

雅思写作第三次课

课前测



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学习要点

1. 总结段句型
2. 多方观点题型
3. 五段论和四段论异同
4. 教育和文化话题
5. 评分标准之词汇资源
6. 写作流程注意事项

多方观点题型

Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.



Section 1



1

LOUIS VUITTON
*Pre-owned Neverfull bag



2

GOLDEN GOOSE
DELUXE BRAND
Superstar metallic sneaker



3

GUCCI
Pursuit striped rubber slides



4

ACNE
pale pink
Clea bomber



5

GUCCI
GG logo belt

**Do you
know all of
these?**



6

MAISON MARGIELA
paillettes ankle boots



7

BALENCIAGA
Speed trainer



8

OFF-WHITE
black brushed
diagonal hoodie



9

TOPSHOP
black Joni jeans



10

LOEWE
leather trimmed
woven rafia tote



什么人认为时尚不值得/很重要？ 可以同意一方观点吗？怎么分段？

- Some people argue that fashion items cost too much money. Others say that this is acceptable because fashion is an important part of life.
- Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

总起段

- Throughout history, people have always been interested in fashion. When you read magazines these days, you see many advertisements for the latest fashions, and some of these are very expensive. So, is this a good thing?
- **每句的功能是什么？**

主体段1：谁？

- Some people say that prices should be lower in shops, and I can understand their point of view. Before (1) _____ start work, they depend on their parents for money. Although many (2) _____ are not wealthy, they are often pressurised into buying things like designer jeans for their children. After they have started earning money, (3) _____ can still find it hard to afford fashionable clothes because they are saving up for other items.

主体段1：话题词汇（**money**、**fashion**） ㄣ

Some people say that prices should be lower in shops, and I can understand their point of view. Before **youngsters** start work, they depend on their parents for money. Although many **parents** are not wealthy, they are often pressurized into buying things like designer jeans for their children. After they have started earning money, **young adults** can still find it hard to afford fashionable clothes because they are saving up for other items.

主体段2：谁？

- However, there are other people who say they are happy to pay for designer clothes. (1) _____ look forward to doing this when they have their own income. (2) _____ have plenty of money, so they might say that they do not worry about how much clothes cost. They know they need to look after their image while they are famous. Surely (3) _____ would also argue that the cost is fine. According to people in the fashion business, you cannot criticize until you have seen how hard it is to be original and set new trends.

主体段2：话题词汇（**money**、**fashion**） ㊟

- However, there are other people who say they are happy to pay for designer clothes. **Teenagers** look forward to doing this when they have their own income. **Celebrities** have plenty of money, so they might say that they do not worry about how much clothes cost. They know they need to look after their image while they are famous. Surely **fashion designers** would also argue that the cost is fine. According to people in the fashion business, you cannot criticize until you have seen how hard it is to be original and set new trends.

主体段3：个人观点（不认同双方观点/批判立场） ㊟

- **Personally, I think the question depends on** how important fashion is for you.
 - **If** you are not interested in fashion, you **needn't** spend a lot of money because these days there are many clothes shops around.
 - **On the other hand, if** you like to look good, you **have to** buy fewer clothes and pay more money for them.

多方观点题型注意事项

- 内容 (TR)
 - 争议双方具体人群
 - 三方观点都要提及
 - 三方观点篇幅平衡
- 组织 (CC)
 - 段间：观点呈现顺序
 - 段内：人群并列关系

总结段

Conclusion



Section 2

总结段

哪些适合？

1. 概述个人观点

2. 重复某段论点

3. 提及额外人群

4. 归纳话题争议

5. 引用名人名言

6. 提出全新观点

7. 自然承接上段

总结段 ∞

Although clothes have become quite expensive, I think there is enough choice these days for everyone. Parents just have to be strict with children about what they can afford, and people have to buy within their budget.

- 概述个人观点
- 归纳话题争议
- 自然承接上段

总结段： 重申立场、拓展

- 重申/表明立场
 - 包含三方观点内容
 - 词汇表达同义替换
- 拓展（可选）
 - 强调重要
 - 提出建议

五段论和四段论的异同

Different approaches to positioning and paragraphing



Section 3

批判立场 vs 一边倒立场

总起	• 提出争议
甲方观点	• 具体人群及理由
乙方观点	• 具体人群及理由
自己观点	• 分情况讨论
总结	• 概括三方

总起	• 提出争议
甲方观点 自己驳斥	• 具体人群及理由、指出局限性
乙方观点 自己赞同	• 具体人群及理由、认同原因、强调合理性
总结	• 概括双方



Smart vs casual:
which style is
better for **work**?



什么机构对形象要求高/不高？ 着装和工作质量有何关系？

- Some organisations believe that their employees should dress smartly. Others value quality of work above appearance.
- Discuss both these views and give your own opinion.

总起段

- Although personal (1) _____ has become quite important in the business environment, I think there is enough (2) _____ these days for different companies. Employees just have to consider the (3) _____ of the occasion and choose appropriate (4) _____ accordingly.
- **formality, image, outfits, flexibility**

主体段1（四段论）

Some people say that _
, and I can understand their point of view.

- 人群和理由

- In my opinion, these reasons, despite their importance for _
, may be far less relevant to the majority of people, because _

主体段1（四段论）

- Some people say that business attire is not necessarily beneficial for daily work, **and I can understand their point of view.** Programmers who work long hours in front of computers value comfort over looks, so they find t-shirts and jeans, not suits and ties, the optimal choice in the office. Workers doing any form of physical work probably also agree. They may be required to wear uniforms, but these tend not to be as restrictive as formal clothing. **In my opinion, these reasons, despite their importance for the groups mentioned above, may be far less relevant to the majority of people, because** dressing smartly do not prevent most employees from performing their office jobs.

主体段2（四段论）

However, there are other people who say _
, which reflects a more reasonable/realistic position that I can readily side with.

- 人群和理由

- This is precisely why I find _
to be more appropriate/effective/useful compared with _

主体段2（四段论）

- However, there are other people who say professional image is an essential component of productivity, **which reflects a more reasonable/realistic position that I can readily side with.** Any employee who interact with clients is aware of the power of visual impressions. Without clean and tidy suits, they may find it much harder to attract and retain business contacts. Young members in the work place, typically less experienced and knowledgeable than their seniors, can benefit from the suggestive power of formal clothing. This is because the sense of formality can remind them of their responsibility and professionalism, urging them to be proactive and vigilant. **This is precisely why I find smart clothing policies to be more appropriate/effective/useful compared with a more casual and relaxed style.**

评分标准：词汇资源维度

Band descriptors: Lexical Resource



Section 4

以下哪种做法值得推荐？

1. Mix up American and British spelling.

2. Use imprecise words like 'stuff/thing'.

3. Use slang like 'gonna'.

4. Use old-fashioned language like 'the masses, hitherto'.

5. Use more than one synonym.

6. Use idioms/clichés.

7. Use collocations like 'environmental problems, major issue'

8. Use contractions like 'can't, doesn't'.

多样性 : **flexibility, precision, minimally, adequate**

Band score	Description
7	uses a sufficient range of vocabulary to allow some _____ and _____
6	uses an _____ range of vocabulary for the task
5	uses a limited range of vocabulary, but this is _____ adequate for the task

LR : 低频词汇

Band score Description

7	uses less common lexical items with some awareness of style and collocation
6	attempts to use less common vocabulary but with some inaccuracy
5	/

常用词？滥用词！

interesting

useful

comfortable

with the
development of
technology/society

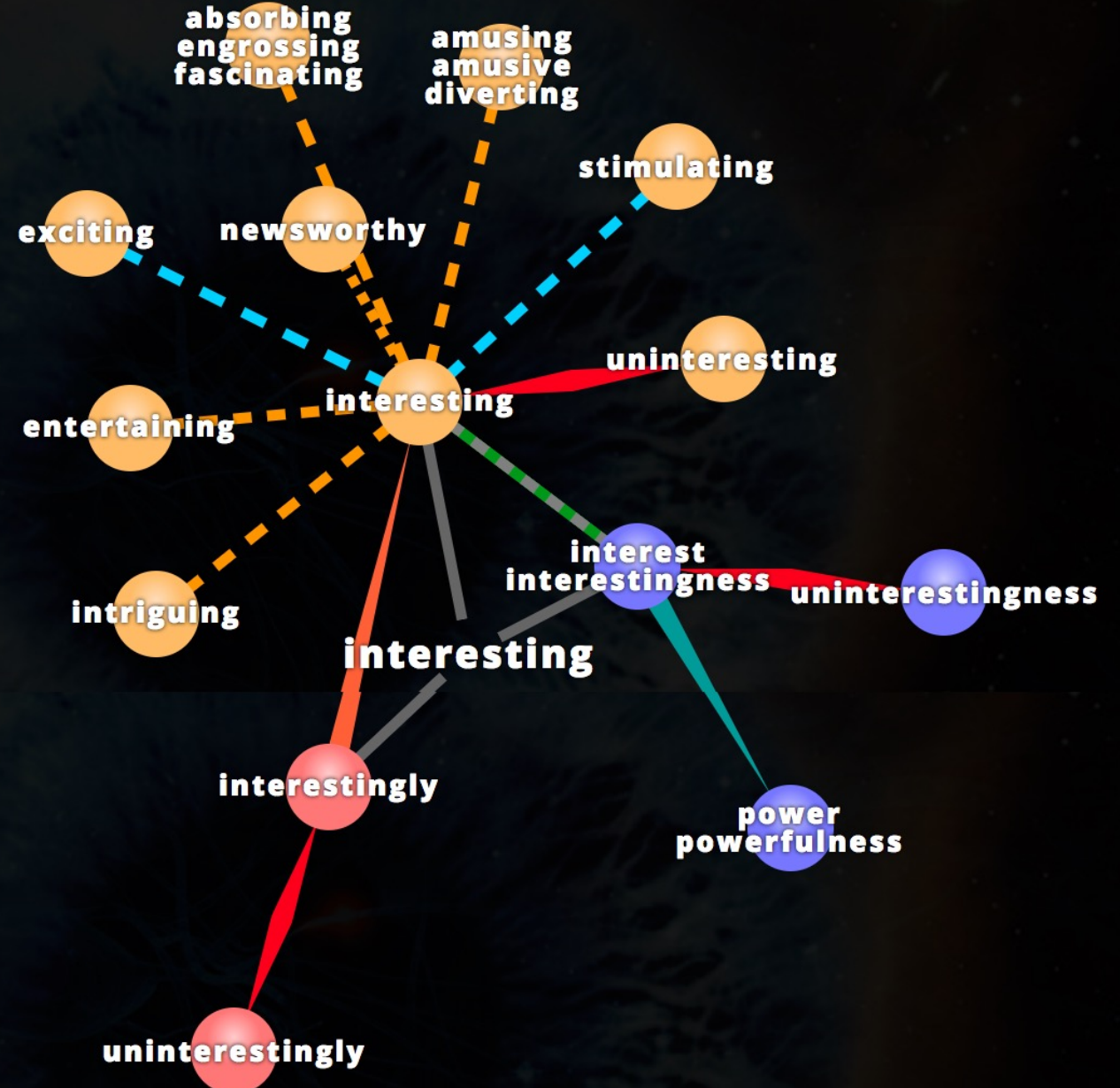
to play an
important role in



- noun
- verb
- adjective
- adverb

visuwords.com

- is a word for
- is a kind of
- is an instance of
- is a member of
- is a part of
- is a substance of
- is similar to
- pertains to
- participle
- attribute
- opposes
- verb group
- entails
- also see
- causes
- derivation
- topic domain
- region domain
- usage domain



Style = formality

- Formal but not too formal
- Academic but not too academic
- Idiom = too informal

Every coin has two sides. 😞

There are both disadvantages and advantages ... 😊

☹️ nowadays	😊 in recent times
☹️ can't	
☹️ controversial issue	
☹️ the pros and cons	
☹️ firstly	
☹️ secondly	
☹️ crux of the discussion	
☹️ stuff/thing	
☹️ e.g.	
☹️ in a nutshell	

☹️ nowadays	😊 in recent times
☹️ can't	😊 cannot
☹️ controversial issue	😊 major issue
☹️ the pros and cons	😊 benefits and drawbacks
☹️ firstly	😊 the primary reason why
☹️ secondly	😊 ... is another reason why ...
☹️ crux of the discussion	😊 the main/key issue is ...
☹️ stuff/thing	😊 use the correct word!
☹️ e.g.	😊 for example, ...
☹️ in a nutshell	😊 in conclusion, ...

名词化

1. Most companies **prefer** smart clothes. This means workers have to wear them in work places.
2. Some companies **require** their employees to wear smart clothes. This makes them uncomfortable and lower their work efficiency.

用词搭配

v. + n.

• _____ research

v. + adv.

• fluctuate _____

adj. + n.

• a _____ issue

Ozdic.com – issue (¹problem) ADJ.

- **big, burning, central, critical, crucial, important, key, main, major, vital**

Europe remains the burning issue within the party.

- **| wider**

The problem raises wider issues of gender and identity.

- **| minor, side | basic, fundamental | real**

The real issue is where the power lies.

- **| contentious, controversial, difficult, thorny**

the controversial issue of censorship

补充材料——必背语料包

Academic Collocation List

学术词汇搭配表

- academic _____
- _____ power
- ...

LR : 用词错误

Band score	Description
7	may produce occasional errors in word choice, spelling and/or word formation
6	makes some errors in spelling and/or word formation, but they do not impede communication
5	may make noticeable errors in spelling and/or word formation that may cause some difficulty for the reader

LR : 小结

- 用词变化不仅限同义词
- 低频词汇不等于生僻
- 搭配对高分很重要
- 书面语言偏好名词化
- 注意检查拼写和词性

大作文总结

Task 2 recap



Section 5

关于大作文

哪些说法**错误**？

1. 应该在40分钟内完成

2. 分值是小作文的两倍

3. 少于250字一定扣分

4. 必须给出自己的观点

5. 应该选考官喜欢的观点

6. 段落的划分很重要

7. 语言最好简单而正确

大作文写作流程



审题 3分钟

识别题型以及话题
确认题意理解正确
匹配话题背景知识
检查有无特殊限定



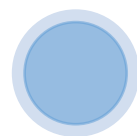
规划 7分钟

尝试不同思路组合
排除不合适的思路
大纲列出段数句数
明确每句功能内容



初稿 25分钟

总起段 3分钟
主体段 20分钟
总结段 2分钟



修改 5分钟

用词重复搭配不当
句子残缺时态语态
拼写错误标点符号

考场万一系列

- 大脑空白没有思路：从具体事例开始
- 不会替换话题词汇：尝试举例和使用上义词
- 不确定词汇意思：起码尝试变化句型和顺序
- 不会改写问题内容（总起段）：宁可写不整句也不照抄
- 纠结某个意思不会表达：赶紧换一个会写的意思
- 写了一大段发现跑题：划掉不用擦
- 主体段忘了写主旨句：赶紧在段末补一句
- 来不及写完全文：放弃细节；确保立场清晰表达（总结段）
- 担心字体不好看会丢分：别太潦草就行



写作第三节作业

1. **课后小测**：<https://www.wenjuan.in/s/vUZrY3G/>
2. **讲义练习**：完成单元练习。分析范文、摘录有用的表达和句型、整理题型要求和答题策略、学习功能句型。
3. **全文写作**：完成一篇大作文，详见**作业清单**。
 - 各个主体段分别针对各方观点展开讨论，篇幅大致平衡。
 - 总起总结段呈现立场和分段思路一致（平衡-五段论；一边倒-四段论）。
 - 主体段的开头安排恰当的主旨句（模仿课上分析的范文，人群名称笼统）。
 - 主体段的细节句对具体人群情况和观点展开讨论（人群名称具体化）。
 - 个人观点在主体段里得到充分展开（承接表达也对个人观点进行清晰标记）。
 - 总结段立场句模仿课上分析的范文风格（主句表明/重申立场+让步状语从句呈现话题争议或对方观点）。
 - 话题词汇尽量减少重复。

THANKS

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