

# Meta CS



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## Abstract

L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X commands for describing L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X commands and switches, providing (a) somewhat customisable argument delimiters, `{}`, `[]`; (b) different levels of emphasis, `\command`, `\command` and `\command`; and (c) the ability to print and run commands: `\textit {text}`  $\mapsto$  *text*.

\*ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS: Macro names `\marg`, `\oarg` and `\meta` from `ltxdoc`, and `latexcode` environment from `doctools` package. All latex coding inspiration in this document derives ultimately from hundreds of contributions on `tex stackexchange`, and from package authors and maintainers over the decades.

## Contents

## 1 Control Sequence Meta Commands

Meta command	Result
<code>\cs{macro-name}</code>	<code>\test</code>
<code>\marg{mandatory argument}</code>	<code>{test}</code>
<code>\margv{mandatory argument value}</code>	<code>{test}</code>
<code>\oarg{optional argument}</code>	<code>[test]</code>
<code>\oargv{optional argument value}</code>	<code>[test]</code>
<code>\meta{meta value}</code>	<code>test</code>

## 2 \cc – run a switch

Run #1 as the control sequence \#1

**\cc{*no-slash cs-name*}**: run the zero-argument command (switch): \#1

The code

$$\{ \textcolor{blue}{\backslash cc}\textcolor{red}{\{itshape\}}\textcolor{blue}{\backslash cc}\textcolor{red}{\{large\}} 123 \}$$

produces

123

### 3 \cd - run a 1-argument command

Run as \#1{\#2}

`\cd{\langle cs-name \rangle}{\langle argument \rangle}`: run the one-argument command: `\#1{\#2}`

Command `\cd{textit}{Sample}`

resolves to `\textit{Sample}`

which produces *Sample*

A command can be demonstrated inline (using `\cdr`), like so:

$$\backslash\mathrm{cd}\ \{\mathrm{textit}\}\{\mathrm{Sample}\} \mapsto \mathrm{Sample}.$$

A command can also be demonstrated in display mode (using `\cdreq`), like so:

$$\backslash\mathrm{cd}\ \{\mathrm{textit}\}\{\mathrm{Sample}\} \mapsto \mathrm{Sample}$$

For `\cdr`, see §??, and for `\cdrq`, see §??.

$$c \text{ SAMPLE}^{\text{squared}} \pi$$

If  $\text{\textcolor{blue}{\$cc \{pi\}}\$} \mapsto \pi$

and  $\pi \mapsto \pi$

therefore  $\pi = \pi$

$$\backslash\mathrm{cd}\{\mathrm{textsc}\}\{\mathrm{Sample}\}\backslash\mathrm{cd}\{\mathrm{textsuperscript}\}\{\mathrm{squared}\} \mapsto \mathrm{SAMPLE}^{\mathrm{squared}}$$
$$\text{\texttt{\textsuperscript{SAMPLE}}} \mapsto \text{\texttt{\textsuperscript{SAMPLE}}}$$

$\backslash \text{cm}$

↑ formatted as a header

**cm** == ← a custom format

## 4 \cm – inline maths

`\cm{<inline maths>}`:  $\frac{\pi^2}{2}$

## 5 \cmd – display maths

`\cmd{<display maths>}`:

$$e = mc^2$$

If `\cm {\frac {\pi ^2}{2}}`  $\mapsto \frac{\pi^2}{2}$

and `$_{\frac {\pi ^2}{2}}$`  $\mapsto \frac{\pi^2}{2}$

therefore `\cm {\frac {\pi ^2}{2}} \equiv $_{\frac {\pi ^2}{2}}$`

More generally, `\cm {...}` does  $\$... \$$ , and `\cmd {...}` does  $\left[...\right]$ .

## 6 \css – add a \

`\css`: adds a `\`: `\css {abc}`  $\mapsto \backslash abc$

`\css{makebox}``\oargcss{width}``\margcss{text}`

produces

`\makebox[<width>]{<text>}`

:: `\makebox[<width>]{<text>}` :: same output using `mcs{}{}{}{}{}`

e.g., `\makebox[4cm]{The cat sat on the mat.}`

Using `\mcsv {}{}{}{}{}`, where the second argument is the option:

`\makebox[4cm]{The cat sat on the mat.}`

Unemphasised Meta command	Result
<code>\css{&lt;cs-name&gt;}</code>	<code>\css {test}</code> $\mapsto \backslash test$
<code>\margcss{&lt;mandatory argument&gt;}</code>	<code>{&lt;test&gt;}</code>
<code>\margvcss{&lt;mandatory argument value&gt;}</code>	<code>{test}</code>
<code>\oargcss{&lt;optional argument&gt;}</code>	<code>[&lt;test&gt;]</code>
<code>\oargvcss{&lt;optional argument value&gt;}</code>	<code>[test]</code>
<code>\meta{&lt;meta value&gt;}</code>	<code>&lt;test&gt;</code>

## 7 \cssom etc – show and run

`\cssom`: show and run command+opt+arg

`\makebox[4cm]{The cat sat on the mat.}` $\mapsto$  The cat sat on the mat.

Using `cdr`:

`\cssom {makebox}{4cm}{The cat sat on the mat.}`  $\mapsto$  `\makebox[4cm]{The cat sat on the mat.}` $\mapsto$  The cat sat on the mat.

`\cssm`

`\cssm`: show and run command+arg

```

\textit{Some text}↦Some text
\fbox{This is framed text.}↦This is framed text.

\cssmm
\cssmm: show and run command+arg+arg
\textcolor{red}{This is red.}↦This is red.

\cssmmm
\cssmmm: show and run command+arg+arg+arg
\fcolorbox{brown}{blue!20}{Some text in a framed box.}↦Some text in a framed box.

```

## 8 \cdr – generic print and run

Print \#1 inline, and run \#1.

## 9 \cdrq – print in quotation and run

Print \#1 in display format, and run \#1.

## 10 \cdrd – print

Print \#1 inline.

This command takes options.

SPECIAL CASE: When option [format=section] is active, and a second option [*descriptive text*] is specified (this will become the underlying submacro’s argument #1), and the argument (will become #2) has no backslash (only #2, not \#2), the command prints \#2 -- #1 as the section heading (and therefore table of contents) and sets the label as \label{sec:#2}.

The heading for this section was produced with

```
\cdrd [format=section][print]{cdrd}
```

List of format= options:

Option	Example
<i>None</i>	<code>\cdrd {\xyz } ↦ \xyz</code>
head	<code>\cdrd [format=head]{\xyz } ↦ <span style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">\xyz</span></code>
custom	<code>\cdrd [format=custom][\bfseries \tiny \sffamily ]{\xyz } ↦ \xyz</code>
section	See outside the table.
quote	<code>\cdrd [format=quote]{xyz demo This is a quote}:</code> See outside the table.
listing	<in development>
general	<code>\cdrd [format=general][format=xyz] ↦ [format=xyz]</code>
detok	<code>\cdrd [format=detok]{\xyz } ↦ \xyz</code>

The [format=section] output does not fit in a table.

```
\cdrd [format=section]{xyz demo} ↦
```

## 11 \xyz demo –

Note that the label for §?? has been set as

```
\label {sec:xyz demo}
```

that is, with a space between xyz and demo.

```
xyz demo This is a quote
```

```
XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX
XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX
```

Calling the listing environment from inside a command doesn't quite work:

```
atexcodex
```

```
qwerty: The listing environment never closes when used inside a command.
```

```
abc
```

[[latexcode](#) env from DOCTOOLS<sup>2012</sup> package, adapted]

So for a listing, use the `\begin {latexcode} . . . \end {latexcode}` environment directly, with those commands on separate lines:

```
xxx
```

[[latexcode](#) env from DOCTOOLS<sup>2012</sup> package, adapted]

The `\cdr` command can take arbitrary code.

**Example start »»**

```
\bigskip \begin {quotation} \begin {tabular}{ll} \rowcolor {\mytheadcolour}
} Option & Example \\ \hline None & \cdr {\cdrd {\xyz }} \\ Header &
\cdr {\cdrd [format=head]{\xyz }} \\ Custom & \cdr {\cdrd [format=custom][\bfseries
\tiny \sffamily ]{\xyz }} \\ Section & See outside the table. \\ \hline
\end {tabular} \end {quotation} \mapsto
```

Option	Example
None	<code>\cdrd {\xyz }</code> $\mapsto$ <code>\xyz</code>
Header	<code>\cdrd [format=head]{\xyz }</code> $\mapsto$ <code>\xyz</code>
Custom	<code>\cdrd [format=custom][\bfseries \tiny \sffamily ]{\xyz }</code> $\mapsto$ <code>\xyz</code>
Section	See outside the table.

«« **Example end**

## 12 Empty arguments

```
{⟨⟩}
[⟨⟩]
{ }
[ ]
```

## 13 Formatting

Delimiters can be reformatted to some extent.

```
{⟨delimiter test⟩}
\renewcommand \margdelimleftchar {+++}
+++⟨delimiter test⟩}
\renewcommand \margdelimrightformat {\itshape \Huge}
}

+++⟨delimiter test⟩}
\margreset
{⟨delimiter test⟩}
```

Alternatively, just type the new code in the command definition directly.

List of some customisable components.

**marg left**

Item	Default value
<code>\margdelimformat</code>	<code>\ttfamily \large \color {red}</code>
<code>\margdelimleftformat</code>	<code>\margdelimformat</code>
<code>\margdelimleftchar</code>	<code>\c _left_brace_str</code>
	<code>{</code>
<code>\margdelimleft</code>	<code>\margdelimleftformat</code>
	<code>\margdelimleftchar</code>
	<code>}</code>

**marg right**

Item	Default value
<code>\margdelimformat</code>	<code>\ttfamily \large \color {red}</code>
<code>\margdelimrightformat</code>	<code>\margdelimformat</code>
<code>\margdelimrightchar</code>	<code>\c _right_brace_str</code>
	<code>}</code>
<code>\margdelimright</code>	<code>\margdelimrightformat</code>
	<code>\margdelimrightchar</code>
	<code>}</code>

**oarg left**

Item	Default value
<code>\oargdelimformat</code>	<code>\ttfamily \large</code>
<code>\oargdelimleftformat</code>	<code>\oargdelimformat</code>
<code>\oargdelimleftchar</code>	<code>[</code>
	<code>{</code>
<code>\oargdelimleft</code>	<code>\oargdelimleftformat</code>
	<code>\oargdelimleftchar</code>
	<code>}</code>

`oarg right`

Item	Default value
<code>\oargdelimformat</code>	<code>\ttfamily \large</code>
<code>\oargdelimrightformat</code>	<code>\oargdelimformat</code>
<code>\oargdelimrightchar</code>	<code>]</code>
	<code>{</code>
<code>\oargdelimright</code>	<code>\oargdelimrightformat</code>
	<code>\oargdelimrightchar</code>
	<code>}</code>

`group`

Current font text

`\setmainfont {Noto Serif}`

Current font text xxx

`\addfontfeature {Colour=brown,Scale=2}`

**XXX**

`endgroup xxx`

## 14 Listing using latexcode environment

```

\documentclass{article}
\usepackage{doctools}
\begin{document}
\begin{latexcode}
  (code)      % comment
\cdr{
\bigskip
\begin{quotation}
\begin{tabular}{ll}
\rowcolor{\mytheadcolour}
Option & Example \\
\hline
None & \cdr{\cdrd{\xyz}}\\
Header & \cdr{\cdrd[format=head]{\xyz}}\\
Custom & \cdr{\cdrd[format=custom][\bfseries\tiny\sffamily]{\xyz}}\\
Section & See outside the table. \\
\hline

```

```
\end{tabular}  
\end{quotation}  
}  
  
\ end{latexcode}%<--- note the space  
\end{document}
```

[*latexcode* env from DOCTOOLS<sup>2012</sup> package, adapted]