



indirect proofs: proof by contrapositive





**Proof.**



















# indirect proofs: proof by contrapositive

## Theorem

For any  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , if  $n^2$  is even, then  $n$  is even.



## Proof.

- By contrapositive; we prove that if  $n$  is odd, then  $n^2$  is odd
- Let  $n$  be an arbitrary odd integer.
- Since  $n$  is odd, there is some integer  $k$  such that  $n = 2k + 1$ .
- Squaring both sides of this equality and simplifying yields the following:

$$\begin{aligned} n^2 &= (2k + 1)^2 \\ &= 4k^2 + 4k + 1 \\ &= 2(2k^2 + 2k) + 1 \end{aligned}$$

- From this we see that there is an integer  $m$  (namely  $2k^2 + 2k$ ) such that  $n^2 = 2m + 1$ .
- Therefore  $n^2$  is odd. ■

# indirect proofs: proof by contradiction

## Theorem

For any  $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ , if  $n^2$  is even, then  $n$  is even.

Proof.

