## The University Interscholastic League Number Sense Test • HS District • 2021

			Final	
(	Contestant's Number		2nd	
]	Read directions carefully I	DO NOT UNFOLD THIS SHEET	1st Score Init	
	before beginning test	UNTIL TOLD TO BEGIN		
; ;	<b>Directions:</b> Do not turn this page until the person cor 80 problems. Solve accurately and quickly as many as SOLVED MENTALLY. Make no calculations with each problem. Problems marked with a (*) require five percent of the exact answer will be scored correct. The person conducting this contest should explain	s you can in the order in which they appear. ALL the paper and pencil. Write only the answer in the approximate integral answers; any answer to a st; all other problems require exact answers.	PROBLEMS ARE TO Be space provided at the end	
	The person conducting this contest should explain	STOP WAIT FOR SIGNAL!		
(1)	5080 + 911 =	(18) 2 gallons — 3quarts + 2	pints = pi	
(2)	2.5 × 1.6 =	$(19) (23 + 23 \times 25 - 28) \div 8$	3 has a remainder of	
(3)	1141 — 393 =	*(20) 528 × 1930 ÷ 731 =		
	$\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{9}{10} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	2	(decim	
(5)	5.07 — 26.5 = (de	ecimal) (22) $555 \times \frac{5}{37} = $		
	$\frac{5}{16} =$ % (mixed nu $23^2 =$	2021 and the end of May		
	$55 \times 6 \div 20 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	(24) An angle complementary	y to 43° measures	
	Which is larger, 0.8 or $\frac{9}{11}$ ?	$(25) \ 21^2 + 23^2 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$		
	721 — 904 + 2919 — 2029 =	(26) Let $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{4}{x}$ . Find 6x	(26) Let $\frac{3}{8} = \frac{4}{x}$ . Find 6x.	
(11)	43 <sup>2</sup> =		$(27) \ 214 \times 15 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	
(12)	30% of 40 — 30 =	<u> </u>	(28) $ 3-2 -6+ 6-20+22  = $ (29) Let $(71x-16)^2 = ax^2 + bx + c$ . $a+b+c = $	
(13)	152 <sup>2</sup> ÷ 8 has a remainder of		*(30) $(67 \div 5 \times 43 \div 6)^2 =$	
(14)	The arithmetic mean of 41, 46, and 57 is	<del></del>		
(15)	MDCIX + DLXX = (Arabic Nu			
(16)	54 <sup>2</sup> =			
(17)	72% of $77\frac{7}{9} = $	(33) Given: m, 4, 9, 13, 22, n,	5/, Find m + n	

- (34) The larger root of  $(x + 1)^2 = \frac{256}{441}$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (35) If 2.444...  $\times$  k = 1, then k = \_\_\_\_\_
- (36) Find the smallest integer k, where k < 11, such that 7k + 4 is a perfect square.
- (37) The linear term of  $(x-4)^3$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (38) If  $(3x-5)(4x-2) = ax^2 + bx + c$ , then a+b+c=
- $(39) (12)^3 (13)^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- \*(40)  $38\frac{4}{5} \times 49330 \div 16 =$
- (41) 0.0141414... = \_\_\_\_\_ (fraction)
- (42) Let  $5 \times 25^2 \div 125^3 = 5^k$ . k =\_\_\_\_\_
- $(43) (204)^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (44) 994 × 997 = \_\_\_\_\_
- $(45) \ 33_6 \times 3_6 33_6 = \underline{\qquad \qquad }_6$
- (46) If  $\sqrt[3]{a^8} \times \sqrt[4]{a^7} = \sqrt[n]{a^k}$ , then n + k =\_\_\_\_\_
- (47) The sum of the roots of  $(4x 7)^3 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (48) The sum of the product of the roots taken two at a time of  $4x^3 17x^2 + 16x 3 = 0$  is \_\_\_\_\_
- (49) The diameter of a sphere is 9 inches. The volume is  $k\pi$  cubic inches. k =\_\_\_\_\_\_
- \*(50)  $(\sqrt[3]{559242})^2 =$
- (51) If 2x y = 6 and x + 2y = -3 then  $5y = _____$
- (52) The distance between (-1, 5) and (-3, -9) is d. Find  $d^2$ .
- $(53) \ 25^3 24^3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (54) The first 4 digits of the decimal of  $\frac{7}{22}$  is 0.\_\_\_\_
- $(55) \ \ 8+5+3\frac{1}{8}+1\frac{61}{64}+...=$
- (56) The vertex of the parabola  $y = 40 + 6x x^2$  is (h, k) and h + k = \_\_\_\_\_
- (57) If 5, 9, and x are the integral sides of a triangle, then the least value of x is \_\_\_\_\_

- (58)  $Log_6(x-3)$  equals 3 when x equals \_\_\_\_\_
- $(59) \ 444 \times \frac{4}{37} = 4 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- \*(60)  $\sqrt{37 \times 40 \times 43} =$
- (61) Find the sum of all positive integers x such that  $15-3x \ge 5$ .
- (62) The radius of the inscribed circle of a 8-15-17 right triangle is \_\_\_\_\_ units
- (63) How many lines are determined by 9 coplanar points no 3 of which are collinear?
- (64) 4143 × 14 = \_\_\_\_\_
- (65)  $13 \times \frac{16}{17} =$ \_\_\_\_\_ (mixed number)
- $(66) \ \frac{3}{8} \frac{14}{41} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (67) How many positive integers less than 60 are relatively prime to 60?
- (68) A box contains 18 blue chips and and x red chips. The probability of selecting a blue chip is 60%. The odds of a red being selected is \_\_\_\_\_
- (69)  $(54_9 \times 63_9 72_9) \div 8_9$  has a remainder of \_\_\_\_\_
- \*(70) 78 miles per hour = \_\_\_\_\_ inches per second
- (71)  $y = \log_3(4x + 5)$ . The domain of y is x >\_\_\_\_\_
- (72) The first four digits of the decimal for  $\frac{14}{33}$  base 7 is 0.\_\_\_\_\_ base 7
- (73)  $\sin^3(\frac{7\pi}{6}) =$ \_\_\_\_\_
- (74) If  $f(x) = \frac{2-3x}{4}$ , then  $f^{-1}(5) =$
- (75) If  $f(x) = \frac{2-3x}{4}$ , then  $f[f^{-1}(5)] = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- (76) Find the sum of the squares of the roots of  $6x^2 + x 5 = 0$ .
- (77) 132<sub>8</sub> = \_\_\_\_\_\_\_4
- $(78) \int_{-3}^{3} (2x-1) \, dx = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- $(79) \ \frac{11}{30} \frac{11}{20} \frac{11}{12} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- \*(80) 1234 + 2345 + 3456 + 4567 + 5678 = \_\_\_\_\_