METHOD OF THE MONTH

Chandu Tennety
JANOVA

twitter: @tennety

github: tennety

The state of the s

- Examples taken from Rails API
- ActiveRecord::Dirty
 - Track unsaved attribute changes

The second of the second secon

- Newly instantiated object is unchanged
 - person = Person.find_by_name('kevin munc')
 - person.changed? # => false

是是我们的一个人,我们就是一个人的一个人,我们就是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,也不是一个人的人的人,也不是一个人的人,也是一个人的人,也是一个人的人,也

- Changing the attribute
 - person.name = 'muncman'
 - person.changed?

- # => true
- person.name_changed?
- # => true

person.name_was

=> 'kevin munc'

The state of the s

- Saving forgets the changes
 - person.save
 - person.name_changed? # => false

The state of the s

- Assigning the same value? No change!
 - person.name = 'muncman'
 - person.name_changed? # => false

- What all changed?
 - person.name = 'kevin'
 - person.changed # => ['name']
 - person.changes
 - # => { 'name' => ['muncman', 'kevin'] }
 - person.name_change # => ['muncman', 'kevin']

WHERE I'VE USED THIS

The test of the second second

- ActiveRecord::Observer#after_update
- Provide notifications based on which attribute changed in a single after_update call