

Summer 2023

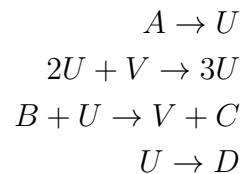
Exercise 8

Release: 09.06.2023

Due: 13.06.2023

Question 1: Reaction-Diffusion in 2D - The Brusselator

We couple diffusion with a complex reaction system, the Brusselator equations. These equations exhibit under certain conditions a Turing pattern. The Brusselator model assumes two species U and V with concentrations $u = [U]$ and $v = [V]$ that interact in the following way:



The two species of interest, U and V, are autocatalytic species. The differential equations given in dimensionless form for these species are:

$$\begin{aligned} u_t &= a + ku^2v - (b + 1)u \\ v_t &= bu - ku^2v \end{aligned}$$

- a) Please implement the right hand side of the ODE system for reaction terms in *applyBrusselator.m*. The function reads like this:

```
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
% Code for Exercise 7 – Brusselator model
%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%%
%
% Input
% u:      (numParticles x 1)–Vector of concentration
%         of species u
% v:      (numParticles x 1)–Vector of concentration
%         of species v
% a:      Scalar parameter a
% b:      Scalar parameter b
```

```

% k:      Scalar reaction rate
%
% Output
% du:     (numParticles x 1)-vector of concentration
%          change of species u
% dv:     (numParticles x 1)-vector of concentration
%          change of species v
%
% function [du,dv] = applyBrusselator(u,v,a,b,k)

```

Test the code using $a = 2$, $b = 6$ and $k = 1$. Choose the time step $dt = 0.01$ and end time $T = 20$. Set the initial values $u_0 = 0.7$ and $v_0 = 0.04$. Plot the time evolution of u and v . The resulting plot should look like this:

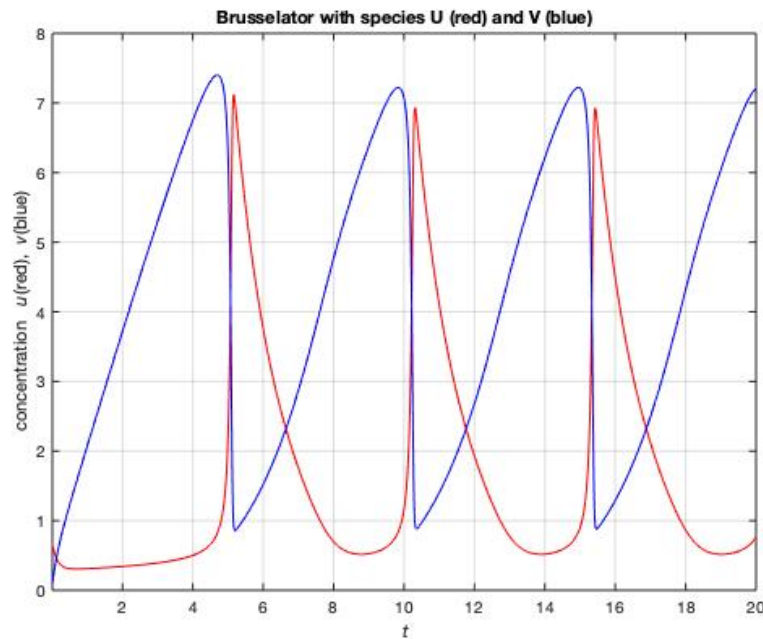


Figure 1: Solution of the Brusselator model

- b) Now we couple the Brusselator reactions with diffusion. Place 51 particles per dimension on a grid in the $[0,81] \times [0,81]$ domain. Add the `applyBrusselator` term to the RHS of the time integrator in your code. Initialize the strengths for u_0 uniformly at random and v_0 uniformly at random with an average offset of 7 compared to u_0 . Use the settings for a , b , and k as described above. Set the diffusion constant $D = 10$ and simulate the system until $T = 10$. Plot the time evolution of u and v in the 2D domain. What do you observe? Look at the scales of the two species u and v . How do they change? Play with the setting of the diffusion constant D and the rate constant k in the reaction term! What influence do the changes of D and k have on the behavior of the system and why?