

Project 2: Hyper Sudoku

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Part A: Compilation instructions

Any Python compiler (idle etc.) should work -- just make sure test files are in the same directory as the code

After running the code, input the name of the Input text file, and then after the problem is solved input the name of the Output file.

Part B: Hyper Sudoku as a constraint satisfaction problem

Variables: Each cell in a 27x27 matrix (rows and columns are numbered from 0 to 8)

Domain for variables: {1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9}

Constraints:

- Each value in a row must be different
- Each value in a column must be different
- Each value in a designated 3x3 square (+ hyper squares) must be different

Part C: Code and Output Files

| Output 1 | Output 2 | Output 3 |
|---|---|---|
| 5 3 4 6 7 1 9 8 2 9 1 2 3 5 8 4 6 7 6 8 7 4 2 9 5 1 3 8 9 6 5 1 2 7 3 4 3 7 5 9 8 4 6 2 1 2 4 1 7 3 6 8 9 5 7 6 3 2 9 5 1 4 8 1 5 9 8 4 3 2 7 6 4 2 8 1 6 7 3 5 9 | 8 3 2 9 7 4 1 6 5 6 5 4 8 3 1 7 2 9 7 1 9 6 2 5 4 3 8 5 2 3 7 1 8 6 9 4 1 8 6 4 9 2 5 7 3 4 9 7 5 6 3 8 1 2 3 4 1 2 8 6 9 5 7 9 6 8 3 5 7 2 4 1 2 7 5 1 4 9 3 8 6 | 9 6 7 1 2 3 8 4 5 2 1 8 5 6 4 3 7 9 5 4 3 7 8 9 6 2 1 7 9 2 6 4 1 5 8 3 6 5 4 8 3 2 1 9 7 3 8 1 9 7 5 4 6 2 4 3 6 2 5 7 9 1 8 1 7 5 4 9 8 2 3 6 8 2 9 3 1 6 7 5 4 |

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"""
CS 4613 - AI Project 2
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"""

import random
from copy import deepcopy

#globals
width = 9
height = 9

domains = [[[ for j in range(width)] for i in range(height)] #create data
structure for domains. it is a 3d array also this was the only way to do it w/o
pythons weird pointer system being weird
assignment = [[0 for j in range(width)] for i in range(height)] #2d matrix for
assignments. A 0 is unassigned, any other # is assigned

...

Functions for translating txt file to matrix, and translating matrix back to txt
files
- createState()
- printOutput()
...

def createState(filepath): #create 2D matrices for initial state and goal state
from file
    state = [[]] #initial state matrix
    with open(filepath, 'r') as fp:
        char = '' #keeping track of number
        row = 0 #keeping track of matrix row
        for c in fp.read():
            if c.isnumeric():
                char += c
            elif c == ' ':
                state[row].append(int(char))
                char = ''
            elif c == '\n':
                if (char != ''): #add any found numbers
                    state[row].append(int(char))
                    char = ''

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        row += 1 #move to a new row
        state.append([ ])
    if char != '':
        state[row].append(int(char)) #getting last character we may have missed
    return state[:height]

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def printOutput(initial): #print final output to file
    printed = False
    while not printed:
        filepath = input("Enter output file name: ")
        try:
            with open(filepath, "w") as fp:
                #printing out initial state
                for row in initial:
                    for char in row:
                        fp.write(str(char) + " ")
                    fp.write("\n")
                fp.write("\n")
        except:
            print("An error occurred, please try again")
        else:
            print("Output printed to", filepath)
            printed = True

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Functions for setting up the CSP with forward checking

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- initCSP()
- forwardCheck()
- getConstrainingNeighbors()
- removeValue()
...

```

methods used for forward checking

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def initCSP(root): #initialize domain of problem using forward checking
    assignment = deepcopy(root)
    for rowi in range(height):
        for colj in range(width):
            domains[rowi][colj] = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9].copy()

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for rowi in range(height):
    for colj in range(width):
        if (root[rowi][colj] != 0):
            domains[rowi][colj] = [int(root[rowi][colj])].copy()
            # assignment[rowi][colj] = int(root[rowi][colj])
            forwardCheck(rowi, colj)
            #print(domains)
return domains, assignment

def forwardCheck(row, col):
    num = domains[row][col][0]
    neighbors = getConstrainingNeighbors(row, col)

    for cell in neighbors:
        removeValue(cell[0], cell[1], num)

#gets list of neighbors for a cell
def getConstrainingNeighbors(row, col):
    neighbors = []

    for rowi in range(height): # same row
        if(rowi != row and (rowi, col) not in neighbors):
            neighbors.append((rowi, col))

    for coli in range(width): #same column
        if(coli != col and (row, coli) not in neighbors):
            neighbors.append((row, coli))

    for rowi in range(row//3*3, row//3*3+3): #same square
        for coli in range(col//3*3, col//3*3+3):
            if((coli != col or rowi != row) and (rowi, coli) not in neighbors):
                neighbors.append((rowi, coli))

    if(row%4 != 0 and col%4 != 0): #same hyper square
        leftbound = (row-row//3)//3*4 + 1 # weird maths to get upper left corner of square

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upbound = (col-col//3)//3*4 + 1

for rowi in range(leftbound, leftbound+3):
    for coli in range(upbound, upbound+3):
        if((coli != col or rowi != row) and (rowi, coli) not in neighbors):
            neighbors.append((rowi, coli))
# print("For (", row, ", " , col, ") Neighbors are", neighbors)
return neighbors

#remove value from domain, forward checking ver.
def removeValue(row, col, num):
    #print("removing value in (" + str(row) + ", " + str(col) + ")")
    if (num in domains[row][col]):
        domains[row][col].remove(num)

    if (len(domains[row][col]) == 0): #check for empty domain
        print("Empty domain at (" + str(row) + ", " + str(col) + "). Puzzle has no
solution")
        exit(0)

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Class for doing all the backtracking
- findSolution() == backtrack() in the pseudocode
...

#all of backtracking is done in here cuz python globals are stoopid
class Backtracking:
    def __init__(self, domain, assignment):
        self.domain = domain
        self.assignment = assignment
        self.isSolved = False

    def findSolution(self):
        #check if assignment complete
        if self.isComplete():
            return self.assignment

        currVar = self.selectUnassignedVariable() #get next unassigned variable
        # print(currVar[0], ",", currVar[1], end="\r", flush=True)

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    for val in self.domain[currVar[0]][currVar[1]]: #for each value in that
domain; don't need to sort domain values as they are already sorted
        if(self.isConsistent(currVar[0], currVar[1], val)): #check current domain
value for consistency w/ assignment
            self.assignment[currVar[0]][currVar[1]] = val #if consistent, assign
variable
            self.findSolution() #result = backtrack(csp, assignment)
            if self.isComplete():
                return self.assignment
            self.assignment[currVar[0]][currVar[1]] = 0

# print("Backtracking at", currVar[0], ",", currVar[1])
return self.assignment

def isConsistent(self, row, col, num): #function to check for consistency
    neighbors = getConstrainingNeighbors(row, col)
    for rowi, colj in neighbors:
        if(self.assignment[rowi][colj] == num):
            return False
    return True

def isComplete(self): #check for completed assignment
    if(self.isSolved):
        return True
    for rowi in range(height):
        for coli in range(width):
            if(self.assignment[rowi][coli] == 0): #if anything is unassigned, not
complete
                return False
    self.isSolved = True #else is complete
    return True

def selectUnassignedVariable(self): #use minimum remaining value and then degree
to find next cell to try
    unassigned = self.getUnassignedVars() #first get a list of the unassigned
variables

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MRVs = {} #minimum remaining vals of all unassigned vars
mrv = 100
for row, col in unassigned:
    rv = len(self.domain[row][col])
    if rv in MRVs:
        if rv < mrv: #don't bother adding var if not in current mininum list
            MRVs[rv].append((row, col))
    else:
        MRVs[rv] = [(row, col)]

mrv = min(MRVs.keys()) #get MRV

if(len(MRVs[mrv]) == 1): #return tuple coords of next var
    return MRVs[mrv][0]
else: # if there is a tie, calculate degree
    unassigned2 = MRVs[mrv]
    degrees = {}
    maxdeg = -1
    for row, col in unassigned2:
        deg = self.getDegree(row, col)
        if deg in degrees:
            if maxdeg > deg: #don't bother adding var if not in current max list
                degrees[deg].append((row, col))
        else:
            degrees[deg] = [(row, col)]
    maxdeg = max(degrees.keys()) #get highest degree
    return degrees[maxdeg][0] #if there is yet another tie, just pick the first
one idk

def getUnassignedVars(self): #returns list of unassigned variables (for MRV
heuristic)
    unassigned = []
    for rowi in range(height):
        for colj in range(width):
            if(self.assignment[rowi][colj] == 0):
                unassigned.append((rowi, colj))
    return unassigned

```

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def getDegree(self, row, col): #returns # of unassigned neighbors (for degree heuristic)
    degree = 0
    neighbors = getConstrainingNeighbors(row, col)
    for (r, c) in neighbors:
        if(self.assignment[r][c] == 0): #if neighbor unassigned, increase degree
            degree += 1
    return degree

def main():
    root = None

    #user input for filenames
    filepath = ""
    while True:
        filepath = input("Enter filepath for input file. Enter EXIT to end code: ")
        if filepath == "EXIT":
            print("Goodbye :)")
            exit(0)
        try:
            root = createStates(filepath) #read in initial and goal states from starting node
        except:
            print("Incorrect filepath")
        else:
            domains, assignment = initCSP(root)

            csp = Backtracking(domains, assignment)
            csp.findSolution() #gives potential solution (runs backtracking)

            #check if solution is like....actually good or not. If it's not it means its a failure
            if not csp.isSolved:
                print("No solution :(")
            else:
                print("Solution:", csp.assignment)

```



```
printOutput(csp.assignment) #final solution held in the assignment  
attribute
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":  
    main()
```