CPS in Japan

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Chapter 1

Summary

- Descrive Japanese Labor market from 1986-2021.
- Use the Labor force survey, which is open-access and includes similar variables as the current population survey in U.S.

Chapter 2

Simple description

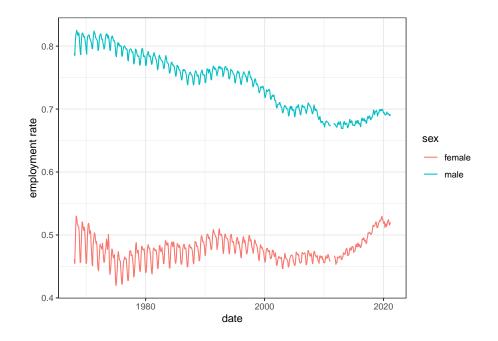
2.1 Environment

```
library(data.table)
library(tidytable)
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
```

2.2 Data

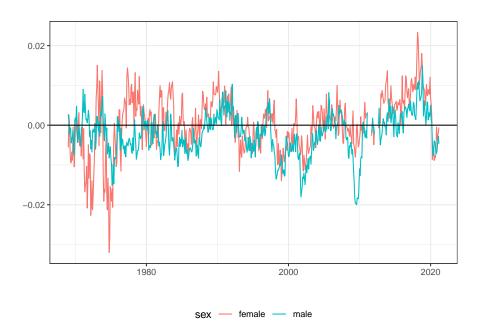
2.3 Employment rate

• Report $e_{g,m,y} = \frac{Employment_{g,m,y}}{Population_{g,m,y}}$, where $Employment_{g,m,y}$ and $Population_{g,m,y}$ are numbers of employment and population over 15 years old in month m, year y and gender group g, respectively.



2.4 Year-to-year difference of employment rate

- Report change of employment rate $\tilde{e}_{g,m,y} = e_{g,m,y} - e_{g,m,y-1}$



2.5 Gender gap

- Report change of employment rate $\tilde{e}_{male,m,y} - \tilde{e}_{female,m,y}$

```
arrange(sex,
        month,
        year) %>%
group_by(sex,
         month) %>%
mutate(employment = employment - lag(employment)) %>%
ungroup %>%
filter(year >= 1969) %>%
arrange(date,
        sex) %>%
group_by(date) %>%
mutate(employment = employment - lag(employment)) %>%
ungroup %>%
filter(sex == "male") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = date,
           y = employment)
       ) +
geom_line() +
geom_hline(yintercept = 0) +
ylab("") +
xlab("") +
theme_bw()
```

