ICS 271 Fall 2016

Student ID: 26642334 Student Name: Yu Guo Instructor: Kalev Kask Homework Assignment 1 Due Tuesday, 10/11

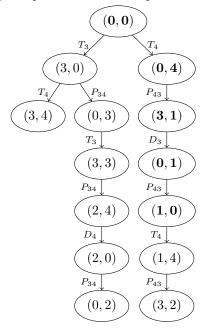
1. (a) i. Initial state: (0,0)

Left 0 means initial water in *Three* is 0 Liter; Right 0 means initial water in *Four* is also 0 Liter.

- ii. Whole state: (a, b) $a(a \in [0, 3])$ is current mount of water in *Three*; $b(b \in [0, 4])$ is current mount of water in *Four*.
- iii. Goal state: (1, x)x could be any valid number.
- iv. Operators:

Operators: T_3 : if a < 3, $(a, b) \to (3, b)$ T_4 : if b < 4, $(a, b) \to (a, 4)$ D_3 : if a > 0, $(a, b) \to (0, b)$ D_4 : if b > 0, $(a, b) \to (a, 0)$ P_{34} : if a > 0 & b < 4, $(a, b) \to (\max(a - (4 - b), 0), \min(a + b, 4))$ P_{43} : if b > 0 & a < 3, $(a, b) \to (\min(a + b, 3), \max(b - (3 - a), 0))$

(b) Graph of all the state space nodes (same state only appear once)



- 2. (a) State description: (m, c, f)
 - m := No. of missionaries on this side;
 - c := No. of cannibals on other side;
 - f := flag to show where the boat is locate, 1 := on this side; 0 := on other side.
 - Initial State: (3, 3, 1)
 - Goal State: (0, 0, 0)
 - \bullet Total No. of valid States: $2\times |\{(3,2),(3,1),(3,0),(2,2),(1,1),(0,1),(0,2),(0,3)\}| + |\{(3,3),(0,0)\}| = 18$

(b) Operators:

$$T_{10} \colon \text{if } f == 1 \& m > 0, \ (m, c, f) \to (m - 1, c, f - 1)$$

$$T_{01} \colon \text{if } f == 1 \& c > 0, \ (m, c, f) \to (m, c - 1, f - 1)$$

$$T_{20} \colon \text{if } f == 1 \& m > 1, \ (m, c, f) \to (m - 2, c, f - 1)$$

$$T_{02} \colon \text{if } f == 1 \& c > 1, \ (m, c, f) \to (m, c - 2, f - 1)$$

$$T_{11} \colon \text{if } f == 1 \& m > 0 \& c > 0, \ (m, c, f) \to (m - 1, c - 1, f - 1)$$

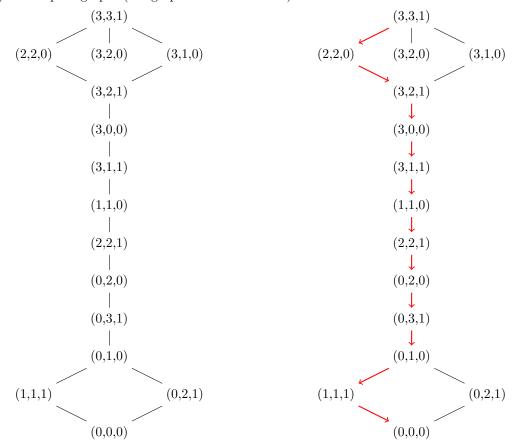
$$P_{10} \colon \text{if } f == 0 \& m < 3, \ (m, c, f) \to (m + 1, c, f + 1)$$

$$P_{01} \colon \text{if } f == 0 \& c < 3, \ (m, c, f) \to (m, c + 1, f + 1)$$

$$P_{20} \colon \text{if } f == 0 \& c < 2, \ (m, c, f) \to (m + 2, c, f + 1)$$

$$P_{11} \colon \text{if } f == 0 \& m < 3 \& c < 3, \ (m, c, f) \to (m + 1, c + 1, f + 1)$$

(c) State space graph: (the graph below on the left)



- (d) DFS trace leading to a solution: (the graph above on the right)
- 3. (a) Uniform Cost Search:

SBAFDCHEJLKG

(b) Depth-First Search:

SADEJGKGLGBFLGMGCHI

(c) (Depth-First) Iterative-Deepening Search:

Iter 0: S

Iter 1: S A B C

Iter 2: S A D E B F C H I

Iter 3: S A D E J K L B F L M C H I

Iter 4: S A D E J G K G L G B F L G M G C H I

4. (a) BFS:

Minimum No. of nodes (including root node):

$$\sum_{i=0}^{g} b^i - b^g + 1$$

Maximum No. of nodes (including root node):

$$\sum_{i=0}^{g} b^{i}$$

(b) DFS:

Minimum No. of nodes (including root node):

$$g+1$$

Maximum No. of nodes (including root node):

$$\sum_{i=0}^{d} b^i - \sum_{j=0}^{d-g} b^j + 1$$

(c) DF-IDS:

Minimum No. of nodes (including root node):

$$\sum_{k=0}^{g-1} (\sum_{i=0}^k b^i) - b^g + 1 \quad (if \ g \geqslant 1)$$

1
$$(if g = 0)$$

Maximum No. of nodes (including root node):

$$\sum_{k=0}^{g} \left(\sum_{i=0}^{k} b^{i}\right)$$

5. If hash table is O(1), No. of comparisons is $O(b^d)$.

If hash table is O(n), No. of comparisons is $O(b^{2d})$.

The end!