

Escalante, Tomas

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PSO

$$0) \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \times 2 & 2 \times 1 & \rightarrow & 2 \times 1 \\ a) \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} & = & \begin{bmatrix} 15+6 \\ 3+0 \end{bmatrix} & = & \begin{bmatrix} 21 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$b) \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \times 2 & 1 \times 2 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} & \rightarrow & \text{invalid} \end{matrix}$$

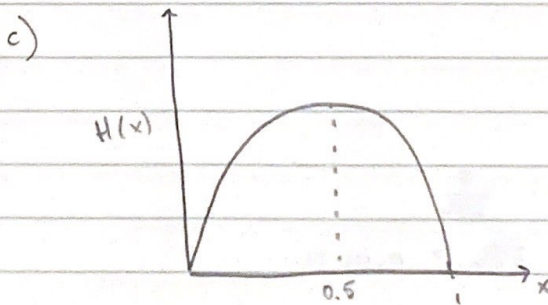
$$1) \quad - \sum_{x \in X} P(x) \ln P(x)$$

$$a) \quad P(x) = [0.2, 0.3, 0.5]$$

$$- [0.2 \ln 0.2 + 0.3 \ln 0.3 + 0.5 \ln 0.5] = - [-0.322 - 0.361 - 0.347] \\ = 1.03$$

$$b) \quad P(x) = \frac{1}{m}$$

$$- \sum_{x \in [1, m]} \frac{1}{m} \ln \frac{1}{m} = - \int_1^m \frac{1}{m} \ln \frac{1}{m} dm = \frac{1}{2} \ln^2 m$$



the peak is at 0.5
its minimum is at 0
this makes sense
because there are only
2 outcomes, 0 or 1

$$2) a) P(-) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(\text{great} | -) = \frac{2+1}{15+4} = \frac{3}{19}$$

$$P(\text{good} | -) = \frac{2+1}{15+4} = \frac{3}{19}$$

$$P(\text{terrible} | -) = \frac{1+1}{15+4} = \frac{2}{19}$$

$$P(\text{sentence} | -) = \left(\frac{3}{19}\right) \left(\frac{3}{19}\right) \left(\frac{2}{19}\right) = \frac{18}{6859}$$

$$P(- | \text{sentence}) = \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{18}{6859}\right) = \frac{12}{6859} = 0.00175$$

$$P(+) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(\text{great} | +) = \frac{5+1}{9+4} = \frac{6}{13}$$

$$P(\text{good} | +) = \frac{2+1}{9+4} = \frac{4}{13}$$

$$P(\text{terrible} | +) = \frac{0+1}{9+4} = \frac{1}{13}$$

$$P(\text{sentence} | +) = \left(\frac{6}{13}\right) \left(\frac{4}{13}\right) \left(\frac{1}{13}\right) = \frac{12}{1183}$$

$$P(+ | \text{sentence}) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{12}{1183}\right) = \frac{4}{1183} = 0.00338$$

$$b) P(-) = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$P(\text{great} | -) = \frac{1+1}{7+4} = \frac{2}{11}$$

$$P(\text{good} | -) = \frac{2+1}{7+4} = \frac{3}{11}$$

$$P(\text{terrible} | -) = \frac{1+1}{7+4} = \frac{2}{11}$$

$$P(\text{sentence} | -) = \left(\frac{2}{11}\right) \left(\frac{3}{11}\right) \left(\frac{2}{11}\right) = \frac{12}{1331}$$

$$P(- | \text{sentence}) = \frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{12}{1331}\right) = \frac{8}{1331} = 0.00601$$

$$P(+) = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$P(\text{great} | +) = \frac{2+1}{4+4} = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$P(\text{good} | +) = \frac{1+1}{4+4} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$P(\text{terrible} | +) = \frac{0+1}{4+4} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$P(\text{sentence} | +) = \left(\frac{3}{8}\right) \left(\frac{1}{4}\right) \left(\frac{1}{8}\right) = \frac{3}{256}$$

$$P(+ | \text{sentence}) = \frac{1}{3} \left(\frac{3}{256}\right) = \frac{1}{256} = 0.00391$$

The two models don't agree, (a) \rightarrow (+), (b) \rightarrow (-).

I prefer the second model (b) because it doesn't favor the number of words, but rather the presence of (+) or (-) words within a sentence.