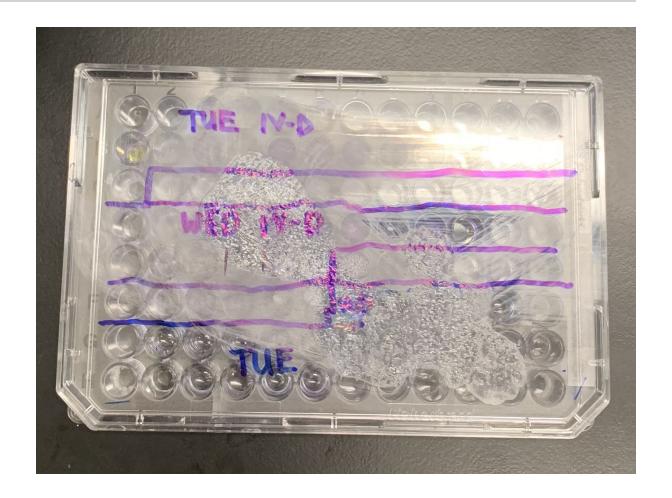


Plate reading settings - absorbance wavelength

- Measurement mode (default)
 - Read method: Absorbance
 - Read type: Endpoint/Kinetic
 - Optics type: Monochromators
- Absorbance wavelength
 - Lab 3-1: CMC by Dye Titration
 - $\lambda = 615$ nm for pinacyanol chloride
 - Lab 3-3: Aggregation of Clay
 - $\lambda = 860$ nm for turbidity
 - Lab 4-4: Bubble Fractionation
 - $\lambda = 590$ nm for crystal violet

Plate reading settings - plate layout

- Plate Layout
 - Select "Blanks" and "Samples"



Absorbance measurement

- Place the plate into the plate holder
 - A1 well is on the top right.
- Read the plate using computer software
- Remove the plate from the plate holder.



Data recording

- Export the data in both matrix and stats form
 - Use blank-subtracted absorbance

Microplate reader shutdown

- Close all programs on the computer.
- Push the IN/OUT button for the plate holder so the plate holder retracts.
- Push the ON/OFF button for the plate reader so the instrument is turned off.

Absorbance measurements for Surface and Colloid Science Laboratory

- Lab 3-1: CMC by Dye Titration
 - \circ $\lambda = 615$ nm for pinacyanol chloride
 - Look for changes in linear trend of absorbance
- Lab 3-3: Aggregation of Clay
 - \circ λ = 860 nm for turbidity
 - Need calibration curve
- Lab 4-4: Bubble Fractionation

 - Need calibration curve

References

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