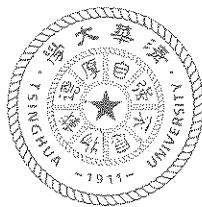


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Homework 5 Solutions

2.5.6 (a) $AB = AC \rightsquigarrow A^{-1}(AB) = A^{-1}(AC)$

$\rightsquigarrow (A^{-1}A)B = (A^{-1}A)C \rightsquigarrow IB = IC \rightsquigarrow B = C$
if A is invertible.

(b) Here, A is not invertible. In general, $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a+c & b+d \\ a+c & b+d \end{bmatrix}$. For example, we would get $AB = 0$ if

$B = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$ has $a = -c, b = -d$: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ -a & -b \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

For example:

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}_B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}}_C \longrightarrow$

Infinitely many choices for a, b .
You could pick two possible choices for B and C .

2.5.11 Many possible solutions. Here are some simple ones:

(a) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$ are invertible, but $A+B = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is not.

(b) $\overset{A=}{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}}$ and $\overset{B=}{\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}$ are not invertible, but $A+B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ is.

2.5.21 Invertible

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

6 are invertible

Non-Invertible

(2)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix},$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2.5.25 \quad [A | I] = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\text{Row 3} - \frac{1}{2}\text{Row 1}]{\text{Row 2} - \frac{1}{2}\text{Row 1}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/2 & 3/2 & -1/2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Row 3} - \frac{1}{3}\text{Row 2}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3/2 & 1/2 & -1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 4/3 & -1/3 & -1/3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\frac{3}{4}\text{Row 2}]{\frac{1}{2}\text{Row 1}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1/3 & -1/3 & 2/3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/4 & -1/4 & 3/4 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow[\text{Row 2} - \frac{1}{3}\text{Row 3}]{\text{Row 1} - \frac{1}{2}\text{Row 3}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 1/2 & 0 & 5/8 & 1/8 & -3/8 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/4 & 3/4 & -1/4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/4 & -1/4 & 3/4 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\frac{1}{2}\text{Row 2}]{\text{Row 1} -} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3/4 & -1/4 & -1/4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1/4 & 3/4 & -1/4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1/4 & -1/4 & 3/4 \end{array} \right]$$

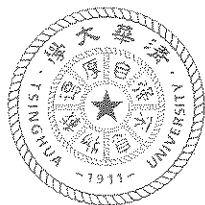
$$\text{So } A^{-1} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 3 & -1 \\ -1 & -1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

A^{-1}

$$[B | I] = \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & -1 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\text{Row 3} + \frac{1}{2}\text{Row 1}]{\text{Row 2} + \frac{1}{2}\text{Row 1}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3/2 & -3/2 & 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -3/2 & 3/2 & 1/2 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Row 3} + \text{Row 2}} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 2 & -1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3/2 & -3/2 & 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

Row of 0's ~~no~~ means that we cannot eliminate all the way to I, which means that B is not invertible.



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2.5.3 | $[A | I] = \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \text{Row 1+Row 4} \\ \text{Row 2-Row 4} \\ \text{Row 3+Row 4} \end{array}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow[\text{Row 2+Row 3}]{\text{Row 1-Row 3}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Row 1+Row 2}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{Row 1-Row 2}} \underbrace{\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]}_{A^{-1}}$$

$$\text{So } A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

5x5 case: $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ Guess $A^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Multiply to confirm: $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1+1 & 1-1 & -1+1 & 1-1 \\ 0 & 1-1+1 & 1-1 & -1+1 & -1+1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1-1+1 & -1+1 & 1-1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1-1+1 & -1+1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}}_{I \checkmark}$

Now solve $A\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$: $\vec{x} = A^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

2.5.39

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -a & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -b & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, [A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -a & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -b & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -c & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Row 3} + c \text{Row 4}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -a & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -b & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Row 2} + b \text{Row 3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -a & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & b & bc \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Row 1} + a \text{Row 2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & a & ab & abc \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & b & bc \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & c \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

This is A^{-1}

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{2.6.6} \quad \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[\text{E}_{21} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}]{\text{Row 2} - 2 \text{Row 1}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[\text{E}_{32} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}]{\text{Row 3} - 2 \text{Row 2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix} \end{array}$$

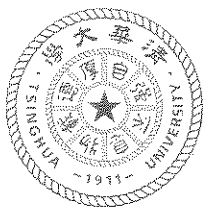
So $E_{32}E_{21}A = U \rightsquigarrow A = \underbrace{E_{21}^{-1}E_{32}^{-1}}_L U$

$$L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & -6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



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2.6.8 $A=L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ a & 1 & 0 \\ b & c & 1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{E_{21} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}} \xrightarrow{E_{31} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -b & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}} \xrightarrow{E_{32} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -c & 1 \end{bmatrix}} I=U$

$$E_{32}E_{31}E_{21} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -c & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -b & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -a & 1 & 0 \\ a-b-c & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = E$$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -a & 1 & 0 \\ -b & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

↑ a, b, c are "mixed up"

$$E_{21}^{-1}E_{31}^{-1}E_{32}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ a & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ b & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & c & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ a & 1 & 0 \\ b & c & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ a & 1 & 0 \\ b & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

This is L back again.

2.6.13 $\begin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \\ a & b & b & b \\ a & b & c & c \\ a & b & c & d \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{l} \text{Row 2} - \boxed{1} \text{Row 1} \\ \text{Row 3} - \boxed{1} \text{Row 1} \\ \text{Row 4} - \boxed{1} \text{Row 1} \end{array}} \begin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \\ 0 & b-a & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & b-a & c-a & c-a \\ 0 & b-a & c-a & d-a \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\begin{array}{l} \text{Row 3} - \boxed{1} \text{Row 2} \\ \text{Row 4} - \boxed{1} \text{Row 2} \end{array}}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \\ 0 & b-a & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & 0 & c-b & c-b \\ 0 & 0 & c-b & d-b \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\text{Row 4} - \boxed{1} \text{Row 3}} \begin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \\ 0 & b-a & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & 0 & c-b & c-b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & d-c \end{bmatrix}$$

↑ All lower-left entries of L are 1's.

$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a & a & a & a \\ 0 & b-a & b-a & b-a \\ 0 & 0 & c-b & c-b \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & d-c \end{bmatrix}$

For A^{-1} to exist, need
 $a \neq 0, b-a \neq 0,$
 $c-b \neq 0, d-c \neq 0.$

2.6.16 $L\vec{c} = \vec{b}$: $c_1 = 4$
 $c_1 + c_2 = 5 \rightarrow c_2 = 5 - c_1 = 1$
 $c_1 + c_2 + c_3 = 6 \rightarrow c_3 = 6 - c_1 - c_2 = 1$

(6)

$$\rightarrow \vec{c} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U\vec{x} = \vec{c}: \quad \begin{aligned} x_1 + x_2 + x_3 &= 4 \rightarrow x_1 = 4 - x_2 - x_3 = 3 \\ x_2 + x_3 &= 1 \rightarrow x_2 = 1 - x_3 = 0 \\ x_3 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad A \text{ was } LU = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Graded Problem 1. $[A | I] = \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 2 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 3 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$ $\begin{array}{l} \text{Row 2 - Row 1} \\ \text{Row 3 - Row 1} \\ \text{Row 4 - Row 1} \end{array}$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & 3 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \text{Row 3 - Row 2} \\ \text{Row 4 - Row 2} \end{array} \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \text{Row 4} \\ -\text{Row 3} \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \text{Row 1 - Row 4} \\ \text{Row 2 - Row 4} \\ \text{Row 3 - Row 4} \end{array} \rightarrow \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \begin{array}{l} \text{Row 1 - Row 3} \\ \text{Row 2 - Row 3} \end{array}$$

$$\left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \xrightarrow{\text{Row 1 - Row 2}} \left[\begin{array}{cccc|cccc} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

This is A^{-1}

$$\text{Solve } A\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}: \quad \vec{x} = A^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$



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Graded Problem 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow{\substack{\text{Row 2} - \boxed{1} \text{ Row 1} \\ \text{Row 3} - \boxed{1} \text{ Row 1} \\ \text{Row 4} - \boxed{1} \text{ Row 1}}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Row 3} - \boxed{1} \text{ Row 2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \xrightarrow[\boxed{-1}]{\text{Row 4} + \text{Row 3}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -2 & -2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -4 \end{bmatrix} = U$$

From coefficients: $L = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

First solve $L\vec{y} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$

$$\begin{aligned} y_1 &= 1 \\ y_1 + y_2 &= 2 \rightarrow y_2 = 2 - 1 = 1 \\ y_1 + y_2 + y_3 &= 3 \rightarrow y_3 = 3 - 1 - 1 = 1 \\ y_1 - y_3 + y_4 &= 4 \rightarrow y_4 = 4 - 1 + 1 = 4 \end{aligned}$$

Now solve $U\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$:

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + x_4 &= 1 \rightarrow x_1 = 1 - 0 - (-\frac{1}{2}) - (-1) = \frac{5}{2} \\ -2x_2 - 2x_3 &= 1 \rightarrow x_2 = -\frac{1}{2}(1 + 2(-\frac{1}{2})) = 0 \\ 2x_3 - 2x_4 &= 1 \rightarrow x_3 = \frac{1}{2}(1 + 2(-1)) = -\frac{1}{2} \\ -4x_4 &= 4 \rightarrow x_4 = -1 \end{aligned}$$

So $\vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 5/2 \\ 0 \\ -1/2 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$