**ÉQUATIONS** 

(E1): 
$$(0.1x-1)(0.2x-2)(0.03x-0.3)=0$$

(E2): 
$$\frac{2x+3}{5x-1} = 2$$

(E3): 
$$\frac{3}{x} = \frac{x}{5}$$

(E4): 
$$x^4 - 1 = 0$$

$$(E5)$$
:  $(x-2)(x+1)-x=-2$ 

(E6): 
$$16x^2 - 8x + 1 = 0$$

(E7): 
$$\frac{x^2+1}{x-1} = \frac{2x}{x-1}$$

(E8): 
$$(x-2)^2 = \frac{1}{16} (5-2x)^2$$

(E9): 
$$\frac{x - \frac{4}{x}}{x - 2} = \frac{x + 2}{x}$$

(E10): 
$$4\sqrt{7}x - 0.8 = 2\sqrt{7} - 1.6x$$

(E11): 
$$(x+1)(3-2x)=4x^2-9$$

(E12): 
$$\frac{x^2}{1-2x} = -1$$

(E13): 
$$(x+2)^2 = 2(x^2-4)$$

(E14): 
$$\frac{x^2+x+1}{2x-3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

(E15): 
$$\frac{1}{x(x+1)} = \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x+1}$$

(E16): 
$$(x+3)(x-7)-(x-1)(x+2)=0$$

(E17): 
$$\frac{(x^2-2x+1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x^2-1)} = 1$$

(E18): 
$$x^3 - x = 2x^2 - 2$$

(E19): 
$$\frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{x^2-4}$$

$$(E20): (2x-6)^2 + x - 3 = 0$$

(E21): 
$$\frac{2x-2}{x-1} = 2x$$

(E22): 
$$9x^2 + \frac{1}{9} = 2x$$

(E23): 
$$\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r+1} = 2$$

$$(E24): (x^2-9)(2x+1)=(x+3)(2x+1)^2$$

(E25): 
$$\frac{2}{x-1} = 1 - \frac{x}{x+1}$$

$$(E26): (2x+5)^2 - 2(7x+4) = 4(x+3)^2 - 1$$

(E27): 
$$(3x+2)^2 = (x-5)^2$$

(E28): 
$$2x-3=\frac{9(2x-3)}{x^2-4x+4}$$

(E29): 
$$\frac{x^2-1}{(x-1)^2} = \frac{1}{x-1}$$

(E30): 
$$x^2 - x - \frac{3x}{x+1} = 0$$

(E31): 
$$(\pi - 4x)^2 - \pi^2 = -8x(\pi - 2x)$$

(E32): 
$$\frac{1}{x+1} = \frac{1}{1-x}$$

(E33): 
$$\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{x}{2} + 1 = 0$$

(E34): 
$$\frac{5}{x+3} + 1 = \frac{x-1}{x+2}$$

(E35): 
$$\frac{x^2-2}{x^2-1}=0$$

(E36): 
$$\frac{9x^2-4}{(3x+2)^2} = 0$$

(E37): 
$$\frac{x^2+2x+1}{x^2-1}=0$$

(E38): 
$$\frac{x^3-2x^2+x}{x}=0$$

(E39): 
$$(2x+1)^2 - 3\left(x+\frac{1}{2}\right) = 0$$

(E40): 
$$\frac{1}{(x+1)(x+2)} + \frac{1}{(x+2)(x+3)} = 0$$

(E41): 
$$4=(x\sqrt{2}-1)^2$$

$$(E42): (2x-4)^2 + (5x-20)(2-x) = 0$$

$$(E43): (1-3x)^2-5=0$$

(E44): 
$$\frac{(4x^2-25)^2}{(2x+5)^2}=1$$

(E45): 
$$\frac{(x^2-4)(x+1)}{x+2} = \frac{(2-x)(x^2-1)}{x-1}$$

(E46): 
$$\frac{x+1}{x} = \frac{x-2}{x+1}$$

(E47): 
$$\frac{2x-3}{x+1} = \frac{2x+3}{x-2}$$

$$(E48): \frac{2x}{x+1} = \frac{x+1}{8x}$$

$$(E49): 5 x^4 = 10 x^3 - 5 x^2$$

(E50): 
$$\frac{x^2+1}{x^2-4} = \frac{3}{x+2} - \frac{3}{x-2}$$