## divergence tests of goodness of fit

testing pairwise independence of random variable X and Y with  $r_{\!X}$  and  $r_{\!Y}$  outcomes

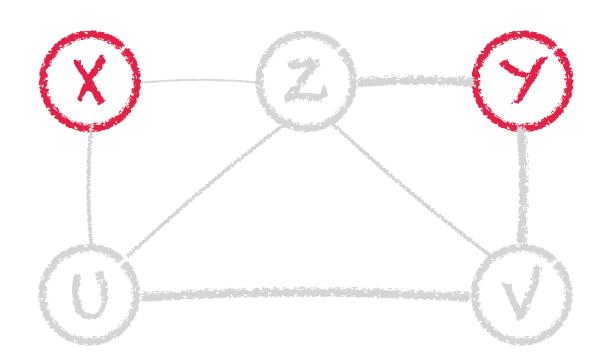
 $p = \text{model based on empirical distribution } p(x, y) \text{ with } d(p) = r_X r_Y - 1$   $q = X \perp Y \text{ such that } p(x) \cdot p(y) \text{ with } d(q) = (r_X - 1) + (r_Y - 1)$ 

Mog likelihood ratio test statistic

$$\chi^{2}((r_{X}-1)(r_{Y}-1)) = 2nD(p,q)$$

$$= 2n[H(X) + H(Y) - H(X,Y)]$$

$$= 2nJ(X,Y)$$



independence is rejected if

$$\chi^2((r_X-1)(r_Y-1)) \geq (r_X-1)(r_Y-1) + \sqrt{8(r_X-1)(r_Y-1)}$$

or if the empirical joint entropy J(X, Y) is larger than  $[(r_X - 1)(r_Y - 1) + \sqrt{8(r_X - 1)(r_Y - 1)}]/2n$ 

## divergence tests of goodness of fit

testing conditional independence of random variable  $X,\,Y$  and Z with  $r_X,\,r_Y$  and  $r_Z$  outcomes

p= model based on empirical distribution p(x,y,z) with  $d(p)=r_Xr_Yr_Z-1$ 

 $q = X \perp Y \mid Z$  such that p(x, z)p(y, z)/p(z) with  $d(q) = r_Z - 1 + r_Z(r_X - 1 + r_Y - 1)$ 

