Provably Robust and Well-Behaved Reinforcement Learning

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Motivations

- ▶ RL has been used in many *safety-critical* applications (e.g., medical treatment design, autonomous driving).
- ► The observation from real-world applications may contain unavoidable uncertainty.

Goal: Robust RL against (adversarial) perturbations on state observations.

- ▶ Rigorous: *Provable* guarantees on performance and robustness.
- ▶ Practical: The algorithm is implementation-friendly.

Challenges

On Theoretical:

- ▶ Define "robustness" from the first principles.
 What should be the analog of certified radius in RL¹ given the most basic assumptions, like the Lipschitz condition of MDPs?
- ▶ Bound the performance loss (induced by robustness) with explicit dependence on model/function/robustness conditions.
- ► Sequential error propagation due to the MDP model.

On Empirical:

► The algorithm might need to optimize over the whole perturbation set with complicated optimization procedures (e.g., [Zhang et al., 2020]).

¹In supervised learning, the concept of certified radius can be derived straightforwardly from Lipschitz + margin.

Proposed Approach: RL with Randomized Smoothing

Idea: Leverage randomized smoothing [Cohen et al., 2019] using an extended value iteration (EVI) style approach.

An example FQI/DQN-style approach:

$$(\text{For } t \in [T]) \quad Q_{t+1} \leftarrow \operatorname*{argmin}_{Q \in \mathcal{Q}} \left\| Q(s,a) - r - \max_{a'} \texttt{SMOOTH}[Q_t](s',a') \right\|_{2,\text{data}}^2 \\ \text{Output $\texttt{SMOOTH}[Q_T]$.}$$

Q: Why EVI rather than use a smoothed Q-function/policy directly?
A: EVI-style approaches could ensure *Bellman consistency*, which is conjectured to have better performance loss. (will make it formal)

Reference

Jeremy Cohen, Elan Rosenfeld, and Zico Kolter. Certified adversarial robustness via randomized smoothing. In *International Conference on Machine Learning*, pages 1310–1320, 2019.

Huan Zhang, Hongge Chen, Chaowei Xiao, Bo Li, Duane Boning, and Cho-Jui Hsieh. Robust deep reinforcement learning against adversarial perturbations on observations. arXiv preprint arXiv:2003.08938, 2020.