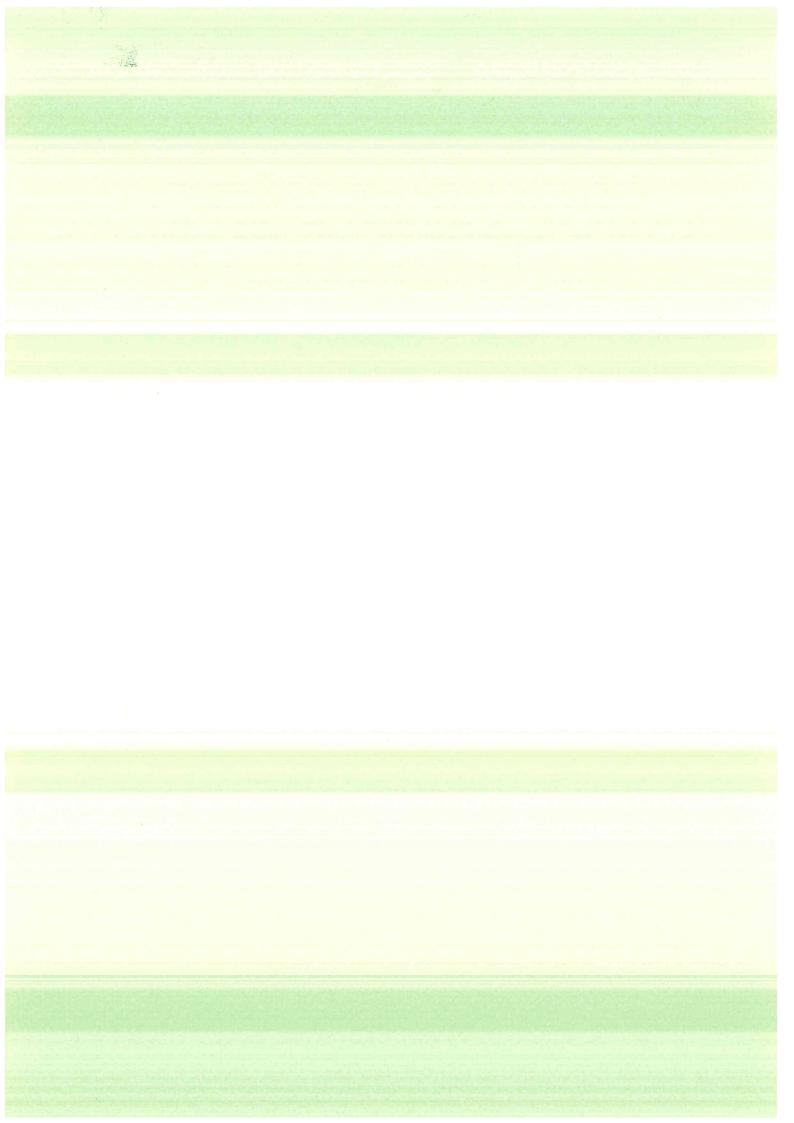
# READING



13/15

## Based on the reading passage, answer the following questions.

1. What does the "\$2 billion annually" market value (Paragraph 2) suggest about workplace personality assessments?	
<ul> <li>a) Their effectiveness is universally accepted</li> <li>b) Most companies develop their own tests</li> <li>c) They represent a significant industry and business</li> <li>d) Only large companies can afford these services</li> </ul>	$\checkmark$
2. Find a phrase that has a similar meaning to "gain advantage" in Paragraph 3.	✓
3. Paragraph 4 indicates that employers are "divided." What does this division refer to?	
<ul> <li>a) Disagreement over which MBTI type is best</li> <li>b) Split between using MBTI for hiring versus team building</li> <li>c) Differing opinions on using MBTI in the hiring process</li> <li>d) Debate about the cost of personality assessments</li> </ul>	$\checkmark$
4. Based on the information in paragraphs 4-8, determine whether the following statements are True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).	
(i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring. □ □ □	
(ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.	X
5. Fill in the missing blanks with <b>ONE</b> word found in Paragraphs 6-8.	
The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i)	J
personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii)job capability. Indeed,	/
many factors have (iii) Influenced personal career paths far more than just innate traits.	$\checkmark$
Due to these issues, some organizations are now investigating (iv)scientificallyto foster	X
more (v) _ でんしょうと teams and conduct thorough candidate evaluations.	$\checkmark$

6.	Why might internalizing MBTI labels (Paragraph 9) be risky for job seekers	?			
	<ul> <li>a) It could make them ignore qualities that employers value.</li> <li>b) It could cause them to be conservative in selecting jobs.</li> <li>c) It could cause them to be screened out in preliminary selection.</li> <li>d) It might continue stereotyping and therefore encourage discrimination.</li> </ul>				V
7.	What does the temptation to "game the system" discussed in Paragraph 10 in of MBTI in hiring?	mply al	oout t	he use	
C	<ul> <li>a) It encourages authentic self-presentation.</li> <li>b) It helps companies to find suitable candidates.</li> <li>c) It provides motivation for dishonesty.</li> <li>d) It discourages candidates from applying.</li> </ul>				$\checkmark$
0					
8.	Find a word that has a similar meaning to "limits" in Paragraph 9-10.				
	Steverstypes ctifles				V
9.	Based on the information in paragraphs 12-13, determine whether the followare True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).	ing sta	itemer	nts	
		T	F	NG	
	(i) Holistic methods consider a person's skills and experience in real-life scenarios.				V
(	(ii) Holistic hiring processes take much longer than those involving MBTI.			$\triangleleft$	$\circ$

/15

24237140. Poon Pak Yui

# Based on the reading passage, answer the following questions.

1. What does the "\$2 billion annually" market value (Paragraph 2) suggest about workplace personality assessments?	
<ul> <li>a) Their effectiveness is universally accepted</li> <li>b) Most companies develop their own tests</li> <li>c) They represent a significant industry and business</li> <li>d) Only large companies can afford these services</li> </ul>	X
2. Find a phrase that has a similar meaning to "gain advantage" in Paragraph 3.	_
<ul> <li>a) Disagreement over which MBTI type is best</li> <li>b) Split between using MBTI for hiring versus team building χ</li> <li>c) Differing opinions on using MBTI in the hiring process</li> <li>d) Debate about the cost of personality assessments</li> </ul>	✓
<ol> <li>Based on the information in paragraphs 4-8, determine whether the following statements are         True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).</li> <li>T F NG</li> </ol>	
(i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.	$\checkmark$
(ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.	+
5. Fill in the missing blanks with <b>ONE</b> word found in Paragraphs 6-8.	
The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to	1
overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) expectations. Studies show	
personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) <u>predict</u> job capability. Indeed,	
many factors have (iii) personal career paths far more than just innate traits.	+
Due to these issues, some organizations are now investigating (iv) _a ternatives to foster	$\checkmark$
more (v) diverse teams and conduct thorough candidate evaluations.	$\checkmark$
	1

6	Why might internalizing MBTI labels (Paragraph 9) be risky for job seekers?	
0.	It could make them ignore qualities that employers value.  b) It could cause them to be conservative in selecting jobs. c) It could cause them to be screened out in preliminary selection. d) It might continue stereotyping and therefore encourage discrimination.	Ų
7.	What does the temptation to "game the system" discussed in Paragraph 10 imply about the use of MBTI in hiring?	
	<ul> <li>a) It encourages authentic self-presentation. X</li> <li>b) It helps companies to find suitable candidates. X</li> <li>c) It provides motivation for dishonesty.</li> <li>d) It discourages candidates from applying.</li> </ul>	N
8.	Find a word that has a similar meaning to "limits" in Paragraph 9-10.	\
9.	Based on the information in paragraphs 12-13, determine whether the following statements are True $(T)$ / False $(F)$ / Not Given $(NG)$ .	
	T F NG  (i) Holistic methods consider a person's skills and experience in real-life   scenarios.	À
	(ii) Holistic hiring processes take much longer than those involving MBTI.	1

## Based on the reading passage, answer the following questions.

What does the "\$2 billion annually" market value (Paragraph 2) suggest about workplace personality assessments?	
a) Their effectiveness is universally accepted b) Most companies develop their own tests c) They represent a significant industry and business d) Only large companies can afford these services	7
2. Find a phrase that has a similar meaning to "gain advantage" in Paragraph 3.  stand out	,
3. Paragraph 4 indicates that employers are "divided." What does this division refer to?	
a) Disagreement over which MBTI type is best ' b) Split between using MBTI for hiring versus team building c) Differing opinions on using MBTI in the hiring process d) Debate about the cost of personality assessments '	V
<ol> <li>Based on the information in paragraphs 4-8, determine whether the following statements are True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).</li> <li>T F NG</li> </ol>	
(i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.	X
(ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven $\square$ approach in their recruitment.	\
5. Fill in the missing blanks with <b>ONE</b> word found in Paragraphs 6-8.	
The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to	
overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) expectations. Studies show	<b>~</b>
personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii)predictjob capability. Indeed,	<b>√</b>
many factors have (iii) influ enced personal career paths far more than just innate traits.	V
Due to these issues, some organizations are now investigating (iv) to foster	X
more (v) teams and conduct thorough candidate evaluations.	V

6. Why might internalizing MBTI labels (Paragraph 9) be risky for job seeker	S:			
<ul> <li>a) It could make them ignore qualities that employers value.</li> <li>b) It could cause them to be conservative in selecting jobs.</li> <li>c) It could cause them to be screened out in preliminary selection.</li> <li>d) It might continue stereotyping and therefore encourage discrimination.</li> </ul>				
7. What does the temptation to "game the system" discussed in Paragraph 10 of MBTI in hiring?	imply al	bout t	he use	
<ul> <li>a) It encourages authentic self-presentation.</li> <li>b) It helps companies to find suitable candidates.</li> <li>c) It provides motivation for dishonesty.</li> <li>d) It discourages candidates from applying.</li> </ul>				
8. Find a word that has a similar meaning to " <u>limits</u> " in Paragraph 9-10.  distorts				
	ving sta	itemer	nts	
9. Based on the information in paragraphs 12-13, determine whether the follow	ving sta T	ritemen F	nts NG	

#### Based on the reading passage, answer the following questions.

1. What does the "\$2 billion annually" market value (Paragraph 2) suggest about workplace personality assessments?  a) Their effectiveness is universally accepted b) Most companies develop their own tests c) They represent a significant industry and business d) Only large companies can afford these services 2. Find a phrase that has a similar meaning to "gain advantage" in Paragraph 3.  tip the scales 3. Paragraph 4 indicates that employers are "divided." What does this division refer to? a) Disagreement over which MBTI type is best b) Split between using MBTI for hiring versus team building c) Differing opinions on using MBTI in the hiring process d) Debate about the cost of personality assessments  4. Based on the information in paragraphs 4-8, determine whether the following statements are True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).  T F NG (i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.  T F NG (ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.  5. Fill in the missing blanks with ONE word found in Paragraphs 6-8.  The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) expectations. Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) predict job capability. Indeed, many factors have (iii) adopted personal career paths far more than just innate traits.
b) Most companies develop their own tests (c) They represent a significant industry and business d) Only large companies can afford these services  2. Find a phrase that has a similar meaning to "gain advantage" in Paragraph 3.
3. Paragraph 4 indicates that employers are "divided." What does this division refer to?  a) Disagreement over which MBTI type is best b) Split between using MBTI for hiring versus team building c) Differing opinions on using MBTI in the hiring process d) Debate about the cost of personality assessments  4. Based on the information in paragraphs 4-8, determine whether the following statements are True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).  T F NG (i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.  [ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.  5. Fill in the missing blanks with ONE word found in Paragraphs 6-8.  The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) expectations. Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) preduct job capability. Indeed,
<ul> <li>3. Paragraph 4 indicates that employers are "divided." What does this division refer to?  a) Disagreement over which MBTI type is best b) Split between using MBTI for hiring versus team building c) Differing opinions on using MBTI in the hiring process d) Debate about the cost of personality assessments</li> <li>4. Based on the information in paragraphs 4-8, determine whether the following statements are True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).  T F NG (i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.  [ (ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.</li> <li>5. Fill in the missing blanks with ONE word found in Paragraphs 6-8.</li> <li>The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) expectations. Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) predict job capability. Indeed,</li> </ul>
b) Split between using MBTI for hiring versus team building  C) Differing opinions on using MBTI in the hiring process d) Debate about the cost of personality assessments  4. Based on the information in paragraphs 4-8, determine whether the following statements are True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).  T F NG  (i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.  (ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.  5. Fill in the missing blanks with ONE word found in Paragraphs 6-8.  The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i)expectations. Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii)predictjob capability. Indeed,
True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).  T F NG  (i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.  (ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.  5. Fill in the missing blanks with ONE word found in Paragraphs 6-8.  The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i)expectations. Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii)preductjob capability. Indeed,
(i) HR Teams in traditional industries are reluctant to use MBTI for hiring.   (ii) Companies nowadays have gradually resorted to a more data-driven approach in their recruitment.  5. Fill in the missing blanks with ONE word found in Paragraphs 6-8.  The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) expectations. Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) predict job capability. Indeed,
approach in their recruitment.  5. Fill in the missing blanks with <b>ONE</b> word found in Paragraphs 6-8.  The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) <u>expectations</u> . Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) <u>predict</u> job capability. Indeed,
The use of MBTI in recruitment risks generating stereotypes, potentially leading companies to overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) <u>expectations</u> . Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) <u>predict</u> job capability. Indeed,
overlook qualified individuals who do not fit certain (i) <u>expectations</u> . Studies show personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii) <u>predict</u> job capability. Indeed,
personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii)job capability. Indeed,
personality assessments are unreliable tools to (ii)job capability. Indeed,
Due to these issues, some organizations are now investigating (iv)alternatives_ to foster
more (v) teams and conduct thorough candidate evaluations.

(7)

6.	Why might internalizing MBTI labels (Paragraph 9) be risky for job seekers?
	<ul> <li>a) It could make them ignore qualities that employers value.</li> <li>b) It could cause them to be conservative in selecting jobs.</li> <li>c) It could cause them to be screened out in preliminary selection.</li> <li>d) It might continue stereotyping and therefore encourage discrimination.</li> </ul>
7.	What does the temptation to "game the system" discussed in Paragraph 10 imply about the use of MBTI in hiring?
	<ul> <li>a) It encourages authentic self-presentation.</li> <li>b) It helps companies to find suitable candidates.</li> <li>c) It provides motivation for dishonesty.</li> <li>d) It discourages candidates from applying.</li> </ul>
8.	Find a word that has a similar meaning to "limits" in Paragraph 9-10.
_	nanows
9.	Based on the information in paragraphs $\underline{12-13}$ , determine whether the following statements are True (T) / False (F) / Not Given (NG).
	T F NG
	(i) Holistic methods consider a person's skills and experience in real-life
	(ii) Holistic hiring processes take much longer than those involving MBTI.