# Data Wrangling 101

# for BCS 206 Fall 2019

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# 1 Goals for next two weeks

- Thinking about workflow in R:
  - Version control
  - R Markdown
- Data wrangling: Turning the data into the form you need (dplyr)
- Data visualization:
  - General principles
  - How to plot in R (ggplot, plotly)

We only have a relatively short time, so we will focus on learning what tools are available and on *examples* of use (rather than an in-depth tutorial). There are great online tutorials and cheatsheets that contain further information.

### 2 Preliminaries

#### 2.1 Version control

RStudio makes version control, data backup, and data sharing easy (e.g., via Github.com). To use it, download and install git on your computer. Get a free github.com or bitbucket.com account. You only have to do this once.

Then, for each project, create a new project in RStudio and link it to the remote repository (select "Create project" > "Version control"). You will have to enter a URL for the remote repository, which you get, for example, at github.com under the repository's main page by clicking the "Clone or download button".

For step by step instructions, see:

- Setting up RStudio for version control
- RStudio help on version control
- Reverting a file to an earlier version

### 2.2 Reproducibility and literate coding

R and RStudio support reproducibility oriented literate coding via Sweave and Knitr: lab books, presentations, and papers can weave/knit together data, code, and text. The document you share contains the code needed to create its outputs (figures, tables, etc.). This is achieved by combining latex or R markdown with R code (or, for that matter, code from other programming languages). For an excellent video-based introduction, see this tutorial on R markdown. \*This document is R markdown compiled with RStudio's knitr.

# 3 Data wrangling

The R libraries dplyr provide us with efficient ways to transform ('wrangle') our data tables. The library magrittr let's us concatenate these operations in transparent and easy to read code.

#### 3.1 An example data set

We will illustrate the use of dplyr with the following data from an experiment with a 2AFC task in three within-subject conditions (A, B, C), for which we have extracted correctness (1 = correct; 0 = incorrect) and reaction times (RT):

#### summary(d)

```
##
    condition
                   trial
                                    subject
                                                    correct
    A:2688
               Min.
                       : 1.00
                                1
                                        : 192
                                                 Min.
                                                         :0.0000
    B:2688
               1st Qu.:16.75
                                2
                                                 1st Qu.:0.0000
##
                                        : 192
##
    C:2688
               Median :32.50
                                3
                                        : 192
                                                 Median :1.0000
                                                         :0.5905
                       :32.50
                                4
##
               Mean
                                        : 192
                                                 Mean
##
               3rd Qu.:48.25
                                5
                                        : 192
                                                 3rd Qu.:1.0000
##
               Max.
                       :64.00
                                         : 192
                                                         :1.0000
                                                 Max.
                                 (Other):6912
##
##
           RT
            : 201.1
    1st Qu.: 405.7
    Median: 573.8
```

```
: 771.3
##
  Mean
  3rd Qu.:1074.4
##
##
  Max.
        :2877.3
##
glimpse(d)
## Observations: 8,064
## Variables: 5
## $ trial
          <fct> 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 1...
## $ subject
## $ correct
          <int> 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1...
          <dbl> 572.054, 518.748, 358.922, 424.082, 402.441, 350.779...
## $ RT
```

#### 3.2 Dplyr's verbs

Dplyr has 'verbs' like filter, select, summarize, mutate, transmute, etc. to let use conduct operations on our data, and reshape the data frame into the format we need. We can use dplyr, for example, to calculate the proportion correct answers in our experiment by using *summarise*.

```
summarise(d, meanCorrect = mean(correct))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
     meanCorrect
##
           <dbl>
##
## 1
           0.591
Or just for condition A:
d.A = filter(d, condition == "A")
summarise(d.A, meanCorrect = mean(correct))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
     meanCorrect
##
           <dbl>
## 1
           0.461
```

#### 3.3 Maggritr's pipes

Here we will use only of the 'pipes' magrittr provides:

- x % > % f: takes x and hands it to the function f on the right, as f's first argument
- x %<>% f1 %>% f2 %>% etc.: takes x hands it to f1, takes the output of f1 and hands it to f2, etc. And since the first pipe was %<>% (rather than just %>%), the final result will be written back into x.

#### 3.4 Putting it together: Wrangling through pipes

Remember how we got the mean proportion correct for just Condition A?

```
d.A = filter(d, condition == "A")
summarise(d.A, meanCorrect = mean(correct))
```



Figure 1: Magritt's pipe



Figure 2: Magrittr's pipe

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
## meanCorrect
## <dbl>
## 1 0.461
```

This is in legant and hard to read. Pipes let us make this more transparent:

```
d %>%
  filter(condition == "A") %>%
  summarise(meanCorrect = mean(correct))
## # A tibble: 1 x 1
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x
## meanCorrect
## <dbl>
## 1 0.461
```

And this advantage becomes even clearer, the more operations we concatenate. For example,  $group\_by$  is an elegant operator that tells the pipes to conduct all subsequent operations for each of the groups (and then put all the separate outcomes back together into a single data frame). So if we want the proportion correct for all groups:

```
d %>%
group_by(condition) %>%
summarise(meanCorrect = mean(correct))
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 2
## condition meanCorrect
## <fct> <dbl>
## 1 A 0.461
## 2 B 0.537
## 3 C 0.774
```

#### 4 Exercises

How can we:

- View the entire data set? (View)
- Calculate the by-subject averages for all three conditions? (group\_by, summarise)
- Calculate the by-subject standard deviations around those averages? (group\_by, summarise)
- Attach this information (the averages and SDs) to each row of the present data.frame? (group\_by, mutate)
- Determine whether RTs were on average faster for correct, as compared to incorrect, trials?
- Add a column for log-transformed RTs to the data set?
- Remove the old column for raw RTs? (select)
- Sort the data by log-transformed reaction times? (arrange)

Say we further have an additional data frame with information about our subjects:

```
## Source: local data frame [42 x 3]
## Groups: <by row>
##
## # A tibble: 42 x 3
##
      subject gender
                         age
##
      <fct>
               <chr>>
                       <dbl>
##
    1 1
               male
                          21
##
    2 2
               male
                          19
    3 3
##
               female
                          18
    4 4
##
               male
                          20
##
    5 5
               female
                          19
##
    6 6
               male
                          20
    7 7
               female
                          19
##
    8 8
               female
                          20
##
    9 9
               male
                          20
## 10 10
               male
                          19
## # ... with 32 more rows
```

• How can we join the information from the two data sources together? (left\_join)

# 5 Combining data wrangling and visualization: an example from the Haefner group

This group seeks to replicate Herce Castañón et al. (2019).

#### 5.1 Design

The design of the present study crossed two levels of contrast (Low = 15%, High = 60%), 3 levels of variance (0, 4, 10), and how the trials in the block were cued (L = left, R = right, N = uncued), for a total of 2 x 3 x 3 = 18 within-subject conditions.

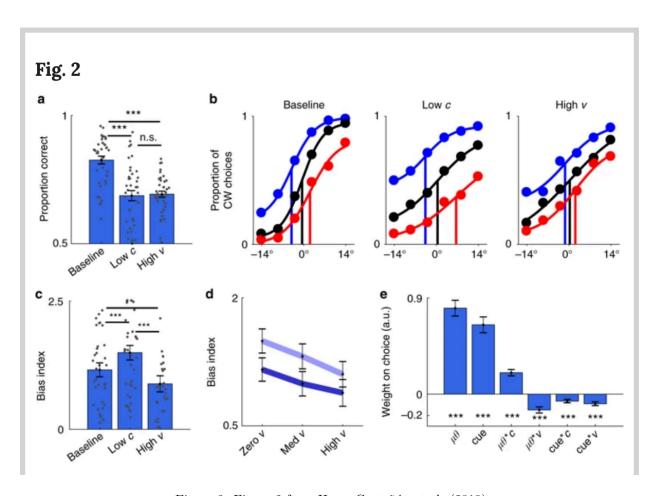


Figure 3: Figure 2 from Herce Castañón et al. (2019)

### 5.2 Loading data

The data are stored in a MatLab (.mat) file. The file contains one matrix with fields: participant, exp(eriment), stimuli and response. Within each field, there is further information. The important information seems to be in the response field. Some of the important parts include:

- responseRight: the response of the subject (0 for CCW, 1 for CW, w.r.t horizontal)
- correct: what the correct answer is (0 for CCW, 1 for CW, w.r.t horizontal)
- accuracy: whether subject got the correct answer (1) or not (0)
- reaction time: time in seconds the subject took to answer
- confidence: whether the subject was confident in their answer (1) or not (-1)
- cue: whether the cue on that trials is left (-1), right (1), or no cue (0)
- contrast: the contrast of the gabor patch on that trial
- variance: variability in the orientation of gratings of gabor patches on that trial
- isCuedBlock: whether a block (of trials) will have cues (1) or no cues (0)

```
# Load a matlab file and extract the "data" matrix out of it
d.haefner = readMat("./data/Haefner/uncertaintyV1-subject18-1-EarlyQuit.mat")
d.haefner = d.haefner[["data"]][,,1][["response"]][,,1]
d.haefner[["trueOrientaions"]] <- NULL</pre>
# Look at what we've imported.
# NB: str() gives your the structure of an R object
str(d.haefner)
d.haefner %<>%
  map(.f = function(x) c(x)) \%
  as_tibble()
# The data we have are preliminary pilot data from one of the
# experimenters, and that run did contain all trials. We omit
# all the trials with missing information.
d.haefner %<>%
  na.omit()
# Add the definition of the three conditions of interest in the
# original paper
d.haefner %<>%
  mutate(
    condition = case when(
        variance == min(variance) & contrast == max(contrast) ~ "baseline",
        variance == max(variance) & contrast == max(contrast) ~ "high variance",
        variance == min(variance) & contrast == min(contrast) ~ "low contrast",
        Т ~ ""
    )
  )
```

Now that we've imported the data into an R data frame (or *tibble*), let's have a look at it. First, we can get a general idea of the data by using str() (for structure) or print():

```
## # A tibble: 864 x 12
##
      randSeed responseRight correct accuracy reactionTime confidence
         <dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                          <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
##
                            0
##
   1
        2.20e8
                                    1
                                              0
                                                        0.708
                                                                      -1
##
    2
        2.20e8
                            1
                                     0
                                              0
                                                        0.609
                                                                       -1
##
  3
        2.20e8
                            0
                                    1
                                              Λ
                                                        1.73
                                                                       0
```

```
2.20e8
                            1
                                                       0.684
                                                                       0
##
##
        2.20e8
                            0
                                              0
                                                       0.550
   5
                                    1
                                                                      -1
##
        2.20e8
                                                       0.565
                                                                      -1
##
    7
        2.20e8
                            0
                                    1
                                              0
                                                       0.492
                                                                      -1
        2.20e8
##
                            0
                                              1
                                                       0.994
                                                                      -1
##
    9
        2.20e8
                            0
                                    1
                                              0
                                                       0.872
                                                                       0
        2.20e8
                                    1
                                                       0.782
                                                                       1
## # ... with 854 more rows, and 6 more variables: isCuedBlock <dbl>,
       cue <dbl>, orientationMean <dbl>, contrast <dbl>, variance <dbl>,
```

## # condition <chr>

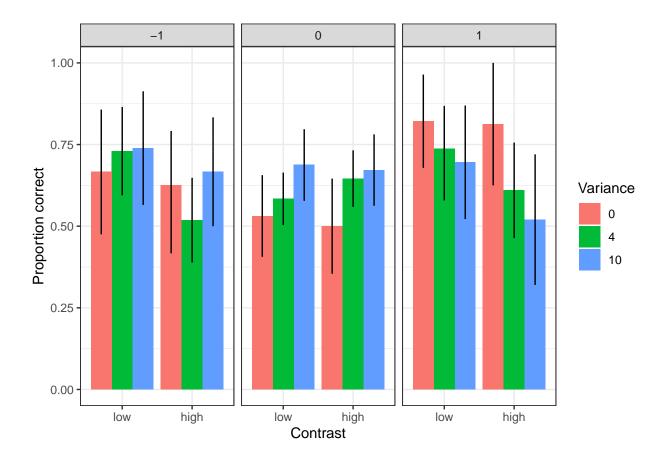
To instead get a summary of the data:

${\tt randSeed}$	${\tt responseRight}$	correct	accuracy
Min. :220286057	Min. :0.000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :0.0000
1st Qu.:220377520	1st Qu.:0.000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000
Median :220475950	Median :1.000	Median :1.0000	Median :1.0000
Mean :220480775	Mean :0.559	Mean :0.5081	Mean :0.6319
3rd Qu.:220587872	3rd Qu.:1.000	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.:1.0000
Max. :220674325	Max. :1.000	Max. :1.0000	Max. :1.0000
${\tt reactionTime}$	confidence	isCuedBlock	cue
Min. :0.1983 M	in. :-1.0000	Min. :0.0000	Min. :-1.00000
1st Qu.:0.4322 1	st Qu.:-1.0000	1st Qu.:0.0000	1st Qu.: 0.00000
Median :0.5677 M	edian :-1.0000	Median :0.0000	Median : 0.00000
Mean :0.6970 M	ean :-0.5289	Mean :0.4167	Mean :-0.02083
3rd Qu.:0.8143 3	rd Qu.: 0.0000	3rd Qu.:1.0000	3rd Qu.: 0.00000
Max. :2.9974 M	ax. : 1.0000	Max. :1.0000	Max. : 1.00000
orientation Mean	contrast	variance	condition
Min. :-26.67646	Min. :0.1500	Min. : 0.00	Length:864
1st Qu.: -5.95720	1st Qu.:0.1500	1st Qu.: 4.00	Class :character
Median : 0.15682	Median :0.1500	Median: 4.00	Mode :character
Mean : 0.08092	Mean :0.3734	Mean : 4.66	
3rd Qu.: 5.95273	3rd Qu.:0.6000	3rd Qu.:10.00	
Max. : 25.98183	Max. :0.6000	Max. :10.00	
	Min. :220286057 1st Qu.:220377520 Median :220475950 Mean :220480775 3rd Qu.:220587872 Max. :220674325 reactionTime Min. :0.1983 M 1st Qu.:0.4322 1 Median :0.5677 M Mean :0.6970 M 3rd Qu.:0.8143 3 Max. :2.9974 M orientationMean Min. :-26.67646 1st Qu.: -5.95720 Median : 0.15682 Mean : 0.08092 3rd Qu.: 5.95273	Min. :220286057 Min. :0.000  1st Qu.:220377520 1st Qu.:0.000  Median :220475950 Median :1.000  Mean :220480775 Mean :0.559  3rd Qu.:220587872 3rd Qu.:1.000  Max. :220674325 Max. :1.000  reactionTime confidence  Min. :0.1983 Min. :-1.0000  1st Qu.:0.4322 1st Qu.:-1.0000  Median :0.5677 Median :-1.0000  Mean :0.6970 Mean :-0.5289  3rd Qu.:0.8143 3rd Qu.: 0.0000  Max. :2.9974 Max. : 1.0000  orientationMean contrast  Min. :-26.67646 Min. :0.1500  1st Qu.: -5.95720 1st Qu.:0.1500  Median : 0.15682 Median :0.1500  Mean : 0.08092 Mean :0.3734  3rd Qu.: 5.95273 3rd Qu.:0.6000	Min. :220286057 Min. :0.000 Min. :0.0000  1st Qu.:220377520 1st Qu.:0.000 1st Qu.:0.0000  Median :220475950 Median :1.000 Median :1.0000  Mean :220480775 Mean :0.559 Mean :0.5081  3rd Qu.:220587872 3rd Qu.:1.000 3rd Qu.:1.0000  Max. :220674325 Max. :1.000 Max. :1.0000  reactionTime confidence isCuedBlock  Min. :0.1983 Min. :-1.0000 Min. :0.0000  1st Qu.:0.4322 1st Qu.:-1.0000 1st Qu.:0.0000  Median :0.5677 Median :-1.0000 Median :0.0000  Mean :0.6970 Mean :-0.5289 Mean :0.4167  3rd Qu.:0.8143 3rd Qu.: 0.0000 3rd Qu.:1.0000  Max. :2.9974 Max. : 1.0000 Max. :1.0000  orientationMean contrast variance  Min. :-26.67646 Min. :0.1500 Min. : 0.000  1st Qu.: -5.95720 1st Qu.:0.1500 1st Qu.: 4.00  Median : 0.15682 Median :0.1500 Median : 4.00  Mean : 0.08092 Mean :0.3734 Mean : 4.66  3rd Qu.: 5.95273 3rd Qu.:0.6000 3rd Qu.:10.000

# 5.3 Figure 2 from Herce Castañón et al.

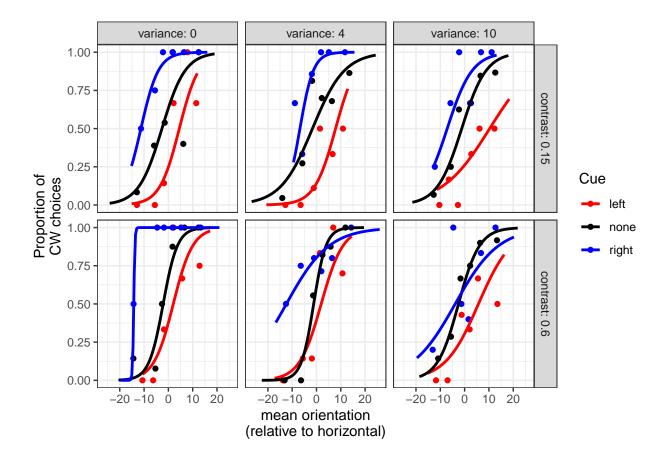
#### 5.3.1 Panel A

We begin by plotting the proportion of correct choices for all conditions:

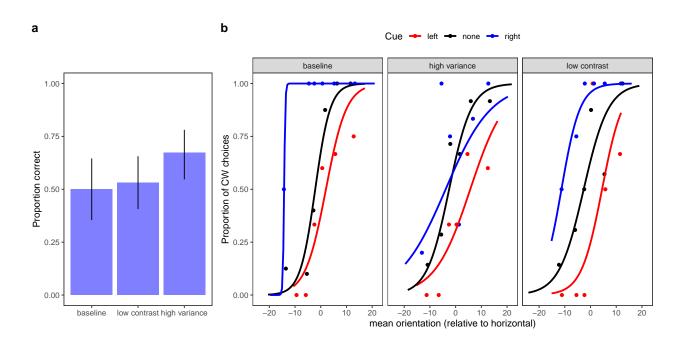


# 5.3.2 Panel B

We begin by plotting the proportion of CW choices for all conditions:



### 5.3.3 Panel A and B together



## 6 Session info

```
- Session info ------
##
   setting value
##
   version R version 3.6.0 (2019-04-26)
##
            macOS High Sierra 10.13.6
##
           x86_64, darwin15.6.0
   system
##
           X11
   language (EN)
##
##
   collate en_US.UTF-8
##
   ctype
            en_US.UTF-8
##
           America/New_York
  tz
##
   date
            2019-11-04
##
package
               * version date
                                    lib source
##
   acepack
                 1.4.1
                          2016-10-29 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
## assertthat
                         2019-03-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                 0.2.1
## backports
                 1.1.5
                         2019-10-02 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                 0.1-3
                         2015-07-28 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
  base64enc
##
   broom
                 0.5.2
                         2019-04-07 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   callr
                 3.3.2
                         2019-09-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                         2016-07-27 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
   cellranger
                1.1.0
##
                 1.9.4
                         2019-07-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
  checkmate
                 1.1.0
                         2019-03-19 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
## cluster
                 2.1.0
                         2019-06-19 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
  colorspace
                 1.4-1
                         2019-03-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
               * 1.0.0
                          2019-07-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   cowplot
##
   crayon
                 1.3.4
                          2017-09-16 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   data.table
                 1.12.6
                         2019-10-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
  desc
                 1.2.0
                          2018-05-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   devtools
                 2.2.1
                          2019-09-24 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   digest
                 0.6.22 2019-10-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
## dplyr
               * 0.8.3
                          2019-07-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
## ellipsis
                 0.3.0
                          2019-09-20 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   evaluate
                 0.14
                          2019-05-28 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
  fansi
                 0.4.0
                          2018-10-05 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
               * 0.4.0
                          2019-02-17 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
   forcats
##
   foreign
                 0.8-72
                          2019-08-02 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                 1.2-3
                          2018-05-03 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   Formula
##
                         2019-05-06 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
  fs
                 1.3.1
   generics
                 0.0.2
                          2018-11-29 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                          2019-08-10 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   ggplot2
               * 3.2.1
                         2019-03-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   glue
                 1.3.1
                          2017-09-09 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   gridExtra
                 2.3
##
                 0.3.0
                          2019-03-25 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
   gtable
##
   haven
                 2.1.1
                          2019-07-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   Hmisc
                 4.2-0
                         2019-01-26 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                 0.5.2
##
   hms
                         2019-10-30 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   htmlTable
                 1.13.2
                         2019-09-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
   htmltools
                 0.4.0
                          2019-10-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                 1.5.1
                          2019-10-08 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
   htmlwidgets
##
   httr
                 1.4.1
                          2019-08-05 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                         2018-12-07 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                 1.6
##
   jsonlite
```

```
##
    knitr
                    1.25
                             2019-09-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                    0.3
                             2014-08-23 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    labeling
##
    lattice
                    0.20 - 38
                             2018-11-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    latticeExtra
                    0.6-28
                             2016-02-09 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    lazyeval
                    0.2.2
                             2019-03-15 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                             2019-08-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    lifecycle
                    0.1.0
                    1.7.4
                             2018-04-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    lubridate
                             2014-11-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    magrittr
                  * 1.5
##
    Matrix
                    1.2-17
                             2019-03-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    memoise
                    1.1.0
                             2017-04-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    modelr
                    0.1.5
                             2019-08-08 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    munsell
                    0.5.0
                             2018-06-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    nlme
                    3.1-141
                             2019-08-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                    7.3 - 12
    nnet
                             2016-02-02 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                    1.4.2
                             2019-06-29 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    pillar
##
    pkgbuild
                    1.0.6
                             2019-10-09 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                    2.0.3
                             2019-09-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    pkgconfig
                    1.0.2
                             2018-10-29 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    pkgload
                  * 4.9.0
                             2019-04-10 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    plotly
##
    plyr
                    1.8.4
                             2016-06-08 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    prettyunits
                    1.0.2
                             2015-07-13 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                    3.4.1
                             2019-07-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    processx
                    1.3.0
                             2018-12-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    ps
                  * 0.3.3
                             2019-10-18 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    purrr
##
    R.matlab
                  * 3.6.2
                             2018-09-27 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    R.methodsS3
                    1.7.1
                             2016-02-16 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                    1.22.0
                             2018-04-22 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    R. oo
                    2.9.0
                             2019-06-13 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    R.utils
##
    R6
                    2.4.0
                             2019-02-14 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    RColorBrewer
                    1.1 - 2
                             2014-12-07 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    Rcpp
                    1.0.2
                             2019-07-25 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    readr
                  * 1.3.1
                             2018-12-21 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    readxl
                    1.3.1
                             2019-03-13 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                             2019-06-24 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                    2.1.0
##
    remotes
##
                    1.4.3
                             2017-12-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    reshape2
##
                    0.4.1
                             2019-10-24 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    rlang
##
    rmarkdown
                    1.16
                             2019-10-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                    4.1-15
                             2019-04-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    rpart
                    1.3-2
                             2018-01-03 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    rprojroot
##
                    0.10
                             2019-03-19 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    rstudioapi
##
                    0.3.4
                             2019-05-15 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    rvest
##
                    1.0.0
                             2018-08-09 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    scales
                             2018-11-05 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    sessioninfo
                    1.1.1
##
                    1.4.3
                             2019-03-12 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    stringi
                  * 1.4.0
##
                             2019-02-10 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    stringr
##
                    2.44-1.1 2019-04-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    survival
##
    testthat
                    2.2.1
                             2019-07-25 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                             2019-06-06 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    tibble
                  * 2.1.3
##
    tidyr
                  * 1.0.0
                             2019-09-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                    0.2.5
##
    tidyselect
                             2018-10-11 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
                  * 1.2.1
                             2017-11-14 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
    tidyverse
##
    usethis
                    1.5.1
                             2019-07-04 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    utf8
                    1.1.4
                             2018-05-24 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
##
    vctrs
                    0.2.0
                             2019-07-05 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
```

```
2018-02-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
## viridisLite
              0.3.0
## withr
                2.1.2
                        2018-03-15 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
               0.10 2019-10-01 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
## xfun
## xml2
               1.2.2
                        2019-08-09 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
                2.2.0
                        2018-07-25 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
## yaml
## zeallot
                0.1.0
                        2018-01-28 [1] CRAN (R 3.6.0)
```

## [1] /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/3.6/Resources/library