

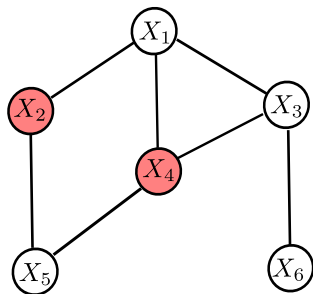
# From Fields to Trees

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UAI 2004

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February 6, 2014

# Why ?



**Estimate**  $\mathbb{E}[h(X_2, X_4)]$

MCMC Samples:  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_N$

Empirical Estimator

$$\mu_0 = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N h(X_2^{(i)}, X_4^{(i)})$$

Rao-Blackwellised Estimator

$$\mu_{rb} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \mathbb{E}[h(X_2^{(i)}, X_4^{(i)}) | X_{1,3,5}^{(i)}]$$

Independent Samples: RB estimator is better (known).

MCMC Samples: RB estimator is better (LKW, 1994)

$L(\pi) = \{t : \Omega \rightarrow \mathbb{R}; \mathbb{E}_\pi = 0, \mathbb{V}_\pi(t(X)) < \infty\}$  with  $\langle t, s \rangle = \text{Covar}_\pi(t(X), s(X))$  forms a Hilbert Space.

$F : L(\pi) \rightarrow L(\pi)$ , such that  $[Ft](\cdot) = \mathbb{E}[t(X_1)|X_0 = \cdot]$  is an operator with  $\|F\| \leq 1$ .

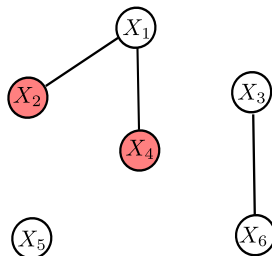
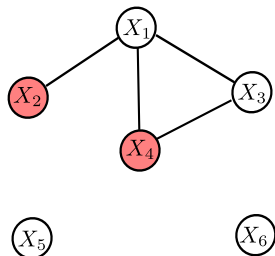
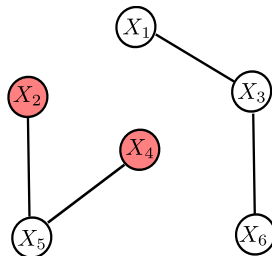
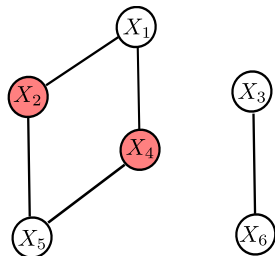
# How ?

$$|\mathbb{E}_n h(X) - \mathbb{E}_\pi h(X)| \leq C \|F\|^n \|h\| \quad (\text{Liu, 2001}).$$

Partition the Graph so that  $\|F\|$  is small !

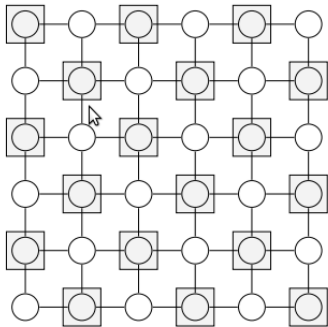
Not sure how this can be done ☹.

# How to Partition ?

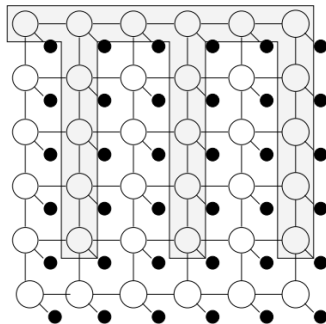


Best Tree Partition ? (Also not easy).

# Grid Graph



## Checkerboard



## Two-Trees

# Results

