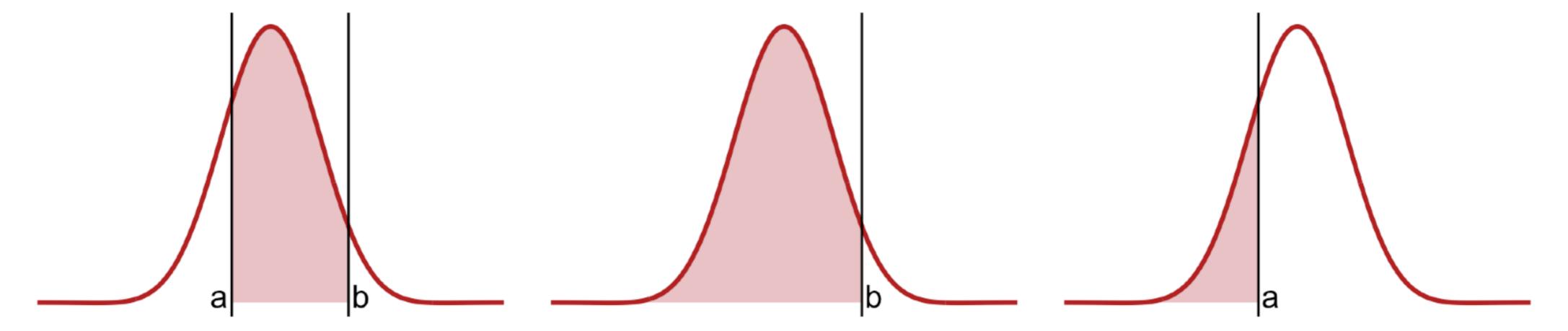


## computing probabilities with caf







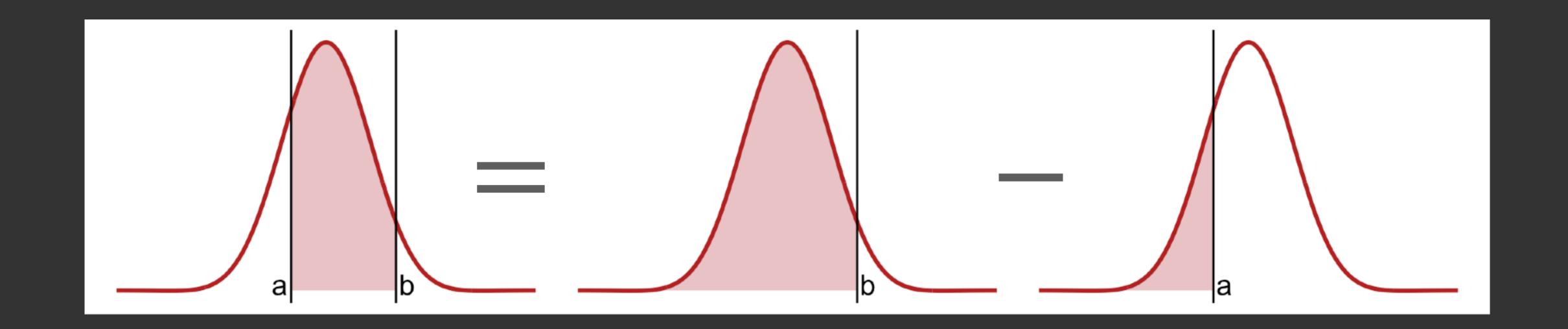
## computing probabilities with cdf

Let X be a continuous random variable with pdf f(x) and cdf F(x). Then for any value a we have that

$$P(X \le a) = F(a)$$
  $P(X > a) = 1 - F(a)$ 

and for any two values a < b

$$P(a \le X \le b) = F(b) - F(a)$$



## computing probabilities with cdf

## exercise 3

Random variable T is distributed with the following probability density function:

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} ct(t-1) & \text{for } 0 \le t \le 1\\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- (a) Calculate the value of c.
- (b) Calculate the cumulative distribution function F(t).
- (c) Use the cdf F(t) to calculate  $P(1/3 \le T \le 2/3)$ .