## **GIT**

## and a few other Open Source tools & tips

Peter Teuben 31-mar-2020 for covid-19@home

- Open Source : revolution or evolution?
- ASCL
- GIT: git: Command not found.
  - Setting up a new repo, simple push/pull
  - Collaborating
    - 1) Working on a branch
    - 2) Pull requests on a branch
    - 3) Merging
    - 4) Rebase See also: https://github.com/teuben/git2020
- "astroumd"

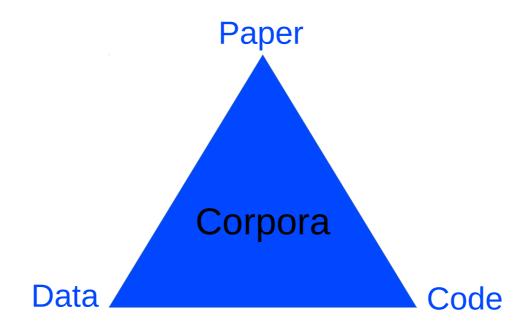
# Open Source: Evolution or Revolution?

- Internet driven
  - Tools: "mail", "ftp", "usenet", "gopher", "www", ...
- Linux (vs. minix)
  - git (vs. bitkeeper open source 11 years after git was created)
- Eric Raimond's "the Cathedral and the Bazaar" (1997)
  - "19 lessons"
    - Every good work of software starts by scratching a developer's personal itch.
    - Release early. Release often. And listen to your customers.
    - Given a large enough beta-tester and co-developer base, almost every problem will be characterized quickly and the fix obvious to someone.
  - Netscape → mozilla (1998)

## **ASCL**

### **Astrophysics Source Code Library**

- Registry, not a Repository (cf. zenodo → DOI)
- ASCL ID: ascl:1010.014
  - e.g.: ascl.net/seren  $\rightarrow$  http://ascl.net/1102.010



## **Version Control?**

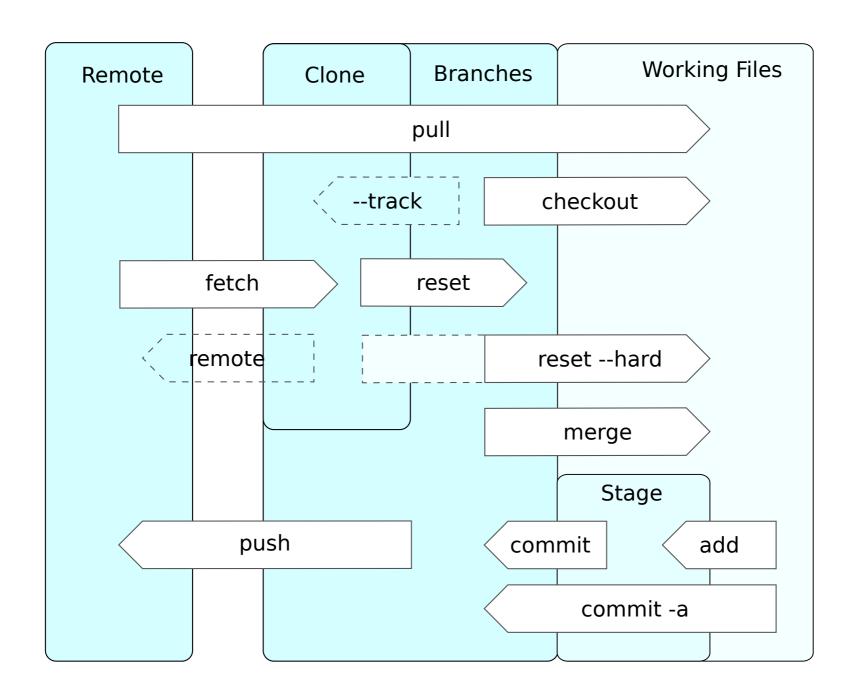
- Add a feature to a program that broke it badly
- Advisor/Collaborator wants results NOW!
- Work on a program or document with one or more people or computers?
- ?? Old Unix Backup Solutions ??
- ?? Write custom scripts ??

• ...

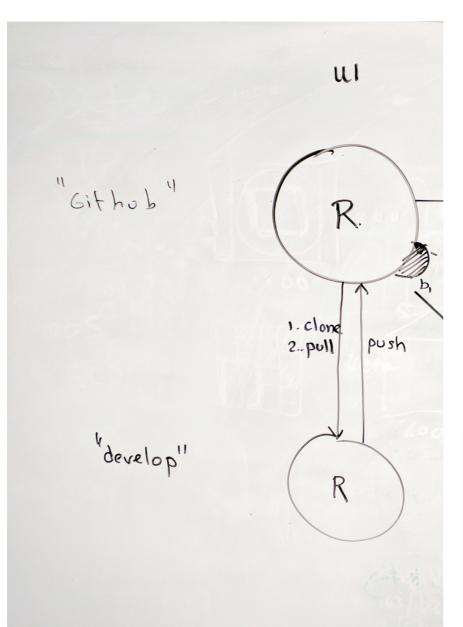
## **GIT**

- Version Control System (VCS):
  - RCS/SCCS (old 70s unix)
  - CVS, subversion (**svn**) (client/server)
  - Mercurial (**hg**), GIT (**git**) (distributed server) written in 2005
- "git is a better dropbox"
  - Overleaf uses git
- Keeps all versions of all files (even removed files)
- Every git is a server → (nice for 35,000ft work)
  - after a "local" commit, a "remote" commit (push) is still needed.
- CLI git:
  - git <CMD> [<OPTIONS>] [<args>]
- GUI git:
  - "github desktop" (mac and win)
  - "gitk" and "gitg" (linux / [mac])
  - "hub" (mac/linux using brew) https://hub.github.com/





## "git: clone push/pull"



#### On "github":

Repositories → NEW

### Terminal ("develop")

% git clone ... % cd REPO % edit FILE % git add FILE % git commit FILE % git push

% git pull % edit FILE % git commit FILE % git push

# You don't need to use github: git using ssh

#### Terminal session:

- a% mkdir ~/git/project1.git
- a% cd ~/git/project1.git
- a% git init

GIT: create a blank project on 'a'

- b% git clone user@a:git/project1.git
- b% cd project1
- b% edit readme
- b% git add readme
- b% git commit readme
- b% git push

GIT: continue work on 'b'

# "astroumd" a git organization

- GitHub used to only have open repositories (but...\$\$\$)
  - Local ssh based git

www.astro.umd.edu/~teuben/git

- BitBucket has private repos
- GitLab: free git hosting
- Now github allows every user to host private repos
- GitHub organizations: (free for "edu")
  - Allows private repo's (takes some time to vet you)
    - But.... MicroSoft bought github
    - Plenty alternatives (e.g. gitlab, bitbucket)
  - We have https://github.com/astroumd
  - And docs https://astroumd.github.io

...and now it's DEMO TIME!!!

## git for cvs users

#### Terminal session :

```
- % cvs checkout URL
- % ...
- % cvs update
- % ...
- % cvs commit
- % git clone URL
- % ...
- % git pull
- % ...
- % git commit FILE
- % git push
```

CVS: will "never" silently destroy work

GIT: "git checkout FILE" will silently return your edited FILE to the last committed one !!!

Unless you know what you do Never do:
git add.

# You don't need to use github: git using ssh

#### Terminal session:

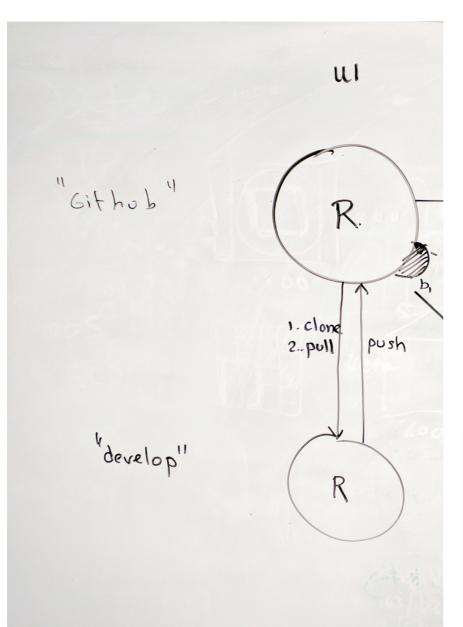
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- b% git commit readme
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GIT: continue work on 'b'

## "git: clone push/pull"



#### On "github":

Repositories → NEW

### Terminal ("develop")

% git clone ... % cd REPO % edit FILE % git add FILE % git commit FILE % git push

% git pull % edit FILE % git commit FILE % git push

## Adding a new repo on "astroumd"

- Get a github account
- Get added to "astroumd" org
- Click on "New" (top right in github.com/astroumd)
  - Pick a name (google for it), license, README etc.
- Terminal session:
  - % git clone https://github.com/astroumd/talk
  - % cd talk
  - % tar xf ../src.tar
  - % git add src
  - % git commit src
  - % git push

### Modifying a repo on "astroumd"

### Terminal session:

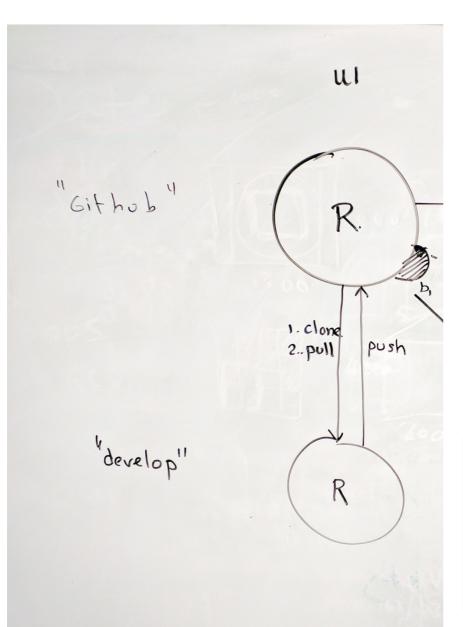
- % git clone https://github.com/astroumd/talk
- % cd talk/src
- % git pull
- % echo line2 >> hello1
- % echo line1 >> hello3
- % git status
- % git add hello3
- % git commit hello1 hello3
- % git push

# Other useful git commands: (see also your ~/.gitconfig)

- % git log
- % git grep
- % git diff
- % git config --list
- % git config –global user.email "teuben@gmail.com"
- % git config –global alias.ci "commit"
- % git config –global credential.helper "cache --timeout 100000"

There are a handful more git commands .... but watch the next screen first

## "git: clone push/pull"



#### On "github":

Repositories → NEW

### Terminal ("develop")

% git clone ... % cd REPO % edit FILE % git add FILE % git commit FILE % git push

% git pull % edit FILE % git commit FILE % git push

## "pull request from a branch"

