Schémas Z et tests BlackBox

Groupe 2

November 4, 2008

1 Types donnés

Les spécifications Z s'appuient sur les types suivants:

AMBULANCE COORDINATES INCIDENT NAME DATE STATUS KIND LOCALISATION BOOLEAN MESSAGE

Pour les types dont il est intéressant de spécifier les valeurs possibles, voici à quoi elles correspondent:

```
STATUS ::=' FREE' \mid' CHOSEN' \mid' MOBILIZED' KIND ::=' NORMAL' \mid' MEDICALIZED' BOOLEAN ::=' TRUE' \|' FALSE' MESSAGE ::=
```

L'explication pour chacun des types est fournie dans le tableau 1.

2 Schémas Types

Type	Définition
AMBULANCE	null
COORDINATES	null
INCIDENT	null
NAME	null
DATE	null
STATUS	null
KIND	null
LOCALISATION	null
BOOLEAN	null
MESSAGE	null

Table 1: Définition des types donnés

 $Ambulance Information ___ \\ registered_ambulance: \mathbb{P} \ AMBULANCE$

 $position_ambulance: AMBULANCE \rightarrowtail COORDINATES$

 $kind_ambulance : AMBULANCE \rightarrow KIND$

 ${\it dom}\; position_ambulance = {\it dom}\; kind_ambulance = registered_ambulance$

 $IncidentInformation ___$

 $registered_incident: \mathbb{P} \ \mathit{INCIDENT}$

 $victimAge_incident: INCIDENT \rightarrow \mathbb{N}$

 $victimPregnant_incident: INCIDENT \rightarrow BOOLEAN$ $localisation_incident: INCIDENT \rightarrow LOCALISATION$ $description_incident: INCIDENT \rightarrow DESCRIPTION$

 $position_incident: INCIDENT \rightarrow POSITION \\ ambulanceKindNeeded_incident: INCIDENT \rightarrow KIND$

 $\begin{array}{l} \operatorname{dom} \textit{victimAge_incident} = \operatorname{dom} \textit{victimPregnant_incident} = \\ \operatorname{dom} \textit{localisation_incident} = \operatorname{dom} \textit{description_incident} = \\ \textit{registered_incident} \end{array}$

$$\label{eq:continuity} \begin{split} \operatorname{dom} \ position_incident &= \operatorname{dom} \ ambulanceKindNeeded_incident \\ \operatorname{dom} \ position_incident &\subseteq registered_incident \\ \operatorname{dom} \ ambulanceKindNeeded_incident &\subseteq registered_incident \\ \end{split}$$

	_ <i>Mobilization</i>
	Ambulance Information
	Incident Information
	$status_ambulance: AMBULANCE \rightarrow STATUS \\ choice_mobilization: AMBULANCE \rightarrow INCIDENT \\ mob_mobilization: AMBULANCE \rightarrow INCIDENT$
	$dom\ choice_mobilization \subseteq registered_ambulance$
	$dom\ mob_mobilization \subseteq registered_ambulance$
	$\operatorname{dom} mob_mobilization \subseteq \operatorname{dom} choice_mobilization$
	$ran\ choice_mobilization \subseteq registered_incident$
	$ran mob_mobilization \subseteq registered_incident$
	$ran \ mob_mobilization \subseteq ran \ choice_mobilization$
	$\forall \ a: AMBULANCE \bullet (status_ambulance(a) =' FREE') \equiv (a \notin \text{dom } choice_mobilization \land a \notin \text{dom } mob_mobilization) \land (status_ambulance(a) =' CHOSEN') \equiv (a \in \text{dom } choice_mobilization \land a \notin \text{dom } mob_mobilization) \land (status_ambulance(a) =' MOBILIZED') \equiv (a \in \text{dom } choice_mobilization \land a \in \text{dom } mob_mobilization)$
(Opérations
	_ ChooseBestAmbulanceOK
	$_ListUnattributedIncidents___$

4 Tests Boîte Noire

5 Exemples Z

Cette section est laissée ici pour faciliter le démarrage de tout le monde avec Z en latex. Évidemment elle devra être retirée du rapport final.

Exemples de types donnés:

```
[PRODUCT\ COIN]
```

Exemple de schéma d'état

```
ShemaName \_
inventory : bag PRODUCT
price : PRODUCT \rightarrow \mathbb{N}
float : bag COIN
entered : bag COIN
accept : \mathbb{P} COIN
dom inventory \subseteq dom price
dom float \subseteq accepted
dom entered \subseteq accepted
```

Exemple d'opération

```
AcceptCoin
\Delta Money
newCoin?: COIN

newCoin? \notin accept
float' = float
entered' = entered
accept' = accept \cup \{newCoin?\}
```