Thomas Shull

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Research Interests Hardware and software designs to improve the execution of managed languages. Profiling-based compiler optimizations. Techniques to reduce the overhead of automatic memory management. Interprocedural analysis. Techniques for code-size reductions.

EDUCATION

University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

August 2012 - August 2020

Ph.D. in Computer Science Advisor: Prof. Josep Torrellas

Thesis: Making Non-Volatile Memory Programmable

Committee: Prof. Josep Torrellas, Prof. Jian Huang, Prof. David Padua, Prof. James Larus,

and Prof. Steven Swanson

Washington University of St. Louis

June 2008 - May 2012

B.Sc. in Computer Science and B.Sc. in Computer Engineering

Summa Cum Laude

Professional EXPERIENCE

Oracle Labs

June 2020 – Present

Principal Researcher with GraalVM Team

- Core developer on GraalVM Native Image team. GraalVM Native Image is a framework and runtime environment for the ahead-of-time compilation of Java applications.
- Native Image responsibilities include layered images, type system implementation, runtime compilation, general runtime support.
- Responsible for maintaining and improving the Graal's AArch64 backend.

Arm Ltd.

July 2019 – April 2020

Open Source Software

- Worked on AArch64 port of GraalVM.
- Identified and fixed multiple bugs within the GraalVM AArch64 port.
- Added multiple performance improvements to GraalVM Native Image.
- Enabled GraalVM Native Image AArch64 runtime code installation.

Non-Volatile Memory Research

- Improved and fixed AArch64 port of the Persistent Memory Development Kit (PMDK). PMDK is the primarly framework available to create persistent applications leveraging byte-addressable non-volatile memory (NVM).
- Proposed ISA extensions to improve crash-consistent application performance by enabling more aggressive instruction reordering.
- Implemented proposed ISA extension within the gem5 simulator. Initial evaluation shows promising performance gains.

Publications

Selected Recent Execution Dependence Extension (EDE): ISA Support for Eliminating Fences ISCA 2021

Thomas Shull, Ilias Vougioukas, Nikos Nikoleris, Wendy Elsasser, and Josep Torrellas By allowing loads and stores to complete out of order, relaxed memory models can provide significant performance improvements. Unfortunately, far too often coarse-grain fences must be inserted for fine-grain correctness requirements, thereby negating these performance gains. In this paper we propose a new technique to describe instruction-level orderings as execution dependences that can be encoded within the ISA, and show how hardware can be modified to honor such execution dependences.

AutoPersist: An Easy-To-Use Java NVM Framework Based on Reachability **PLDI 2019**

Thomas Shull, Jian Huang, and Josep Torrellas

Emerging NVM technologies have led to the creation of many frameworks to assist developers in creating persistent applications. Unfortunately, we find existing NVM frameworks are still too burdensome for programmers and require many markings. To remedy this, we propose AutoPersist, a new Java NVM framework which requires substantially fewer markings by relying on the JVM runtime to perform much of the heavy lifting of creating a persistent application.

Jiho Choi, Thomas Shull, and Josep Torrellas

Fast JavaScript startup time is paramount to a user's web browsing experience. Unfortunately, in current implementations, most of the profiling results observed in previous executions cannot be reused to improve the startup time of subsequent runs. To fix this, we develop a new technique which allows inline caching data to be reused, significantly improving website intialization times.

Using Speculation to Reduce the Checking Overhead of Persistent Objects in NVM Frameworks VEE 2019

Thomas Shull, Jian Huang, and Josep Torrellas

Emerging programmer-friendly NVM frameworks have many actions predicated on whether an object is persistent or not. We find that even if these actions are not taken, performing checks to determine an object's persistent state is very expensive. Based on online profiling information, we devise a technique to *bias* each persistent check towards its expected behavior, thereby minimizing performance overhead.

NoMap: Speeding-Up JavaScript Using Hardware Transactional Memory HPCA 2019 Thomas Shull, Jiho Choi, María J. Garzarán, and Josep Torrellas

JavaScript implementations use multiple compilers to ensure "hot" code regions are fully optimized without prohibitive startup times. We recognize a signficant performance overhead in multi-tiered compiler codes is their inter-tier jump points, in spite of these jump points rarely being invoked. To this end, we propose to use hardware transactional memory to limit the number of inter-tier jump points needed, thereby allowing the compiler to generate more efficient code.

Biased Reference Counting: Minimizing Atomic Operations in Garbage Collection PACT 2018

Jiho Choi, Thomas Shull, and Josep Torrellas

We profile Apple's Swift reference counting implementation and find its use of atomic compareand-swap operations for reference counting updates to be a significant source of overheads. Furthermore, we find often an object's counter is only updated by one thread. Based on these insights, we split each object's reference count into two counters: a biased counter which a single thread can update without atomic operations, and a shared counter which is updated atomically by all other threads.

Defining a High-level Programming Model for Emerging NVRAM Technologies $\operatorname{ManLang}\ 2018$

Thomas Shull, Jian Huang, and Josep Torrellas

We find that existing NVRAM framework models are inappropriate for managed languages. To correct this, we propose a new NVRAM programming model which offloads much of the heavy-lifting of creating a persistent application to the managed language implementation's runtime.

ShortCut: Architectural Support for Fast Object Access in Scripting Languages ISCA 2017

Jiho Choi, Thomas Shull, and Josep Torrellas

Popular JavaScript implementations use a technique for fast property accesses which requires a level of indirection and does not effectively utilize hardware branch predictors. To this end, we propose new hardware which is able to store (access site \Rightarrow final destination) mappings for better branch prediction and fold this software level of indirection. We also propose advanced hardware which is able to elide the entire object property lookup routine.

TECHNICAL SKILLS Programming Skills: C/C++, Java, Python.

Managed Language Implementations: GraalVM Native Image, OpenJDK

Compiler Implementations: Graal, HotSpot (C1 & C2), LLVM

References

Christian Wimmer, christian.wimmer.priv@gmail.com formerly GraalVM technical lead Josep Torrellas, torrella@illinois.edu University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign Stuart Monteith, stuart.monteith@arm.com Arm Ltd. Additional references available upon request