

# **DELHI WORLD PUBLIC SCHOOL**

**ETMADPUR, AGRA**

**COMPUTER  
GROUP PROJECT**

## **TRANSPORT SYSTEM**

**SUBMITTED BY:-  
DHARMAM KUMAR  
DEVANG SINGH  
ARTI KUMARI  
CHHAVI RAJPUT**

**SUBMITTED TO:-  
SHILPI MAM**




# ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I would like to thank my computer teacher Mrs. Shilpi Pandey who gave me this opportunity to work on this project. I got to learn a lot from this project about HTML programming and how these websites that we came across on the internet are built and maintained.

I would also like to give my special thanks to our school principal Mr. Alok Edward.

I would like to thank my dear group members who have made their best efforts to make this project successful.

At last, I would like to extend my heartfelt thanks to my parents because without their help this project would not have been successful.



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <title>Document</title>
</head><style>
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    bottom: 0;
    top: 0;
    left: 0;
    right: 0;
    align-items: center;
    text-align: center;
    padding: 15px; } </style>

<body leftmargin="50px" rightmargin="50px" vlink="purple"><center> <font size="45"
color="blue"><br>
  

  TRANSPORT </font></center> <br> <br><br><br><br><br><br> <p> <font size="5">

  Transport (in British English), or transportation (in American English), is the
intentional movement of humans, animals, and goods from one location to <br>another.
Modes of transport include air, land (rail and road), water, cable, pipeline, and
space. The field can be divided into infrastructure, vehicles, and operations.<br>
Transport enables human trade, which is essential for the development of civilizations.

<br><br>Transport infrastructure consists of both fixed installations, including roads,
railways, airways, waterways, canals, and pipelines, and terminals such as airports,
railway stations, bus stations, warehouses, trucking terminals, refueling depots
(including fueling docks and fuel stations), and seaports. Terminals may be used both
for interchange of passengers and cargo and for maintenance.
</font></p><br><br><br>

<div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
  <button type="button" onclick="window.location.href='Road.html'"><b>Next</button>
</div>

</body>

</html>
```





# TRANSPORT



Transport (in British English), or transportation (in American English), is the intentional movement of humans, animals, and goods from one location to another. Modes of transport include air, land (rail and road), water, cable, pipeline, and space. The field can be divided into infrastructure, vehicles, and operations. Transport enables human trade, which is essential for the development of civilizations.

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```

<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Modes Of Transport
    </title>
  </head>
  <p> <center> <font size="45" color="blue"> MODES OF TRANSPORT
</font></p></center>
  <body vlink="purple" rightmargin="50px" leftmargin="50px"
bottommargin="100px"> <font color="black" size="18">Land Transport
</font>

  <p> <font size="5">Land transport is the transport or
movement of people, animals or goods from one location to another
location on land. The two main forms of land transport can be
considered to be rail transport and road transport .</font></p>

   <BR> <font color="green" size="6"> Road
Transport</font>

  <p><font size="5">Road transport or road transportation is a
type of transport using roads. Transport on roads can be roughly
grouped into the transportation of goods and transportation of
people. In many countries licensing requirements and safety
regulations ensure a separation of the two industries. <br><br>
Movement along roads may be by bike, automobile, bus, truck, or by
animal such as horse or oxen. Standard networks of roads were
adopted by Romans, Persians, Aztec, and other early empires, and may
be regarded as a feature of empires. Cargo may be transported by
trucking companies, while passengers may be transported via mass
transit. Commonly defined features of modern roads include defined
lanes and signage.<br> Various classes of road exist, from two-lane
local roads with at-grade intersections to controlled-access
highways with all cross traffic grade-separated.

  <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
    <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='Index.html'"><b>Previous</button>
<button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='Rail.html'"><b>Next</button>
  </div> </html>

```



# MODES OF TRANSPORT

## Land Transport

Land transport is the transport or movement of people, animals or goods from one location to another location on land. The two main forms of land transport can be considered to be rail transport and road transport .

### Road Transport

Road transport or road transportation is a type of transport using roads. Transport on roads can be roughly grouped into the transportation of goods and transportation of people. In many countries licensing requirements and safety regulations ensure a separation of the two industries.



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```

<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Modes Of Transport
    </title>
  </head>
  <p> <center> <font color="black" size="18">Land Transport </font><br> <br>
<br></center>
  <body vlink="purple" rightmargin="50px" leftmargin="50px"
bottommargin="100px"> <font color="green" size="18"> Rail Transport</font>

     <BR>
    <p><font size="5">Rail transport (also known as train transport) is a
means of transport that transfers passengers and goods on wheeled vehicles
running on rails, which are incorporated in tracks.In contrast to road
transport, where the vehicles run on a prepared flat surface, rail vehicles
(rolling stock) are directionally guided by the tracks on which they run.
Tracks usually consist of steel rails, installed on sleepers (ties) set in
ballast, on which the rolling stock, usually fitted with metal wheels,
moves.Other variations are also possible, such as "slab track", in which the
rails are fastened to a concrete foundation resting on a prepared
subsurface.<br><br> <br> Rolling stock in a rail transport system generally
encounters lower frictional resistance than rubber-tyred road vehicles, so
passenger and freight cars (carriages and wagons) can be coupled into longer
trains. The operation is carried out by a railway company, providing transport
between train stations or freight customer facilities. Power is provided by
locomotives which either draw electric power from a railway electrification
system or produce their own power, usually by diesel engines or, historically,
steam engines. Most tracks are accompanied by a signalling system. Railways are
a safe land transport system when compared to other forms of transport.[a]
Railway transport is capable of high levels of passenger and cargo utilisation
and energy efficiency, but is often less flexible and more capital-intensive
than road transport, when lower traffic levels are considered.

    <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
      <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='Road.html'"><b>Previous</button> <button
type="button" onclick="window.location.href='Water.html'"><b>Next</button>
    </div>
  </font></p></body></html>

```



# Land Transport

## Rail Transport



Rail transport (also known as train transport) is a means of transport that transfers passengers and goods on wheeled vehicles running on rails, which are incorporated in tracks. In contrast to road transport, where the vehicles run on a prepared flat surface, rail vehicles (rolling stock) are directionally guided by the tracks on which they run. Tracks usually consist of steel rails, installed on sleepers (ties) set in ballast, on which the rolling stock, usually fitted with metal wheels, moves. Other variations are also possible, such as "slab track", in which the rails are fastened to a concrete foundation resting on a prepared subsurface.

Rolling stock in a rail transport system generally encounters lower frictional resistance than rubber-tyred road vehicles, so passenger and freight cars (carriages and wagons) can be coupled into longer trains. The operation is carried out by a railway company, providing transport between train stations or freight customer facilities. Power is provided by locomotives which either draw electric power from a railway electrification system or produce their own power, usually by diesel engines or, historically, steam engines. Most tracks are accompanied by a signalling system. Railways are a safe land transport system when compared to other forms of transport.[a] Railway transport is capable of high levels of passenger and cargo utilisation and energy efficiency, but is often less flexible and more capital-intensive than road transport, when lower traffic levels are considered.

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```
<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Modes Of Transport
    </title>
  </head>
  <p> <center> <font size="45" color="blue"> MODES OF TRANSPORT
</font></p></center>
  <body vlink="purple" rightmargin="50px" leftmargin="50px"
bottommargin="100px"> <h1>Water Transport</h1>
  <p> <font size="5"></font></p>

   <BR> <BR>
  <p><font size="5">“Water is a free gift of nature’. Human
civilization through gradual application of science and
technology, have utilized water resources for
economic, political and military activities.<br> Remarkable
advancements are taking place in water transport due to
considerable improvement in the construction, design motive power,
speed and safety of ships and boats.<br> <br> Due to its weight,
the transportation of water is very energy-intensive. Unless it has
the assistance of gravity, a canal or long-distance pipeline will
need pumping stations at regular intervals. In this regard, the
lower friction levels of the canal make it a more economical
solution than the pipeline. Water transportation is also very
common in rivers and oceans. <br><br>

  Water transport is the process of moving people, goods etc.
by barge, boat, ship or sailboat over a sea, ocean, lake, canal,
river, etc. <br>This category does not include articles on the
transport of water for the purpose of consuming the water. Water
Transports are of two types<br><br> (i) Inland Waterways ii).
Ocean Waterways

  <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
    <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='Rail.html'"><b>Previous</button>
<button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='Inland.html'"><b>Next</button>
  </div>
  </font>
  </p>
  </body></html>
```



# MODES OF TRANSPORT

## Water Transport

“Water is a free gift of nature’. Human civilization through gradual application of science and technology, have utilized water resources for economic, political and military activities.

Remarkable advancements are taking place in water transport due to considerable improvement in the construction, design motive power, speed and safety of ships and boats.



Due to its weight, the transportation of water is very energy-intensive. Unless it has the assistance of gravity, a canal or long-distance pipeline will need pumping stations at regular intervals. In this regard, the lower friction levels of the canal make it a more economical solution than the pipeline. Water transportation is also very common in rivers and oceans.

Water transport is the process of moving people, goods etc. by barge, boat, ship or sailboat over a sea, ocean, lake, canal, river, etc.

This category does not include articles on the transport of water for the purpose of consuming the water. Water Transports are of two types

(i) Inland Waterways ii). Ocean Waterways

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```

<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Modes Of Transport
    </title>
  </head>
  <p> <center> <font color="black" size="18">Water Transport </font><br> <br>
<br></center>
  <body vlink="purple" rightmargin="50px" leftmargin="50px"
bottommargin="100px"> <font color="green" size="18"> Inland Waterways </font>

     <BR>
    <p><font size="5">Inland Waterways comprise of rivers, canals and lakes.
It is also known as internal water transport. Rivers that are naturally
navigable are called natural waterways. Canals and canalized rivers belong to
the category of 'Artificial Waterways'. Generally small
boats and steamers are operated on rivers to transport people and goods.
Where rivers are deep enough, large ships can also ply on them. Canals are man-
made waterways, constructed for the twin purposes of navigation and
irrigation.<br> <br> Advantages of inland waterways
<li>It is considered as the cheapest mode of transport among the other modes
of transport.

    <li>It carries goods smoothly due to the absence of shaking and jolting
during transit. It is eminently suitable for the carriage of fragile goods like
glassware, earth ware etc., without causing damage.

    <li>It is most suitable for heavy loads.

    <li>There is lesser pollution in water transport.

    <li>Initial investment on river services as well as expenditure on their
maintenance is much lesser as compared to road and rail transport.
    <br> <br> Disadvantages of inland waterways
    <li>It is the slowest means of transport. As compared to this,
railways are quicker, safer and cheaper means of transport.

    <li>Floods caused during rainy season, lack of flow of water during
summer season affect to ply boats and steamers.<br> <br>
    <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
      <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='Water.html'"><b>Previous</button> <button
type="button" onclick="window.location.href='Sea.html'"><b>Next</button>
    </div>
  </font></p></body></html>

```





# Water Transport

## Inland Waterways

Inland Waterways comprise of rivers, canals and lakes. It is also known as internal water transport. Rivers that are naturally navigable are called natural waterways. Canals and canalized rivers belong to the category of 'Artificial Waterways'.

Generally small boats and steamers are operated on rivers to transport people and goods. Where rivers are deep enough, large ships can also ply on them. Canals are man-made waterways, constructed for the twin purposes of navigation and irrigation.



Boat-House



Yatch

### Advantages of inland waterways

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### Disadvantages of inland waterways

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<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Modes Of Transport
    </title>
  </head><br>
  <body vlink="purple" rightmargin="50px"
leftmargin="50px" bottommargin="100px"> <font color="green"
size="18"> Sea or Ocean Transport </font>

     <BR>
    <p><font
size="5">Ocean transport has been playing
a significant role in development of economic,
social and cultural relations among countries of the
world. International trade owes its growth to ocean
transport. Ocean transport enjoys a pride of place in
aiding international trade.<br> Cheapness is its great
virtue. In the transportation of low-grade, bulky goods
among the countries, the role of ocean transport is
commendable.<br> <br> <font size="6">Types of Ocean
Transport</font><br><br>
    Ocean transport may be divided into two broad
categories.<br><br> a. Coastal shipping      b. Overseas
shipping

    <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
      <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='inland.html'"><b>Previous</bu
tton> <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='air.html'"><b>Next</button>
    </div>
  </font></p></body></html>

```



# Sea or Ocean Transport

Ocean transport has been playing a significant role in development of economic, social and cultural relations among countries of the world. International trade owes its growth to ocean transport. Ocean transport enjoys a pride of place in aiding international trade.

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## Types of Ocean Transport

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```

<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Modes Of Transport
    </title>
  </head>
  <p> <center> <font size="45" color="blue"> MODES OF TRANSPORT
</font></p></center>
  <body vlink="purple" rightmargin="50px" leftmargin="50px"
bottommargin="100px"> <font color="black" size="18">Air Travel
</font>

    <p> <font size="5"> Air travel is a form of travel in
vehicles such as airplanes, jet aircraft, helicopters, hot air
balloons, blimps, gliders, hang gliders, parachutes, or anything
else that can sustain flight.[1] Use of air travel has greatly
increased in recent decades - worldwide it doubled between the mid-
1980s and the year 2000.[2] Modern air travel is much safer than
road travel. </font></p>

     <BR> <font
color="green" size="6"> Airplane </font>

    <p><font size="5">An airplane or aeroplane (informally plane)
is a fixed-wing aircraft that is propelled forward by thrust from a
jet engine, propeller, or rocket engine. Airplanes come in a
variety of sizes, shapes, and wing configurations. The broad
spectrum of uses for airplanes includes recreation, transportation
of goods and people, military, and research. Worldwide, commercial
aviation transports more than four billion passengers annually on
airliners[1]<li>and transports more than 200 billion tonne-
kilometers[2] of cargo annually, which is less than 1% of the
world's cargo movement.<li>[3] Most airplanes are flown by a pilot
on board the aircraft, but some are designed to be remotely or
computer-controlled such as drones. <br> <br> <br>

    <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
      <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='Sea.html'"><b>Previous</button>
<button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='meansoftransport.html'"><b>Next</but
ton>

    </div> </html>

```



# MODES OF TRANSPORT

## Air Travel

Air travel is a form of travel in vehicles such as airplanes, jet aircraft, helicopters, hot air balloons, blimps, gliders, hang gliders, parachutes, or anything else that can sustain flight.[1] Use of air travel has greatly increased in recent decades – worldwide it doubled between the mid-1980s and the year 2000.[2] Modern air travel is much safer than road travel.

### Airplane

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```
<html> <head> <title> Means Of
Transport</title></head></html>
<body rightmargin="50px" leftmargin="50px"> <font
size="50" color="blue"> <center>Means Of
Transport</center> </font> <br> <br>

    <p> <font size="6"> Means of transportation is
any of the different kinds of transport facilities
used for moving goods and people from one location to
the other.<br> The means of transportation is
interchangeably used with the mode of
transport.<br><br>

    The means of transportation are bus, train,
aeroplane, ship, car, etc while the mode of
transportation refers to road, air, sea/ocean,
etc. </font></p>
<br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br><br>
<br><br><br><center>
    <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='air.html'"><b>Previous
</button> <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='byanimals.html'"><b>Ne
xt</button>
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</body> </html>
```





```

<html>
  <head>
    <title>
      Means Of Transport
    </title>
  </head>
  <p> <center> <font color="black" size="22" color="blue" > Transportation By
Animals</font><br> <br> <br></center>
  <body vlink="purple" rightmargin="50px" leftmargin="50px"
bottommargin="100px">

     <BR>
    <p><font size="5">Species include wild horse, wild donkey[verification
needed], camel, and reindeer, as well as draft horse breeds, small horse breeds
and donkeys. Oxen and draft horses have traditionally been used for pulling
loads. Note that dogs too were used to pull people on snow sleds, but can not
be used appropriately as it's not a main species (ancestor:gray wolf), and
also principally consume meat (hence making them unsuitable for use on
grasslands).<br><br> <br>
    Some of these animals can be ridden. By using a saddle, a person can
sit directly on the animal. This has advantages for certain contexts,
particularly for travelling on rough terrain. It however also has the
disadvantage that the animal needs to carry the full weight of the person, and
thus needs to perform considerably more effort to transport the person.

Note that the animals can often also be used as pack animals (carrying cargo
rather than a person on the back), see the "Working_animal" wikipedia article.
This again is more suitable on rough terrain.<br>
<br>
Carts (coaches, stagecoaches, ...) can be used to considerably reduce the
effort needed to transport 1 (or several) persons by means of animal power.
They have the disadvantage though that due to the use of wheels, the terrain
needs to be flat (preferably paved). Another disadvantage is that the weight of
the cart itself is of course also added, though the effort for the animal is
still a lot lower since the weight actually rests on the ground, and the animal
only has to pull it forward (rather than also supporting it). The cart used is
best kept as lightweight as possible, while keeping them sturdy (ie by using
metal, ...). Sulkies seem to be the lightest carts.<br> <br>
    <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
      <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='meansoftransport.html'"><b>Previous</button>
<button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='byvehicles.html'"><b>Next</button>
    </div>
  </font></p></body></html>

```





# Transportation By Animals



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```
<html> <head> <title> Transportation By Vehicles</title></head>
<p> <center>
<font size="45"> Transportation By Vehicles
</font></center></p><br><br><br>
<body leftmargin="50px" rightmargin="50px" bottommargin="50px">

<font size="5"> A vehicle is a non-living device that is used to
move people and goods. Unlike the infrastructure, the vehicle moves
along with the cargo and riders. <br>Unless being pulled/pushed by
a cable or muscle-power, the vehicle must provide its own
propulsion; this is most commonly done through a steam engine,
combustion engine, electric motor, jet engine, or rocket, though
other means of propulsion also exist.<br>
Vehicles also need a system of converting the energy into
movement; this is most commonly done through wheels, propellers,
and pressure.<br> <br>
    
    Vehicles are most commonly staffed by a driver. However, some
systems, such as people movers and some rapid transits, are fully
automated. For passenger transport, the vehicle must have a
compartment, seat, or platform for the passengers.<br><br> Simple
vehicles, such as automobiles, bicycles, or simple aircraft, may
have one of the passengers as a driver. Recently, the progress
related to the Fourth Industrial Revolution has brought a lot of
new emerging technologies for transportation and automotive fields
such as Connected Vehicles and Autonomous Driving.<br> These
innovations are said to form future mobility, but concerns remain
on safety and cybersecurity, particularly concerning connected and
autonomous mobility. </font></body> <br><br><br><br><br><br>

    <div align="center" style="margin-bottom: 100px">
        <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='byanimals.html'"><b>Previous</button>
    <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='worldroute.html'"><b>Next</button>
</html>
```



# Transportation By Vehicles

A vehicle is a non-living device that is used to move people and goods. Unlike the infrastructure, the vehicle moves along with the cargo and riders.

Unless being pulled/pushed by a cable or muscle-power, the vehicle must provide its own propulsion; this is most commonly done through a steam engine, combustion engine, electric motor, jet engine, or rocket, though other means of propulsion also exist.

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```
<html> <head> <title> World
Route</title></head>
<p> <font size="45"><center>World Route
</center></font></p>
<body bottommargin="100px" leftmargin="50px"
Rgihtmargin="50px"><font size="5"> World Routes
are the routes on which all the trade and
travel amoung different countries takes
place.They are very useful for transporting
goods from one country to another. It is mainly
transported through air but it can also be
transported through water and land.</font> <br>
<br><br>
    <center><br> <br><br>
    <div align="center" style="margin-bottom:
100px">
        <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='byvehicles.html'
"><b>Previous</button> <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='airroute.html'">
<b>Next</button>
</body></html>
```





# World Route

World Routes are the routes on which all the trade and travel among different countries takes place. They are very useful for transporting goods from one country to another. It is mainly transported through air but it can also be transported through water and land.

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```
<html><head> <title> Air Route</title></head>
<p> <center> <font size="45"> Air Route </font></center></p>

<body bottommargin="100px" leftmargin="50px"
rightmargin="50px"> <font size="6">An airway or air route is
a defined corridor that connects one specified location to
another at a specified altitude, along which an aircraft
that meets the requirements of the airway may be
flown.<br><br>
<center>
    </center>
</body>
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</button> <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='searoute.html'"><b>Next</butt
on> </html>
```



# Air Route

An airway or air route is a defined corridor that connects one specified location to another at a specified altitude, along which an aircraft that meets the requirements of the airway may be flown.

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<html><head> <title> Air Route</title></head>
<p> <center> <font size="45"> Water Route
</font></center></p>
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<body bottommargin="100px" leftmargin="50px"
rightmargin="50px"> <font size="6"> A sea lane, sea
road or shipping lane is a regularly used route for
vessels on oceans and large lakes. In the Age of Sail
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<center>
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</body>
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vious</button> <button type="button"
onclick="window.location.href='searoute.html'"><b>Nex
t</button> </html>
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<html> <head> <title> Conclution</title></head>  
<p> <center> <font size="45"> Vehicle Pollution</font></center></p>  
<body> <font size="5"> Though these (Vehicles) new technology for transport has made the travel very fast and cheap and everyone can afford it but we should be well aware about the disadvantages of using these vehicles at extreme level.Vehicles have become a necessary need for a human being. Moreover, every work needs a vehicle for transportation. Without them, our work would be very difficult. It saves us time and also reduces our energy consumption in traveling from one place to another. <br> <br>

A vehicle needs fuel which is of two types- Diesel and petrol. These are the fossil fuels that are extracted from within the earth. Though a vehicle has so many benefits it is a major threat to the environment. Because it creates pollution which is increasing. And that is because of the increase in the number of vehicles.

The fuel on which a vehicle runs gets burned inside the engine which in turn emits various harmful gases. The gases that vehicle emits are carbon monoxide, Nitrogen dioxide, Sulphur Oxide. All these gases are harmful to the environment.

Furthermore, it hampers the health of a person to a dangerous extent. Carbon monoxide is poisonous. Due to which suffocation can occur in the lungs followed by difficulty in breathing. Also, these gases cause global warming. That is a major problem in this era. Furthermore, it causes the ozone layer depletion. Due to which ultraviolet rays can enter into our environment and can cause skin cancer.

Apart from all the hazardous effects of vehicle pollution, the number of vehicles is increasing day by day. According to an estimation, there is an average of 2 vehicles in a single house. Some of the families have more than that. This is the root cause of the increase in the pollution of the vehicle.

Because each member of the family is traveling alone on a two-seater or four-seater vehicle. Thus the consumption of the fuel becomes double. There are various measures by which there can be a reduction of vehicle pollution  
</font></body><br> <br>

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type="button" onclick="window.location.href='effects.html'"><b>Next</button>  
    </div>    </html>





# Vehicle Pollution

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<font size="5"> Foremost, vehicle pollution can get
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will save energy as they can drive the car or bike in shifts.<br>
```

Furthermore, the person should turn off the ignition on the red signals. This, in turn, will save fuel and money.<br> At the same time, minor changes in driving like- driving the vehicle on economic speed, apply fewer brakes, reducing quick acceleration can save your fuel and your vehicle will also remain in good condition.<br> Quality checks of the vehicles can also reduce fuel consumption and increase performance.

Above all, the government is taking some major steps to minimize pollution.<br> Electric buses and trains run in the entire city to reduce the use of diesel buses as public transport. Furthermore, the installation of CNG( Compressed Natural Gas) engines is mandatory. This would reduce the cost of transportation and will not be harmful to the environment.

Recently, electric cars and bikes came into the market. This will reduce fuel consumption for personal transport and will be environment-friendly.<br>

These were all the measures that will significantly help in the reduction of vehicle pollution.<br> <br>

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onclick="window.location.href='vehiclepollution.html'"><b>Previous<
/button> <button type="button"
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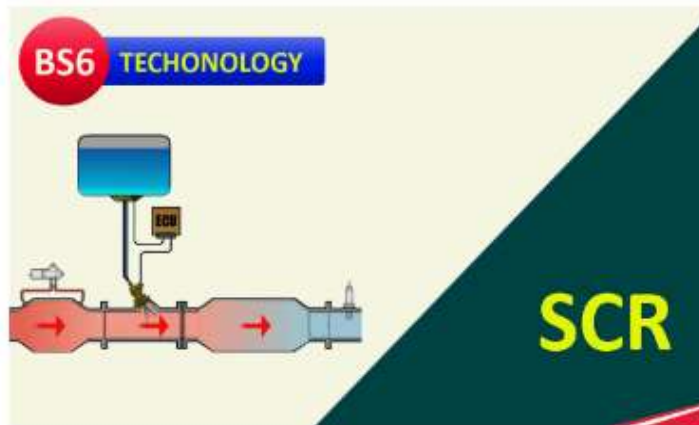
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**THE**  
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