Fosco Loregian TELH
May 10, 2020

Ph.D. at SISSA - Trieste
 Stable homotopy theory, ∞-categories, derived AG

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- Tallinna Tehnikaülikooli —
 2-categories; functorial semantics; categorical probability theory and its applications

STABLE HOMOTOPY THEORY

∞-categories: a thickening of the notion of category, suitable for homotopy-invariant mathematics (algebraic geometry, algebraic topology, type theory).

Turns out some parts of Mathematics are easier if stated in these terms:

- homological algebra: the scary part of algebraic topology
 higher algebra: the linear algebra of ∞-categories
- 1-topos theory: a synthetic type theory,
 ∞-topos theory: a synthetic homotopy theory of homotopy types

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Stable, rational, p-adic, ... homotopy theory become pieces of the commutative algebra of ∞ -categories.

A t-structure on a triangulated \mathcal{D} is a pair of triangulated subcategories of \mathcal{D} such that every object X lies in a sequence

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(Algebraic) geometry reduces to a piece of categorical algebra.

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- [FL15b] Every stratified manifold (X, s) generates a pair of t-structure that can be glued together
 apply to: recollements, stratified schemes, representation of algebras

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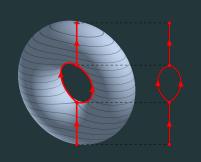
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Blakers-Massey in positive characteristic is a theorem about factorization systems.

Morse theory as a theory of FS



Fact: Bord(n) is the free (∞,n) -symmoncat on the point.

Monoidal functors $Z : Bord(n) \rightarrow Vect$ are completely classified.

Morse theory is the theory of suitable factorization systems on Bord(n).

critical points of a Morse function correspond to critical values [L-PhD, Ch.7] of a certain slicing $J : \mathbb{R} \to FS(Bord(n))$.



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- [Lor18] : reflective subderivators correspond to reflective factorization systems, and to algebras for idempotent monads (the formal theory of monads [S80] still holds in **Der**, a monad $T:D\to D$ is just defined objectwise)

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If this is true

¹A 2-categorical device to encode the calculus of pointwise Kan extensions.

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 comprehensive account of various notions of accessible and locally presentable derivator using the theory of locally presentable objects in a Yoneda structure, done in [DLL18]; categorical logic for derivators (see Prest's treatment of definability for module categories); derivator topos theory?

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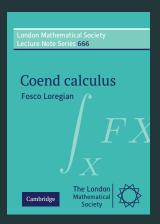
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- profunctors between derivators; fibered derivators; operads in derivator theory; applications in representation theory of algebras, stable homotopy, ...

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COENDS AND DG-STUFF

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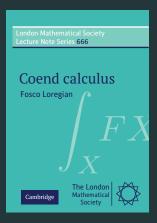


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- The book is being extensively cited (45 citations on Scholar May 10, 2020)

In [L20, 7.2.2]

For example: if \mathcal{A} is any dg-category its identity profunctor $\mathcal{A} \rightsquigarrow \mathcal{A}$ is a functor $\mathcal{A}^{\mathrm{op}} \boxtimes \mathcal{A} \to \mathrm{Ch}(\mathbb{Z})$, so that the coherent end

$$\oint_{A} \mathcal{A}(A, A) \tag{7.82}$$

i.e. the object of derived natural transformations of the identity functor $\mathrm{id}_{\mathcal{A}}$, recovers the *Hochschild complex* of \mathcal{A} . Then, if \mathcal{A} is an associative algebra regarded as a one-object dg-category concentrated in degree zero, the object $H^n(\int_* A)$ is the *Hochschild cohomology* of A, understood in the classical sense of, say, [Pie82, Ch. 11].

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Applications to Kuznetsov-Lunts categorical resolutions of singularities: a smooth DG-category is a \mathcal{D} such that its identity profunctor $h: \mathcal{D} \leadsto \mathcal{D}$ is a perfect object (read as: a variety is smooth if the diagonal map $\Delta: X \to X \times X$ is smooth)

TEACHING AND ORGANIZATIONAL

ACTIVITIES

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- 2020 Category theory course Teacher @taltech. Mentoring activity for MSc students interested in category theory in CS.

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- more in detail, "2-semantics" of algebraic theories: profunctorial PROPs and theories, categorical algebra of cartesian bicategories...

• Reach me out at my web page:



- I'm quite open about my projects:
 - tetrapharmakon
- Taltech has an extremely active ongoing CT seminar:



Reach us out!