The Game Loop

Please make a promise...

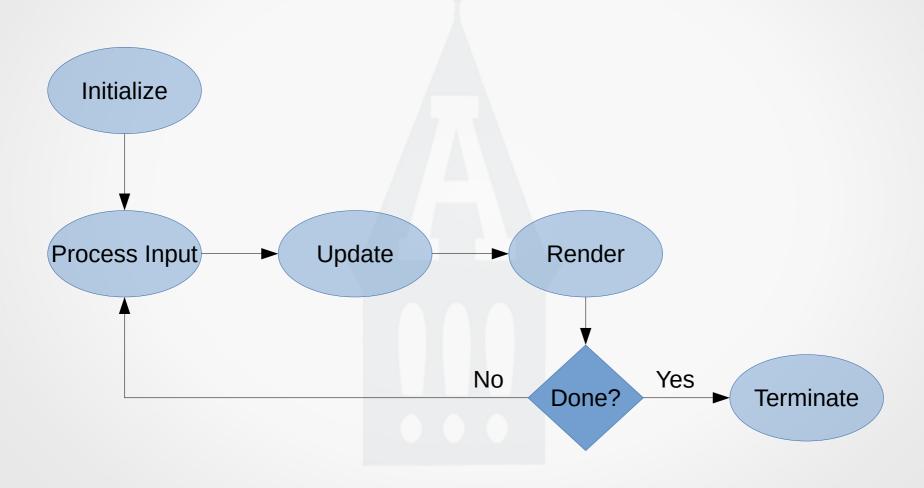
The Game Loop

Please make a promise...do not reinvent this!

The Game Loop - Step-by-Step

- 1. Initialize Game
 - Load graphics, models, animations, etc
 - Take initial time-stamp; call it previous time-stamp
- 2. Process Input
- 3. Update Game Logic
 - Take current time-stamp; compute elapsed time
 - Update based on elapsed time
- 4. Render Game State
- 5. Move current time-stamp to previous time-stamp
- 6. (if fixed rate) use spin-lock to wait until frame-time expires
- 7. If done, move to Step 8, otherwise return to Step 2
- 8. Termination

The Game Loop - Visualized



```
function gameLoop(timeStamp) {
  elapsedTime = timeStamp - prevTime;
  prevTime = timeStamp;
  processInput(elapsedTime);
  update(elapsedTime);
  render();

  requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
}
```

```
function processInput(elapsedTime) {
  keyboard.update(elapsedTime);
}
```

```
function gameLoop(timeStamp) {
  elapsedTime = timeStamp - prevTime;
  prevTime = timeStamp;
  processInput(elapsedTime);
  update(elapsedTime);
  render();

  requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
}
```

```
function processInput(elapsedTime) {
  keyboard.update(elapsedTime);
}
```

```
function update(elapsedTime) {
  gameModel.update(elapsedTime);
}
```

```
function gameLoop(timeStamp) {
  elapsedTime = timeStamp - prevTime;
  prevTime = timeStamp;
  processInput(elapsedTime);
  update(elapsedTime);
  render();

  requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
}
```

```
function processInput(elapsedTime) {
  keyboard.update(elapsedTime);
}
```

```
function update(elapsedTime) {
  gameModel.update(elapsedTime);
}
```

```
function render() {
  gameModel.render();
}
```

```
function gameLoop(timeStamp) {
  elapsedTime = timeStamp - prevTime;
  prevTime = timeStamp;
  processInput(elapsedTime);
  update(elapsedTime);
  render();

  requestAnimationFrame(gameLoop);
}
```

Timing

- Frame Rate: Measured in Hz; frames per second (fps)
- Frame Time: Amount of time within a frame Δt
 - The entire game simulation and rendering must take place in this amount of time
 - If 30 fps, each frame has 33.33ms for everything!

Which Time?

- Wall-Clock Time: real-world elapsed time
- Simulation Time: How much game-play time has passed

- These two might be the same, but don't have to be
 - Consider Bullet-Time.
 - Game frame-rate stays the same
 - Game simulation slows down
 - Player continues to react in real-time (MOL)

Moving Objects

- Bad Idea: Move some number of (virtual) meters per frame
- Not as Bad Idea: Move some number of (virtual) meters based on running frame-rate average

$$- \chi_2 = \chi_1 + v \Delta t_{ave}$$

Best Idea

$$- x_2 = x_1 + v \Delta t_{frame}$$

- Fixed Frame Rate
 - $x_2 = x_1 + v 1/fps$