CSCE 5300 Introduction to Big data and Data Science ICE-8

Lesson Title: Spark

Lesson Description: Spark with RDDs (transformation and actions) and Spark with data frames and SQL

Lesson Overview:

Spark is a multi-language engine for executing data engineering, data science, and machine learning on single-node machines or clusters.

In Class Exercise:

Create spark RDD from external dataset(word_list.txt)). Execute transformation and actions by scala.
 Create RDD from external dataset(word_list.txt).

Scala:

```
cala> val file = sc. textFile("/home/ljc/Downloads/word_list.txt")
ile: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = /home/ljc/Downloads/word_list.txt MapPa
titionsRDD[1] at textFile at <console>:23
cala>
```

Python:

```
>>> file = spark.sparkContext.textFile("/home/ljc/Downloads/word_list.txt")
>>>
```

Change all words to uppercase and show the first two lines.

Scala:

```
scala> val myfile_up = file.map(line=>line.toUpperCase())
myfile_up: org.apache.spark.rdd.RDD[String] = MapPartitionsRDD[2] at map at <con
sole>:23

scala> myfile_up.take(2)
res0: Array[String] = Array(THE PROJECT GUTENBERG ETEXT OF MOBY WORD II BY GRADY
WARD, COPYRIGHT LAWS ARE CHANGING ALL OVER THE WORLD, BE SURE TO CHECK)
```

Python:

```
>>> myfile_up = file.map(lambda line: line.upper())
>>> myfile_up.take(2)
['THE PROJECT GUTENBERG ETEXT OF MOBY WORD II BY GRADY WARD', 'COPYRIGHT LAWS ARE CHANGING ALL OVER THE WORLD, BE SURE TO CHECK']
>>>
```

Count the number of lines.

Scala:

```
scala> file.count()
res1: Long = 260
```

Python:

```
>>> file.count()
260
>>>
```

Count the number of word "PROJECT".

Scala:

```
scala> myfile_up.flatMap(line=>line.split(" ")).filter(c=>c.contains("PROJECT"))
.count()
res1: Long = 32
scala>
```

Python:

```
>>> myfile_up.flatMap(lambda line: line.split(" ")).filter(lambda word: word.count("PROJECT")).count()
32
>>>
```

Count the words in the dataset.

Scala:

```
Scala> myfile_up.flatMap(line=>line.split(" ")).map(word=>(word,1)).reduceByKey((a,b)=>a+b).collect()
res0: Array[(String, Int)] = Array((MANAGE,1), (YOU!),1), (NOTES,1), (SEARCH,1), (FREQUENT,3), (OUR,7), (MIDNIGHT,1), (DICTIONARY(TM),1), (NOTEA,1), (NOTEA,1), (SEARCH,1), (FREQUENT,3), (OUR,7), (MIDNIGHT,1), (TAX,2), (A
RCHIVE,3), (PLEASE,5), (DELTA,1), (ALLOW,1), (USERS,1), (NOVEL,1), (DEFECT,1), (LOOK,1), (GUTENBERG,1), (VALUE,1), (DESTINATION,1),
(ELECTRONIC,1), (OPERATING,1), (CONSEQUENTIAL,1), (CHANGING,1), (UTILITY.1), (PODICT,3), (IS,18), (DATA,1), (REQUIREMENTS,2),
(DAMAGED,1), (COMPRESSED,1), (REVISED,1), (FITNESS,1), (PEOPLE,2), ('ETUDE',1), (TRYING,1), (OWN,1), ((PLACES.TXT),1), (HOUR,2), (THO
SE,3), (DECEMBER,1), (LARGE,1), (FOLLOWS,,1), (INTERESTED,1), (113,809,2), (CONSIDERABLE,1), (US,3), (IDEN...
```

Python:

```
one pyfice por flatfox(landed liber | liber.psl(15^ - )), nept(landed seed (mord.)), reduce(psecy(landed a, plant)), collect() (100, 100), reduce(psecy(landed a, plant)), reduce(psecy(land
```

2. Create spark RDD from external dataset(shakespeare.txt). Execute transformation and actions by scala.

Change all words to lowercase and show the first 5 lines.

Count the total number of words.

Count the number of word "is".

Count the number of unique words in the dataset.

3. Create Spark dataframe from hotel_booking data and execute some query.

Load data from the hotel_booking.csv.

Scala:

```
scala> val df = spark.read.format("com.dtabricks.spark.csv").option("mode","DROP
MALFORMED").option("inferschema","true").option("header","true").csv("/home/ljc/
Downloads/hotel_bookings.csv")
df: org.apache.spark.sql.DataFrame = [hotel: string, is_canceled: int ... 30 more fields]
```

Python:

```
>>> df = spark.read.fornat("com.dtabricks.spark.csv").option("mode","BROPMALFORHED").option("header",True).option("inferschena",True).csv("/home/ljc/Downloads/hotel_bookings.csv")
```

Show some statistical values(mean, max value) of adults column.

Scala:

```
scala> df.describe("adults").show()
+----+
|summary| adults|
+----+
| count| 119390|
| mean|1.8564033838679956|
| stddev|0.5792609988327523|
| min| 0|
| max| 6|
```

Python:

Count total number of canceled by hotel.

Scala:

```
| scala> df.groupBy("hotel").sum("is_canceled").show()
| hotel|sum(is_canceled)|
| City Hotel| 33102|
|Resort Hotel| 11122|
```

Python:

Register the DataFrame as a global temporary view.

Scala:

```
scala> df.createGlobalTempView("hotelbook")
```

Python:

```
>>> df.createGlobalTempView("hotelbook")
```

Use query to count number of records is reservation_status="canceled".

Scala:

Python:

```
>>> spark.sql("select count(reservation_status) from global_temp.hotelbook where reservation_status==\"Canceled\"").show()
| count(reservation_status)|
| 43017|
| 43017|
```

Use query to count the number of agent group by hotel.

Scala:

Python:

Use query to count the number of babies when babies are greater than 0 by year.

Scala:

Python:

Use query to sort the number of canceled by country in decreasing order.

Scala:

Python:

ICE Submission Guidelines

- 1. ICE Submission is individual.
- 2. ICE code has to be properly commented.
- 3. The documentation should include the screenshots of your code/queries and results.
- 4. Provide the explanation of the exercise for each question as per your understanding.
- 5. The similarity score for your document should be less than 15%.
- 6. Submit the source code (if any) properly commented and documentation (.pdf/.doc) with explanation and screenshot of source code/queries having input logic and output results.
- 7. Submission after the deadline is considered as late submission.

References:

https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/rdd-programming-guide.html#rdd-operations https://spark.apache.org/docs/2.2.0/sql-programming-guide.html

https://sparkbyexamples.com/pyspark-rdd

https://sparkbyexamples.com/pyspark/different-ways-to-create-dataframe-in-pyspark/