divergence tests of goodness of fit

goodness of fit tests of hypothetical multivariate discrete distributions (as suggested by association graphs)

 $p={\sf general}$ model based on empirical distribution with estimated likelihood function L(p)

 $q=\mathrm{data}$ follows a specified probability model with estimated likelihood function L(q)

 \square log likelihood ratio test statistic with d degrees of freedom (for large n)

$$2\log\frac{L(p)}{L(q)} = 2nD(p,q) \sim \chi^{2}(d)$$

where

D(p,q) is the information divergence (expected log likelihood ratio) with d=d(p)-d(q) degrees of freedom (numbers of parameters estimated to get p and q)

 \square critical region with approximately 95% confidence level (for large n)

$$\chi^2(d) \ge d + 2\sqrt{2d} = d + \sqrt{8d}$$

divergence tests of goodness of fit

testing uniform distribution of random variable X with n observations on r_{X} outcomes

p= model based on empirical distribution p(x)=n(x)/n (the relative frequencies) with $d(p)=r_X-1$ q=X is uniformly distributed on r_X outcomes with d(q)=0

Mog likelihood ratio test statistic

$$\chi^{2}(r_{X} - 1) = 2nD(p, q)$$

= $2n[\log r_{X} - H(X)]$

where H(X) is the empirical entropy of X

uniformity is rejected if

$$\chi^2(r_X - 1) \ge r_X - 1 + \sqrt{8(r_X - 1)}$$

or if H(X) deviates from its maximum values $\log(r_X)$ by more than $[r_X - 1 + \sqrt{8(r_X - 1)}]/2n$