

Code Review 1:

a)

```
<form action="thankYou.html">
```

Upon submission this would send you to a separate page, just to thank the user for submitting the form

b)

Thank you! I will get back to you soon!

c) instead of sending them to another page, just to say thank you. We can create a notification that says the same thing. This way, the user is not inconvenienced by moving them to a new page for no reason. This is better because, the user will still be on the page and be able to interact with some parts of the website that maybe they have been wanting to.

d)

```
<a href="index.html" onclick="submitAlert()" ><input type="submit" value="Submit"></a>
function submitAlert() {
    alert("Thank you for your submission.");
}
```

Using these two code snippets we are able to create an alert notification that is displayed on the webpage to the user. Improving upon the previous method.

e)

localhost:63342 says

Thank you for your submission.

OK

Code review2:

a)

```
<section class = "tactics">
  
</section>
<section class = "tactics">
  <h3>4-2-3-1 high press</h3>
  <p>
    A high tempo, pressing tactic where players will push forward <br>
    and look to regain possession in the attacking third<br>
    Best used when
    <ul>
      <li> wingers/fullbacks are fast and a focal point of the team</li>
      <li> a goal is needed</li>
      <li> team is the favourite to win</li>
    </ul>
  </p>
</section>
```

```
.tactics{
  width: 24%;
  margin-bottom: 1%;
  border-bottom: black solid;
  border-right: white dotted;
  background: rgba(0, 128, 0, 0.34);
}
.tactics:nth-child(2n){
  width: 67%;
  margin-bottom: 1%;
  border-bottom: black solid;
  background: rgba(0, 128, 0, 0.34);
  padding: 1%;
}
```



b)

On smaller-width devices, the implementation results in boxes that overlap, do not perform as intended, and detract from the website's content.

c) the desired outcome would be a situation that a) does not result in overlapping content, b) does not result in a narrow column of text that is hard to read, c) is still visually appealing

and comprehensible. To do so, implementation of a display based on size of window using javascript would be the solution. Doing such, would give me more freedom and flexibility to display the content in other ways, such as vertically, where the image and text and above/below eachother or (with the possibility of AND) horizontally, where image and text are beside eachother.

d)

```
<section class = "articles">
  
  <h2>4-2-3-1 high press</h2>
  <p>
    A high tempo, pressing tactic where players will push forward <br>
    and look to regain possession in the attacking third<br>
    Best used when
    <ul>
      <li> wingers/fullbacks are fast and a focal point of the team</li>
      <li> a goal is needed</li>
      <li> team is the favourite to win</li>
    </ul>
  </p>
  <button onclick="return confirmDownload()"><a class = "tacticsDownload" href="Misc/Resume.pdf" download="Resume">Download 4231Tactic</a></button>
</section>
```

```
.articles {
  flex-basis: 100%;
  background: var(--AccentColor);
}
```

Because i used a mobile first approach, the tablet and desktop versions are the ones where the min-width attribute are used to different screen sizes.

e)



4-2-3-1 high press

A high tempo, pressing tactic where players will push forward and look to regain possession in the attacking third
Best used when

- wingers/fullbacks are fast and a focal point of the team
- a goal is needed
- team is the favourite to win

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