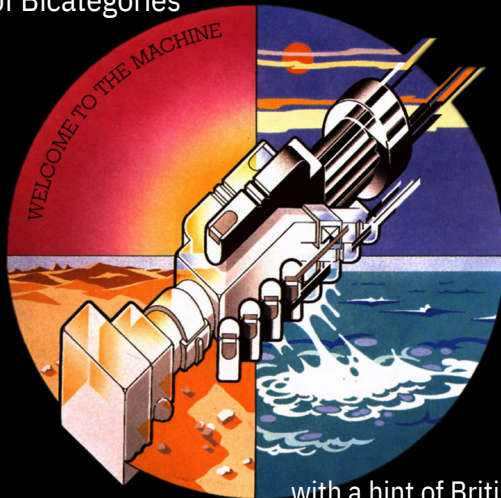




A Tale of Bicategories




with a hint of British prog


j/w G. Boccali, A. Laretto, S. Luneia; [EPTCS.397.1](#)  .


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A theory of **abstract** automata

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Let \mathbf{K} be a strict 2-category with all finite weighted limits.

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As such, **Mly** and **Mre** are parametric functors of type

$$\mathbf{K}(C, C)^{\text{op}} \times \mathbf{K}/C \longrightarrow \mathbf{K}/C$$

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- the category of **Mealy automata**, where objects and morphisms are of the form

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} e & \xleftarrow{d} & Fe & \xrightarrow{s} & b \\ \varphi \downarrow \cdots & & \downarrow \cdots F\varphi & & \parallel \\ e' & \xleftarrow{d} & Fe & \xrightarrow{s} & b \end{array}$$

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In particular, if $F_A : \mathbf{K} \rightarrow \mathbf{K}$ is the functor depending on an object A (an ‘Alphabet’) Mealy and Moore automata are respectively diagrams of the form (E, d, s) :

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- $d : A \otimes E \rightarrow E$ is an action of A on E (a **dynamical system**);
- s is an **output function** (think of $B = \{0, 1\}$ or $B = [0, 1]$, etc.)

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- If \mathbf{K} has countable sums, $d : A \otimes E \rightarrow E$ is an action of $A^* := \sum_n A^n$, and s extends similarly:

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & A \otimes E & & \\ & d \swarrow & & \searrow s & \\ E & & & & B \\ & \nwarrow \eta_{A \otimes E} & \downarrow & & \nearrow \\ & & A^* \otimes E & & \\ & \nwarrow d^* & & \nearrow s^* & \\ & E & & B & \end{array}$$

This is called the **canonical extension** of (E, d, s) .

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- If (\mathbf{K}, \otimes) is **monoidal** and $T : \mathbf{K} \rightarrow \mathbf{K}$ is a **commutative monad** over it, we can lift the monoidal structure of \mathbf{K} making the free functor $F : \mathbf{K} \rightarrow \mathbf{Kl}(T)$ strong monoidal.

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Machines in $\mathbf{Kl}(T)$ are **non-deterministic** versions of the ones in \mathbf{K} .

Take T the powerset monad on **Set**, or a distribution/probability monad like the one of finite distributions –whose algebras are convex sets, and free algebras affine simplices).

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- If \mathbf{K} is cocomplete (e.g., **locally presentable**), so are $\mathbf{Mly}(A, B)$, $\mathbf{Mre}(A, B)$ for every A, B –with colimits created by the forgetful into \mathcal{K} and connected limits created by the functor in the commæ.

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In particular, the terminal objects of $\mathbf{Mly}(A, B)$, $\mathbf{Mre}(A, B)$ are respectively

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Observe that this can be deduced from the fact that when \mathbf{K} is closed, we can characterize automata coalgebraically, see some work of Jacobs.

(Semi)bicategories of automata

A tale of bicategories

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¹This motivates the compact notation $(E, x) : A \rightarrow B$ to refer to a Mealy machine valued in \mathbf{K} .

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- There exists a semibicategory **Mre** of Moore-type automata, a functor

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- the 1- and 2-full sub-bicategory of **Mac**^s spanned by monoids (=one-object categories);
- the 2-full sub-bicategory of **Mly** (over **Set**) whose 1-cells are Mealy automata between monoids such that the representation of A^* on E in $E \xleftarrow{d^*} A^* \otimes E \xrightarrow{s^*} B$ induces a functor $\Sigma : \mathcal{E}[d^*] \rightarrow B$, when B is a monoid.

Machines valued in a bicategory

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This idea is not *entirely* new; it resembles old (and obscure) work of Bainbridge, modeling the state space of abstract machines as a functor, of which one can take the left/right Kan extension along an 'input scheme'. See work of Petrişan et al.

A bimachine is a span in...

Definition

Let \mathbb{B} be a bicategory; a **bicategorical Moore (biMoore) machine** in \mathbb{B} is a diagram of 2-cells

$$e \Longleftarrow e \circ i, e \Longrightarrow o$$

between 1-cells e, i, o .²

²A 1-cell of states (états), of inputs, and of outputs.

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The fact that this span exists, *coherces the types* of i, o, e in such a way that i must be an endomorphism of an object A .

$$A \xrightarrow{i} A, \quad A \xrightarrow{i} A \xrightarrow{i} A, \quad A \xrightarrow{i} A \xrightarrow{i} A \xrightarrow{i} A, \dots$$

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In the monoidal case, the fact that an input 1-cell stands on a different level from an output was completely obscured by the fact that every 1-cell is an endomorphism.

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Everything will be made a Kan extension

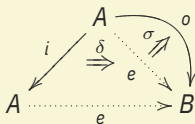
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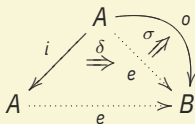
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The terminal object of the category of biMoore machines³ is the right extension of $o : A \rightarrow B$ along the free monad $i^\sharp : A \rightarrow A$.

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Examples

biMoore in Cat

Regarding **Cat** as a strict 2-category, a biMoore machine is a functor $E : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ closing a span $\mathcal{C} \xleftarrow{I} \mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{O} \mathcal{D}$ with suitable 2-cells.

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If $\mathcal{D} = \mathbf{Set}$, states and output are presheaves, and E is acted by an endofunctor; in this case, the behaviour of the terminal machine can be described as a known object: unpacking the end that defined $Ran_{I^\sharp} O$ we obtain the functor

$$A \longmapsto [\mathcal{C}, \mathbf{Set}](\mathcal{C}(A, I^\sharp _), O)$$

sending an object A to the set of natural transformations $\alpha : \mathcal{C}(A, I^\sharp _) \Rightarrow O$; to each generalised A -element of $I^\sharp \mathcal{C}$ corresponds an element of the output space $\Upsilon_{\mathcal{C}}(u) \in OC$.

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$$(a, b) \in R \iff \forall a' \in A. ((a', a) \in I^\natural \Rightarrow (a', b) \in O).$$

This relation expresses *reachability* of b from a :

$$a R b \iff \left((a' = a) \vee (a' \xrightarrow{I} a_1 \xrightarrow{I} \dots \xrightarrow{I} a_n \xrightarrow{I} a) \Rightarrow a' O b \right)$$

New maps

Intertwiners

Definition (Intertwiner between bicategorical machines)

Consider two bicategorical Mealy machines $(e, \delta, \sigma)_{A,B}$, $(e', \delta', \sigma')_{A',B'}$ on different bases.

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An *intertwiner* $(u, v) : (e, \delta, \sigma) \multimap (e', \delta', \sigma')$ consists of a pair of 1-cells $u : A \rightarrow A'$, $v : B \rightarrow B'$ and a triple of 2-cells ι, ϵ, ω disposed as

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Intertwiners

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$$\begin{array}{c} \delta \\ \hline \iota \\ \hline \epsilon \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \epsilon \\ \hline \delta' \end{array} \quad \text{and} \quad \begin{array}{c} \sigma \\ \hline \iota \\ \hline \epsilon \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \omega \\ \hline \sigma' \end{array} ;$$

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2. the following two identities hold:

$$\epsilon \circ (d' \otimes U) = (V \otimes d) \circ (\epsilon \otimes I) \circ (E' \otimes \iota)$$

$$\omega \circ (s' \otimes U) = (V \otimes s) \circ (\epsilon \otimes I) \circ (E' \otimes \iota)$$

Intertwiner 2-cells

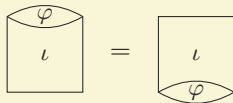
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The diagram shows two equations. The first equation is $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \varphi \\ \hline \iota \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \iota \\ \hline \varphi \\ \hline \end{array}$. The second equation is $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline \varphi \\ \hline \epsilon \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline \epsilon \\ \hline \psi \\ \hline \end{array}$. In these diagrams, the top and bottom caps are labeled with φ and ψ respectively, and the central boxes are labeled with ι and ϵ respectively.

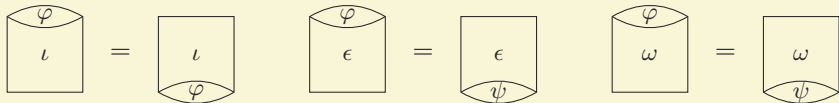
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Vistas

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BiMoore and biMealy machines, when instantiated in (T, \mathcal{V}) -**Prof**, a 2-categorical way to look at topological, (ultra)metric ways to study behaviour of a state machine The reachability relation becomes topological, (ultra)metric, probabilistic, sequential... according to suitable choices of T and \mathcal{V} .

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Conjecture

One can address **nondeterministic** biMoore automata in \mathbb{B} as **deterministic** bicategorical automata in a proarrow equipment, porting all the paraphernalia (minimisation, behaviour, and bisimulation) into a bigger conceptual framework.

The En(i)d



The En*i*d is a symphonic prog rock band from Southampton;
suggested listening: *Ærie Færie Nonsense* and *Trippin the Light Fantastic*.