

# Calcolo della risposta al gradino unitario per un sistema LTI-TC

```
In[*]:= ClearAll["Global`*"]
```

Inserisco la terna A, B, C

```
In[*]:= A = {{0, 1, 0}, {0, 0, 1}, {-21, -31, -11}}; B = {{0}, {0}, {1}}; C1 = {{1, 2, 0}};
```

Calcolo la FdT del sistema

```
In[*]:= G[s_] := Simplify[C1.Inverse[s IdentityMatrix[3] - A].B]
```

```
In[*]:= G[s]
```

```
Out[*]=
```

$$\left\{ \left\{ \frac{1 + 2s}{21 + 31s + 11s^2 + s^3} \right\} \right\}$$

```
In[*]:= Solve[Denominator[G[s][[1, 1]] == 0, s]
```

```
Out[*]=
```

$$\{\{s \rightarrow -7\}, \{s \rightarrow -3\}, \{s \rightarrow -1\}\}$$

```
In[*]:= Factor[G[s]]
```

```
Out[*]=
```

$$\left\{ \left\{ \frac{1 + 2s}{(1 + s)(3 + s)(7 + s)} \right\} \right\}$$

La risposta al Gradino unitario e' pari a  $\frac{G(s)}{s}$

```
In[*]:= Factor[G[s][[1, 1]] × LaplaceTransform[UnitStep[t], t, s]]
```

```
Out[*]=
```

$$\frac{1 + 2s}{s(1 + s)(3 + s)(7 + s)}$$

```
In[*]:= Y[s_] := G[s][[1, 1]] × LaplaceTransform[UnitStep[t], t, s]
```

```
In[*]:= C1 = lim s Y[s]
```

```
Out[*]=
```

$$\frac{1}{21}$$

```
In[*]:= C2 = lim (s + 3) Y[s]
```

```
Out[*]=
```

$$-\frac{5}{24}$$

In[\*]:=  $C_3 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -7} (s + 7) Y[s]$

Out[\*]=  

$$\frac{13}{168}$$

In[\*]:=  $C_4 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} (s + 1) Y[s]$

Out[\*]=  

$$\frac{1}{12}$$

In[\*]:= **Apart**[Y[s]]

Out[\*]=  

$$\frac{1}{21 s} + \frac{1}{12 (1 + s)} - \frac{5}{24 (3 + s)} + \frac{13}{168 (7 + s)}$$

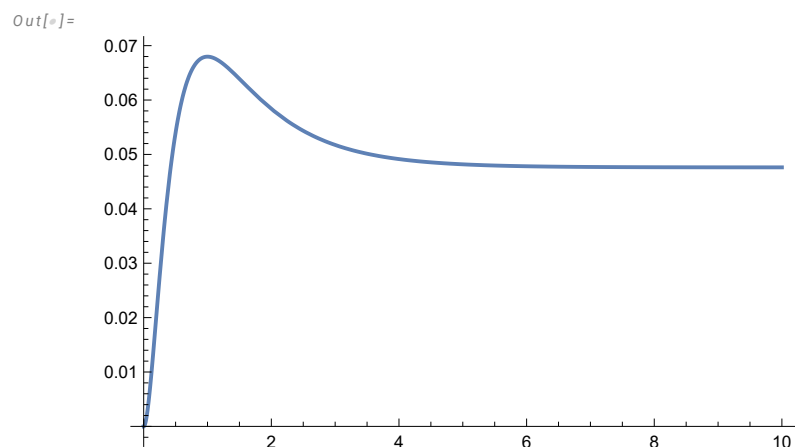
In[\*]:=  $y_f[t_] := \text{Expand}\left[\text{InverseLaplaceTransform}\left[\frac{G[s][[1, 1]]}{s}, s, t\right]\right]$

In[\*]:=  $y_f[t]$

Out[\*]=  

$$\frac{1}{21} + \frac{13 e^{-7 t}}{168} - \frac{5 e^{-3 t}}{24} + \frac{e^{-t}}{12}$$

In[\*]:= **Plot**[ $y_f[t]$ , {t, 0, 10}, PlotRange → All]



In[\*]:=  $y_f[t]$

Out[\*]=  

$$\frac{1}{21} + \frac{13 e^{-7 t}}{168} - \frac{5 e^{-3 t}}{24} + \frac{e^{-t}}{12}$$

In[\*]:=  $y_f[t] /. \{t \rightarrow 0\}$

Out[\*]=  

$$0$$

In[\*]:= **LaplaceTransform**[Sin[t] × UnitStep[t], t, s]

Out[\*]=  

$$\frac{1}{1 + s^2}$$

Calcolo la risposta forzata al segnale periodico elementare  $\sin(t)$  1(t)

$$\text{In[*]} := Y[s_] := G[s] \llbracket 1, 1 \rrbracket \left( \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} \right)$$

$$\text{In[*]} := Y[s]$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$\frac{1 + 2 s}{(1 + s^2) (21 + 31 s + 11 s^2 + s^3)}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := \text{Factor}[Y[s]]$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$\frac{1 + 2 s}{(1 + s) (3 + s) (7 + s) (1 + s^2)}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := \text{Apart}[Y[s]]$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{24 (1 + s)} + \frac{1}{16 (3 + s)} - \frac{13}{1200 (7 + s)} + \frac{7 - s}{100 (1 + s^2)}$$

Calcolo i coefficienti dell'espansione in fratti semplici

$$\text{In[*]} := \frac{D_1}{s + \mathbf{i}} + \frac{D_2}{s - \mathbf{i}} + \frac{D_3}{s + 1} + \frac{D_4}{s + 3} + \frac{D_5}{s + 7}$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$-\frac{\frac{1}{200} + \frac{7 \mathbf{i}}{200}}{-\mathbf{i} + s} - \frac{\frac{1}{200} - \frac{7 \mathbf{i}}{200}}{\mathbf{i} + s} - \frac{1}{24 (1 + s)} + \frac{1}{16 (3 + s)} - \frac{13}{1200 (7 + s)}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := D_1 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -\mathbf{i}} (s + \mathbf{i}) Y[s]$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{200} + \frac{7 \mathbf{i}}{200}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := D_2 = \lim_{s \rightarrow \mathbf{i}} (s - \mathbf{i}) Y[s]$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{200} - \frac{7 \mathbf{i}}{200}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := D_3 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -1} (s + 1) Y[s]$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$-\frac{1}{24}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := D_4 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -3} (s + 3) Y[s]$$

$$\text{Out[*]} =$$

$$\frac{1}{16}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := D_5 = \lim_{s \rightarrow -7} (s + 7) Y[s]$$

Out[\*]=

$$-\frac{13}{1200}$$

$$\text{In[*]} := \frac{D_1}{s + i} + \frac{D_2}{s - i} + \frac{D_3}{s + 1} + \frac{D_4}{s + 3} + \frac{D_5}{s + 7}$$

Out[\*]=

$$-\frac{\frac{1}{200} + \frac{7i}{200}}{-i + s} - \frac{\frac{1}{200} - \frac{7i}{200}}{i + s} - \frac{1}{24(1 + s)} + \frac{1}{16(3 + s)} - \frac{13}{1200(7 + s)}$$

Voglio evidenziare la risposta a regime, la formula e' questa  $2 \operatorname{Re}(D \exp(jt))$

$$\text{In[*]} := \text{ComplexExpand}[2 \operatorname{Re}[D_2 \operatorname{Exp}[I t]]]$$

Out[\*]=

$$-\frac{\cos[t]}{100} + \frac{7 \sin[t]}{100}$$

Come trasformare la combinazione lineare di due segnali periodici elementari nella forma amplitude-phase  $X \sin(\omega t + \theta)$

$$\text{In[*]} := \text{Solve}\left[\left\{\left\{X \sin[t + \theta] == -\frac{\cos[t]}{100} + \frac{7 \sin[t]}{100}\right\} /. \{t \rightarrow 0\},\right.\right. \\ \left.\left.D[X \sin[t + \theta], t] == D\left[-\frac{\cos[t]}{100} + \frac{7 \sin[t]}{100}, t\right] /. \{t \rightarrow 0\}, X > 0\right\}, \{X, \theta\}\right]$$

Out[\*]=

$$\left\{\left\{X \rightarrow \frac{1}{10\sqrt{2}} \text{ if } c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}, \theta \rightarrow 2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-10 + 7\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}}\right] + 2\pi c_1 \text{ if } c_1 \in \mathbb{Z}\right\}\right\}$$