# Robotics Project 1



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# PROJECT 1

**ROBOTICS** 

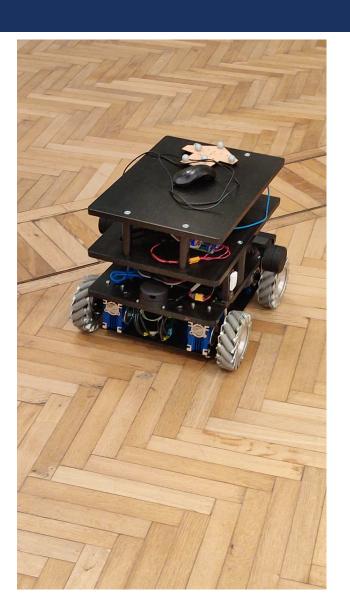


## THE ROBOT



## THE ROBOT





Disclaimer: this video is only for demonstrational purposes. It does NOT show the actual path followed by the robot during our data acquisition.

#### THE ROBOT



#### Omnidirectional robot

#### Mecanum wheels

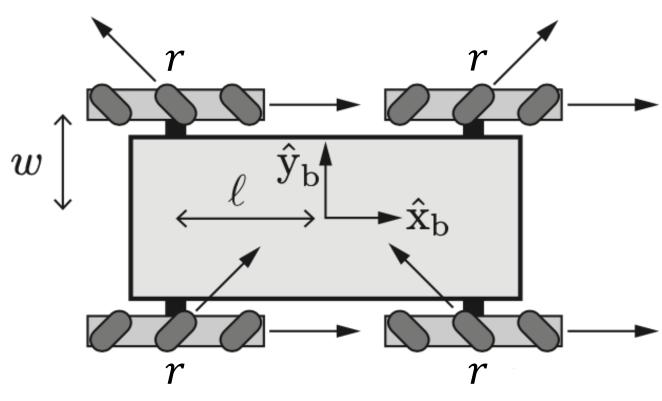
- 4 wheels with rollers at 45°

#### Encoders on each wheel

- RPM (very noisy)
- Ticks (more accurate)

#### Geometric parameters:

- Wheel radius (r)
- Wheel position along  $x (\pm l)$
- Wheel position along  $y(\pm w)$



## THE PROJECT



#### Given

- Wheels encoder state
  - RPM (noisy)
  - Ticks (more accurate)
- Nominal robot parameters r, l, w
- Ground truth pose of the robot (acquired with OptiTrack)





## THE PROJECT



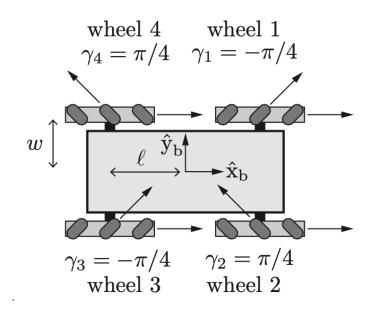
#### Goals

- I. Compute odometry using appropriate kinematics
  - Compute robot linear and angular velocities v,  $\omega$  from wheel encoders
  - Compute odometry using both Euler and Runge-Kutta integration
    - ROS parameter for initial pose
  - Calibrate (fine-tune) robot parameters to match ground truth
- II. Compute wheel control speeds from v,  $\omega$
- III. Add a service to reset the odometry to a specified pose  $(x,y,\theta)$
- IV. Use dynamic reconfigure to select between integration method

#### I. COMPUTE ODOMETRY



- Compute velocities with mecanum wheels kinematics
  - 1. Write down the formula to compute v,  $\omega$  from wheel speeds \*
  - 2. Adapt formula to use wheel ticks instead of RPM (more precise)
  - 3. Compute a rough estimate of v,  $\omega$  (with given robot parameters fixed)
  - 4. Publish v, ω as topic cmd\_vel of type geometry\_msgs/TwistStamped
- \* Do some reading on mecanum wheels. In particular, you can use "Modern robotics: Mechanics, Planning, and Control" by Kevin M. Lynch and Frank C. Park Free version here



#### I. COMPUTE ODOMETRY



- Compute velocities with mecanum wheels kinematics
  - 1. Write down the formula to compute v,  $\omega$  from wheel speeds
  - 2. Adapt formula to use wheel ticks instead of RPM (more precise)
  - 3. Compute a rough estimate of v,  $\omega$  (with given robot parameters fixed)
  - 4. Publish v, ω as topic cmd\_vel of type geometry\_msgs/TwistStamped
- Compute odometry using v, ω
  - 1. Start with Euler, add Runge-Kutta later
  - 2. Add ROS parameter for initial pose  $(x,y,\theta)$
  - 3. Publish as nav\_msgs/Odometry on topic odom
  - 4. Broadcast TF odom->base\_link
- Calibrate robot parameters (r, l, w) to match ground truth pose





- Compute wheel speeds (RPM) from v, ω
  - 1. Reverse the formula obtained at the previous step (I.1)
  - 2. Read v,  $\omega$  from cmd\_vel and apply the obtained formula
  - 3. Publish the computed wheel speed as custom message on topic wheels\_rpm
    - The custom message has prototype:

```
Header header

float64 rpm_fl

float64 rpm_fr

float64 rpm_rr

float64 rpm_rl
```

Check that the results match the recorded encoders values, apart from some noise

You could use rqt\_plot or plotjuggler

### III. RESET SERVICE



- Define a service to reset the odometry to any given pose  $(x,y,\theta)$ 

#### IV. INTEGRATION METHOD SELECTOR



- Use dynamic reconfigure to select the odometry integration method
- Use an enum with 2 values: Euler, RK

#### **DATA**



## 3 ROS bags, with topics:

- Encoder message containing RPM and ticks for the 4 wheels
  - Topic /wheel\_states of type sensor\_msgs/JointState
- Ground truth pose of the robot (acquired with OptiTrack)
  - Topic / robot / pose of type geometry\_msgs / PoseStamped

#### **DATA**



#### Additional information:

- Wheel radius (r): 0.07 m (could be a bit off)
- Wheel position along x(l): 0.200 m
- Wheel position along y(w): 0.169 m
- Gear ratio (*T*): 5:1





Everything you need (bags, these slides) is in our **shared folder** (link on the course website)

#### TIPS FOR DEBUG



You can use rviz to visualize the given ground truth pose and your odom and TF.

In this case, you might want to define a static TF transform to align the frame odom (yours) and world (used by OptiTrack).

For the robot calibration, notice that:

- bag1 only performs linear motions (no rotations)
- bag 2 only performs forward motions and rotations (no y translation)
- (bag 3 is freestyle ©)





The ground truth pose is measured with an Optitrack system, which is based on cameras. For this reason, this information might sporadically not be available due to occlusion, or it might present some lag. This should not affect your project, just be aware of it.

#### GENERAL REQUIREMENTS



The project must be written in C++

- NO Python unless previously discussed

You can use any number of nodes.

You must provide 1 single launch file to start everything needed except the bag (i.e., all nodes, parameters, etc.).

Remember that we should be able to run your code on our machines

- E.g., DO NOT use absolute paths
- Test with Ubuntu 18.04 + ROS Melodic
- (If possible, test on a colleague's machine)

#### **SUBMISSION**



You should deliver your project via email, attaching 1 compressed file as follows:

- Create a .tar.xz archive containing:
  - a text file with instructions (details in next slide)
  - the source code for every package you created (entire package folders, including their CMakeLists, package.xml, etc.)
    - Please DO NOT send us your entire catkin environment (with build and devel folders);
       we only need the packages you created inside of your src folder
  - Notice: include all the files you think are important, as we should be able to properly recreate your workflow with what you send us
- Name the archive with the Student ID ("Person Code") of each team member
  - E.g. 10450001-10450002-10450003.tar.xz
- Send this archive (only **once per team**) via e-mail to **all of us**: Paolo Cudrano, Simone Mentasti and Matteo Matteucci. Email subject must be "FIRST ROBOTICS PROJECT 2022"

#### **SUBMISSION**



The instruction file must be a .txt or .md file and **must** contain (at least):

- Student ID ("Person Code"), name and surname of all team members
- small description of the files inside the archive
- name and meaning of the ROS parameters
- structure of the TF tree
- structure of any custom message
- description of how to start/use the nodes
- info you think are important/interesting





You can work in teams of max 3 students (unless previously discussed)

Deadline: April 29 2022, 23:59 CEST (Rome time zone)

#### **QUESTIONS**



#### Questions:

- Send an email to Paolo Cudrano (paolo.cudrano@polimi.it)
  - Cc: Simone Mentasti (simone.mentasti@polimi.it)
  - DO NOT write only to Prof. Matteucci

## **CHALLENGE**

**ROBOTICS** 



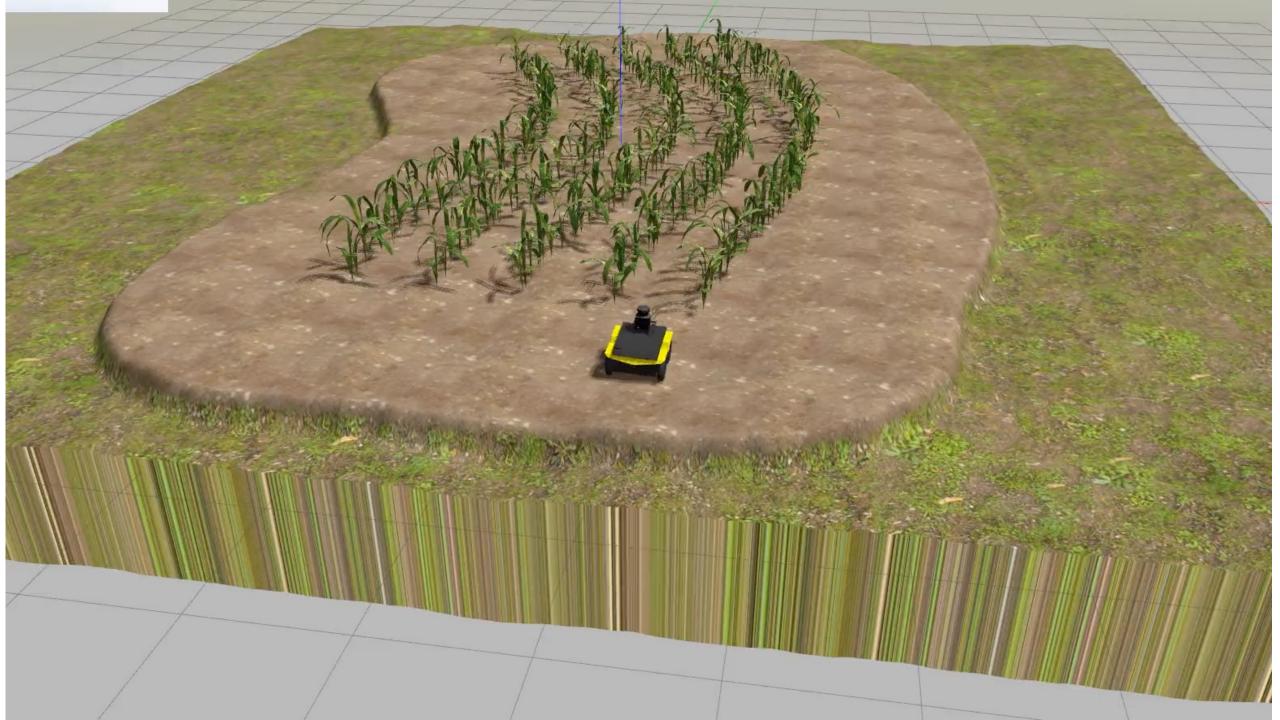




We would like to participate with a team of students to the International Field Robot Event 2022, June 14–16, 2022 <a href="https://www.fieldrobot.com/event/">https://www.fieldrobot.com/event/</a>

Navigation and mapping in a maize field

- Virtual robot
- Real robot ? (TBD)



#### **HOW TO PARTICIPATE**



Interested students should meet with us in order to discuss further details.

You can let us know your interest by sending an email to all of us with subject "Robotics - FRE 2022".

We should receive these requests by **April 8** (Not a strict deadline, but we need some time to get organized...)

**Important:** to avoid inconveniences in the future, we strongly suggest interested students to still prepare and submit Project 1.