

Independent Events (symmetric)

E & F

$$\begin{cases} P(F|E) = P(F) \\ P(E|F) = P(E) \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{P(E \cap F)}{P(E)} = P(F)$$

$$P(E \cap F) = P(E)P(F)$$

independent.

Dependent

$$P(E|F) \neq P(E)$$

not ind. = dependent

3 events

A, B and C

Jointly
mutually
independent

① $P(A \cap B \cap C) = P(A)P(B)P(C)$

pairwise
ind

②

$$\begin{cases} P(A \cap B) = P(A)P(B) \\ P(B \cap C) = P(B)P(C) \\ P(A \cap C) = P(A)P(C) \end{cases}$$

Que If E, F and G are ind, E is ind of $F \cup G$ and F is ind of $E \cup G$

$$P(E \cap (F \cup G)) = P(E) \cdot P(F \cup G)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(E \cap (F \cup G)) &= P((E \cap F) \cup (E \cap G)) \\ &= P(E \cap F) + P(E \cap G) - P(E \cap F \cap G) \\ &= P(E) \times P(F) + P(E) \times P(G) - P(F \cap G) \times P(E) \end{aligned}$$

$$= P(E) [P(F) + P(G) - P(F \cap G)]$$

$$= \underline{\underline{P(E) \times P(F \cup G)}}$$

$$~~P(F) \times P(\dots) = P(E) \times P(\dots)~~$$

$$P(F \cap (E \cup G)) = P(F) \times P(E \cup G)$$

$$= P(F \cap E) \cup P(F \cap G)$$

$$P(F) \times P(E) \cup P(F) \times P(G)$$

$$P(F) [P(E) \cup P(G)]$$

$$P(F) [P(E \cup G)]$$

Q

G_1 : 1st child is girl (elder)

G_2 : 2nd " " "

G : child seen with mother is a girl

$$\Rightarrow P(E)(1 - P(F)) \\ = P(E)P(F^c)$$

$$P(E \cap F^c) = \underline{P(E)P(F^c)}$$

$$P(G_1, G_2 | G) =$$

Q2) If E and F are ind, then so are F and F^c

$$P(E) = P(EF) + P(EF^c)$$

$$P(E) = P(E)P(F) + P(EF^c)$$

$$P(E) - P(E)P(F) = P(EF^c)$$

$$P(E)P(F^c) = P(EF^c)$$