

# **Interfacial Tension Measurement and Adsorption Isotherm Determination Using the Inverted Drop Weight Method**

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**Surface and Colloid Science**

# Surface tension calculation from the drop weight method

- Tate (1864)

$$W = 2\pi r\sigma$$

- Harkins and Brown (1919)

$$W = 2\pi r\sigma f = \frac{r\sigma}{F}$$

$$F \equiv \frac{1}{2}\pi f$$

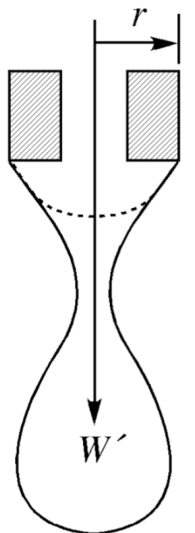
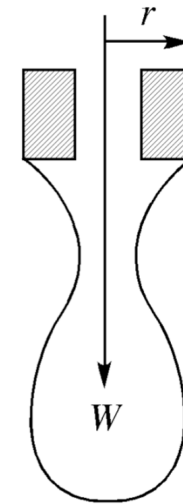
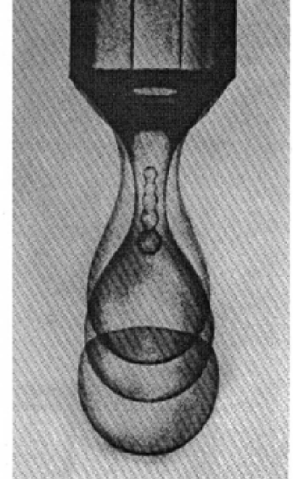
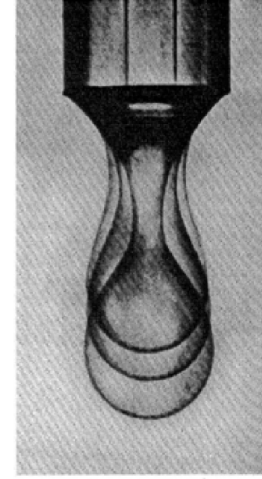
- Heertjes et al. (1971)

$$F = 0.14782 + 0.27896 \left( \frac{r}{V^{1/3}} \right) - 0.1662 \left( \frac{r}{V^{1/3}} \right)^2$$

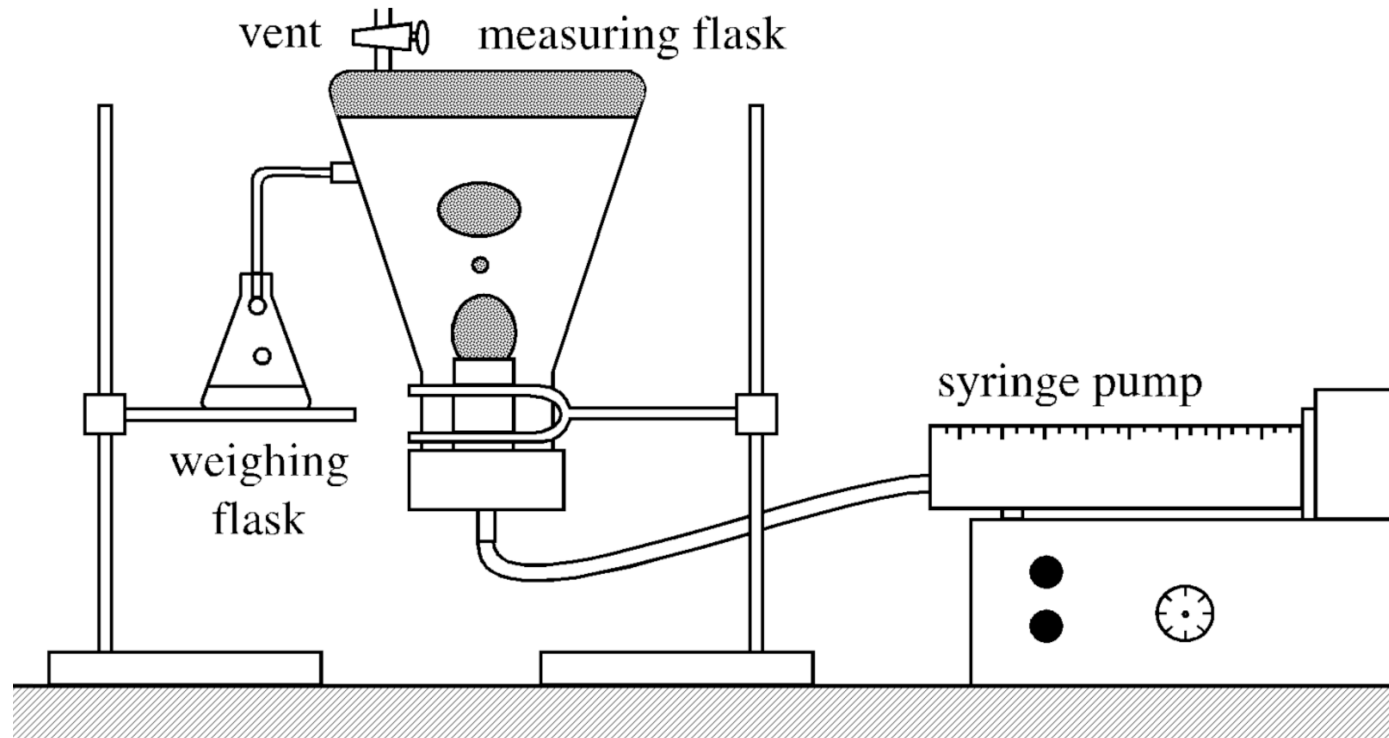
$$\text{Constraint: } \left( \frac{r}{V^{1/3}} \right) \in (0.3, 1.2)$$

- Surface tension

$$\sigma = \frac{V|\rho_2 - \rho_1|gF}{r}$$



# Interfacial tension between liquids is measured with inverted drop weight method



- Interfacial tension

- $\sigma = \frac{V|\rho_2 - \rho_1|gF}{r}$

- $F = 0.14782 + 0.27896 \left( \frac{r}{V^{1/3}} \right) - 0.1662 \left( \frac{r}{V^{1/3}} \right)^2$

# Szyszkowski equation describes surface tension of binary aqueous solutions

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- Szyszkowski equation

$$\sigma = \sigma_0 - RTB \ln \left( 1 + \frac{C_2}{a} \right)$$

# Adsorption isotherm is modeled by Gibbs adsorption equation

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- Gibbs adsorption equation: ideal dilute solution

$$\Gamma_{2,1} = -\frac{C_2}{RT} \frac{d\sigma}{dC_2}$$

- Finite difference method

$$\frac{d\sigma}{dC_2} = \frac{\Delta\sigma}{\Delta C_2} = \frac{\sigma_2 - \sigma_1}{C_{2,2} - C_{2,1}}$$

- Szyszkowski equation

$$\sigma = \sigma_0 - RTB \ln \left( 1 + \frac{C_2}{a} \right)$$