Seminar 7

Gramatici de toate felurile (GIC si gram. care nu sint GIC)

- 1. Sa se dea cate o gramatica care genereaza limbajele:
 - 1. $L = \{ww \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$
 - 2. $L = \{wxw \mid w \in \{a, b\}^+, x \in \{a, b\}^*\}$
 - 3. $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}^* \}$
 - 4. $L = \{a^n b^n c^n d^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}^* \}$
 - 5. $L = \{a^2^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\}$
 - 6. $L = \{w \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*, nr_a(w) = nr_b(w) \}$

 - 7. $L = \{w \mid w \in \{a, b, c\}^*, nr_a(w) = nr_b(w) = nr_c(w)\}$
 - 8. $L = \{w \mid w \in \{a, b, c\}^*, nr_a(w) + nr_b(w) = nr_c(w)\}$
 - 9. $L = \{a^n b^n c^m d^m \mid n, m \in \mathbb{N}\}\$
 - 10. $L = \{a^n b^m c^m d^n \mid n, m \in \mathbf{N}\}\$
 - 11. $L = \{a^n b^m c^k \mid n, m, k \in \mathbb{N}, (n=m) \text{ sau } (m=k) \}$
 - 12. $L = \{a^n b^m c^k \mid n, m, k \in \mathbb{N}, m+n = k \}$
 - 13. L = { $w \in \{a, b\}^* | w \text{ starts and ends with the same symbol}}$

de facut cel putin 1, 3, 5, 9

1.2 GIC: a fi sau a nu fi ambigua 🕲

1. Sa se arate ca gramaticile urmatoare sint ambigue si sa se gaseasca o gramatica echivalenta neambigua.

a apare de 2ⁿ ori

- a) $S \rightarrow aS \mid Sb \mid c$
- b) $S \rightarrow if b$ then S else $S \mid if b$ then $S \mid stmt$
- c) $S \rightarrow (S \mid S) \mid (S) \mid 1$
- d) $S \rightarrow SS \mid a$
- e) $A \rightarrow A \alpha A \mid a$
- f) $A \rightarrow \alpha A \mid \alpha A \beta \mid a$

Cateva idei de rezolvari:

pt. sectiunea 1.1 : Gramatici de toate felurile, enuntul

Sa se dea cate o gramatica care genereaza limbajele

(Ma bucur daca le verifici si tu in caz ca mi-a scapat ceva; sint tare grabita acum ☺)

Problema

$$L = \{ww \mid w \in \{a, b\}^*\}$$

S->aSB

S->bSA => a..b .. in oglinda cu A..B..

Dupa care inversam secv. A B

Le punem sa vina pana la mijloc (D)

Trecand numai peste cele deja facute terminale (~inversate)

 $S \rightarrow D$

aB -> Ba

 $aA \rightarrow Aa$

 $bA \rightarrow Ab$

 $bB \rightarrow bb$

 $DA \rightarrow Da$

 $DB \rightarrow Db$

 $D \rightarrow eps$

Problema

$$L = \{a^2^n \mid n \in \mathbf{N}\}$$
 a apare de 2ⁿ ori

 $S \rightarrow LaR$

 $L \rightarrow LD$

A trece de la L(left) pana la R(right) dubland a deja existenti

 $DR \rightarrow R$

Da->aaD

L-> eps

R ->eps