

雅思写作第五次课

非数据类小作文 (diagrams)

- 题型要求
 - 没有数字
 - 仍需体现比较: 相似和差异

地图题 (map diagram)

- 功能句型
 - 常见考察形式
 - 双图组合
 - 过去+今天
 - 现状+规划
 - 总起段
 - The maps show how X has changed over the last Y years.
 - The diagrams present information about how X will change in the future.
 - 主体段
 - 存在
 - Behind the hills, there is a X.
 - To the east of the hills are the X and Y.
 - 不变
 - The X, however, still remains the same as it always was.
 - To the east of the hills are X and Y, features of the original island.
 - Not much development can be found to the north.
 - 新增
 - A X has been built/constructed/added through the centre.
 - The Eastern part features a new X.
 - Next to the station is a new X.
 - The other physical structures that have been added are X, Y and Z.
 - The new facilities on the island include X, Y and Z.
 - 变化
 - 消失
 - The old X has been removed.
 - 扩建
 - X has been expanded to double the original size.
 - 缩小
 - The original X and Y will decrease in size.
 - The current X is much smaller in comparison.
 - 取代
 - According to the plan, the X will be replaced by a Y.
 - In the place of the old X is now a Y.
 - 综述段
 - In general, there have been significant changes to X, in terms of A, B and C,
 - while Y has remained (more or less) unchanged.
- 分段依据
 - 时间先后
 - 方位分区
 - 变化幅度
 - 功能分类
- 语法重点
 - 时态变化
 - 主被动
 - 方位介词

分类

流程图 (process diagram)

- 功能句型
 - 常见考察形式
 - 单图为主
 - 偶尔双图
 - 不同方式之间对比
 - 前后阶段分别介绍
 - 总起段 (purpose)
 - The diagram shows how X can be used for doing sth.
 - 主体段
 - 组成部分 (parts)
 - A typical X consists of X, Y and Z.
 - 流程步骤 (process)
 - 开端
 - the process starts when
 - first
 - in the first stage of the process
 - 后续
 - as a result
 - when the wave goes down
 - as a consequence
 - following this
 - in the next stage
 - next
 - then
 - as
 - 同时
 - at the same time
 - meanwhile
 - 综述段
 - In general, the X process is relatively simple / rather complex, consisting of Z distinct stages.
- 分段依据
 - 单图
 - 流程阶段
 - 双图
 - 一图一段
- 语法重点
 - 被动语态
 - 时态 (一般现在时)
 - 顺序表达

总起段 (introduction)

- 要求
 - 主要根据原文话题部分写出
 - 介绍话题内容
 - 不能大量照抄原题文字
- 句型
 - 主语: 图表类型
 - The (bar or pie) chart
 - The (line) graph
 - The table
 - The (map or process) diagram
 - 谓语
 - 基本款: 呈现
 - shows
 - provides information about
 - 进阶
 - compares
 - illustrates
 - 长名词短语
 - 宾语
 - 特殊疑问词引导的宾语从句
 - how many/much ...
 - how sth is done
 - why sth is done
 - ...
- 应对策略
 - 用词变化
 - 同义替换
 - 上义表达
 - 数据分类
 - relationships with supervisor and coworker - professional relations
 - 时间
 - between 2001 and 2005 - over a five-year period
 - 地点
 - Italy, Spain, Germany, Greece and Turkey - in several European countries

评分标准GRA维度 (grammatical range and accuracy)

- 复杂结构 (complex structures)
 - 是什么
 - 比较结构
 - 最高级、比较级
 - 其他表达
 - (not) as ... as
 - 被动语态
 - 情态动词
 - ...
 - 分数段差异
 - 7分: 复杂结构丰富而且多样
 - 6分: 使用简单句和复杂结构
 - 5分: 句式结构方面变化不足
- 句式准确度
 - 分数段差异
 - 7分: 绝大部分句子正确
 - 6分: 部分复杂句式有误
 - 5分: 能够尝试复杂句但是错误较多
- 语法和标点符号
 - 分数段差异
 - 7分: 存在个别错误, 而大部分正确
 - 6分: 存在部分错误, 但不影响理解
 - 5分: 语法错误频繁, 而且影响理解
 - 高频错误
 - 定语从句
 - 代词错误: WHO/THAT/WHICH
 - 条件句
 - 从句时态错误: 0、1、2、3级条件
 - 现在完成时/过去式
 - 时态混淆: had/have had
 - 被动语态
 - 过去分词错误
 - 动名词
 - ing相关错误
 - 可数名词
 - 名词单复数错误
 - 单复数不一致
 - 主谓一致
 - 介词
 - 依存介词、方位介词错误
 - 标点
 - 使用错误或不使用
 - 冠词
 - a/an/the混淆或不使用冠词