Multi-Agent systems - Assignment 2

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1 Overview

For week 2 we implemented the first version of a multi-agent transportation system. In this version transportation is not yet dependent on transportation costs or waiting time. Each agent picks and drops of passengers following the same fixed route continuously. The amount of people waiting is taken into consideration, by adding buses based on this number.

2 BDI Framework

We chose to work following the BDI framework. This framework facilitates flexibility in generating actions, thanks to the continuous updating of beliefs, intentions and desires. Agents can perform a variety of actions based on their knowledge of the environment. This knowledge will be contained in their belief. In our first version, belief consists of a fixed transportation schedule. This transportation schedule is a sequence of 24 connected bus stops. The desire of the agents is to transport passengers. The intentions consist of different action-combinations, performed to fulfill the desire. In this version, the intentions are to pick and drop off passengers at a bus stop, to call for more buses when needed, and to move to the next bus stop.

3 Implementation

Transportation is organized by implementing a fixed schedule, along which the buses move. This schedule combines the 24 stops into one cyclic path, where the buses drive along each bus stop each cycle. Using this schedule, each waiting passenger will arrive at its destination. However, a fixed route does not efficiently deal with waiting time, costs or the amount of people waiting. Thus, the route will be made dependent on these variables in future versions.

We reduced the amount of people waiting and the waiting time somewhat by adding buses. When the total capacity of buses is lower than the total amount of people waiting, new buses are added. The type of the new bus is chosen based on the number of people waiting: the cheaper bus type that can manage the amount of waiting people is added.

The ability to add buses is allocated solely to the initial bus in the scenario, with bus id 24. Otherwise, if all the buses could request new buses, than each bus would check for capacity shortage at each tick: as a consequence, unnecessary bus would be added.

Unfortunately bus 24 is not aware of the amount of occupied spots in each bus and can therefore only estimate how many buses are needed. To solve this, a communication system between the buses needs to be implemented. The costs of the buses are not taken into consideration when adding buses. Also, in the current system rush hours may lead to excessive bus adding and costly empty buses later on. The current solution is thus not cost effective yet.