

# Fourier Transform

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## 1 Fourier Series

### 1.1 Real Coefficients

$$\begin{aligned}f(t) &| \quad f(t+T) = f(t) \quad \forall \quad t \\g(t) &= k + \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} a_m \cos\left(\frac{2\pi mt}{T}\right) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin\left(\frac{2\pi nt}{T}\right) \\k &= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(t) dt \\a_m &= \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \cos\left(\frac{2\pi mt}{T}\right) dt \\b_n &= \frac{2}{T} \int_0^T f(t) \sin\left(\frac{2\pi nt}{T}\right) dt\end{aligned}$$

### 1.2 Imaginary Coefficients

$$\begin{aligned}e^{it} &= \cos(t) + i \sin(t); i = \sqrt{-1} \\g(t) &= \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} c_n e^{i \frac{2\pi nt}{T}} \\c_n &= \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T f(t) e^{-i \frac{2\pi nt}{T}} dt\end{aligned}$$

## 2 Fourier Transform

### 2.1 Continuous

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{F}(g(t)) &= G(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} g(t) e^{-i2\pi ft} dt \\\mathcal{F}^{-1}(G(t)) &= g(f) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} G(t) e^{i2\pi ft} df\end{aligned}$$