

Student's Name: _____

Class: **Grade 12 LS**

Subject: **Math Worksheet**

Teacher's Name: **Jana Choufani**

Exponential Functions

I – Part A

Let f be the function defined over \mathbb{R} by $f(x) = a + (b - x)e^x$ and let (C) be its representative curve in an orthonormal system $(O; \vec{i}; \vec{j})$

Determine a and b if the curve (C) passes through the point $A(0;3)$ and admits on this point a tangent parallel to the line (D) of equation $y = x$.

Part B

Suppose that $f(x) = 1 + (2 - x)e^x$

- 1) Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$ and get the value of $f(2.5)$ in the decimal form.
- 2) Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$. Deduce an asymptote (d) to (C) . Study the relative position of (C) and (d) .
- 3) Calculate $f'(x)$ and set up the table of variations of f .
- 4) Prove that the curve (C) admits an inflection point.
- 5) Prove that the equation $f(x) = 0$ admits a unique solution α . Verify that $2.1 < \alpha < 2.2$
- 6) Trace (d) and (C) .
- 7) Determine according to the values of m , the number of solutions of the equation $(2 - x)e^x = m - 1$.

II- Part A

Let g be the function defined over \mathbb{R} by $g(x) = e^x - x - 1$

- 1) Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} g(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} g(x)$.
- 2) Calculate $g'(x)$ and set up the table of variations of g .
- 3) Deduce the sign of $g(x)$ over \mathbb{R} .

Part B

Let f be the function defined over \mathbb{R} by $f(x) = x + \frac{x+2}{e^x}$ and let (C) be the representative curve in the orthonormal system $(O; \vec{i}; \vec{j})$.

- 1) Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$.
- 2) Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$. Prove that the line (D) of equation $y = x$ is an asymptote to (C) and study the relative position of (C) and (D) .
- 3) Verify that $f'(x) = \frac{g(x)}{e^x}$. Set up the table of variations of f .
- 4) Calculate the coordinates of point A on (C) where the tangent (T) is parallel to (D) .
- 5) Prove that the equation $f(x) = 0$ admits a unique solution α . Prove that $-1.69 < \alpha < -1.68$
- 6) Trace (C) , (D) and (T) .

III- Let f be the function defined over \mathbb{R} by $f(x) = x + \frac{2e^x}{1+e^x}$. Let (C) be the representative curve in the orthonormal system $(O; \vec{i}; \vec{j})$.

- 1) Calculate $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x)$ and $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$.
- 2) Prove that the line (D_1) of equation $y = x$ is an asymptote to (C) at $-\infty$ and the line (D_2) of equation $y = x+2$ is an asymptote to (C) at $+\infty$.
- 3) Study the relative position of (C) with (D_1) and then with (D_2) .
- 4) Study the variations of f over \mathbb{R} and set up the table of variations.
- 5) Write the equation of the tangent (T) to (C) at the point of abscissa 0.
- 6) Prove that the point $I(0,1)$ is the center of symmetry of (C) of f .
- 7) Trace (C) , (D_1) , and (D_2) .

