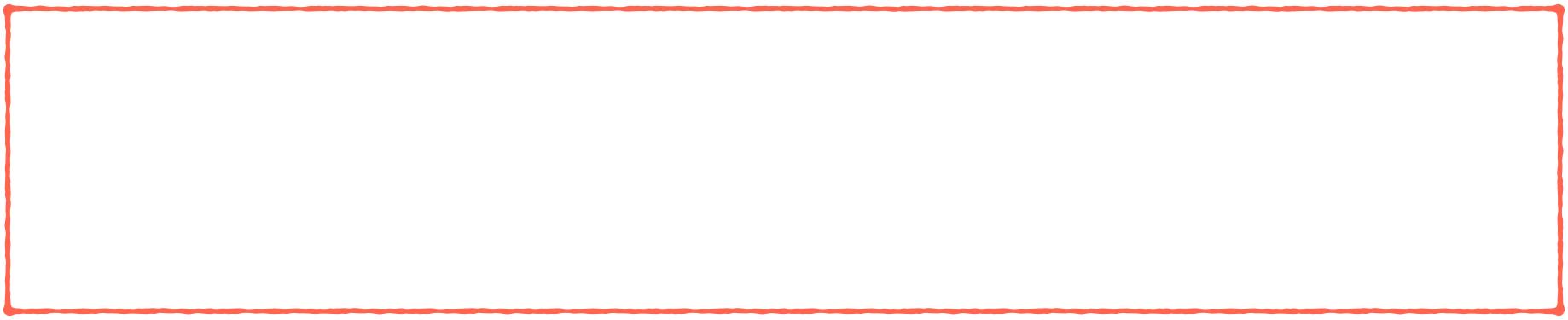


the sum rule





## the sum rue

If 
$$f$$
 and  $g$  are differentiable, then 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left( f(x) + g(x) \right) = \frac{d}{dx} \left( f(x) \right) + \frac{d}{dx} \left( g(x) \right) = f'(x) + g'(x)$$

If you repeatedly apply the sum rule, you have

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(f_1(x) + f_2(x) + \dots + f_n(x)\right) = \frac{d}{dx}\left(f_1(x)\right) + \frac{d}{dx}\left(f_2(x)\right) + \dots + \frac{d}{dx}\left(f_n(x)\right)$$

## example

Differentiate the function  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4x^3$ .

$$\frac{d}{dx}(x^3 + x^4) = \frac{d}{dx}(x^3) + \frac{d}{dx}(x^4) = 3x^2 + 4x^3$$

## a special case