

$$Tr[g^{-1}dg \cdot g^{-1}dg]$$

as  
We check if we can write first part

$$u^2 + v^2 + s^2 + t^2 = 1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta$$

with  
defined  
A sphere

$$2\sigma^2 (\sigma^2 u du + \sigma^2 v dv + \sigma^2 s ds + \sigma^2 t dt) + 2\sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta d\theta$$

Thus everything but last term is the same action  
this means the action can be written as

$$-2\sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta d\theta$$

$$= d\theta^2 + \sin^2 2\theta d\phi_1^2 + \cos^2 2\theta d\phi_2^2 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta (d\phi_2^2 - \cos^2 2\theta d\phi_1^2 - \sin^2 2\theta d\phi_2^2)$$

$$+ 2\sigma^2 (1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta) d\theta$$

$$du^2 + dv^2 + ds^2 + dt^2 = (1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta) (d\phi_1^2 + d\phi_2^2) + 2\sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta d\theta$$

Now notice

$$dt^2 =$$

$$ds^2 = \left( \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \cos \theta \sin \phi_2 d\phi_1 + \left( \frac{\sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta \cos \theta}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta}} - \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \sin \theta \right) \sin \phi_2 d\theta \right)^2$$

$$dv^2 = \left( \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \sin \theta \cos \phi_1 d\phi_1 + \left( \frac{\sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta \sin \theta}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta}} - \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \cos \theta \right) \sin \phi_1 d\theta \right)^2$$

$$du^2 = \left( -\sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \sin \theta \sin \phi_1 d\phi_1 + \left( \frac{\sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta \sin \theta}{\sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta}} + \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \cos \theta \right) \cos \phi_1 d\theta \right)^2$$

$$t = \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \cos \theta \sin \phi_2$$

$$s = \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \cos \theta \cos \phi_2$$

$$v = \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \sin \theta \sin \phi_1$$

$$u = \sqrt{1 + \sigma^2 \sin^2 2\theta} \sin \theta \cos \phi_1$$