3822

65

8823EC1653BR23EC1653BR23EC1653BR23EC1653.

8823

C166 384



# STUDENT REPORT

165

### Name

TEHESHEEN TASNEEM

### **Roll Number**

3BR23EC165

### **Title**

PEAK ELEMENT FINDER

### Description

Description: You are given an N- dimensional array arr[]. A peak element in the array is defined as an element whose value is greater than or equal to its neighboring elements (if they exist). Your task is to find the index of any peak element in the given array

Note: use 0-based indexing

### Input:

An integer representing the number of elements in the array. N space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the array.

N space-separated integers ,denoting the elements of the array arr[]

## Sample Input:

5

1 3 20 4 1

# **Sample Output:**

2

3BR23EC1653BR22.

# 3BR23EC1653BR23EC1653BR23EC1

```
3BR23EC165-Peak Element Finder
  def find_peak_element(arr):
    n = len(arr)
    if n == 1:
      return 0
    if arr[0] > arr[1]:
      return 0
    if arr[n - 1] > arr[n - 2]:
      return n - 1
    for i in range(1, n - 1):
      if arr[i] > arr[i - 1] and arr[i] > arr[i + 1]:
        return i
    return -1
  n = int(input())
  arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
  index = find_peak_element(arr)
  if index != -1:
    print(index)
  else:
    print("No peak element found.")
5 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 100 %
```