



Name: **** Rollno.: null

	MCALE242 Internet of Things Lab			
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Program No	1
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To blink onboard LED and to interface external
	LED with Arduino and blink it
Date	20/3/2023

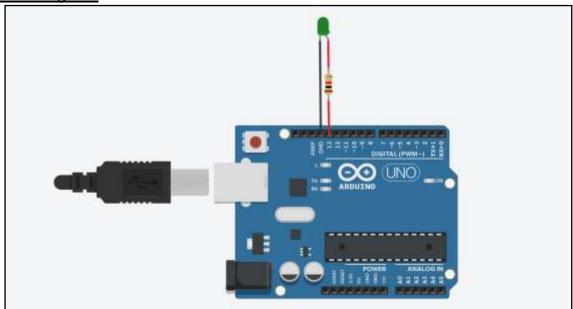
```
// C++ code
//
void setup()
{
    pinMode(LED_BUILTIN, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(0, OUTPUT);
}

void loop()
{
    digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, HIGH);
    delay(1000); // Wait for 1000 millisecond(s)
    digitalWrite(LED_BUILTIN, LOW);
    delay(1000); // Wait for 1000 millisecond(s)
    digitalWrite(0, HIGH);
    delay(1000); // Wait for 1000 millisecond(s)
    digitalWrite(0, HIGH);
    delay(1000); // Wait for 1000 millisecond(s)
}
```



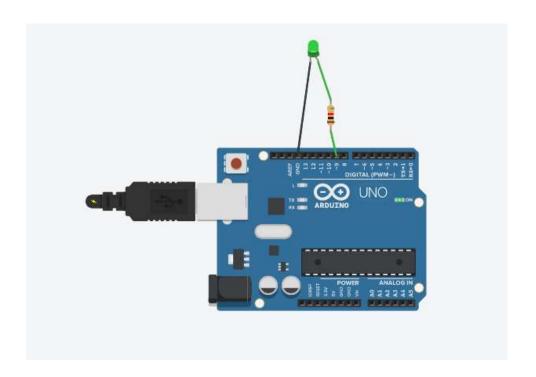


Circuit Diagram:









Program No	2
Name	***
Roll No	null
Objective	To interface LED with Arduino and show fading
	effect on it
Date	20/3/2023

```
// C++ code
//
int brightness = 0;
int fadeamt = 5;
void setup()
{
```

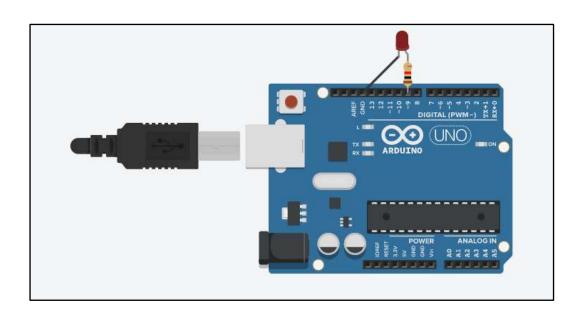




```
pinMode(9,OUTPUT);
}

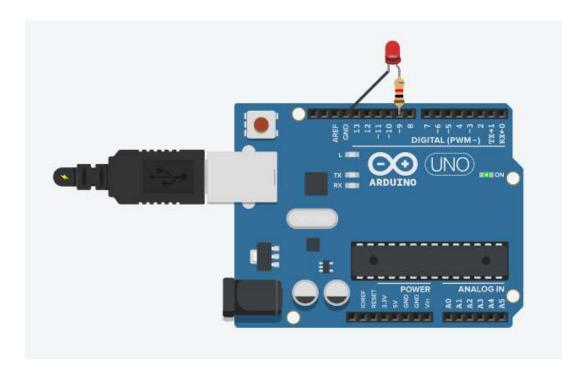
void loop()
{
    analogWrite(9,brightness);
    brightness = brightness + fadeamt;
    if(brightness == 0 || brightness == 255)
     fadeamt =- fadeamt;
    delay(30);
}
```

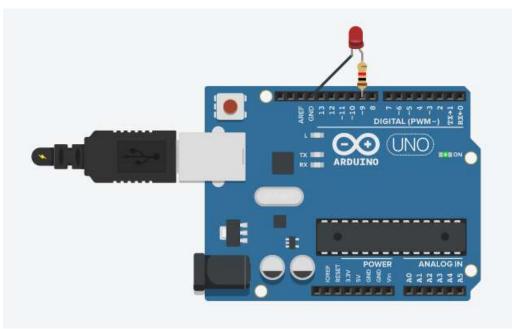
Circuit Diagram:















Program No	3
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	Interface RGB led with Arduino show RED ,Green Blue color and also different colors based on RGB values
Date	20/3/2023

```
// C++ code
//
int redpin = 9;
int greenpin = 10;
int bluepin= 11;
void setup()
```



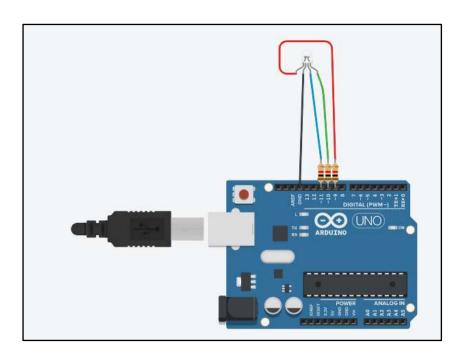


```
for(int i = 9; i < = 11; i++)
  pinMode(i,OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
  rgbcolor(255,0,0); //red
 delay(1000); // Delay a little bit to improve simulation performance
 rgbcolor(0,255,0); //blue
 delay(1000);
 rgbcolor(0,0,255); //green
 delay(1000);
 rgbcolor(255,0,255); //yellow
 delay(1000);
 rgbcolor(255,125,0); //magenta
 delay(1000);
 rgbcolor(0,255,255);
 delay(1000);
                   //cyan
void rgbcolor(int redvalue,int bluevalue,int greenvalue)
 analogWrite(redpin,redvalue);
 analogWrite(bluepin,bluevalue);
 analogWrite(greenpin,greenvalue);
}
```

Circuit Diagram:

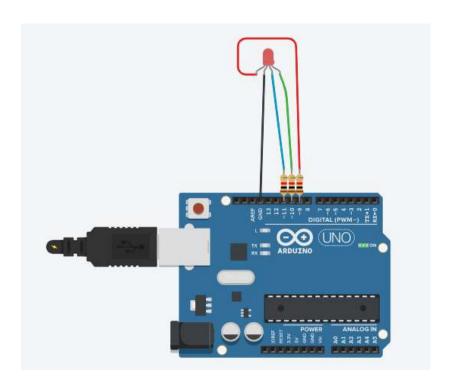


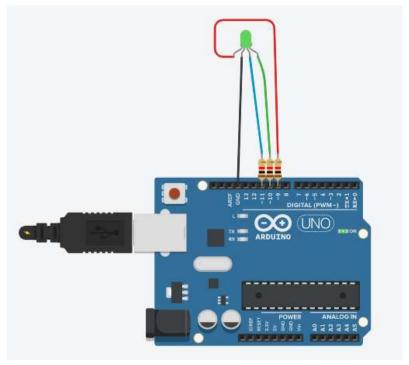






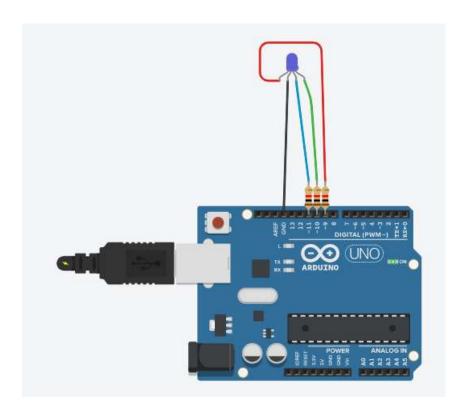












Program No	4
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To interface 5 LED's with Arduino and write a program to blink 6 LEDs, one at a time, in a back and forth formation.
Date	24/3/2023

```
// C++ code
//
int i = 0;
```

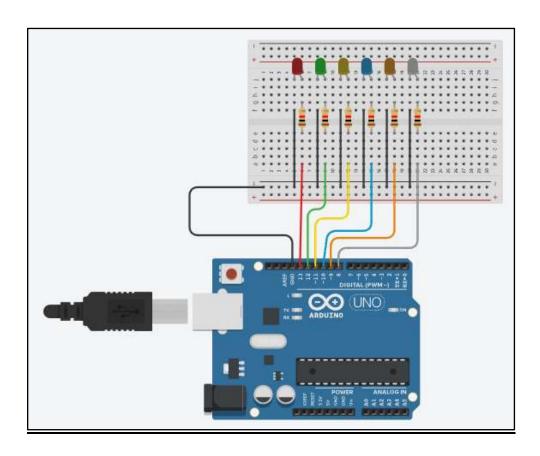




```
void setup()
 for(i=8;i<=13;i++)
  pinMode(i,OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
 for(i=13;i>=8;i--)
   digitalWrite(i,HIGH);
   delay(500);
   digitalWrite(i,LOW);
   delay(500);
 }
 for(i=8;i<=13;i++)
       digitalWrite(i,HIGH);
      delay(500);
      digitalWrite(i,LOW);
      delay(500);
Circuit diagram:
```

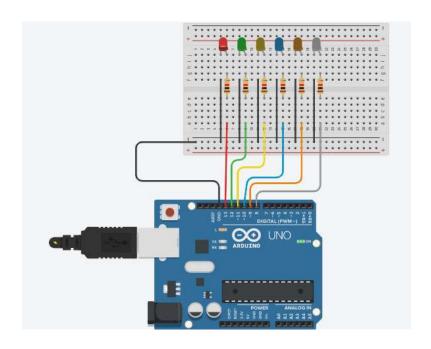


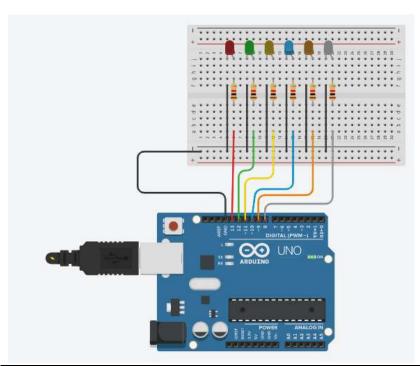












Program No	5
Name	****





Roll No	null
Objective	To interface 3 Push buttons, two LEDs and a buzzer with Arduino and write a program to turn ON LEDs, buzzer when push button is pressed.
Date	31/3/2023

```
// C++ code
//
int redled=13;
int greenled =12;
//int blueled=11;
int buzzer = 4;
int b1 = 8;
int b2 = 9;
int b3=10;
void setup()
 pinMode(redled, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(greenled, OUTPUT);
 //pinMode(blueled, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(buzzer, OUTPUT);
 pinMode(b1, INPUT_PULLUP);
 pinMode(b2, INPUT_PULLUP);
 pinMode(b3, INPUT_PULLUP);
void loop()
 int bstate1 = digitalRead(b1);
 int bstate2 = digitalRead(b2);
```





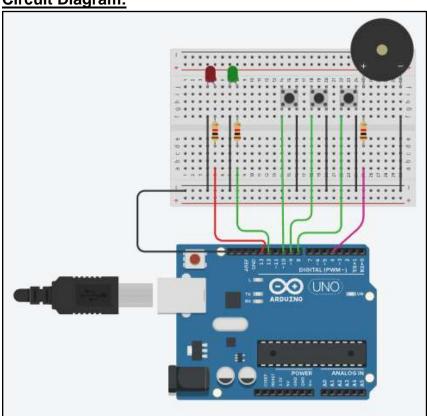
```
int bstate3 = digitalRead(b3);
if(bstate1==LOW)
 digitalWrite(redled,HIGH);
else
 digitalWrite(redled,LOW);
if(bstate2==LOW)
 digitalWrite(greenled,HIGH);
else
 digitalWrite(greenled,LOW);
/*if(bstate3==LOW)
 digitalWrite(blueled,HIGH);
else
 digitalWrite(blueled,LOW);
}*/
if(bstate3==LOW)
 digitalWrite(buzzer,HIGH);
}
else
 digitalWrite(buzzer,LOW);
```





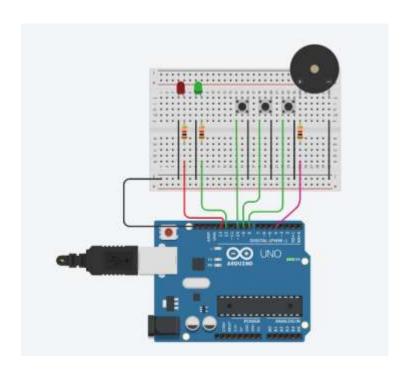
}

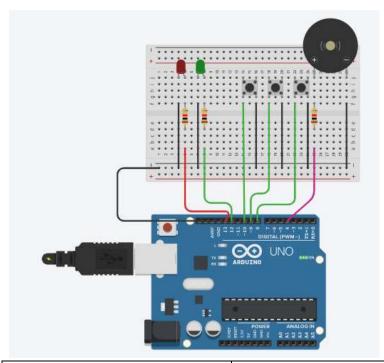
Circuit Diagram:















Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To interface Seven Segment Display (SSD) with Arduino write a program to blink SSD and print numbers 0 to 9 on it
Date	11/4/2023

```
// C++ code
int sega =2;
int segb=3;
int segc = 4;
int segd = 5;
int sege = 6;
int segf=7;
int segg=8;
void setup()
 for(int i = 1; i < = 8; i++)
 pinMode(i ,OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
 display(0,0,0,0,0,0,0);
 delay(500);
 display(1,1,1,1,1,1,0);//0
 delay(500);
 display(0,1,1,0,0,0,0);//1
 delay(500);
 display(1,1,0,1,1,0,1);//2
```



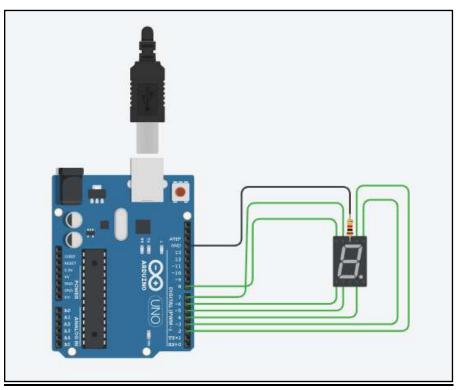


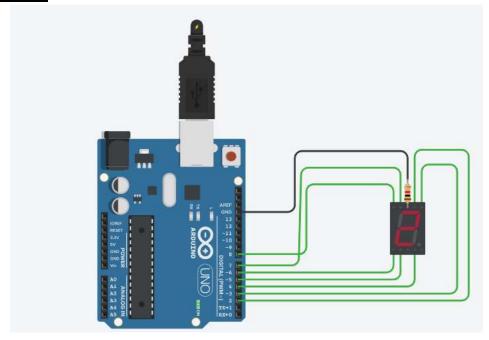
```
delay(500);
 display(1,1,1,1,0,0,1);//3
 delay(500);
 display(0,1,1,0,0,1,1);//4
 delay(500);
 display(1,0,1,1,0,1,1);//5
 delay(500);
 display(1,0,1,1,1,1,1);//6
 delay(500);
 display(1,1,1,0,0,0,0);//7
 delay(500);
 display(1,1,1,1,1,1,1);//8
 delay(500);
 display(1,1,1,1,0,1,1);//9
 delay(500);
}
void display(int a,int b,int c,int d, int e,int f,int g)
digitalWrite(sega,a);
digitalWrite(segb,b);
digitalWrite(segc,c);
digitalWrite(segd,d);
digitalWrite(sege,e);
digitalWrite(segf,f);
digitalWrite(segg,g);
```

Circuit Diagram:



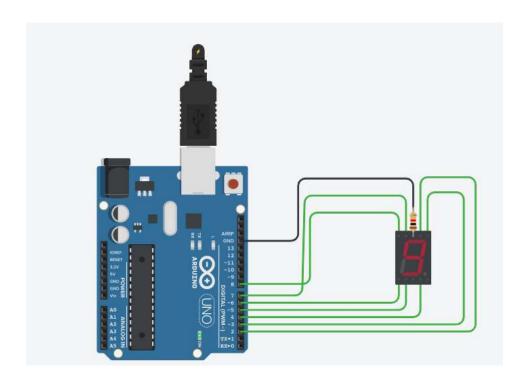












Program No	7
Name	****





Roll No	null
Objective	To print 0 to 99 on two digit SSD
Date	11/4/2023

```
// declare some variables
int a1 = 12;
int b1 = 13;
int c1 = 7;
int d1 = 8;
int e1 = 9;
int f1 = 11;
int g1 = 10;
int a2 = 5;
int b2 = 6;
int c2 = 0;
int d2 = 1;
int e2 = 2;
int f2 = 4;
int g2 = 3;
// the setup routine runs once when you press reset:
void setup() {
for(int i = 0; i <= 13; i++)
 pinMode(i,OUTPUT);
}
//define of the method to control the first display
void display2 (int a, int b, int c, int d, int e, int f, int g)
{
 digitalWrite (a2,a);
 digitalWrite (b2,b);
 digitalWrite (c2,c);
```





```
digitalWrite (d2,d);
 digitalWrite (e2,e);
 digitalWrite (f2,f);
 digitalWrite (g2,g);
//define of the method to control the second display
void display1 (int a, int b, int c, int d, int e, int f, int g)// Función del display
{
 digitalWrite (a1,a);
 digitalWrite (b1,b);
 digitalWrite (c1,c);
 digitalWrite (d1,d);
 digitalWrite (e1,e);
 digitalWrite (f1,f);
 digitalWrite (g1,g);
}
//Define of the count down method for the second display
void display2play ()
{
 display2(1,1,1,1,1,1,0);//0
 delay(500);
 display2(0,1,1,0,0,0,0);//1
 delay(500);
 display2(1,1,0,1,1,0,1);//2
 delay(500);
 display2(1,1,1,1,0,0,1);//3
 delay(500);
 display2(0,1,1,0,0,1,1);//4
 delay(500);
 display2(1,0,1,1,0,1,1);//5
 delay(500);
 display2(1,0,1,1,1,1,1);//6
 delay(500);
 display2(1,1,1,0,0,0,0);//7
```





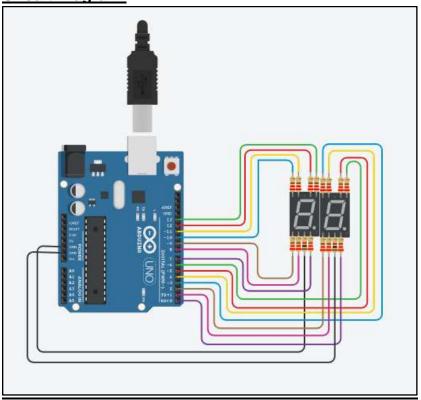
```
delay(500);
 display2(1,1,1,1,1,1,1);//8
 delay(500);
 display2(1,1,1,1,0,1,1);//9
//Defintion of the loop
void loop() {
  display1(1,1,1,1,1,1,0);//0
  display2(1,1,1,1,1,1,0);//0
  delay(500);
  display2play();//0-9 on SSD2
  delay(500);
  display1(0,1,1,0,0,0,0);//1 on SSD1
  display2play();//0-9 on SSD2
  delay(500);
       display1(1,1,0,1,1,0,1);//2 on SSD1
  display2play();//0-9 on SSD2
       delay(500);
  display1(1,1,1,1,0,0,1);//3 on SSD1
  display2play();
       delay(500);
       display1(0,1,1,0,0,1,1);
  display2play();
       delay(500);
  display1(1,0,1,1,0,1,1);//5 on SSD1
  display2play();
       delay(500);
  display1(1,0,1,1,1,1,1);
  display2play();
  delay(500);
       display1(1,1,1,0,0,0,0);
  display2play();
       delay(500);
       display1(1,1,1,1,1,1,1);
```





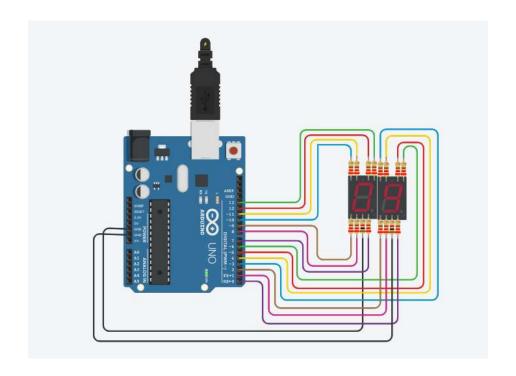
```
display2play();
    delay(500);
    display1(1,1,1,1,0,1,1);
    display2play();
}
```

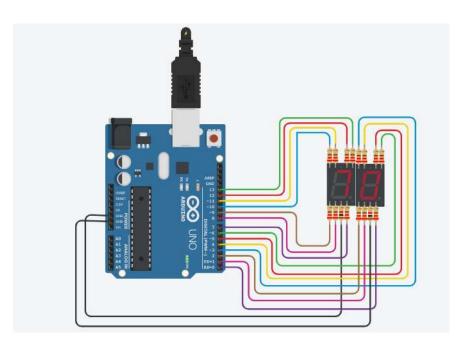
Circuit Diagram:











Program No	8
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Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To control LED lights using potentiometer
	interfaced with Arduino
Date	20/4/2023

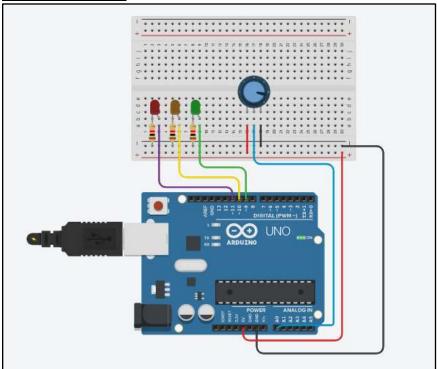
```
// C++ code
void setup()
for(int i = 11; i <= 13; i++)
 pinMode(i,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(A0,INPUT);
 Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
int potval = analogRead(A0);
int input = map(potval, 0, 1023, 0, 255);
Serial.println(potval);
for(int i=9; i<=11; i++)
 analogWrite(i,input);
 /*Serial.println(potval);
 if(potval >800)
  digitalWrite(11,HIGH);
  digitalWrite(12,LOW);
  digitalWrite(13,LOW);
  }
```





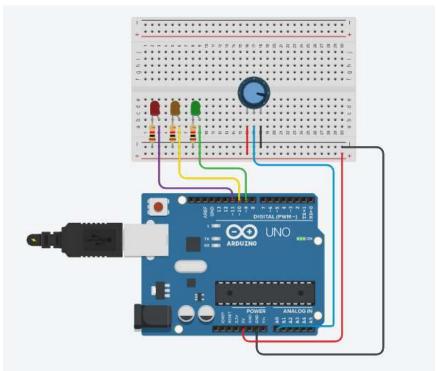
```
else if(potval > 500)
{
    digitalWrite(11,LOW);
    digitalWrite(12,HIGH);
    digitalWrite(13,LOW);
}
    else if(potval > 100)
{
    digitalWrite(11,LOW);
    digitalWrite(12,LOW);
    digitalWrite(13,HIGH);
}*/
}
```

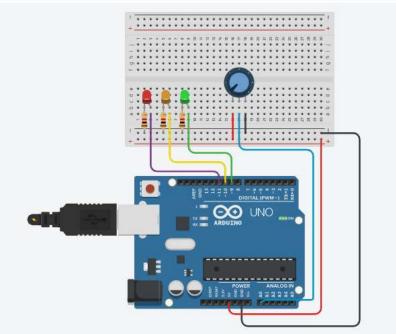
Circuit Diagram:











Program No	9
Name	***





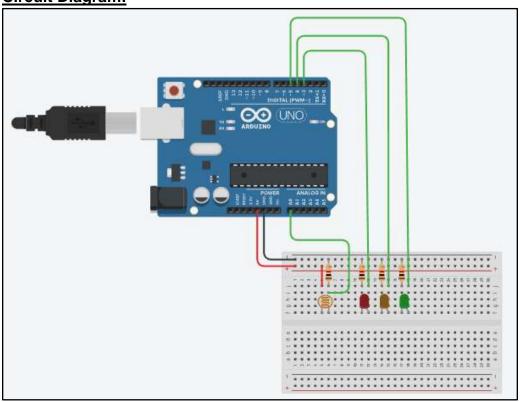
Roll No	null
Objective	To interface LED, Photoresistor (LDR) with
	Arduino and write a program to increase and
	decrease the brightness of the LED based on the
	amount of light present
Date	20/4/2023

```
// C++ code
int ldrvalue=0;
void setup()
{
 for(int i = 3; i < = 5; i++)
  pinMode(i,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(A0,INPUT);
 Serial.begin(9600);
}
void loop()
 Idrvalue=analogRead(A0);
 Serial.println(ldrvalue);
 if(ldrvalue <=250)
 for(int i = 3; i < = 5; i++)
   digitalWrite(i,HIGH);
 }
 else
   for(int i = 3; i < = 5; i++)
    digitalWrite(i,LOW);
 }
}
```



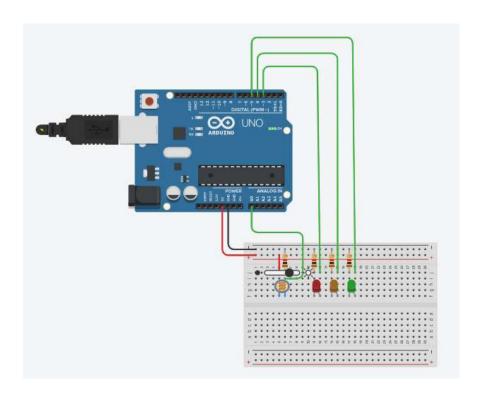


Circuit Diagram:



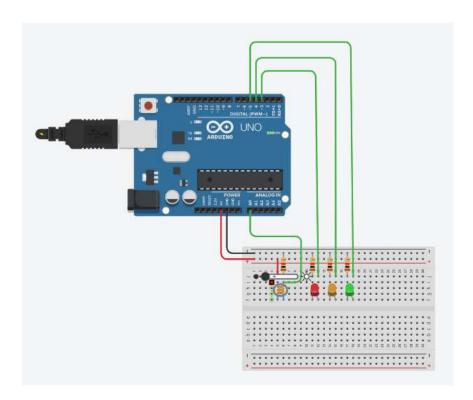
















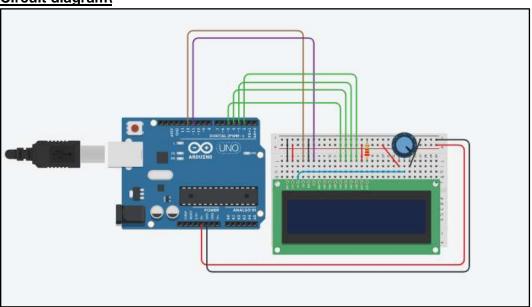
Program No	10
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To interface LCD, potentiometer and with
	Arduino and write a program to display "Hello"
	message on LCD
Date	27/4/2023

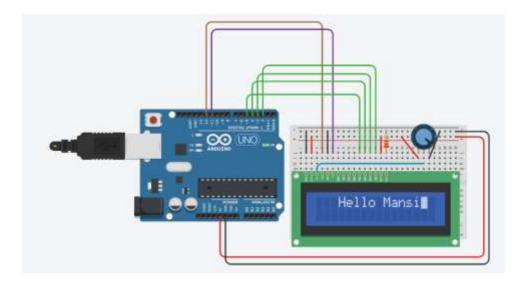
```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal lcd(12, 11, 5, 4, 3, 2);
void setup()
{
lcd.begin(16, 2); // Set up the number of columns and rows on the LCD.
}
void loop()
{
lcd.setCursor(0,0);
lcd.blink();
lcd.print("Hello Mansi");
lcd.autoscroll();
delay(500);
}
```





Circuit diagram\









Program No	11
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To interface LCD, potentiometer and temperature
	sensor with Arduino and write a program to
	display temperature on LCD
Date	27/4/2023

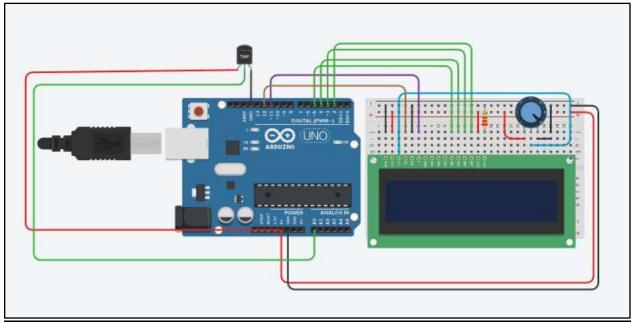
```
#include<LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal lcd(12, 11, 5, 4, 3, 2);
float tempvalue = 0.0;
void setup()
lcd.begin(16, 2);
}
void loop()
 tempvalue = analogRead(A0);
 lcd.setCursor(0,0);
 lcd.print("Temperature : ");
  lcd.print(tempvalue);
 /*lcd.blink();
 lcd.print(" Hello");
 lcd.setCursor(2,1);
 lcd.print("Good morning");*/
 delay(1000);
 lcd.clear();
/* lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
 // print from 0 to 9:
 //lcd.setCursor(16, 1);
```





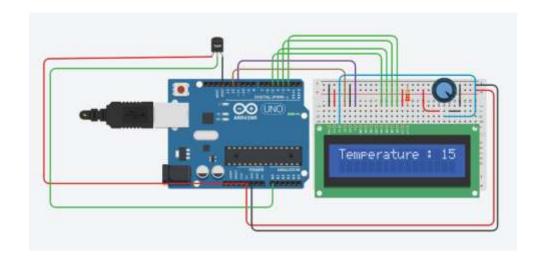
```
for (int thisChar = 0; thisChar < 10; thisChar++) {
    lcd.print(thisChar);
    delay(500);
    }
    lcd.clear();*/
}</pre>
```

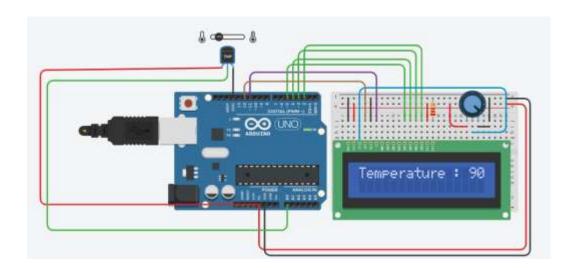
Circuit Diagram:















Program No	12
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To design a smart light IoT project using LDR and PIR sensor interfaced with Arduino
Date	4/5/2023

```
// C++ code
//
int ldrvalue=0;
int pir = 0;
void setup()
{
  for(int i =3;i<=5;i++)
    pinMode(i,OUTPUT);
  pinMode(A0,INPUT);
  pinMode(6,INPUT);
  Serial.begin(9600);
}

void loop()
{
  ldrvalue=analogRead(A0);</pre>
```

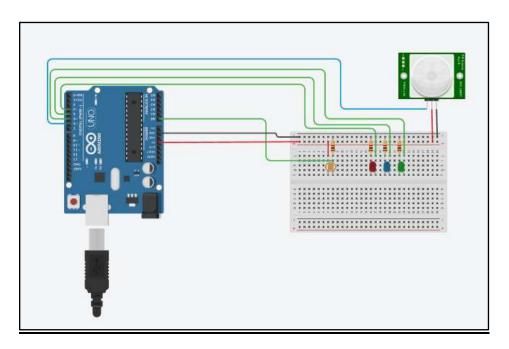


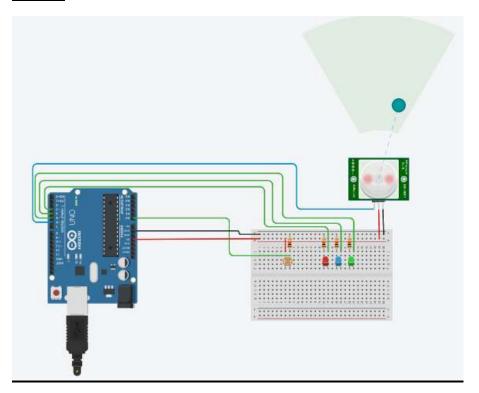


```
pir = digitalRead(6);
Serial.println(ldrvalue);
Serial.println(pir);
if(ldrvalue <300 && pir==HIGH)
{
  for(int i= 3;i<=5;i++)
    digitalWrite(i,HIGH);
}
else
{
  for(int i= 3;i<=5;i++)
    digitalWrite(i,LOW);
}</pre>
```









Program No	13
------------	----





Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To develop a smart dustbin using Ultrasonic
	sensor and Servo Motor interface with Arduino
Date	20/3/2023

```
#include <Servo.h>
int led = 6;
Servo s;
int triggerPin = 9;
int echoPin = 8;
long readUltrasonicTime()
{
 digitalWrite(triggerPin, LOW);
 delayMicroseconds(2);
 digitalWrite(triggerPin, HIGH);
 delayMicroseconds(10);
 digitalWrite(triggerPin, LOW);
 int pulseTime = pulseIn(echoPin, HIGH);
 return pulseTime;
void setup()
 Serial.begin(9600);
```



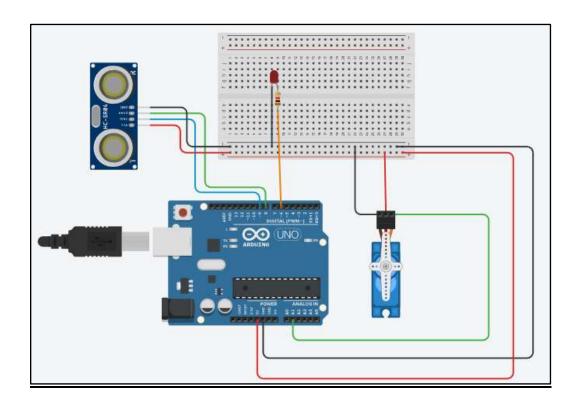


```
s.attach(A1);
 s.write(0);
 pinMode(triggerPin,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(echoPin,INPUT);
 pinMode(led, OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
{ int millimeters;
 millimeters = readUltrasonicTime()/2*0.343;
 Serial.println(millimeters);
  if(millimeters >400){
  s.write(0);
  digitalWrite(led,LOW);
 }
 else {
  s.write(90);
  digitalWrite(led,HIGH);
  }
 delay(10);
 }
```

Circuit Diagram:

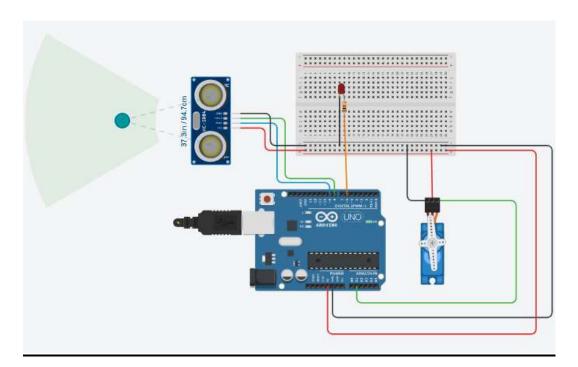


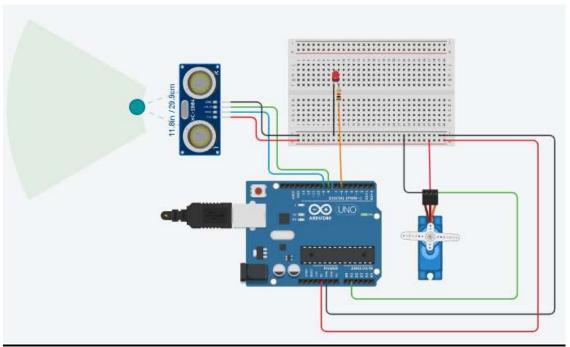












Program No	14
Name	***





Roll No	null
Objective	To develop a visitor counter using single digit SSD
	and PIR sensor interfaced with Arduino. Counter
	resets when it reaches 9
Date	11//2023

```
int segA = 2;
int segB=3;
int segC=4;
int segD=5;
int segE=6;
int segF=7;
int segG=8;
int pir =1;
int visitct = 0;
void setup()
{
for(int i = 2; i < 9; i++)
 pinMode(i,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(pir,INPUT);
}
void loop()
```





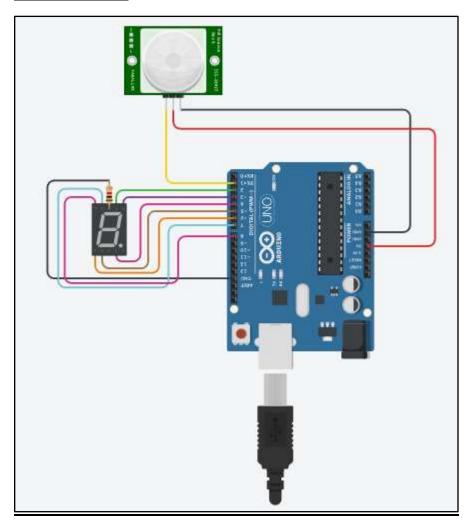
```
if(digitalRead(pir)==HIGH)
 {
  visitct++;
  delay(1000);
 if(visitct > 9) visitct = 0;
 if(visitct==0) display(1,1,1,1,1,1,0);
 if(visitct==1) display(0,1,1,0,0,0,0);
 if(visitct==2) display(1,1,0,1,1,0,1);
 if(visitct==3) display(1,1,1,1,0,0,1);
 if(visitct==4) display(0,1,1,0,0,1,1);
 if(visitct==5) display(1,0,1,1,0,1,1);
 if(visitct==6) display(1,0,1,1,1,1,1);
 if(visitct==7) display(1,1,1,0,0,0,0);
 if(visitct==8) display(1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1);
  if(visitct==9) display(1,1,1,1,0,1,1);
 }
void display(int a,int b,int c,int d,int e,int f,int g)
{
digitalWrite(segA,a);
digitalWrite(segB,b);
digitalWrite(segC,c);
digitalWrite(segD,d);
digitalWrite(segE,e);
```





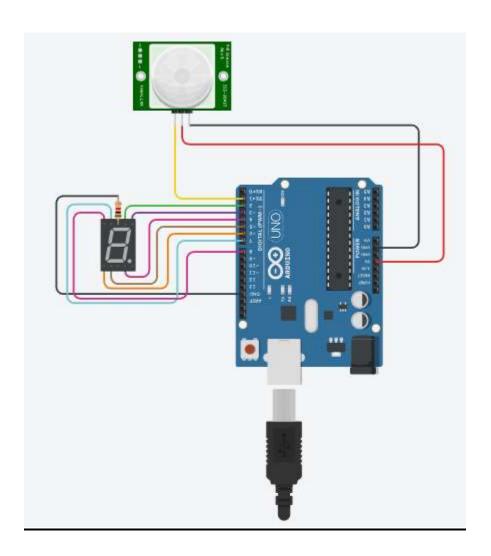
```
digitalWrite(segF,f);
digitalWrite(segG,g);
}
```

Circuit Diagram:



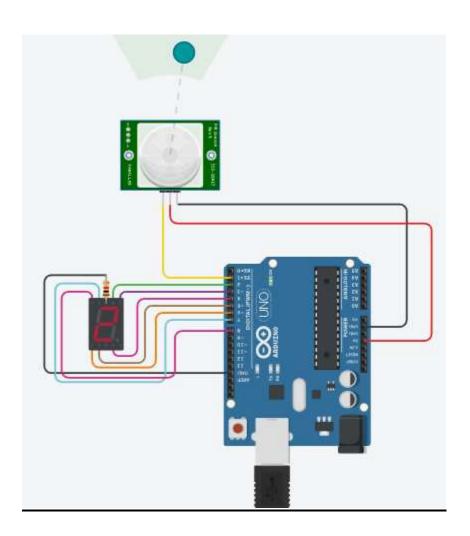






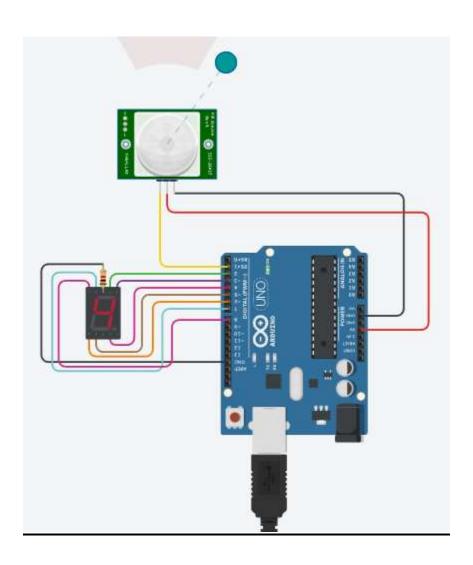
















Program No	15
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To develop visitor counter using LCD to display
	the count. Use LCD and PIR sensor with Arduino
Date	11/5/2023

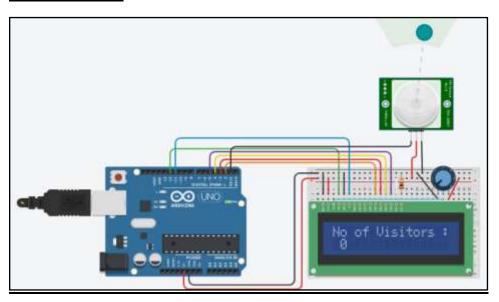
```
#include <LiquidCrystal.h>
LiquidCrystal lcd(12, 11, 2, 3, 4, 5);
int visitct = 0;
int pir =1;
void setup()
 lcd.begin(16, 2); // Set up the number of columns and rows on the LCD.
 pinMode(pir,INPUT);
}
void loop()
 lcd.setCursor(0,0);
 lcd.print("No of Visitors :");
 if(digitalRead(pir)==HIGH)
   { visitct++;
```





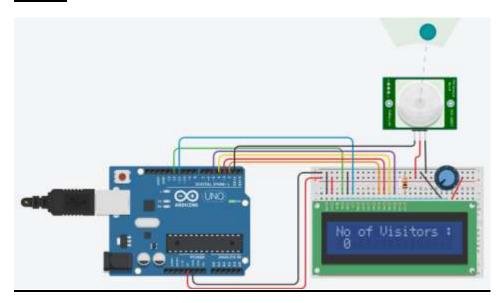
```
delay(1000); // Delay a little bit to improve simulation performance
}
lcd.setCursor(1,5);
lcd.print(visitct);
}
```

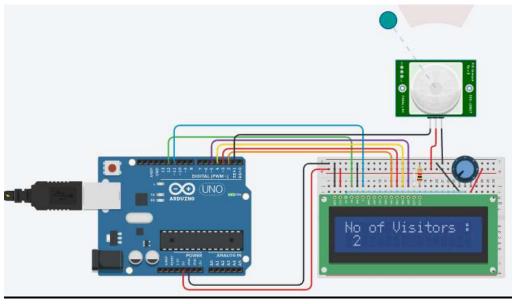
Circuit Diagram:





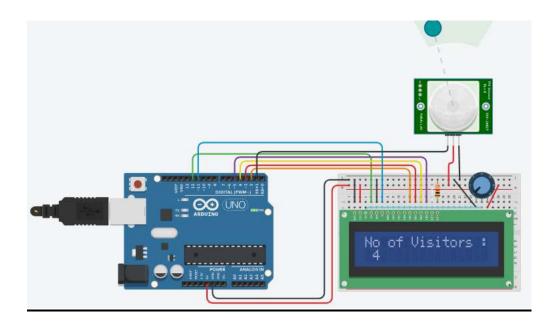
















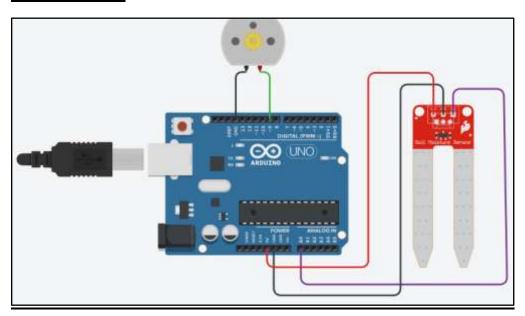
Program No	16
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To start to DC motor when moisture in soil < 250
	Interface DC motor , Soil sensor with Arduino
Date	16/5/2023

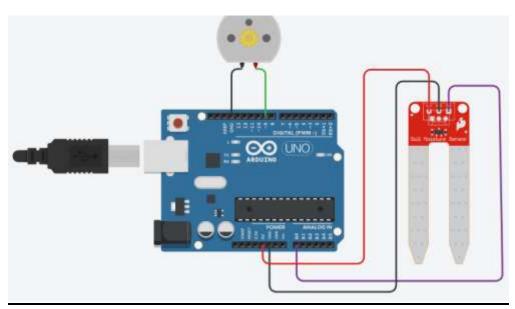
```
void setup()
 pinMode(A0, INPUT);
 Serial.begin(9600);
 pinMode(9, OUTPUT);
}
void loop()
 Serial.println(analogRead(A0));
 if (analogRead(A0) < 150) {
  digitalWrite(9, HIGH);
 } else {
  digitalWrite(9, LOW);
 }
 delay(10); // Delay a little bit to improve simulation performance
}
```





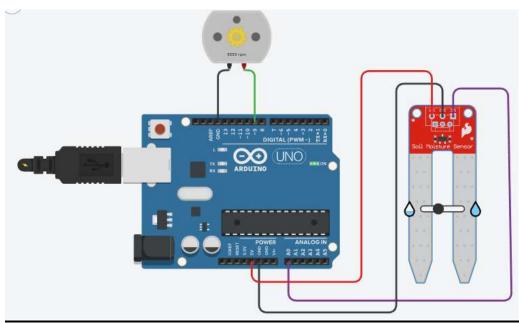
Circuit Diagram:

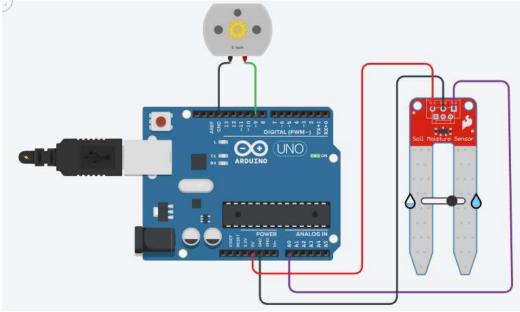












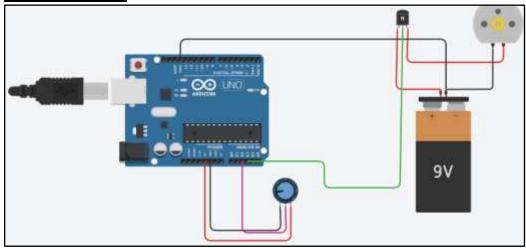




Program No	17
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	To control the DC motor using Potentiometer. Use
	NPN transistor with 9V battery
Date	16/5/2023

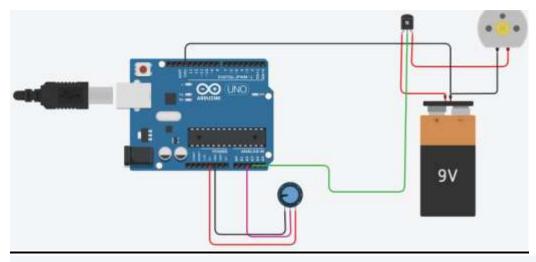
Code:

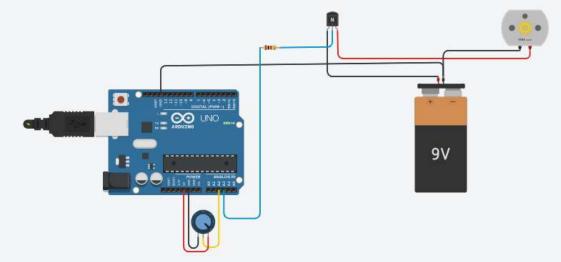
Circuit diagram:















Program No	18
Name	****
Roll No	null
Objective	Interface WIFI module with Arduino to send data
	to thinkspeak cloud and generate graphs
Date	16/5/2023

Temperature:

```
String ssid = "Simulator Wifi"; // SSID to connect to
String password = ""; // Our virtual wifi has no password
String host = "api.thingspeak.com"; // Open Weather Map API
const int httpPort = 80;
String url = "/update?api_key=KHHOPOR7FD2WTP54&field1=";
int setupESP8266(void) {
pinMode(12,OUTPUT);
// Start our ESP8266 Serial Communication
Serial.begin(115200); // Serial connection over USB to computer
Serial.println("AT"); // Serial connection on Tx / Rx port to ESP8266
delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond
if (!Serial.find("OK")) return 1;
// Connect to 123D Circuits Simulator Wifi
Serial.println("AT+CWJAP=\"" + ssid + "\",\"" + password + "\"");
delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond
if (!Serial.find("OK")) return 2;
// Open TCP connection to the host:
Serial.println("AT+CIPSTART=\"TCP\",\"" + host + "\"," + httpPort);
delay(50); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond
if (!Serial.find("OK")) return 3;
return 0;
```



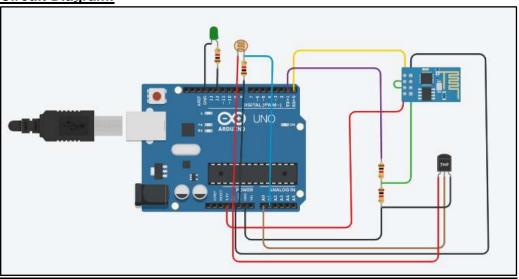


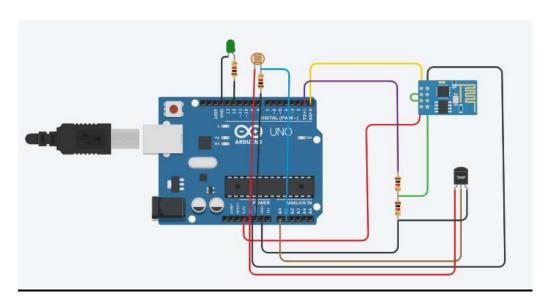
```
void anydata(void) {
int temp = map(analogRead(A0), 20, 358, -40, 125);
int ldr = analogRead(A1);
Serial.println(temp);
if(ldr <50) digitalWrite(12,HIGH);
else digitalWrite(12,LOW);
// Construct our HTTP call
String httpPacket = "GET" + url + String(temp) + " HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: " + host +
"\r\n\r\n";
int length = httpPacket.length();
// Send our message length
Serial.print("AT+CIPSEND=");
Serial.println(length);
delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond if (!Serial.find(">")) return -1;
// Send our http request
Serial.print(httpPacket);
delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond
if (!Serial.find("SEND OK\r\n")) return;
}
void setup() {
setupESP8266();
void loop() {
anydata();
delay(10000);
```





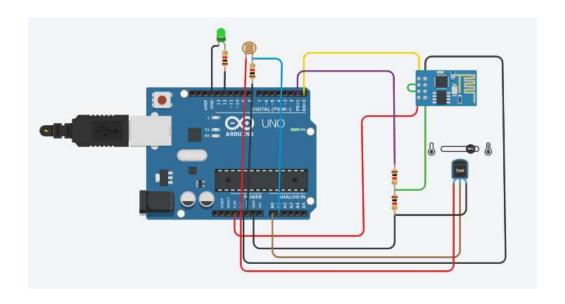
Circuit Diagram:











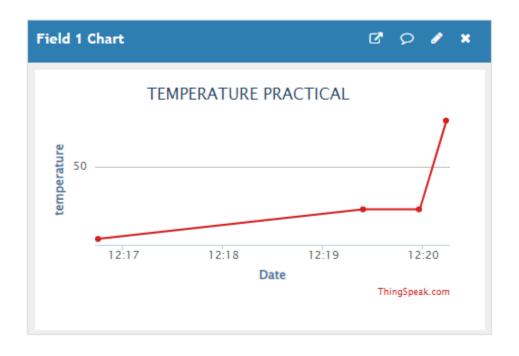
96 AT+CIPSEND=85

GET /update?api_key=KHHOPOR7FD2WTP54&field1=96 HTTP/1.1

Host: api.thingspeak.com







LDR:

Code:

String ssid = "Simulator Wifi"; // SSID to connect to
String password = ""; // Our virtual wifi has no password
String host = "api.thingspeak.com"; // Open Weather Map API
const int httpPort = 80;
String url = "/update?api_key=KHHOPOR7FD2WTP54&field1=";
int setupESP8266(void) {
pinMode(12,OUTPUT);
// Start our ESP8266 Serial Communication
Serial.begin(115200); // Serial connection over USB to computer

Serial.println("AT"); // Serial connection on Tx / Rx port to ESP8266 delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond if (!Serial.find("OK")) return 1;

// Connect to 123D Circuits Simulator Wifi
Serial.println("AT+CWJAP=\"" + ssid + "\",\"" + password + "\"");





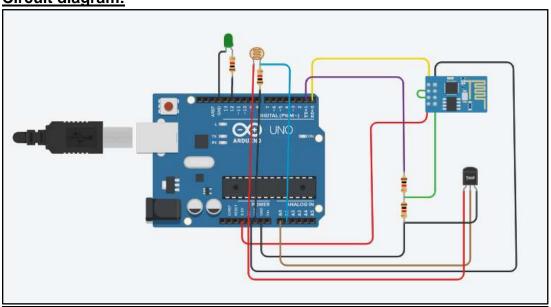
```
delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond
if (!Serial.find("OK")) return 2;
// Open TCP connection to the host:
Serial.println("AT+CIPSTART=\"TCP\",\"" + host + "\"," + httpPort);
delay(50); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond
if (!Serial.find("OK")) return 3;
return 0;
}
void anydata(void) {
int temp = map(analogRead(A0), 20, 358, -40, 125);
int ldr = analogRead(A1);
Serial.println(temp);
if(ldr <50) digitalWrite(12,HIGH);
else digitalWrite(12,LOW);
// Construct our HTTP call
String httpPacket = "GET" + url + String(temp) + " HTTP/1.1\r\nHost: " + host +
"\r\n\r\n";
int length = httpPacket.length();
// Send our message length
Serial.print("AT+CIPSEND=");
Serial.println(length);
delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond if (!Serial.find(">")) return -1;
// Send our http request
Serial.print(httpPacket);
delay(10); // Wait a little for the ESP to respond
if (!Serial.find("SEND OK\r\n")) return;
}
void setup() {
```





```
setupESP8266();
}
void loop() {
anydata();
delay(10000);
}
```

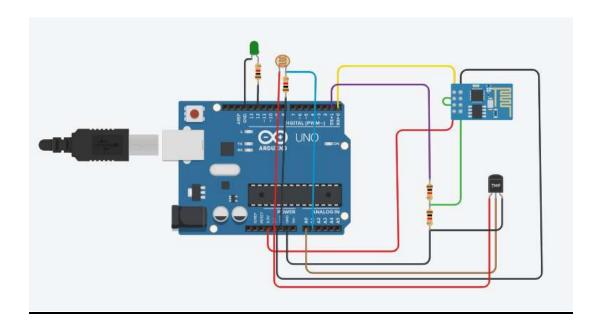
Circuit diagram:

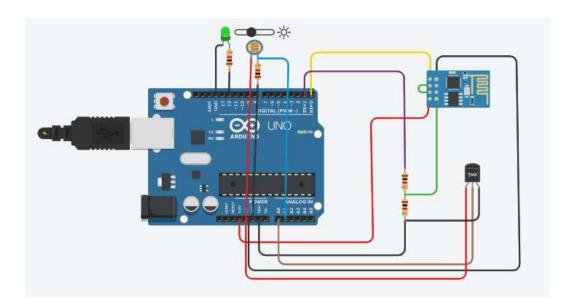


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6
AT+CIPSEND=84
GET /update?api_key=I5NIRW97AVWIZO8Y&field1=6 HTTP/1.1
Host: api.thingspeak.com





