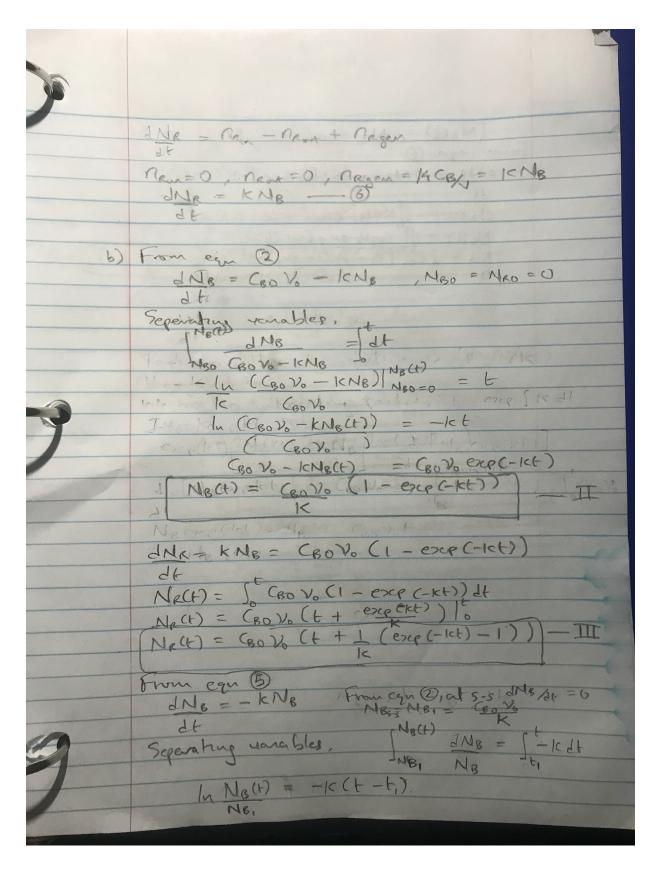
dentile and an eveline and on that said	
and the second of the second of the second	
Homework Set 2	
District de la constant de la consta	
PROBLEM 1	
a) Assuming constant density	1
rand Vsys = Vm - Yout + Vgen	-
at 1 Management of the second	1-7
Dung pilling stage, Vin = 1/6, Nort = Vgen = 0 g t <	المال
$dV = V_0$	
and the year of the second of	
Taking material balance of Bard	
d NB = NBM - NBM + NBgen	
dt	
Nom = CBOYIN, Neger =- 18 = - KNB, NBONT =0	
dNB = CBO VO - KNB V - (2)	
	5
dNR - NRm - NRover + Argen	
New = 0; New = 0, Neger = TB = KNB	
LNR = KNB - 3	
dt de de mar amor met et man	
E = VE - Volume Control and the control and th	
1/2 market and the state of the	
Apter pelling & 6 2 6, 3	•
d Vsys = Van - Vort + Vgen Van = O & stops filler	J 4 3
dt Vort = 0	
2V = 0 - 4 Ygen = 0	
dt	
dNB = NBm - NBort + Ngen	
dt -KCRI hal	
Mein = 0 , Megan = - TS/Y = - K Cs/Y = - KNB Ment	
dt	

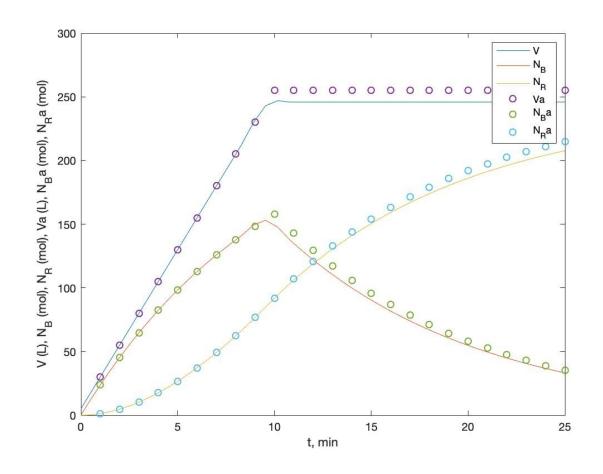


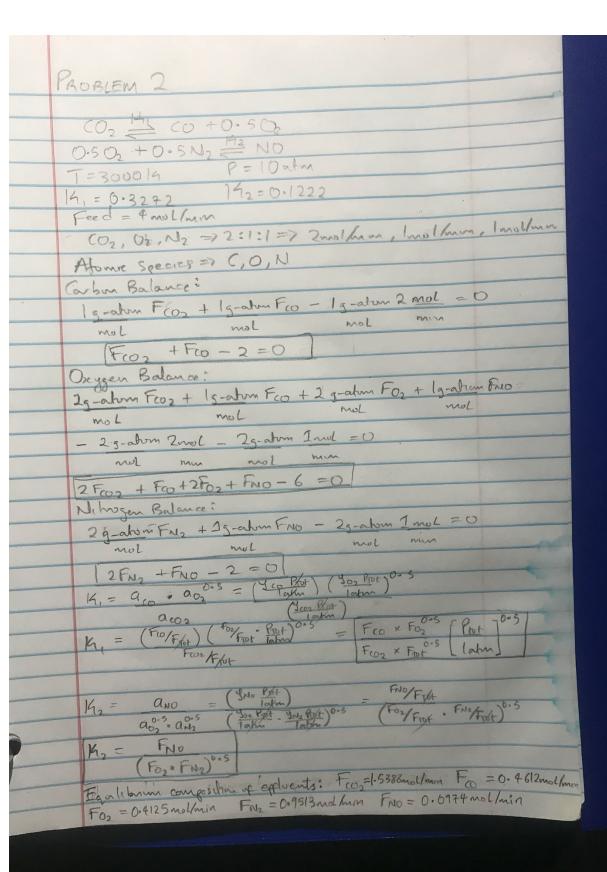
```
[N_{B}(t) = N_{B_{1}} \exp(-k(t-t_{1})) - N]
From eqn (0)
dN_{R} = |CN_{B}| = |KN_{B_{1}} \exp(-k(t-t_{1}))|
dt
N_{R}(t) = \int_{t}^{t} |KN_{B_{1}}| \exp(-k(t-t_{1})) dt
N_{R}(t) = \int_{t}^{t} |C_{B_{1}}N_{0}| \exp(-k(t-t_{1})) dt
[N_{R} = N_{B_{1}} C_{B_{2}} (t_{1} - N_{K}(1 - \exp(-k(t-t_{1})))] - (N_{1})
```

Matlab Code

```
clc clf clear
global k Cbo Vo vo V1 t1 Nb1
k =0.1;%min^1
Cbo = 1; %M
vo = 25; %L/min
Vo = 5; %L
V1 = 255; %L
Yo = [Vo 0 0];
t1 = (V1 - V0)./v0;
Nb1 = ((vo*Cbo)./k)*(1-exp(-k*t1));
t0 = 0;
tf = 25.0;
tspan = [t0 tf];
[t, Y] = ode45('Nolderiv', tspan, Yo); % for "ode45" solver
t2 = linspace(1, 25, 25);
for i = 1:25
      Xa(i,:) = Nolana(i);
end
plot (t, Y(:,1), '-',t, Y(:,2), '-',t, Y(:,3), '-',
t2, Xa(:,1), 'o', t2, Xa(:,2), 'o', t2, Xa(:,3), 'o'),. . .
title ('Concentration vs Time'), ...
legend ('V', 'N_B', 'N_R', 'Va', 'N_Ba', 'N_Ra'),
xlabel ('t, min'),
ylabel ('V (L), N B (mol), N R (mol), Va (L), N Ba
(mol), N Ra (mol)');
function dY = Nolderiv(t, Y)
global k Cbo Vo vo V1 t1 Nb1
if (t < t1)
    dV = vo;
    dNb = vo * Cbo - k * Y(2);
    dNr = k * Y(2);
end
```

```
if (t >= t1)
    dV = 0;
    dNb = - k * Y(2);
    dNr = k * Y(2);
dY = [dV; dNb; dNr];
function X = Nolana(t)
global k Cbo Vo vo V1 t1 Nb1
if (t < t1)
    X(1) = Vo + vo*t;
    X(2) = ((vo * Cbo)./k)*(1-exp(-k*t));
    X(3) = (vo * Cbo) * (t + 1/k.* (exp(-k*t)-1));
end
if (t >= t1)
    X(1) = V1;
    X(2) = Nb1*exp(-k*(t-t1));
    X(3) = (vo * Cbo) * (t1 - 1/k.* (1-exp(-k*t1)) *exp(-k*(t-t1)));
end
X = [X(1) \ X(2) \ X(3)]
```





Matlab Code

```
% F(1) = FCO2, F(2) = FCO, F(3) = FO2, F(4) = FN2, F(5) = FNO, function
G = No2main(F)
FTot = (F(1)) + (F(2)) + (F(3)) + (F(4)) + (F(5)); % mol/h
PTot = 10.0; % atm
K1 = 0.3272; % Rxn 1 eqm constant
K2 = 0.1222; % Rxn 2 eqm constant
G = [F(1) + F(2) - 2; % C balance
     3*F(1) + F(2) + 2*F(3) + F(5) - 6; % O balance
     2*F(4) + F(5) + - 2; % N balance
     F(2)*(F(3)^0.5)*(PTot^0.5)/(F(1)*(FTot^0.5)) - K1; % Rxn 1 equilibrium
     ((F(5))/(F(1)*F(3))^0.5) - K2]; % Rxn 2 equilibrium
End
function No2fzero F0 =
[1 1 1 1 1]; % mol/h
options=optimset('Display','iter'); % Option to display output
[F, fval, exitflag imp] = fsolve(@No2main, F0, options) end
  Output
gives:
               0.4612
F = 1.5388
                          0.4125
                                    0.9513
                                               0.0974
fval =
     1.0e-
10 *
    0.0006
0.0001
    0.0000
0.1531
    0.0157
exitflag imp =
     1
Equilibrium Compositions =>
FCO2 = 1.5388 mol/min
FCO = 0.4612 \text{ mol/min}
FO2 = 0.4125 mol/min
                          FN2
= 0.9513 \text{ mol/min}
FNO = 0.0974 \text{ mol/min}
```