MostSimple Prediction Task with mlr3

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Purpose

- 予測問題についての包括的な作業工程を例示
 - ただし Stacking は除く
- TuningParameter の推定と本推定を同時に行う AutoTuner を活用
- モデル比較を簡便かつ柔軟に行える benchmark を活用

RoadMap

- 1. Define Learner, Measurement, ReSampling, TerminalCondition
- 2. Define Learner with Parameter Turning
- 3. Split sample into Training and Test
- 4. Choose Best Model by CrossValidation
- 5. Construct Final Model

SetUp

```
Subgroup <- partition(Task, ratio = 0.8)

R2 <- msr("regr.rsq") # Define Evaluation with R2

Mean <- lrn("regr.featureless") # Define SimpleMean

OLS <- lrn("regr.lm") # Define OLS

Tree <- lrn("regr.rpart") # Define AdaptiveTree

RandomForest <- lrn("regr.ranger") # Define Random Forest

LASSO <- lrn("regr.cv_glmnet") # Define LASSO
```

Tuning

• TuningParameter の推定を行うアルゴリズムを定義

```
CV <- rsmp("cv",folds = 2) # Define CrossValidation with 2 folds
Tuner <- tnr("grid_search") # Define search method
Terminator <- trm("evals", n_evals = 100) # Define Terminal condition</pre>
```

PruneTree

• Prune Tree の推定

```
AutoTree <- AutoTuner$new(
  learner = Tree,
  resampling = CV,
  measure = R2,
  search_space = ps(
  cp = p_dbl(lower = 0, upper = 0.1),
  minsplit = p_int(lower = 5, upper = 20)
  ), # Define hyperparameter space
  tuner = Tuner,
  terminator = Terminator,
  store_models = TRUE
)</pre>
```

ElasticNet

• ElasticNet を推定

```
ElasNet <- AutoTuner$new(
  learner = lrn("regr.glmnet"),
  resampling = CV,
  measure = R2,
  search_space = ps(
  lambda = p_dbl(lower = 0, upper = 1),
  alpha = p_dbl(lower = 0 , upper = 1)
  ), # Define hyperparameter space
  tuner = Tuner,
  terminator = Terminator,
  store_models = TRUE
)</pre>
```

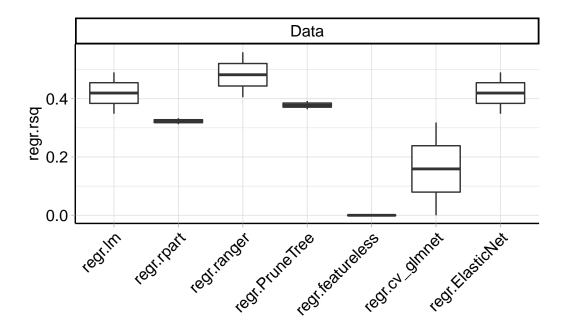
BenchMaking

• 訓練データのみを用いて、アルゴリズムを比較 (TrainingData 内の CrossValidation)

```
Design <- benchmark_grid(
  tasks = Task$clone()$filter(Subgroup$train),
  learners = list(OLS,Tree,RandomForest,AutoTree,Mean,LASSO,ElasNet),
  resamplings = CV
)
Result <- benchmark(Design)</pre>
```

可視化

```
autoplot(Result,
    measure = R2)
```



Final Model

• 最善のアルゴリムであった RandomForest、及び全訓練データを用いて最終予測モデルを推定

RandomForest\$train(Task,Subgroup\$train)

RandomForest\$predict(Task,Subgroup\$test)\$score(R2) # Peformance in TestData

regr.rsq

0.6043542