- In some applications the function is not specified for certain combinations of the variables.
 - Eg: the four-bit binary code for the decimal digits has six combinations that are not used and consequently are considered to be unspecified.
- Functions that have unspecified outputs for some input combinations are called *incompletely specified functions*
- In most applications, we simply don't care what value is assumed by the function for the unspecified minterms.
 - For this reason, the unspecified minterms of a function are called don't-care conditions.
- These don't-care conditions can be used on a map to provide further simplification of the Boolean expression.

- A don't-care minterm is a combination of variables whose logical value is not specified.
- To distinguish the don't-care condition from 1's and 0's, an X is used.
- Thus, an X inside a square in the map indicates that we don't care whether the value of 0 or 1 is assigned to F for the particular minterm.
- In choosing adjacent squares in K-map to simplify the function in a map, the don't-care minterms may be assumed to be either 0 or 1.
 - When simplifying the function, we can choose to include each don't-care minterm with either the 1's or the 0's, depending on which combination gives the simplest expression.

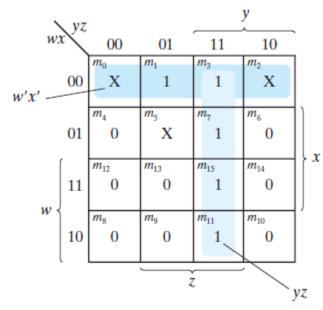
• Simplify the Boolean function $F(w, x, y, z) = \sum (1, 3, 7, 11, 15)$ which has the don't-care conditions $d(w, x, y, z) = \sum (0, 2, 5)$

Map 1:

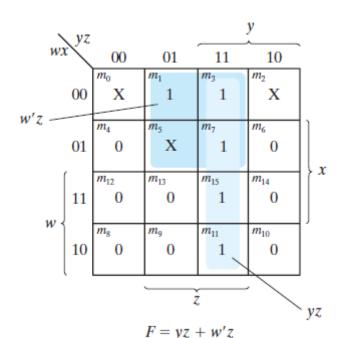
- Don't-care minterms 0 and 2 are included
 - F = yz + w'x'

Map 2:

- Don't-care minterm 5 is included
 - F = yz + w'z
- $F(w, x, y, z) = yz + w'x' = \sum (0, 1, 2, 3, 7, 11, 15)$ $F(w, x, y, z) = yz + w'z = \sum (1, 3, 5, 7, 11, 15)$
 - Both expressions include minterms 1, 3, 7, 11, and
 15 that make the function F equal to 1.
- The two expressions represent two functions that are not algebraically equal
 - Both cover the specified minterms of the function, but each covers different don't-care minterms.
 - As far as the *incompletely specified function* is concerned, either expression is acceptable because the only difference is in the value of *F for the* don't care minterms.







- Simplify the Boolean function $F(w, x, y, z) = \sum (1, 3, 7, 11, 15)$ which has the don't-care conditions $d(w, x, y, z) = \sum (0, 2, 5)$
 - simplified expression in productof-sums form:
 - $F(w, x, y, z) = z(w' + y) = \sum (1, 3, 5, 7, 11, 15)$
 - In this case, we include minterms 0 and 2 with the 0's

