

Set $S: \{a, b, c, d, e\}$

$a \in S$

$p \notin S$

$S: \{x \mid x \in \mathbb{Z}^+, x < 5\}$
 $= \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

Cardinality of set S : denoted by $|S|$ No. of elements in a set

$\{a, b, d, e\}$ $\{e, a, d, b\}$
A B

$A = B$

$\{a, b, d, a\}$
 $= \{a, b, d\}$

$A: \{a, b, g, h, k, m\}$

Singleton

$\{1\}$

$\{1, d, a, b, \infty\}$

$S: \{g, h, k\}$

Set by item $\{ \}$

$\{a, \{ \}\}$

$S \subseteq A$

$A \cup B, A \text{ OR } B$

$A \cap B, A \text{ AND } B$

Subsets

$\{ \}$ null set $\subset A$

$\subset S$

26 - like football

23 - like swimming 6

38

J

$A = \{1, 6, a, d, f, 8\}$

$B = \{d, 6, 8, 7, 9\}$

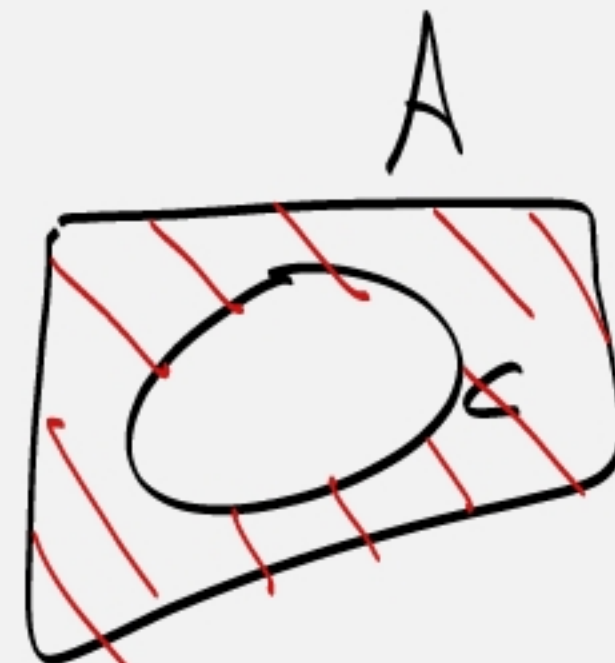
$A \cup B = \{1, 6, a, d, f, 8, 7, 9\}$

$A \cap B = \{d, 6, 8\}$

$C = \{6, a, 8\}$

$C \subseteq A$

C^c



$C^c \cap C = \phi$

$C^c \cup C = A$

Prove that Set A = Set C

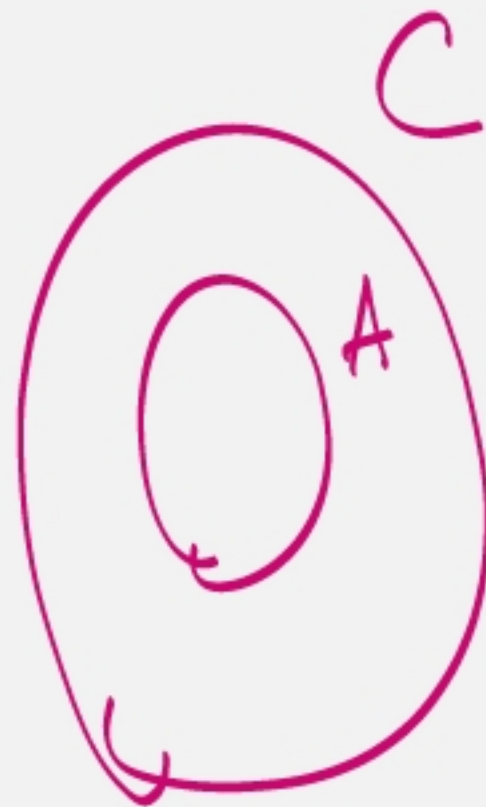
$$A \subseteq C$$

$$C \subseteq A$$

$$\Rightarrow A = C$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 39 \\ \hline 16 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \\ \text{age}(\text{shashank}) &\leq \text{age}(\text{Nelson}) \\ \text{age}(\text{Nelson}) &\leq \text{age}(\text{shashank}) \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{array}{l} C \subseteq A \\ A \subseteq C \end{array} \Rightarrow A = C.$$

A, B, C

$$|A \cup B \cup C|$$

$$= |A| + |B| + |C| - |A \cap B| - |B \cap C| - |A \cap C|$$

$$A^c \cap (B \cup C)^c = A^c \cap (B \cap C)^c$$

Let $a \in S_1$
show $a \in S_2$
 $S_1 \subseteq S_2$

De Morgan Law $S_1 \subseteq S_2$

$$(A \cup B)^c = A^c \cap B^c$$

$$a \in (A \cup B)^c$$

$$a \notin (A \cup B)$$

$$a \notin A, a \notin B$$

$$a \in A^c, a \in B^c$$

$$a \in A^c \cap B^c$$

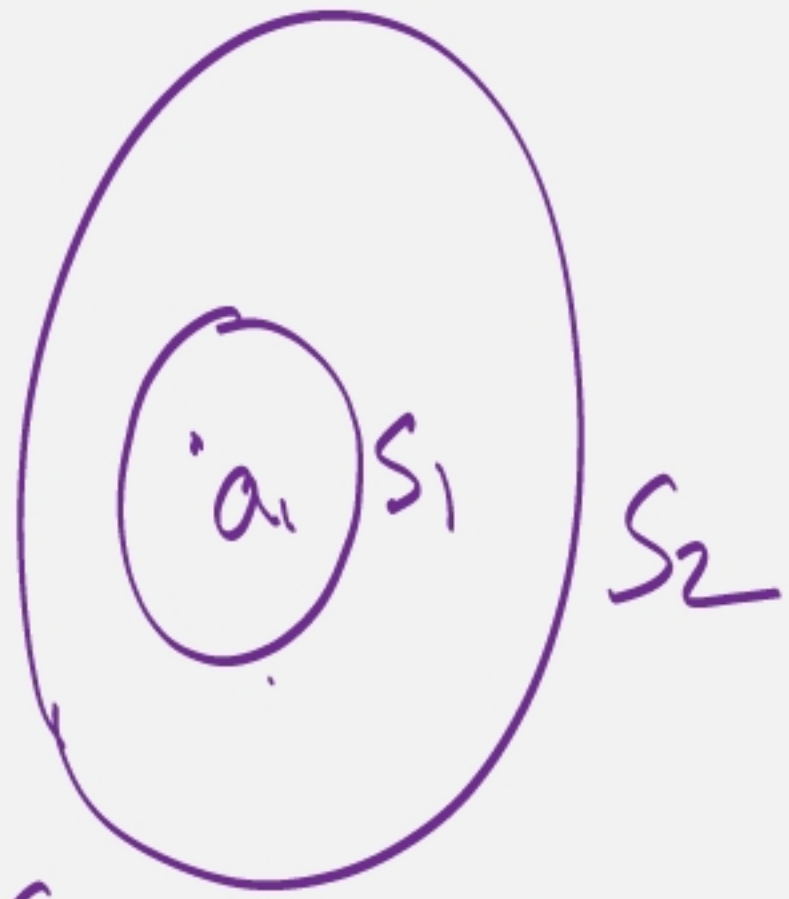
$$b \in A^c \cap B^c$$

$$b \in A^c, b \in B^c$$

$$b \notin A, b \notin B$$

$$b \notin A \cup B$$

$$b \in (A \cup B)^c$$



$$A = \{ \textcircled{a}, b, 6, 4, \textcircled{a}, x \}$$

$$B = \{ \textcircled{a}, \textcircled{9}, z, y \}$$

$$A - B = \{ b, 6, 4, x \}$$

$$B - A = \{ z, y \}$$

$$A - B \neq B - A$$

$$(A - B) \cap (B - A) = \emptyset$$

$$(A - B) \cup (B - A)$$

$$A - B = A \cap B^c$$

$$a \in A$$

$$a \notin B$$

$$a \in B^c$$

$$\underline{a \in (A \cap B^c)}$$

$$b \in A$$

$$b \in B^c$$

$$b \notin B$$

$$\underline{b \in (A - B)}$$

$$A - B = A \cap B^c$$

$$a \in (A - B)$$

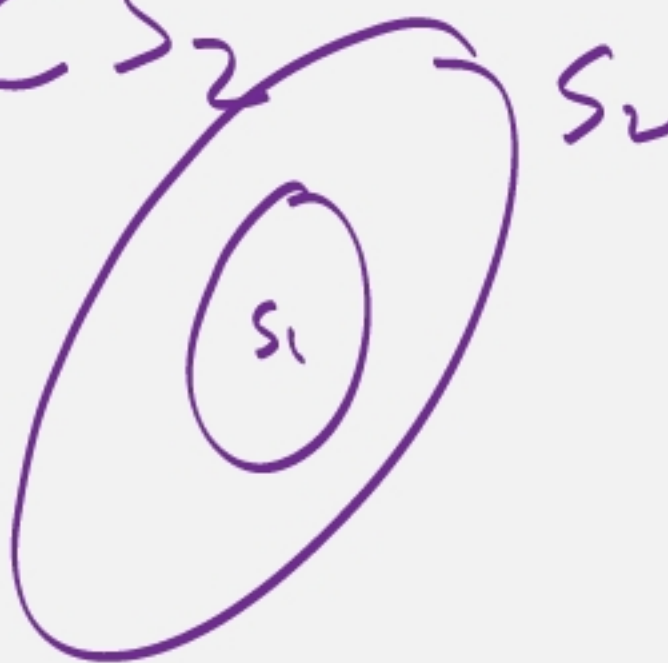
$$a \in A$$

$$a \notin B$$

$$a \in B^c$$

$$a \in (A \cap B^c)$$

$$(A - B) = (A \cap B^c)$$



$$\{ b, 6, 4, x, z, y \}$$

Symmetric
difference

$$A \Delta B = (A - B) \cup (B - A)$$

$$= (A \cup B) - (A \cap B)$$

$$(1+1)^n = \binom{n}{0} + \binom{n}{1} + \binom{n}{2} + \dots + \binom{n}{n} = 2^n$$

	S	Sh	E	
1	0	0	0	Subsets
1	1	0	0	
1	0	1	0	
1	0	1	1	
1	1	1	1	

φ

$\{S, Sh, E\}$
 $\{S\} \quad \{Sh\} \quad \{E\}$
 $\{S, E\} \quad \{Sh, E\}$

Power set $|S|$
 $3 \rightarrow 8 \quad 2^3$
 $2^{|S|}$