

About Me (Tim Rodgers)

- Postdoctoral Fellow with Prof. Amanda Giang in IRES
- Undergrad - University of Waterloo Environmental Engineering (2016)
- Graduate – UofT Chemical Engineering
 - Began my MASc. in 2016
 - Switched to a PhD, graduated in 2021
- Research – chemicals transport & fate
 - Particular interest in contaminant transport through stormwater
 - Publications under: Timothy F. M. Rodgers

Carbon Neutral Infrastructure Biodiversity and Infrastructure (Healthy Environments)

Tim Rodgers

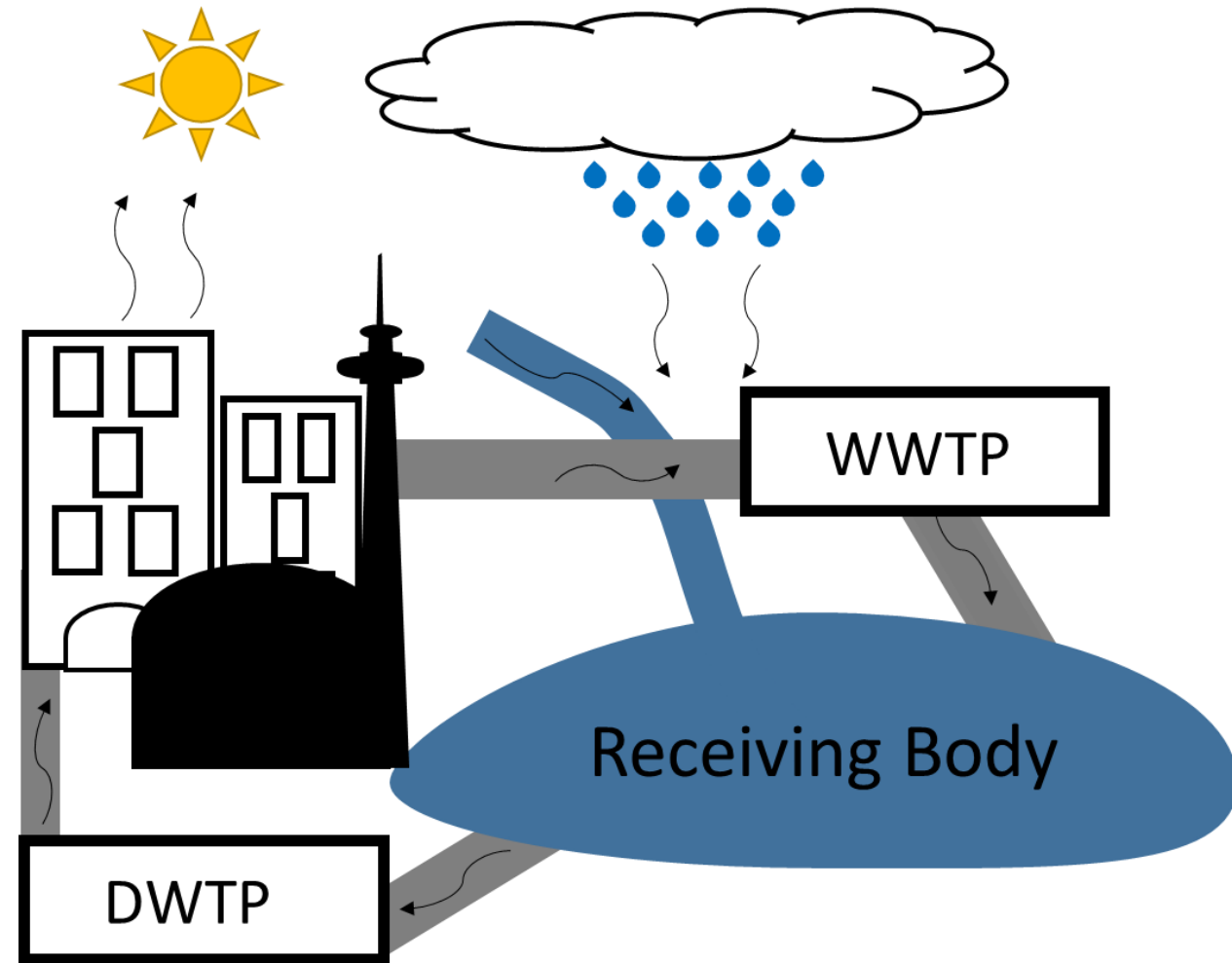
Postdoctoral Fellow, IRES

Outline

- Urban Water Cycles
- Traditional Approach
- Green Infrastructure (GI) /Low Impact Development (LID)
- Activity: Traditionalists vs LIDers
- Recap & Discussion

Urban Water Cycles

- Wastewater
 - People & industry produce a lot of waste
 - Cholera, E.Coli (Walkerton)
- Stormwater Runoff
 - Quantity & Quality



Traditional Approach: Urban Water as a Nuisance



Iona Island Treatment Plant

<https://thetyee.ca/News/2020/08/20/Metro-Vancouver-Sewage-Plant-Upgrade/>



<https://2nct6h8fx1w308av73hxfvhl-wpengine.netdna-ssl.com/wp-content/uploads/2019/09/d-F-storm-drains.jpg>
https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/1/10/False_Creek_2018.jpg/1200px-False_Creek_2018.jpg

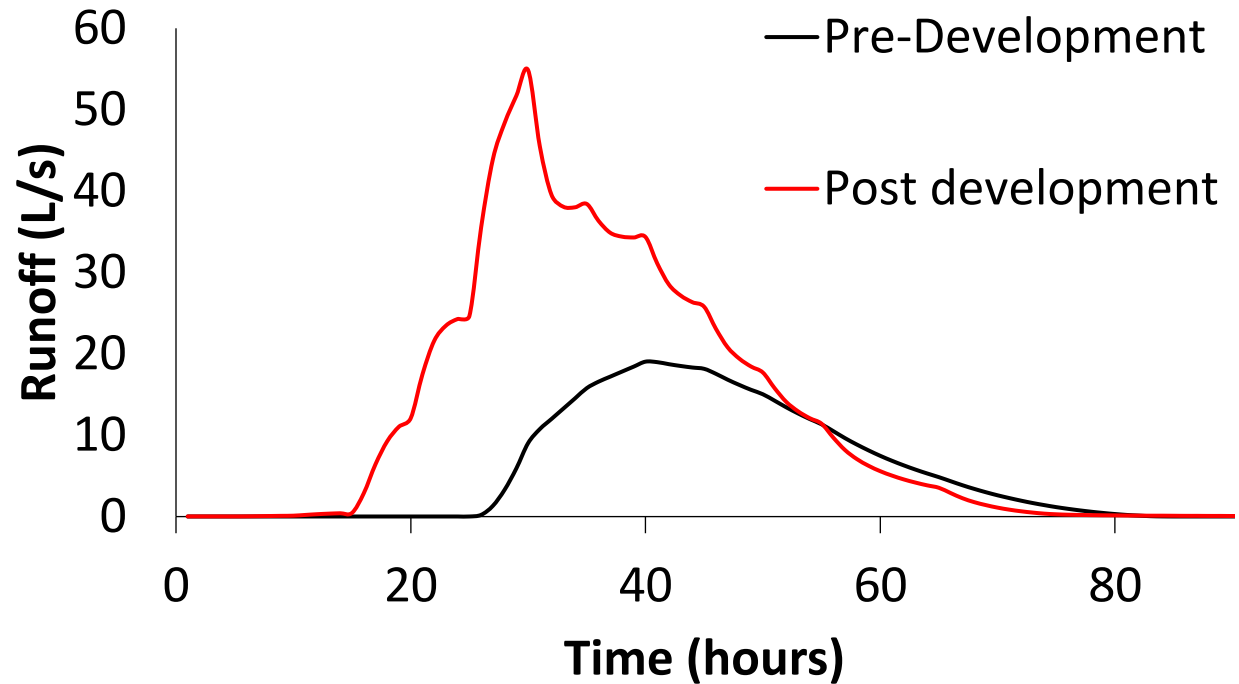
Problems with the Traditional Approach

- Wastewater:

- Carbon emissions
- Expensive, high energy intensity
- Continuing water quality issues
 - Difficult to remove pharmaceuticals, increased temperature, BOD, etc.

- Stormwater

- Urbanization increases runoff
- Combined Sewer Overflows (CSOs)
- Water quality issues (e.g. road salt)
- “Urban stream syndrome”

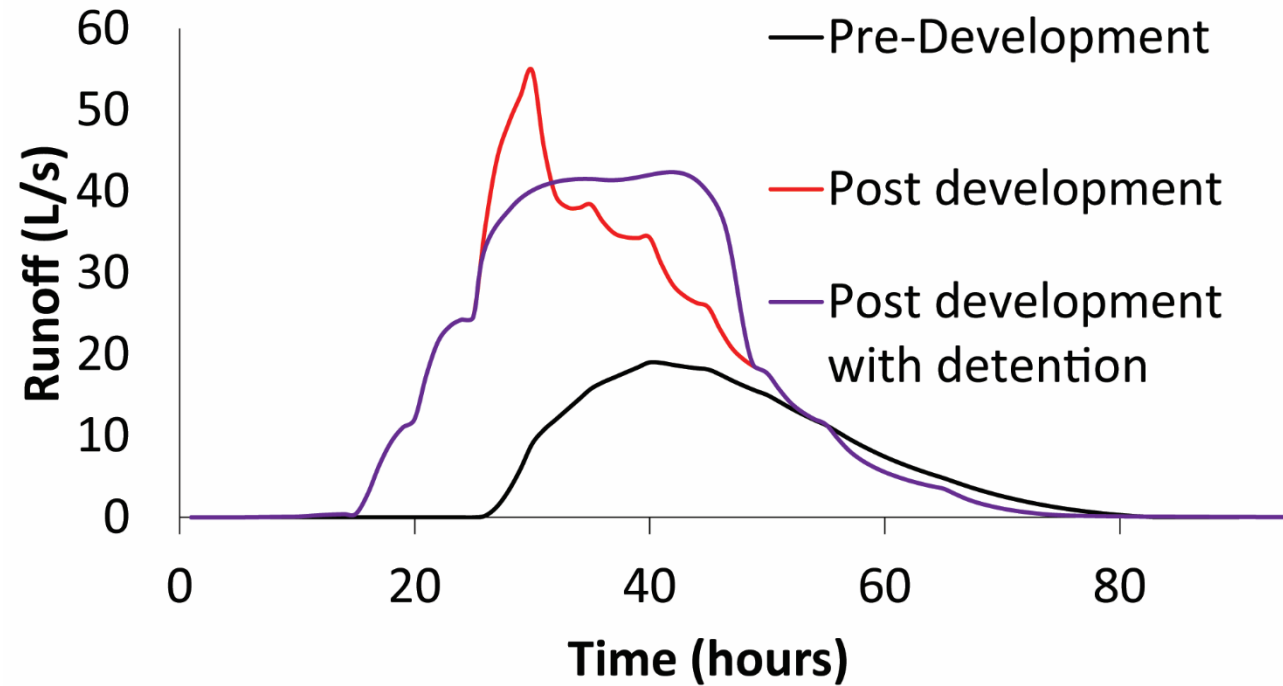


Urban Stream Syndrome



Traditional Approach (Redux)

- Stormwater Detention:
 - Reduce peak flow rate
 - Delay time to peak
 - Allow suspended particles to settle
 - Reduce Combined Sewer Overflows
- Examples:
 - “Dry” stormwater management ponds
 - “Wet” stormwater management ponds
 - Storage tanks/facilities



Traditional Approach (Redux)



Stormwater Detention Pond

https://www.surrey.ca/sites/default/files/styles/21x9_1100w/public/2020-06/ENG-Detention%20Ponds.jpg?h=208bb47f&itok=S1rV-Tod

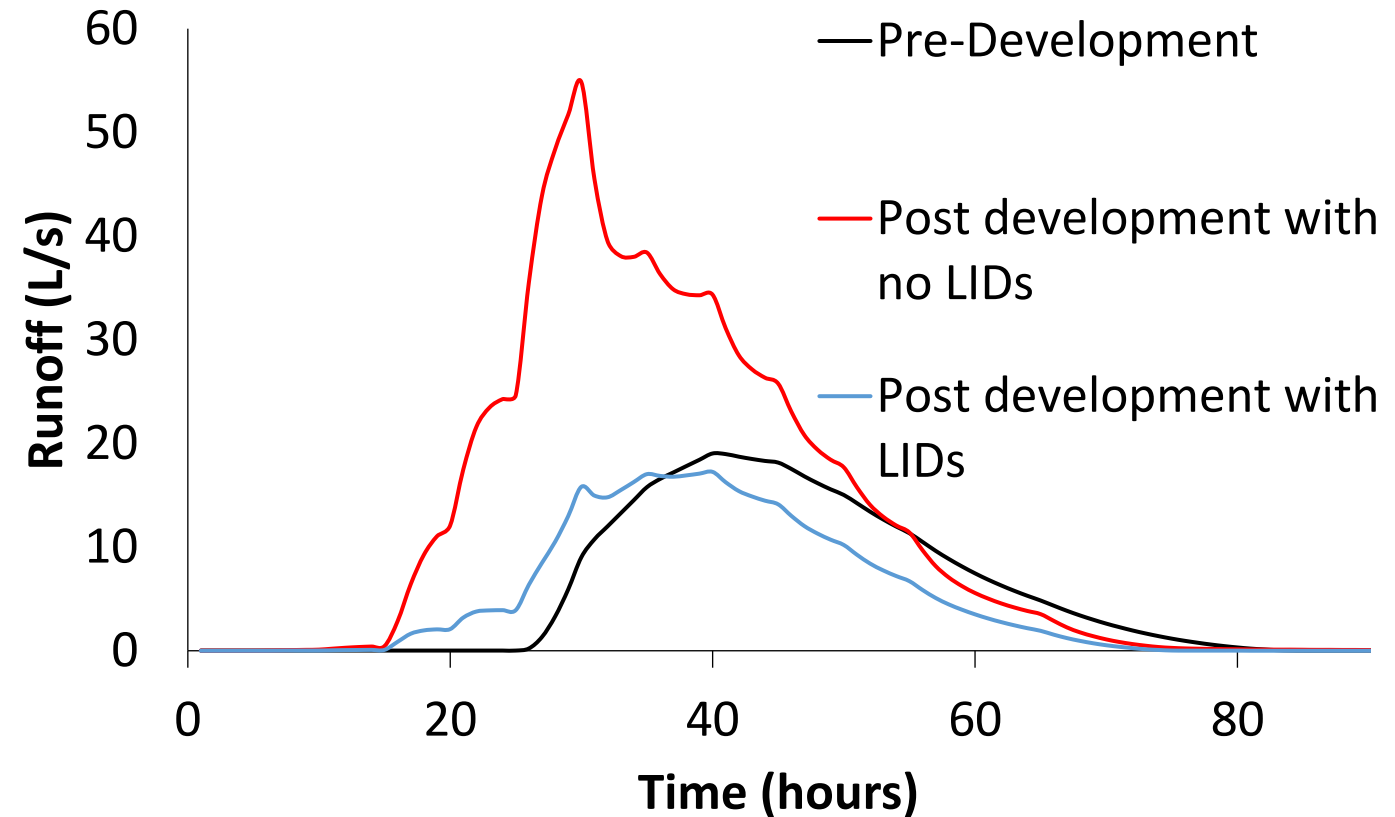
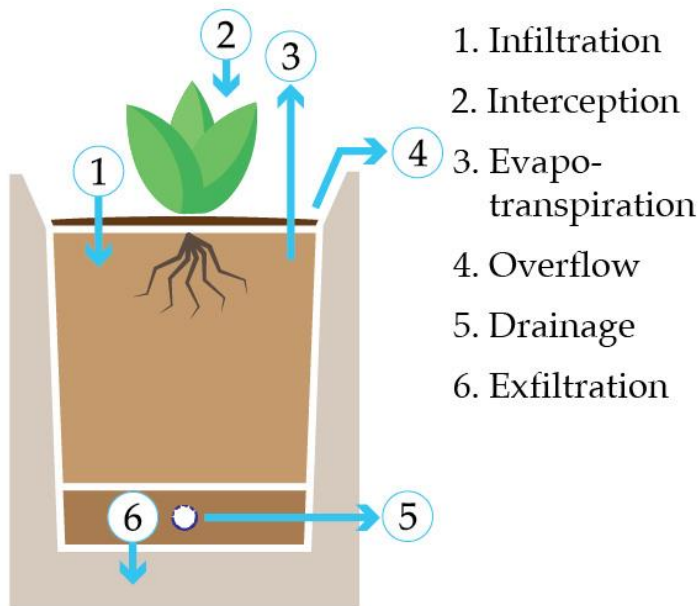


Thames Tideway Tunnel

<https://londonist.com/2015/08/what-is-the-thames-tideway-tunnel>

Green Infrastructure/Low-Impact Development

- Distributed systems to treat stormwater at-source
- Two goals:
 - Restore pre-development hydrology
 - Improve water quality



The Promise:



Rain Garden or Bioretention Cell

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/5/5c/Rain_Garden_%2815455930908%29.jpg



Green Roof

https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/4/41/British_Horse_Society_Head_Quarters_and_Green_Roof.jpg

The Problems:

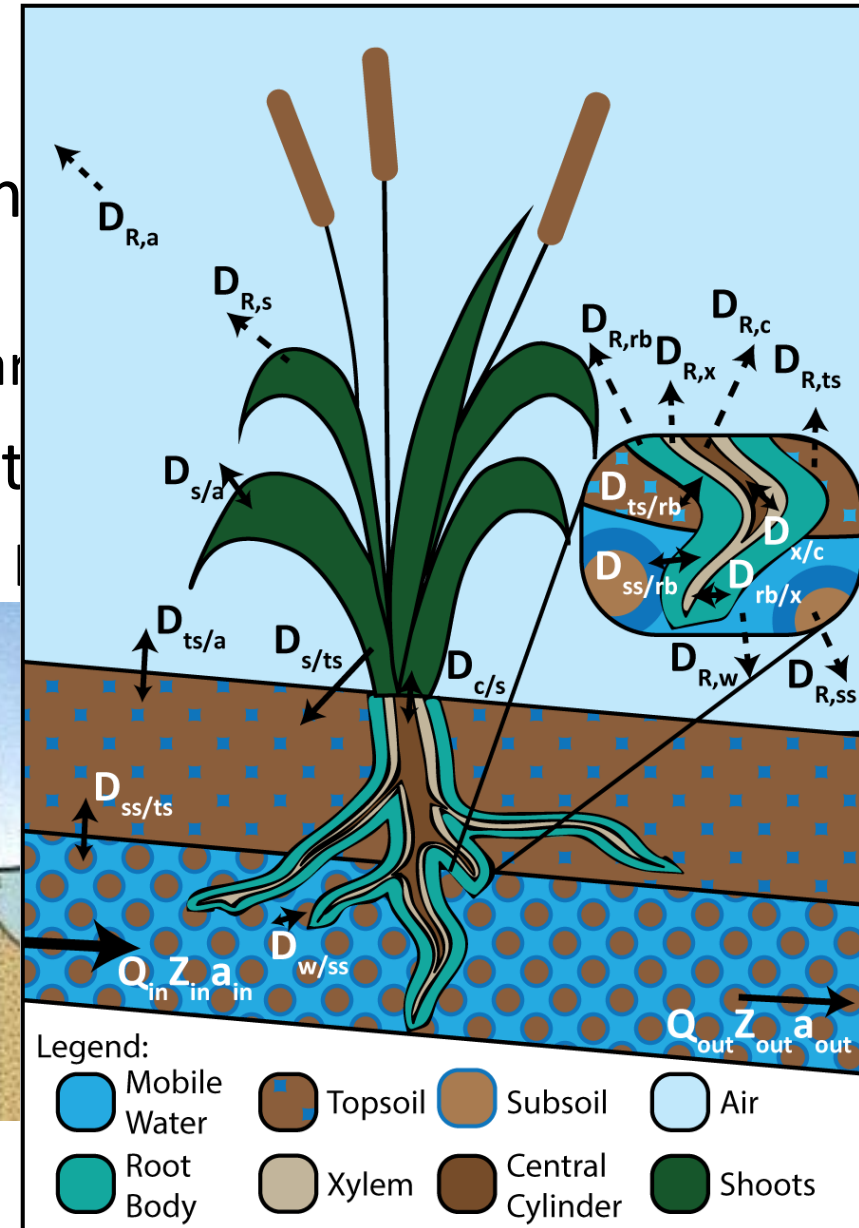
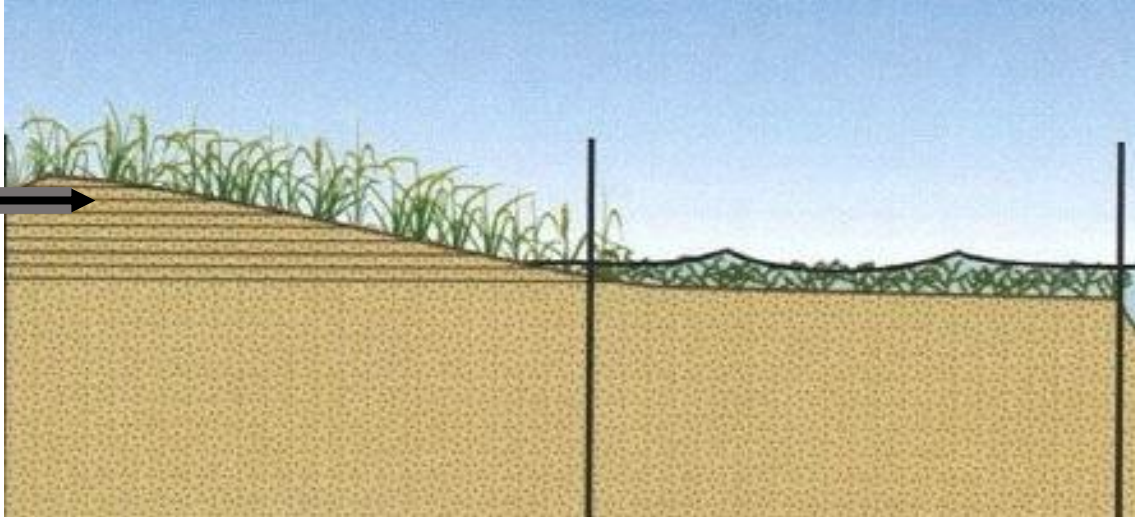
- Maintenance:
 - Lots of distributed systems = Lots to keep track of!
- Many systems designed for “First Flush”
 - Still need traditional infrastructure for large events
- Doesn’t effectively treat hydrophilic compounds
 - Potential for groundwater contamination
- Slow Adoption
 - Municipalities can be slow-moving and risk averse



<https://www.conteches.com/DesktopModules/DigArticle/MediaHandler.ashx?portalid=0&moduleid=635&mediaid=279&width=800&height=600>

Promising Developments:

- Policy tools to encourage better stormwater management
 - “Runoff Volume Control Targets”
 - Stormwater fees – tax paid based on impervious area
- Combining ecosystem services – e.g. “Horizontal Levee”
 - Horizontal Levee – Water treatment + storm surge protection



Activity: Traditionalists vs LID-ers

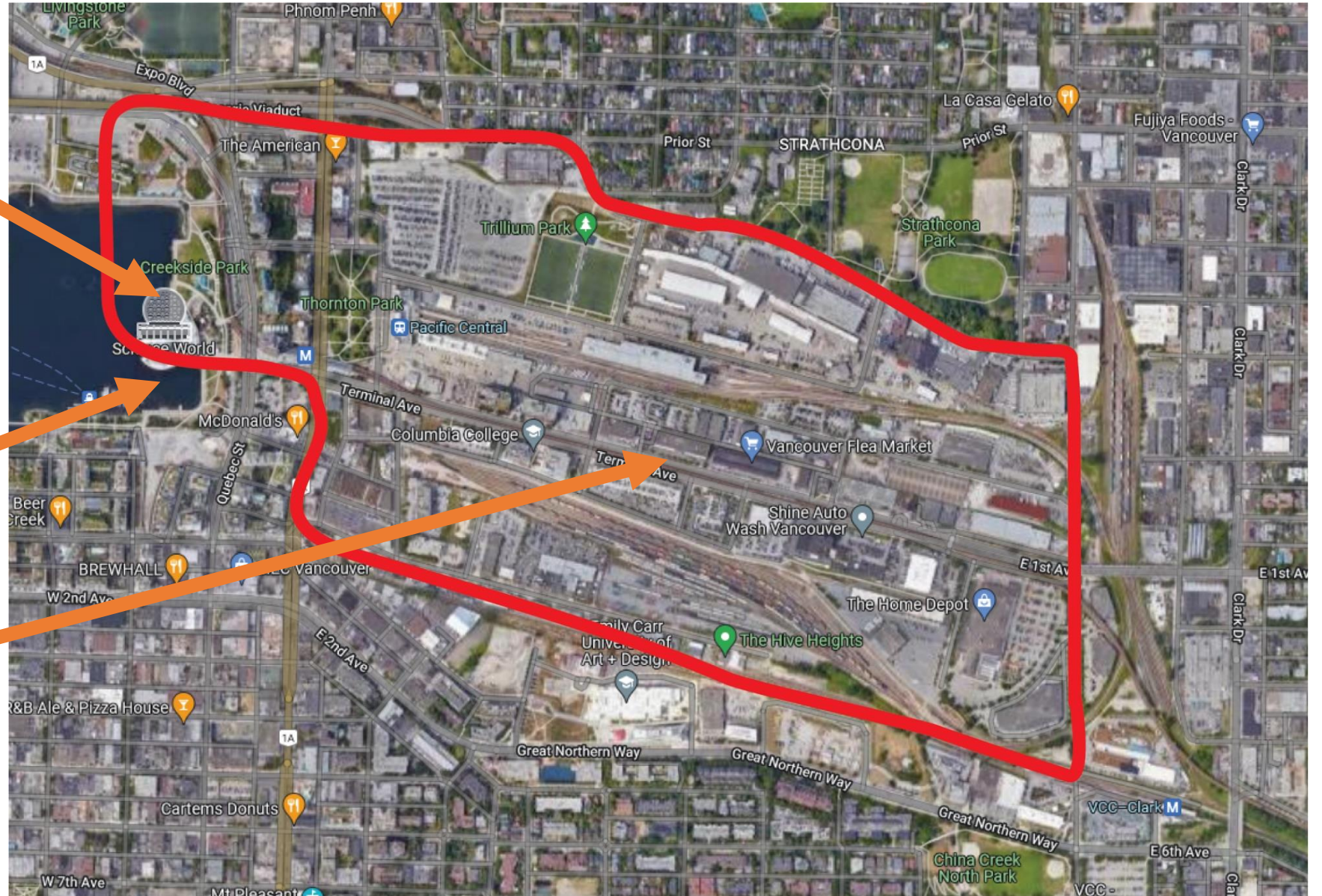
- Two hypothetical developments in the Lower Mainland need a Stormwater & Flood Management Plan
 - City of Vancouver National Yard
 - Langley Pagoda Ridge Golf Course
- 2 groups for each development:
 - Traditional/Hard Infrastructure
 - LID/Green Infrastructure
- First – in your groups fill in the front-side of the handout
- Second – meet with another group on the same development & decide on an overall plan
- Third – Regroup, discuss final plans

Vancouver National Yard

1. Storm Surge

2. Combined Sewer Overflow

3. Brownlands Contamination



Pagoda Ridge Golf Course

To Fraser River

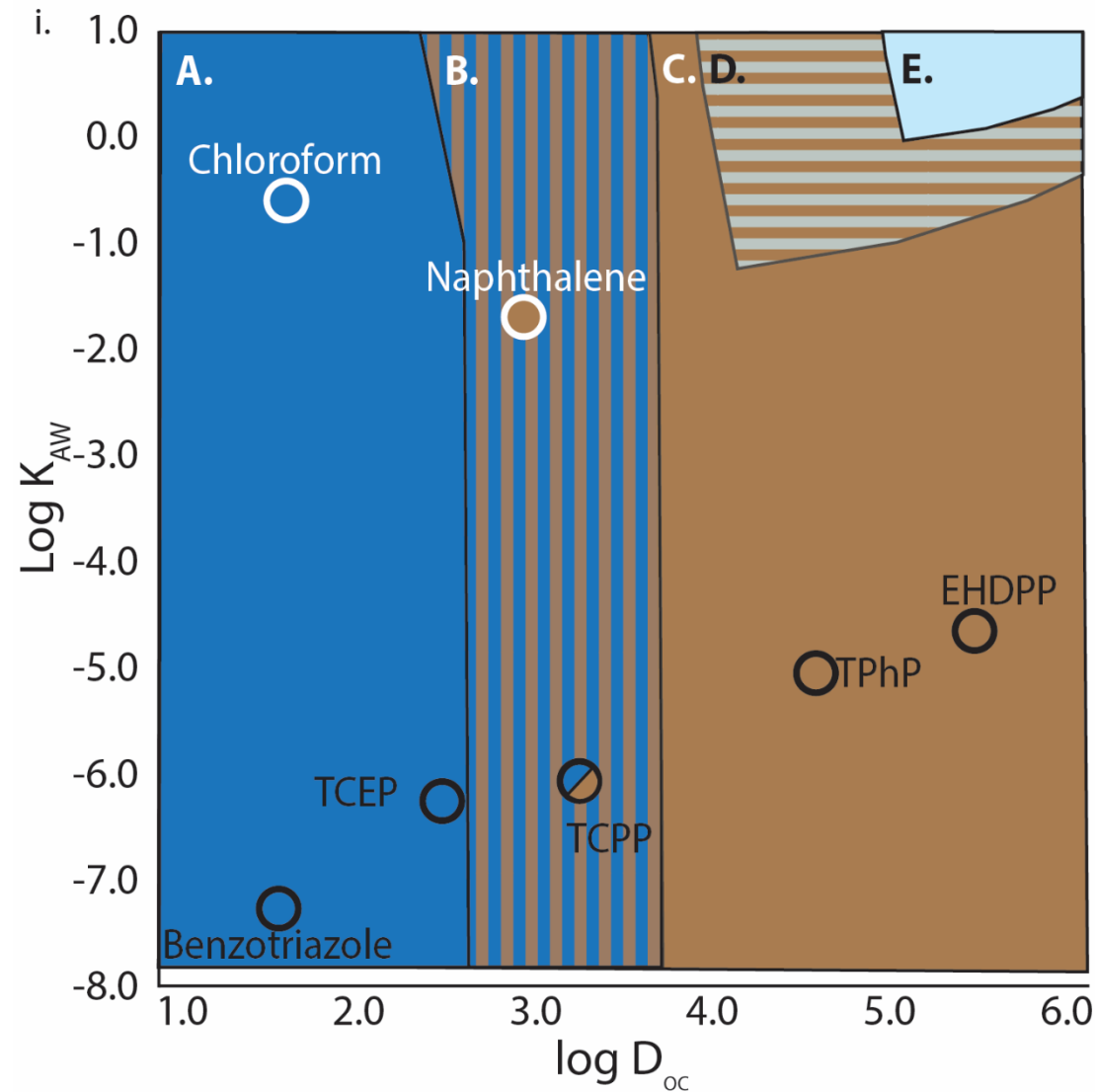
1. Coho Spawning Areas

2. Proposed Executive Estates

3. Runoff Volume Control Target



Chemical Applicability of LIDs:



- $\text{Log } D_{OC} < 2.75$
 - Not captured, very mobile
- $2.75 \leq \text{Log } D_{OC} \leq 3.75$
 - Fate is sensitive to hydrology, diffusion
- $\text{Log } D_{OC} > 3.75$
 - Mostly captured, not mobile