

# Факультет программной инженерии и компьютерной техники Проектирование вычислительных систем

Лабораторная работа №3: Таймеры и интерфейс I2C Вариант 2

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# Задание

Реализовать настраиваемый пульт включения разных режимов горения светодиодов. По нажатию кнопок клавиатуры выполняются следующие действия:

Код кнопки	Действие
1-9	Зажигание светодиода в соответствии с режимом.
	Предыдущий режим горения отключается, новый режим
	держится до переключения на следующий режим. Режимы по
	умолчанию:
	1 – зеленый, 10% яркости
	2 – зеленый, 40% яркости
	3 – зеленый, 100% яркости
	4 – желтый, 10% яркости
	5 – желтый, 40% яркости
	6 – желтый, 100% яркости
	7 – красный, 10% яркости
	8 – красный, 40% яркости
	9 – красный, 100% яркости
10	Отключить текущий режим (погасить все светодиоды).
11	Войти в меню настройки.
12	Выйти из меню настройки.

По нажатию каждой кнопки в UART должно выводиться сообщение о том, какой режим активирован, или текущие настройки, вводимые в меню.

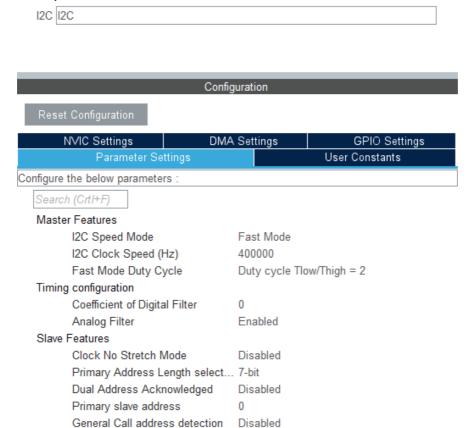
После входе в меню настройки сначала надо нажать кнопку, привязанный к которой режим требуется изменить, далее кнопками 1 — 3 выбирается светодиод (зеленый, желтый, красный) и кнопками 4, 5 — коэффициент заполнения от 0 до 100% с шагом 10%. По нажатию кнопки выхода из меню новый режим сохраняется.

# Настройка

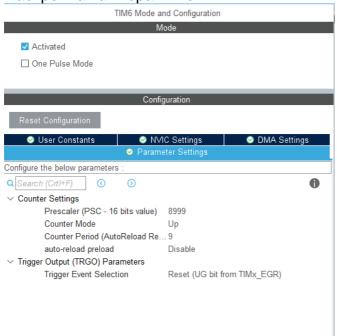
Микросхема PCA9538 является внешним расширителем GPIO-портов ввода/вывода, который подключается к микроконтроллеру по интерфейсу I2C. Данная микросхема реализует подключение до 8 сигналов, каждый из которых может быть настроен как вход или выход.

Адресный байт содержит постоянную часть и два бита, следовательно, возможно одновременное подключение на шину I2C до 4 одинаковых микросхем. В SDK-1.1M имеется два устройства с адресами 0xE0 (входы прерываний устройств и др.) и 0xE2 (клавиатура). Последний бит адресного байта подчиненного устройства определяет операцию (чтение или запись), которая должна быть выполнена.

#### Настройка І2С:



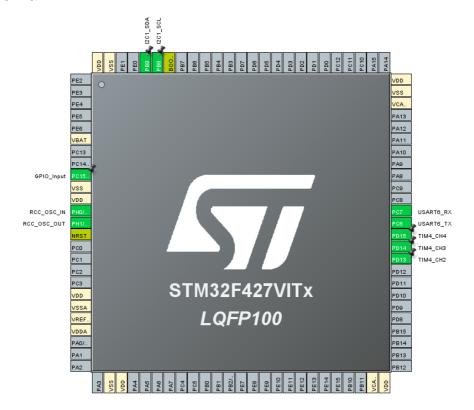
## Настройка таймера ТІМ6:



## Настройка таймера TIM4:

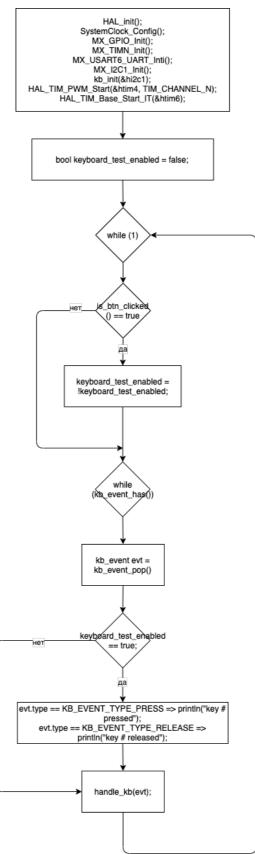


## Распиновка:

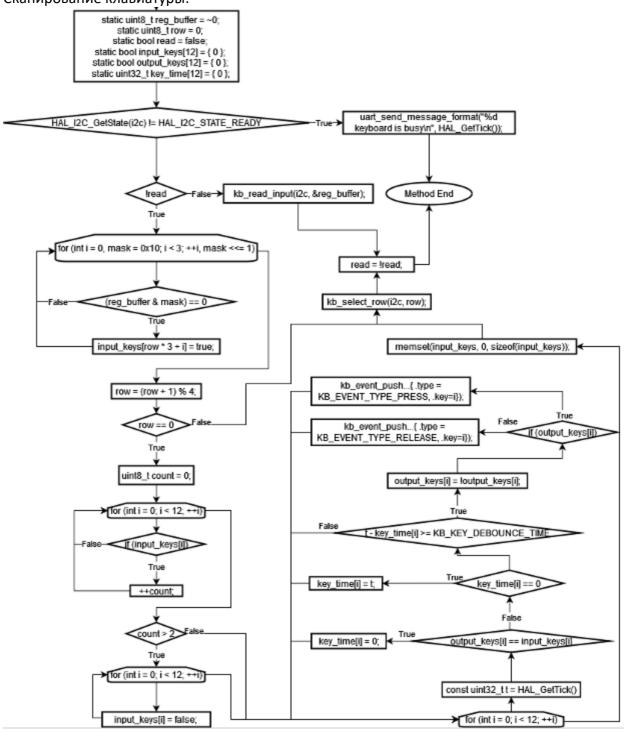


## Блок-схемы

# Главный программный цикл:



#### Сканирование клавиатуры:



# Код

```
#pragma once

#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

#include "main.h"

enum kb_event_type {
    KB_EVENT_TYPE_PRESS = 0,
    KB_EVENT_TYPE_RELEASE = 1,
};
enum kb_event_key {
    KB_EVENT_KEY_1 = 0,
```

```
KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_2 = 1,
     KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_3 = 2
     KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_4 = 3, KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_5 = 4,
     KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_6 = 5,
     KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_7 = 6, KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_8 = 7,
     KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_9 = 8
     KB_EVENT_KEY_10 = 9,
KB_EVENT_KEY_11 = 10,
     KB\_EVENT\_KEY\_12 = 11,
}:
struct kb_event {
     enum kb_event_type type;
     enum kb_event_key key;
};
bool kb event has();
struct kb_event kb_event_pop();
void kb_init(I2C_HandleTypeDef * i2c);
void kb_scan_step(I2C_HandleTypeDef * i2c);
```

```
#pragma once
#include <stdint.h>
enum LED {
   GREEN = 0,
    YELLOW = 1,
   RED = 2,
};
struct GarlandMode {
   enum LED color;
   uint8_t brightness;
};
extern const char * const led names[];
void led_set_brightness(enum LED led, uint8_t power);
static void led_mode_enable(struct GarlandMode mode) { led_set_brightness(mode.color,
mode.brightness); }
static void led_mode_disable(struct GarlandMode mode) { led_set_brightness(mode.color, 0); }
```

```
#pragma once
#include <stdint.h>
#include <string.h>
void print(const char * content);
void println(const char * message);
void print_format(const char * format, ...);
#include <KEYBOARD.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <UART.h>
#define BUFFER_CAPACITY (32)
#define INC_BUFFER_IDX(__idx) do { (__idx) = ((__idx) + 1) % (BUFFER_CAPACITY); } while (0)
#define KB_I2C_ADDRESS (0xE2)
#define KB_I2C_READ_ADDRESS ((KB_I2C_ADDRESS) | 1)
#define KB_I2C_WRITE_ADDRESS ((KB_I2C_ADDRESS) & ~1)
#define KB_INPUT_REG (0x0)
#define KB_OUTPUT_REG (0x1)
#define KB_CONFIG_REG (0x3)
#define KB_KEY_DEBOUNCE_TIME (50)
```

```
static struct kb_event buffer[BUFFER_CAPACITY] = { 0 };
static size_t buffer_start_idx = 0;
static size_t buffer_end_idx = 0;
static void kb_event_push(struct kb_event event) {
    buffer[buffer_end_idx] = event;
    INC_BUFFER_IDX(buffer_end_idx);
bool kb_event_has() {
       const uint32_t priMask = __get_PRIMASK();
         _disable_irq();
       const bool ret = buffer_start_idx != buffer_end_idx;
         _set_PRIMASK(priMask);
       return ret;
}
struct kb_event kb_event_pop() {
       const uint32_t priMask = __get_PRIMASK();
         _disable_irq();
        const struct kb_event evt = buffer[buffer_start_idx];
       INC_BUFFER_IDX(buffer_start_idx);
         _set_PRIMASK(priMask);
       return evt;
}
void kb_init(I2C_HandleTypeDef * i2c) {
    static uint8_t output = 0x0;
    HAL_I2C_Mem_Write(i2c, KB_I2C_WRITE_ADDRESS, KB_OUTPUT_REG, 1, &output, 1, 100);
}
static void kb write config(I2C HandleTypeDef * i2c, uint8 t data) {
    static uint8_t buf;
    buf = data;
    HAL_I2C_Mem_Write_IT(i2c, KB_I2C_WRITE_ADDRESS, KB_CONFIG_REG, 1, &buf, 1);
static void kb_select_row(I2C_HandleTypeDef * i2c, uint8_t row) {
       kb_write_config(i2c, ~((uint8_t) (1 << row)));
static void kb_read_input(I2C_HandleTypeDef * i2c, uint8_t * data) {
       HAL_I2C_Mem_Read_IT(i2c, KB_I2C_READ_ADDRESS, KB_INPUT_REG, 1, data, 1); }
void kb_scan_step(I2C_HandleTypeDef * i2c) {
    static uint8_t reg_buffer = ~0;
    static uint8_t row = 0;
    static bool read = false;
    static bool input_keys[12] = { 0 };
    static bool output_keys[12] = { 0 };
    static uint32 t key time[12] = { 0 };
    if (HAL_I2C_GetState(i2c) != HAL_I2C_STATE_READY) return;
    if (!read) {
        for (uint8_t i = 0, mask = 0x10; i < 3; ++i, mask <<= 1)</pre>
            if ((reg_buffer & mask) == 0)
               input_keys[row * 3 + i] = true;
        row = (row + 1) % 4;
        if (row == 0) {
               uint8_t count = 0;
               for (int i = 0; i < 12; ++i)
                       if (input_keys[i])
                              ++count;
               if (count > 2)
                       for (int i = 0; i < 12; ++i)
                              input_keys[i] = false;
            for (int i = 0; i < 12; ++i) {
                 const uint32_t t = HAL_GetTick();
                 if (output_keys[i] == input_keys[i]) key_time[i] = 0;
                 else if (key_time[i] == 0) key_time[i] = t;
                else if (t - key_time[i] >= KB_KEY_DEBOUNCE_TIME) {
   output_keys[i] = !output_keys[i];
                     if (output_keys[i]) kb_event_push((struct kb_event) { .type =
KB_EVENT_TYPE_PRESS, .key = i });
                     else kb_event_push((struct kb_event) { type = KB_EVENT_TYPE_RELEASE, key =
i });
                 }
            }
```

```
memset(input_keys, 0, sizeof(input_keys));
}
kb_select_row(i2c, row);
} else kb_read_input(i2c, &reg_buffer);
read = !read;
}
```

```
#include <LED.h>
#include "main.h"
extern TIM_HandleTypeDef htim4;
const char * const led_names[] = {
    [GREEN] = "GREEN"
    [YELLOW] = "YELLOW",
    [RED] = "RED",
};
typedef void (* abstract_LED_setter)(uint16_t);
static void set_green_LED(uint16_t power) { htim4.Instance->CCR2 = power; }
static void set_yellow_LED(uint16_t power) { htim4.Instance->CCR3 = power; }
static void set_red_LED(uint16_t power) { htim4.Instance->CCR4 = power; }
static const abstract_LED_setter led_setters[] = {
    [GREEN] = set_green_LED,
    [YELLOW] = set_yellow_LED,
    [RED] = set_red_LED,
};
void led_set_brightness(enum LED led, uint8_t power) {
    if (power > 100) power = 100;
    led_setters[led]((uint16_t) power * 10);
```

```
/* USER CODE BEGIN Header */
/**
 ******************************
           : main.c
: Main program body
 * @file
 * @brief
 ******************************
 * @attention
 * <h2><center>&copy; Copyright (c) 2021 STMicroelectronics.
 * All rights reserved.</center></h2>
 st This software component is licensed by ST under BSD 3-Clause license,
 * the "License"; You may not use this file except in compliance with the
 * License. You may obtain a copy of the License at:
                      opensource.org/licenses/BSD-3-Clause
 /* USER CODE END Header */
/* Includes -
#include <KEYBOARD.h>
#include <LED.h>
#include <UART.h>
#include "main.h"
/* Private includes --
/* USER CODE BEGIN Includes */
/* USER CODE END Includes */
/* Private typedef --
/* USER CODE BEGIN PTD */
```

```
/* USER CODE END PTD */
/* Private define -
/* USER CODE BEGIN PD */
#define BTN_DEBOUNCE_TIME (100)
/* USER CODE END PD */
/* Private macro −
/* USER CODE BEGIN PM */
/* USER CODE END PM */
/* Private variables -
I2C_HandleTypeDef hi2c1;
TIM_HandleTypeDef htim4;
TIM_HandleTypeDef htim6;
UART HandleTypeDef huart6;
/* USER CODE BEGIN PV */
/* USER CODE END PV */
/* Private function prototypes -
void SystemClock_Config(void);
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void);
static void MX_TIM4_Init(void);
static void MX_TIM6_Init(void);
static void MX_USART6_UART_Init(void);
static void MX I2C1 Init(void);
/* USER CODE BEGIN PFP */
/* USER CODE END PFP */
/* Private user code -
/* USER CODE BEGIN 0 */
static struct GarlandMode led_modes[9] = {
    { .color = GREEN, .brightness = 10 },
{ .color = GREEN, .brightness = 40 },
     { .color = GREEN, .brightness = 100 },
{ .color = YELLOW, .brightness = 10 },
{ .color = YELLOW, .brightness = 40 },
{ .color = YELLOW, .brightness = 100 },
     { .color = RED, .brightness = 10 }, 
{ .color = RED, .brightness = 40 },
     { .color = RED, .brightness = 100 },
};
static bool is_button_clicked() {
    static bool output_btn = false;
    static uint32_t btn_time = 0;
    const bool input_btn = HAL_GPIO_ReadPin(GPIOC, GPIO_PIN_15) == GPIO_PIN_RESET;
    const uint32_t t = HAL_GetTick();
if (input_btn == output_btn) btn_time = 0;
else if (btn_time == 0) btn_time = t;
     else if (btn_time - t >= BTN_DEBOUNCE_TIME) {
          output_btn = !output_btn;
          if (output_btn) return true;
    return false;
}
static bool handle kb menu(struct kb event evt) {
    static struct GarlandMode new_mode = { 0 };
     static uint8_t new_mode_number = 0;
    static bool is_number_selected = false;
static bool is_color_selected = false;
    static bool may_reset = false;
    switch (evt.key) {
   case KB_EVENT_KEY_1:
          case KB_EVENT_KEY_2:
          case KB_EVENT_KEY_3:
          case KB_EVENT_KEY_4:
```

```
case KB_EVENT_KEY_5:
         case KB EVENT KEY 6:
         case KB_EVENT_KEY_7:
case KB_EVENT_KEY_8:
         case KB EVENT KEY 9:
              if (!is_number_selected) {
                   new_mode_number = evt.key;
                   is_number_selected = true;
                   break:
              }
              switch (evt.key) {
                   case KB_EVENT_KEY_1:
                   case KB_EVENT_KEY_2:
                   case KB EVENT KEY 3:
                       is_color_selected = true;
                        new_mode.color = (enum LED) evt.key;
                   break:
                   case KB_EVENT_KEY_4:
                        if (new_mode.brightness >= 10) new_mode.brightness = new_mode.brightness -
10;
                   break;
                   case KB_EVENT_KEY_5:
                       new_mode.brightness = (new_mode.brightness + 10) % 110;
                   break:
                   default:
                        // do nothing
                   break:
              }
              break;
         case KB_EVENT_KEY_10:
         case KB_EVENT_KEY_11:
              // do nothing
              break;
         case KB_EVENT_KEY_12:
              if (is_number_selected && is_color_selected) {
                   println("new mode saved");
                   led_modes[new_mode_number] = new_mode;
              }
              else if (may_reset) println("discarding all changes");
              else {
                   may_reset = true;
                   if (!is_number_selected) println("you should provide number of new mode");
                   if (!is_color_selected) println("you should provide color of new mode");
                   println("nothing to save, press again to discard and leave");
                   return true:
              }
              println("config mode == OFF");
              return false;
    if (!is_number_selected && !is_color_selected) print_format("new mode params: number is not
selected, color is not selected, brightness = %d%\r\n", new_mode.brightness);
    else if (!is_number_selected) print_format("new mode params: number is not selected, color =
%s, brightness = %d%\r\n", led_names[new_mode.color], new_mode.brightness);
else if (!is_color_selected) print_format("new mode params: number = %d, color is not
selected, brightness = %d%\r\n", new_mode_number + 1, new_mode.brightness);
else print_format("new mode params: number = %d, color = %s, brightness = %d%%\r\n",
new_mode_number + 1, led_names[new_mode.color], new_mode.brightness);
    may_reset = false;
    return true:
}
static void handle_kb(struct kb_event evt) {
    static uint8_t current_mode = 9;
    static bool in_menu = false;
    if (evt.type == KB_EVENT_TYPE_PRESS) {
   if (in_menu) in_menu = handle_kb_menu(evt);
         else switch (evt.key) {
                 case KB_EVENT_KEY_1:
case KB_EVENT_KEY_2:
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_3:
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_4:
case KB_EVENT_KEY_5:
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_6:
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_7:
case KB_EVENT_KEY_8:
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_9:
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_10:
                 if (current_mode < 9) led_mode_disable(led_modes[current_mode]);</pre>
```

```
current_mode = evt.key;
                 if (current_mode < 9) {</pre>
                         led_mode_enable(led_modes[current_mode]);
print_format("activated LED mode #%d\r\n", current_mode + 1);
                 } else println("disabled LEDs");
             break;
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_11:
                 println("config mode == ON");
                 in_menu = true;
             break;
             case KB_EVENT_KEY_12:
                 // do nothing
             break;
        }
    }
/* USER CODE END 0 */
 * @brief The application entry point.
 * @retval int
int main(void)
  /* USER CODE BEGIN 1 */
  /* USER CODE END 1 */
  /* MCU Configuration----
  /* Reset of all peripherals, Initializes the Flash interface and the Systick. */
  HAL_Init();
  /* USER CODE BEGIN <a href="mailto:Init">Init</a> */
  /* USER CODE END <u>Init</u> */
  /* Configure the system clock */
  SystemClock_Config();
  /* USER CODE BEGIN SysInit */
  /* USER CODE END SysInit */
  /* Initialize all configured peripherals */
  MX_GPIO_Init();
  MX_TIM4_Init();
  MX_TIM6_Init();
  MX_USART6_UART_Init();
  MX I2C1 Init();
  /* USER CODE BEGIN 2 */
  kb_init(&hi2c1);
 HAL_TIM_PWM_Start(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_2);
HAL_TIM_PWM_Start(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_3);
HAL_TIM_PWM_Start(&htim4, TIM_CHANNEL_4);
  HAL_TIM_Base_Start_IT(&htim6);
  /* USER CODE END 2 */
  /* Infinite loop */
/* USER CODE BEGIN WHILE */
  bool keyboard_test_enabled = false;
  while (1) {
    /* USER CODE END WHILE */
        if (is_button_clicked()) {
                 if (keyboard_test_enabled) println("keyboard test == ON");
else println("keyboard test == OFF");
                 keyboard_test_enabled = !keyboard_test_enabled;
    /* USER CODE BEGIN 3 */
      while (kb_event_has()) {
           struct kb_event evt = kb_event_pop();
          if (keyboard_test_enabled) {
```

```
switch (evt.type) {
                         case KB EVENT TYPE PRESS:
                                 print_format("key %d pressed\r\n", evt.key + 1);
                         case KB EVENT TYPE RELEASE:
                               print_format("key %d released\r\n", evt.key + 1);
                         break:
         } else handle_kb(evt);
 } /* USER CODE END 3 */
}
 * @brief System Clock Configuration
 * @retval None
void SystemClock_Config(void)
  RCC_OscInitTypeDef RCC_OscInitStruct = {0};
 RCC ClkInitTypeDef RCC ClkInitStruct = {0};
  /** Configure the main internal regulator output voltage
  */
 __HAL_RCC_PWR_CLK_ENABLE();
   _HAL_PWR_VOLTAGESCALING_CONFIG(PWR_REGULATOR_VOLTAGE_SCALE1);
  /** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB busses clocks
 RCC_OscInitStruct.OscillatorType = RCC_OSCILLATORTYPE_HSE;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.HSEState = RCC_HSE_ON;
RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLState = RCC_PLL_ON;
  RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLSource = RCC_PLLSOURCE_HSE;
 RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLM = 15;
RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLN = 216;
  RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLP = RCC_PLLP_DIV2;
  RCC_OscInitStruct.PLL.PLLQ = 4;
  if (HAL_RCC_OscConfig(&RCC_OscInitStruct) != HAL_OK)
   Error_Handler();
  /** Activate the Over-Drive mode
 if (HAL PWREx EnableOverDrive() != HAL OK)
   Error_Handler();
  /** Initializes the CPU, AHB and APB busses clocks
 RCC_ClkInitStruct.ClockType = RCC_CLOCKTYPE_HCLK|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_SYSCLK
                               |RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK1|RCC_CLOCKTYPE_PCLK2;
  RCC_ClkInitStruct.SYSCLKSource = RCC_SYSCLKSOURCE_PLLCLK;
 RCC_ClkInitStruct.AHBCLKDivider = RCC_SYSCLK_DIV1;
 RCC_ClkInitStruct.APB1CLKDivider = RCC_HCLK_DIV4;
 RCC ClkInitStruct.APB2CLKDivider = RCC HCLK DIV2;
  if (HAL_RCC_ClockConfig(&RCC_ClkInitStruct, FLASH_LATENCY_5) != HAL_OK)
    Error_Handler();
 }
}
 * @brief I2C1 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
 */
static void MX_I2C1_Init(void)
  /* USER CODE BEGIN I2C1_Init 0 */
 /* USER CODE END I2C1_Init 0 */
  /* USER CODE BEGIN I2C1 Init 1 */
  /* USER CODE END I2C1_Init 1 */
 hi2c1.Instance = I2C1;
 hi2c1.Init.ClockSpeed = 400000;
```

```
hi2c1.Init.DutyCycle = I2C_DUTYCYCLE_2;
  hi2c1.Init.OwnAddress1 = 0;
  hi2c1.Init.AddressingMode = I2C_ADDRESSINGMODE_7BIT;
hi2c1.Init.DualAddressMode = I2C_DUALADDRESS_DISABLE;
  hi2c1.Init.OwnAddress2 = 0;
  hi2c1.Init.GeneralCallMode = I2C_GENERALCALL_DISABLE;
  hi2c1.Init.NoStretchMode = I2C_NOSTRETCH_DISABLE;
  if (HAL_I2C_Init(&hi2c1) != HAL_OK)
    Error_Handler();
  /** Configure <a href="#">Analogue</a> filter
  if (HAL I2CEx ConfigAnalogFilter(&hi2c1, I2C ANALOGFILTER ENABLE) != HAL OK)
    Error_Handler();
  /** Configure Digital filter
  if (HAL_I2CEx_ConfigDigitalFilter(&hi2c1, 0) != HAL_OK)
    Error_Handler();
  /* USER CODE BEGIN I2C1 Init 2 */
  /* USER CODE END I2C1 Init 2 */
}
  * @brief TIM4 Initialization Function
  * @param None
  * @retval None
static void MX_TIM4_Init(void)
  /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4_Init 0 */
  /* USER CODE END TIM4 Init 0 */
  TIM_ClockConfigTypeDef sClockSourceConfig = {0};
  TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef sMasterConfig = {0};
  TIM_OC_InitTypeDef sConfigOC = {0};
  /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4 Init 1 */
  /* USER CODE END TIM4_Init 1 */
  htim4.Instance = TIM4;
  htim4.Init.Prescaler = 89;
  htim4.Init.CounterMode = TIM_COUNTERMODE_UP;
  htim4.Init.Period = 999;
  htim4.Init.ClockDivision = TIM_CLOCKDIVISION_DIV1;
  htim4.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM_AUTORELOAD_PRELOAD_DISABLE;
  if (HAL_TIM_Base_Init(&htim4) != HAL_OK)
    Error_Handler();
  sClockSourceConfig.ClockSource = TIM_CLOCKSOURCE_INTERNAL;
  if (HAL_TIM_ConfigClockSource(&htim4, &sClockSourceConfig) != HAL_OK)
    Error_Handler();
  if (HAL_TIM_PWM_Init(&htim4) != HAL_OK)
    Error_Handler();
  sMasterConfig.MasterOutputTrigger = TIM TRGO RESET;
  sMasterConfig.MasterSlaveMode = TIM_MASTERSLAVEMODE_DISABLE;
  if (HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization(&htim4, &sMasterConfig) != HAL_OK)
    Error_Handler();
  sConfigOC.OCMode = TIM_OCMODE_PWM1;
  sConfigOC.Pulse = 0;
  sConfigOC.OCPolarity = TIM_OCPOLARITY_HIGH;
  sConfigOC.OCFastMode = TIM_OCFAST_DISABLE;
  if (HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel(&htim4, &sConfigOC, TIM_CHANNEL_2) != HAL_OK)
```

```
Error Handler();
  if (HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel(&htim4, &sConfigOC, TIM_CHANNEL_3) != HAL_OK)
   Error_Handler();
  if (HAL_TIM_PWM_ConfigChannel(&htim4, &sConfigOC, TIM_CHANNEL_4) != HAL_OK)
   Error_Handler();
  /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM4 Init 2 */
  /* USER CODE END TIM4 Init 2 */
 HAL_TIM_MspPostInit(&htim4);
}
 * @brief TIM6 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_TIM6_Init(void)
  /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM6 Init 0 */
  /* USER CODE END TIM6_<u>Init</u> 0 */
 TIM_MasterConfigTypeDef sMasterConfig = {0};
  /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM6 Init 1 */
  /* USER CODE END TIM6_Init 1 */
  htim6.Instance = TIM6;
 htim6.Init.Prescaler = 8999;
  htim6.Init.CounterMode = TIM_COUNTERMODE_UP;
  htim6.Init.Period = 9;
 htim6.Init.AutoReloadPreload = TIM AUTORELOAD PRELOAD DISABLE;
  if (HAL_TIM_Base_Init(&htim6) != HAL_OK)
   Error_Handler();
  sMasterConfig.MasterOutputTrigger = TIM_TRGO_RESET;
  sMasterConfig.MasterSlaveMode = TIM_MASTERSLAVEMODE DISABLE;
  if (HAL_TIMEx_MasterConfigSynchronization(&htim6, &sMasterConfig) != HAL_OK)
   Error_Handler();
  /* USER CODE BEGIN TIM6_Init 2 */
  /* USER CODE END TIM6_Init 2 */
}
 * @brief USART6 Initialization Function
 * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_USART6_UART_Init(void)
  /* USER CODE BEGIN USART6 Init 0 */
  /* USER CODE END USART6 Init 0 */
  /* USER CODE BEGIN USART6_Init 1 */
  /* USER CODE END USART6 Init 1 */
 huart6.Instance = USART6;
  huart6.Init.BaudRate = 115200;
  huart6.Init.WordLength = UART_WORDLENGTH_8B;
 huart6.Init.StopBits = UART_STOPBITS_1;
  huart6.Init.Parity = UART_PARITY_NONE;
  huart6.Init.Mode = UART_MODE_TX_RX;
 huart6.Init.HwFlowCtl = UART_HWCONTROL_NONE;
```

```
huart6.Init.OverSampling = UART_OVERSAMPLING_16;
  if (HAL UART Init(&huart6) != HAL OK)
    Error_Handler();
  /* USER CODE BEGIN USART6 Init 2 */
  /* USER CODE END USART6_Init 2 */
}
/**
 * @brief GPIO Initialization Function
  * @param None
 * @retval None
static void MX_GPIO_Init(void)
 GPI0_InitTypeDef GPI0_InitStruct = {0};
  /* GPIO Ports Clock Enable */
  __HAL_RCC_GPIOC_CLK_ENABLE();
  __HAL_RCC_GPIOH_CLK_ENABLE();
   _HAL_RCC_GPIOD_CLK_ENABLE();
  __HAL_RCC_GPIOB_CLK_ENABLE();
  /*Configure GPIO pin : PC15 */
 GPIO InitStruct.Pin = GPIO PIN 15;
 GPI0_InitStruct.Mode = GPI0_MODE_INPUT;
  GPI0_InitStruct.Pull = GPI0_NOPULL;
 HAL_GPI0_Init(GPIOC, &GPI0_InitStruct);
/* USER CODE BEGIN 4 */
void HAL_TIM_PeriodElapsedCallback(TIM_HandleTypeDef * htim) {
    if (htim->Instance == TIM6) {
        kb_scan_step(&hi2c1);
}
/* USER CODE END 4 */
 * @brief This function is executed in case of error occurrence.
 * @retval None
void Error_Handler(void)
{
  /* USER CODE BEGIN Error_Handler_Debug */
 /* User can add his own implementation to report the HAL error return state */
 /* USER CODE END Error_Handler_Debug */
}
#ifdef USE_FULL_ASSERT
 * @brief Reports the name of the source file and the source line number
            where the assert_param error has occurred.
            file: pointer to the source file name
  * @param
            line: assert_param error line source number
  * @retval None
void assert_failed(uint8_t *file, uint32_t line)
  /* USER CODE BEGIN 6 */
  /* User can add his own implementation to report the file name and line number,
     \underline{\text{tex}}: \underline{\text{printf}}(\text{"Wrong parameters value: file %s on line %d\r\n", file, line) */
 /* USER CODE END 6 */
#endif /* USE_FULL_ASSERT */
/***************************** (C) COPYRIGHT STMicroelectronics *****END OF FILE****/
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdarg.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <UART.h>
#include "main.h"
extern UART_HandleTypeDef huart6;
static inline bool uart_is_ready() { return HAL_UART_GetState(&huart6) == HAL_UART_STATE_READY; }
void print(const char * content) {
       while (!uart_is_ready());
       HAL_UART_Transmit_IT(&huart6, (void *) content, strlen(content));
}
void println(const char * message) {
       print(message);
       print("\r\n");
}
void print_format(const char * format, ...) {
       static char buffer[1024];
       while (!uart_is_ready());
       va_list ap;
       va start(ap, format);
       vsnprintf(buffer, sizeof(buffer), format, ap);
       va_end(ap);
       print(buffer);
```

### Выводы

В процессе выполнения лабораторной работы мы научились работать с клавиатурным блоком стенда SDK-1.1M, считывать нажатие и отпускание клавиш с него. Научились пользоваться таймерами стенда и с их помощью имитировать яркость светодиодов.